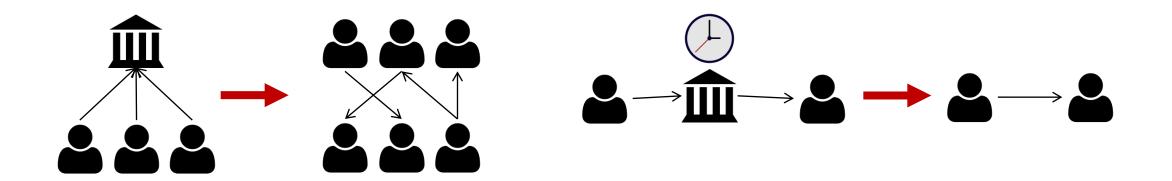
Digital Transformation of Finance

Decentralization, Accessibility and Efficiency



Outline

- Introduction
- Stages of Transformation
 - Digitization
 - Digitalization
 - Digital Transformation
- Case Studies
 - (Global) Real Time Transaction Networks
 - (P2P Lending) (Bonus slides Intended to be used if there is enough time)

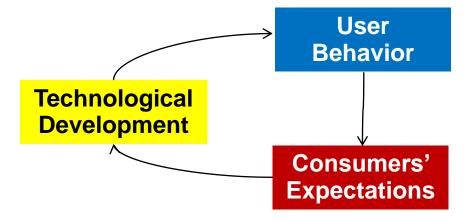
Specific Institutions

- Specific Institutions
- Long transfer and approval times

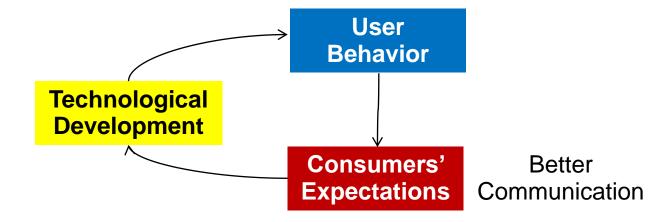
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- Reasons for transformation

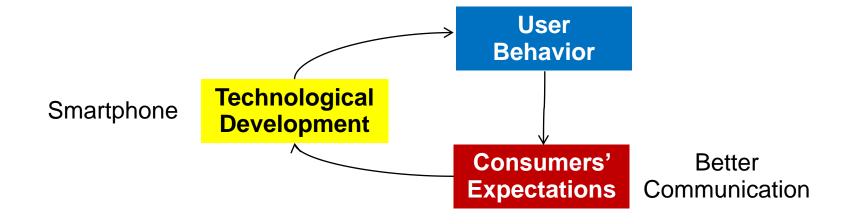
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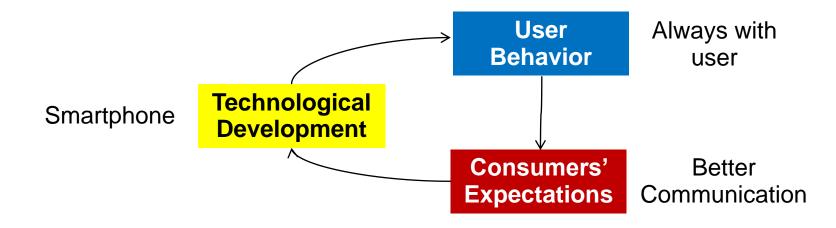
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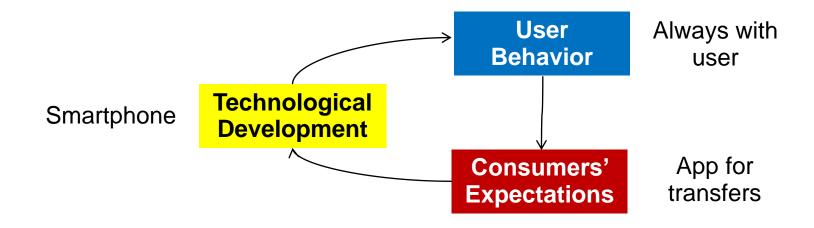
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•Digitization:

- Analog to digital; use of computers
- Examples:
 - ATM and ATM Cards
 - Check Balance; Financial transactions; Deposits; Withdrawals

•Digitization:

- Analog to digital; use of computers
- Examples:
 - ATM and ATM Cards
 - Check Balance; Financial transactions; Deposits; Withdrawals

•Digitalization:

- Changes to existing business models
- Examples:
 - Online Banking
 - Mobile Banking

• Digital Transformation:

- Creation of novel business models
- FinTech
- Examples:
 - Crowdfunding
 - P2P-Lending
 - Digital Currencies
 - Decentralized Finance (DeFI)

- $> \frac{2}{3}$ of consumer payments electronic [3]
- VisaNet:
 - Global transaction processing network
 - 65,000 transactions per second (TPS) [4]
 - Centralized

Comparable efficiency, but decentralized?

