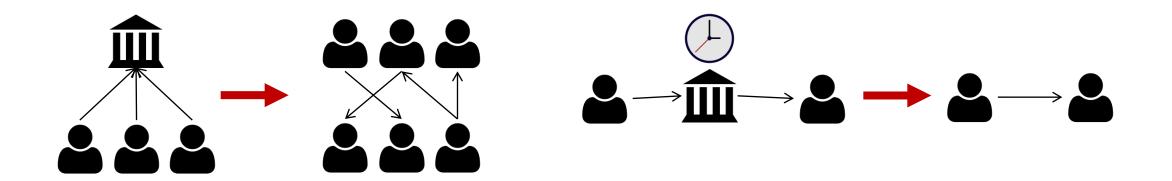
# **Digital Transformation of Finance**

# **Decentralization, Accessibility and Efficiency**

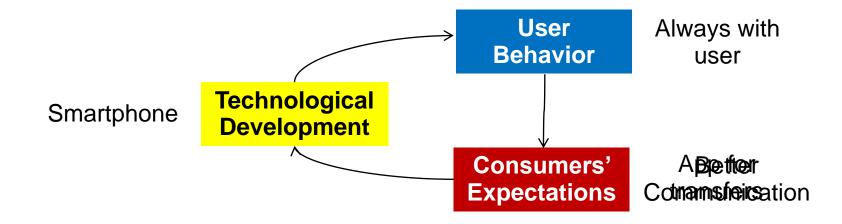


### **Outline**

- Introduction
- Stages of Transformation
  - Digitization
  - Digitalization
  - Digital Transformation
- Case Studies
  - (Global) Real Time Transaction Networks
  - (P2P Lending) (Bonus slides Intended to be used if there is enough time)

### Introduction

- Specific Institutions
- Long transfer and approval times
- Go to bank for transaction
- Reasons for transformation



# **Stages of Transformation**

### • Digitization:

- Analog to digital; use of computers
- Examples:
  - ATM and ATM Cards
    - Check Balance; Financial transactions; Deposits; Withdrawals

### • Digitalization:

- Changes to existing business models
- Examples:
  - Online Banking
  - Mobile Banking

# **Stages of Transformation**

### • Digital Transformation:

- Creation of novel business models
- FinTech
- Examples:
  - Crowdfunding
  - P2P-Lending
  - Digital Currencies
  - Decentralized Finance (DeFI)

- $> \frac{2}{3}$  of consumer payments electronic [3]
- VisaNet:
  - Global transaction processing network
  - 65,000 transactions per second (TPS) [4]
  - Centralized

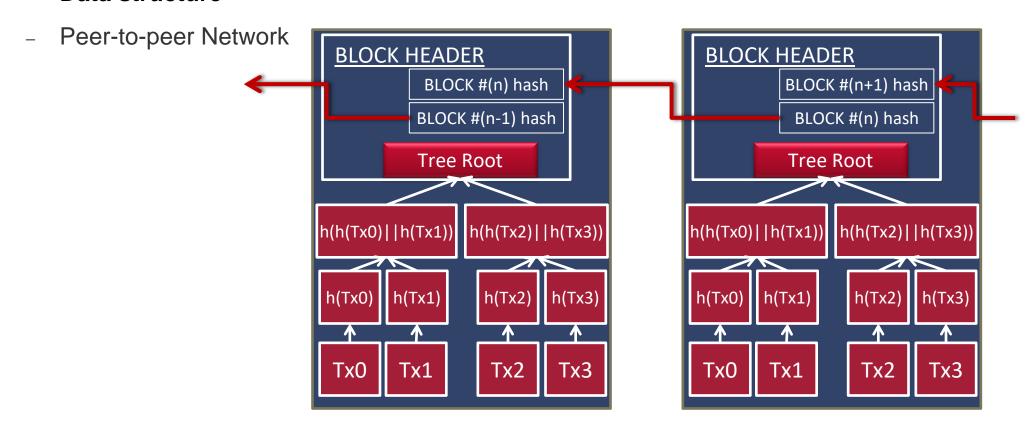
Comparable efficiency, but decentralized?