• Blockchain:

- Distributed ledger
- No third-party
- Data structure
- Peer-to-peer Network

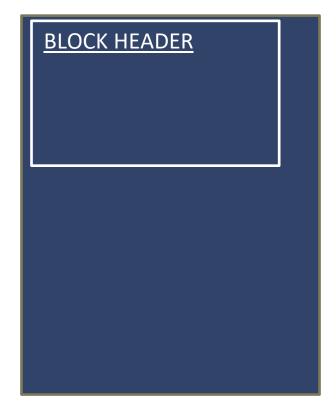


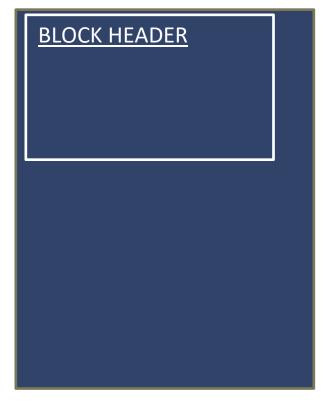
- Blockchain:
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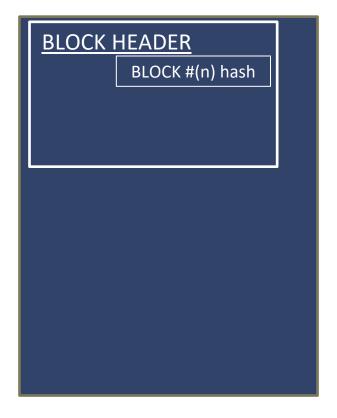


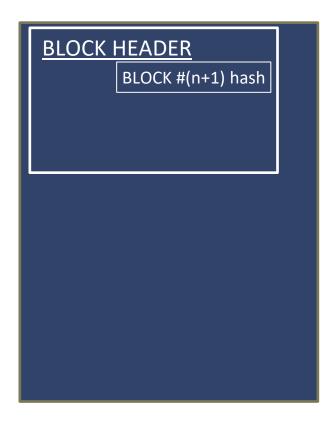
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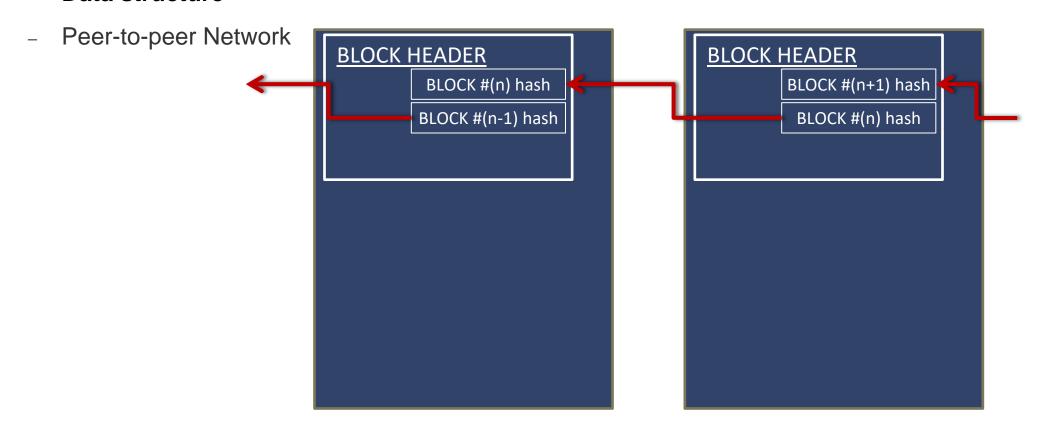


- Blockchain:
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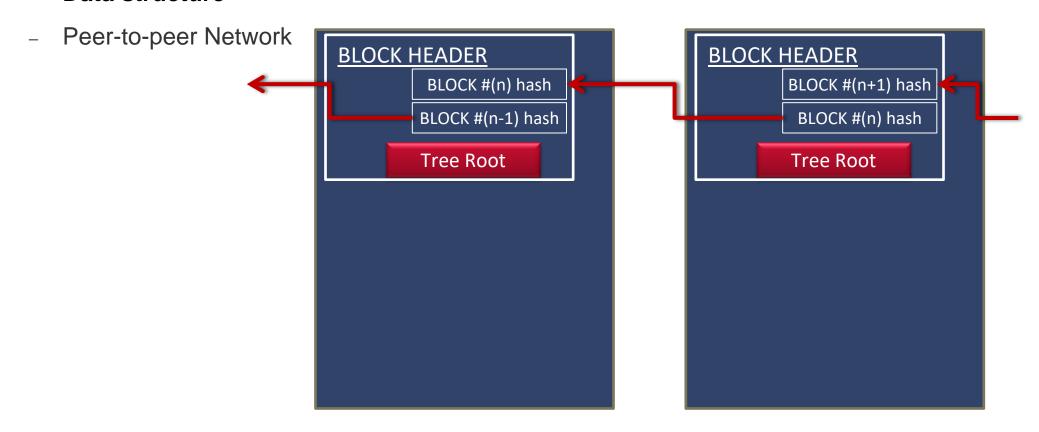




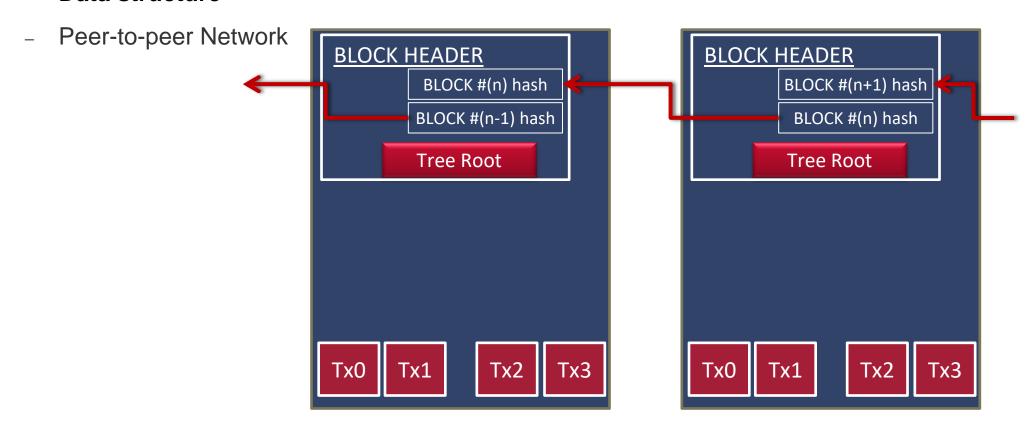
• Blockchain:



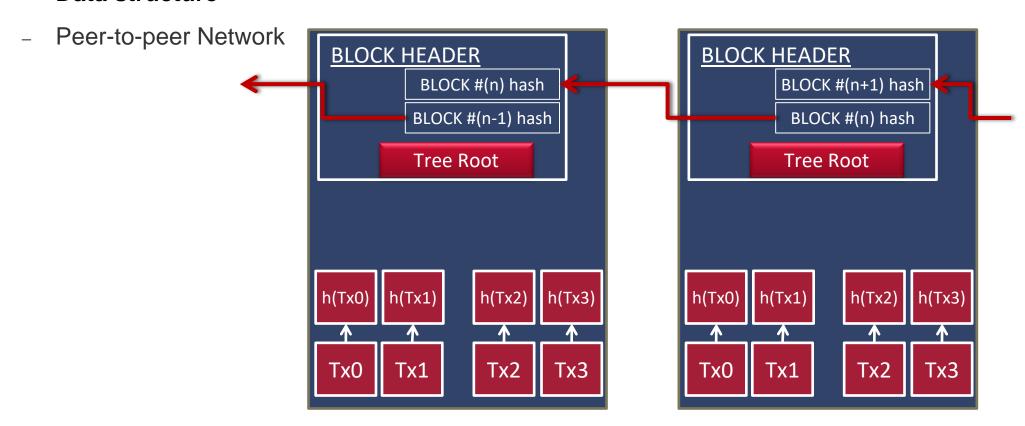
• Blockchain:



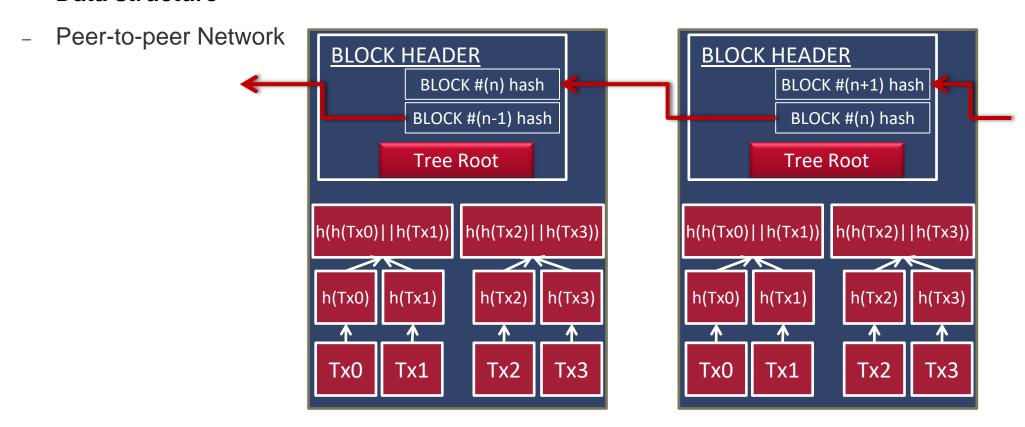
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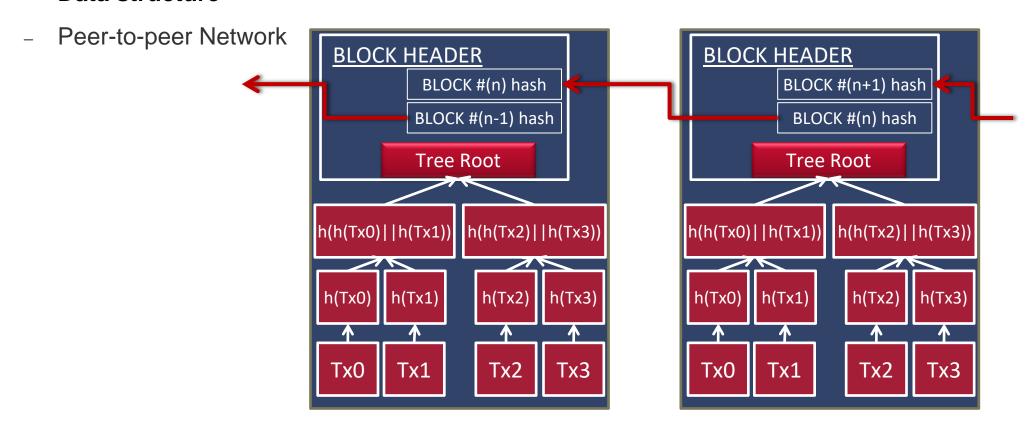
• Blockchain:



Blockchain:



Blockchain:





- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
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- Peer-to-peer Network











- Blockchain:
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 - Peer-to-peer Network