### • Blockchain:

- Distributed ledger
- No third-party
- Data structure
- Peer-to-peer Network

#### • Blockchain:

Data structure



**BLOCK HEADER** 

BLOCK #(n+1) hash

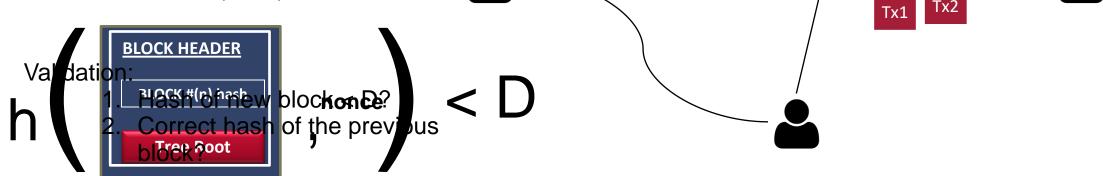
BLOCK #(n) hash

### • Blockchain:

- Data structure
- Peer-to-peer Network

**Next Block?** 

Proof of Work (PoW) – D is set





### • Bitcoin:

- Blockchain network
- Decentralized
- PoW → Not sustainable
- 3 to 6 TPS [4]

### • RippleNet:

- Blockchain network
- 1,500 TPS (claim they can match VisaNet) [4]
- Partly decentralized



#### Ethereum 2.0:

- Blockchain network
- Decentralized
- Proof of Stake:
  - Next block according to coin amount
  - Sustainable
  - Needed for 'Sharding' which allows:
  - **100,000 TPS** [6]



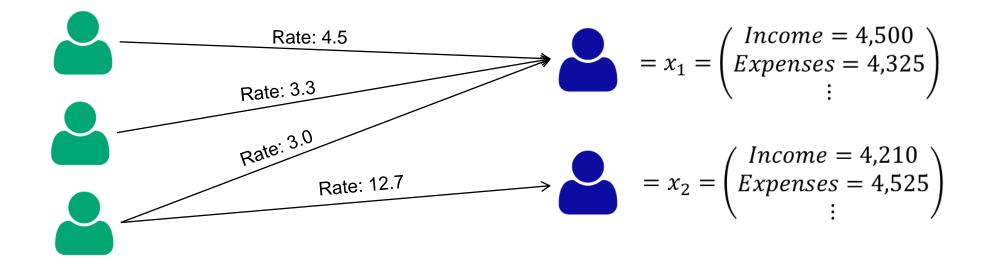




# Case Studies: P2P Lending (Bonus)

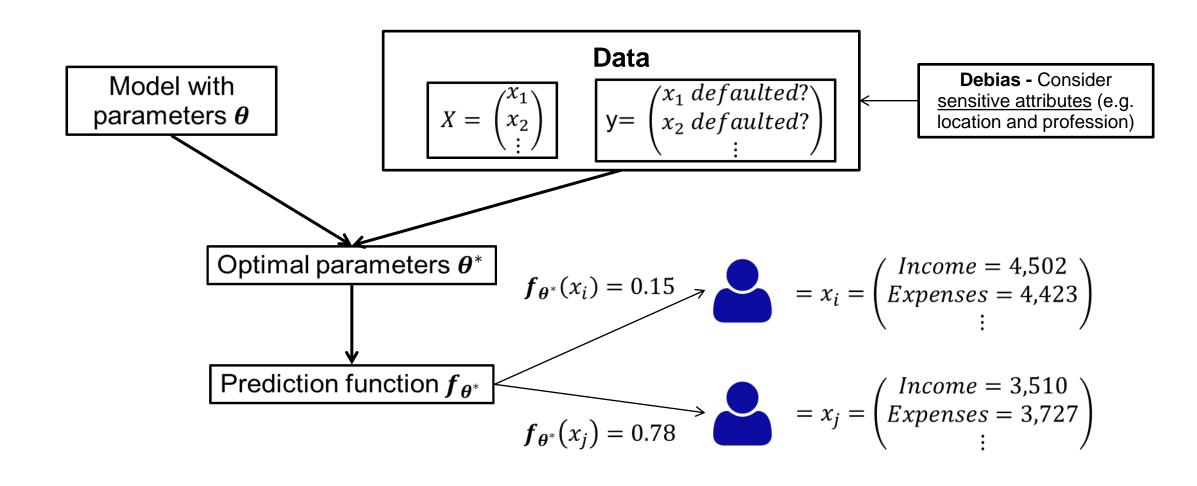
Borrowers:

Lenders:



- P2P Lending can:
- Increase accessibility
  - Competition
  - Broader supply and demand
- Increase decentralization
  - Decreased hurdles for lenders
- Through use of machine learning and big data:
  - Decision automation
  - Increased <u>efficiency</u>
  - Improved <u>fairness</u>

### Case Studies: P2P Lending (Bonus)



# Thank you!

#### References:

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