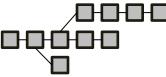








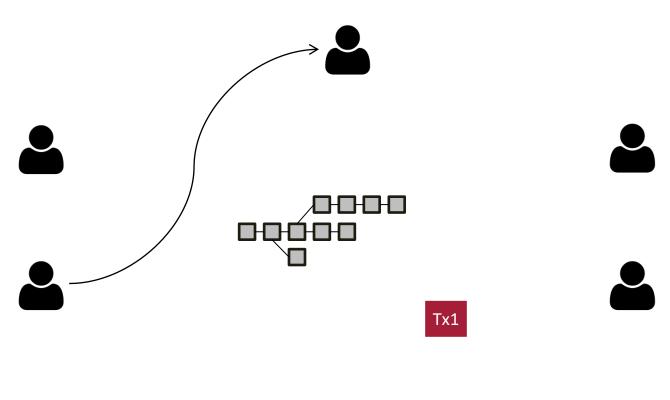






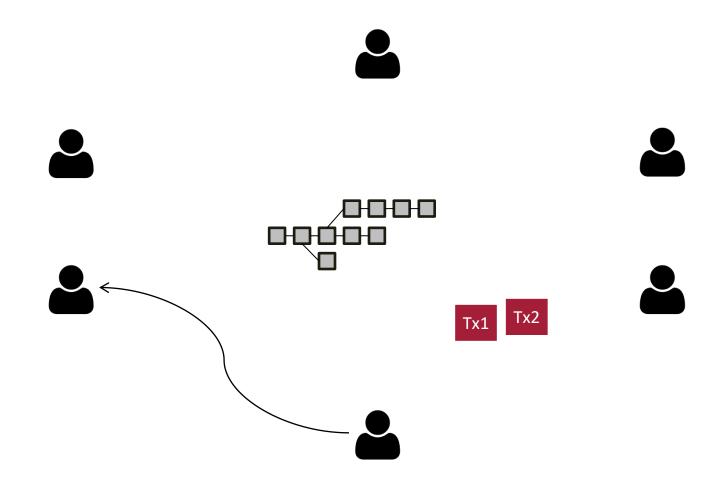


- Blockchain:
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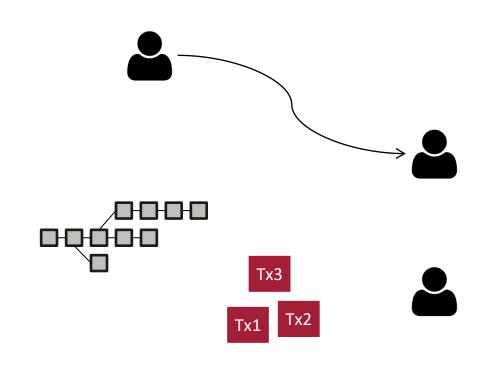
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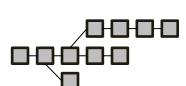




















- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
 - Peer-to-peer Network





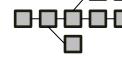






Next Block?











- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
 - Peer-to-peer Network

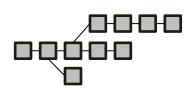


Next Block?

Proof of Work (PoW) – D is set













- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
 - Peer-to-peer Network



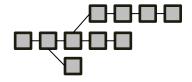




Next Block?

Proof of Work (PoW) – D is set











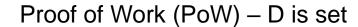
- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
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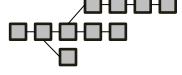




Next Block?















- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
 - **Peer-to-peer Network**







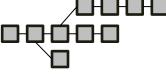
Next Block?

Proof of Work (PoW) – D is set



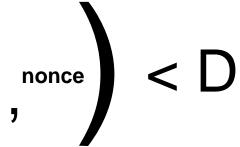














- Blockchain:
 - Data structure
 - Peer-to-peer Network

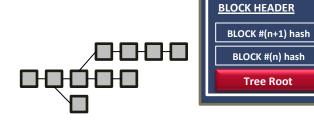


Next Block?

Proof of Work (PoW) – D is set













• Blockchain:

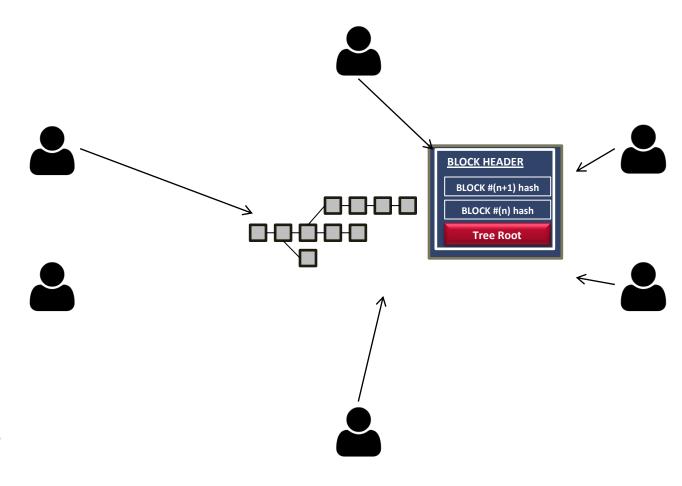
- Data structure
- Peer-to-peer Network

Next Block?

Proof of Work (PoW) – D is set

Validation:

- 1. Hash of new block < D?
- 2. Correct hash of the previous block?





• Bitcoin:

- Blockchain network
- Decentralized
- PoW → Not sustainable
- 3 to 6 TPS [4]



• Bitcoin:

- Blockchain network
- Decentralized
- PoW → Not sustainable
- 3 to 6 TPS [4]

• RippleNet:

- Blockchain network
- 1,500 TPS (claim they can match VisaNet) [4]
- Partly decentralized



Ethereum 2.0:

- Blockchain network
- Decentralized
- Proof of Stake:
 - Next block according to coin amount
 - Sustainable
 - Needed for 'Sharding' which allows:
 - **100,000 TPS** [6]







Borrowers:



Borrowers:













Borrowers:











$$= x_2 = \begin{pmatrix} Income = 4,210 \\ Expenses = 4,525 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

Borrowers:





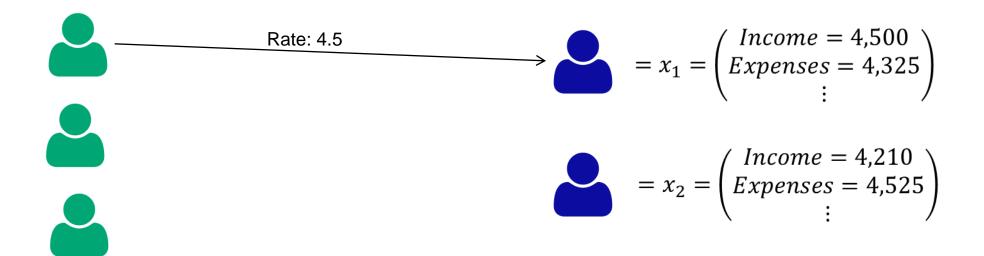




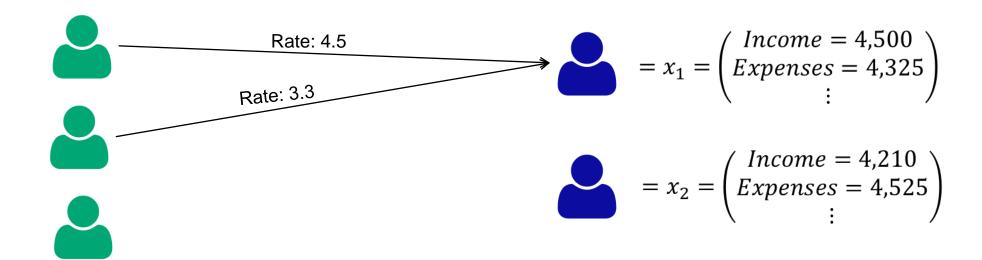
$$= x_1 = \begin{pmatrix} Income = 4,500 \\ Expenses = 4,325 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= x_2 = \begin{pmatrix} Income = 4,210 \\ Expenses = 4,525 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

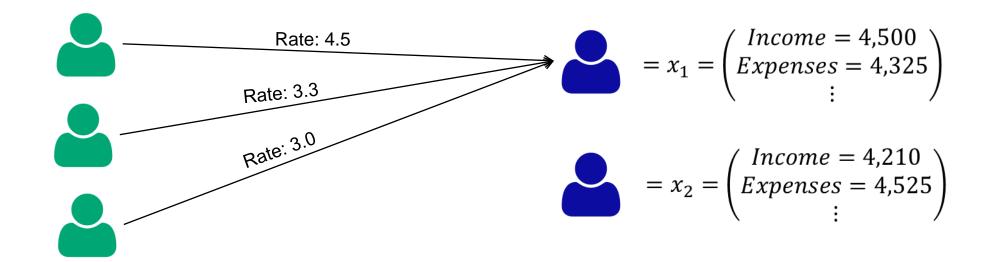
Borrowers:



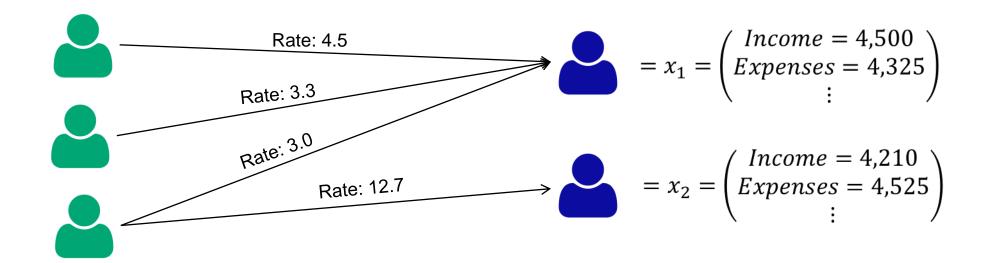
Borrowers:



Borrowers:



Borrowers:



• P2P Lending can:

- P2P Lending can:
- Increase <u>accessibility</u>
 - Competition
 - Broader supply and demand

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 - Broader supply and demand
- Increase <u>decentralization</u>
 - Decreased hurdles for lenders

- P2P Lending can:
- Increase accessibility
 - Competition
 - Broader supply and demand
- Increase decentralization
 - Decreased hurdles for lenders
- Through use of machine learning and big data:
 - Decision automation
 - Increased <u>efficiency</u>
 - Improved <u>fairness</u>

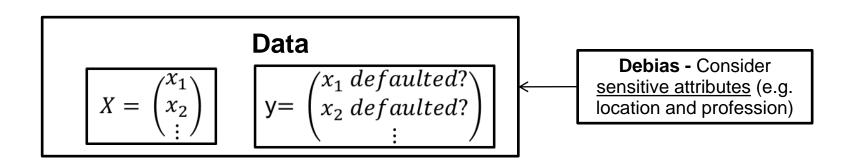
Model with parameters θ

$$(x_1)$$
 Data

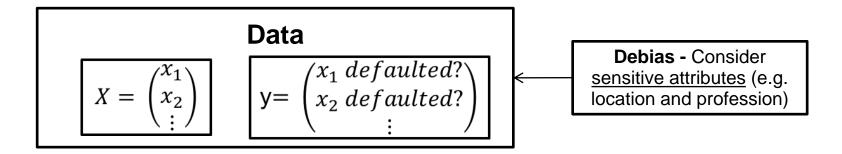
X =

$$y = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & defaulted? \\ x_2 & defaulted? \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

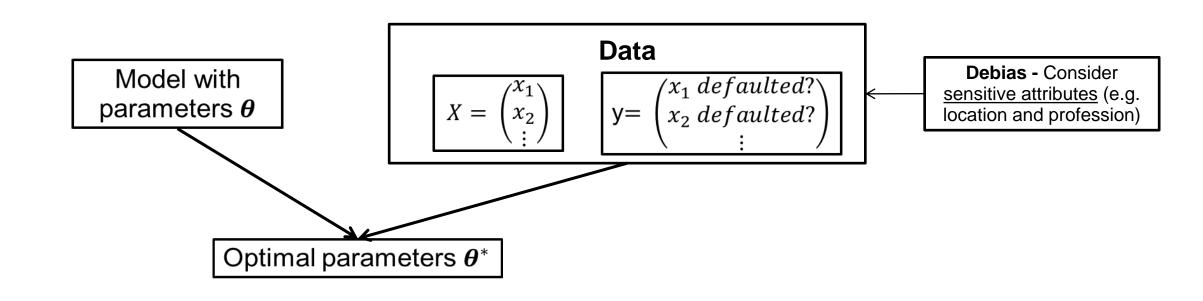
Model with parameters θ

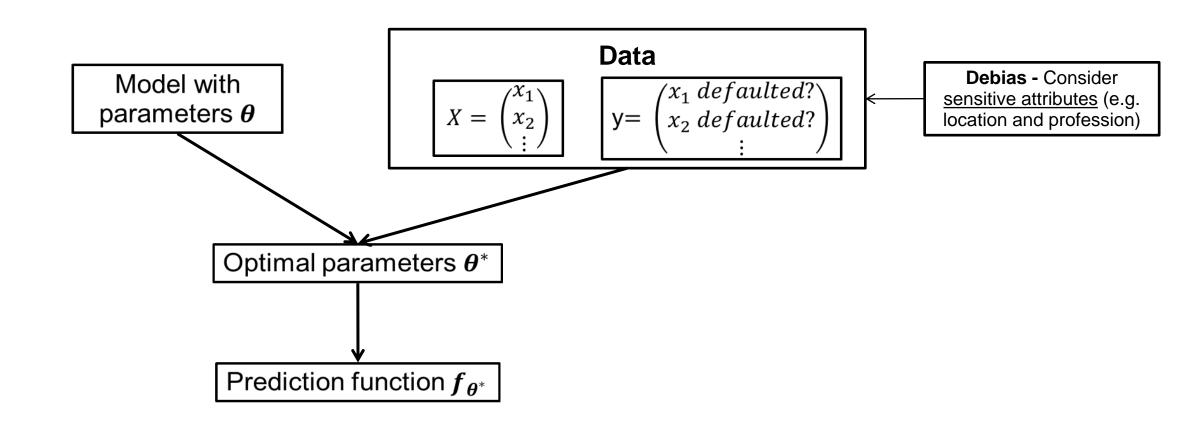


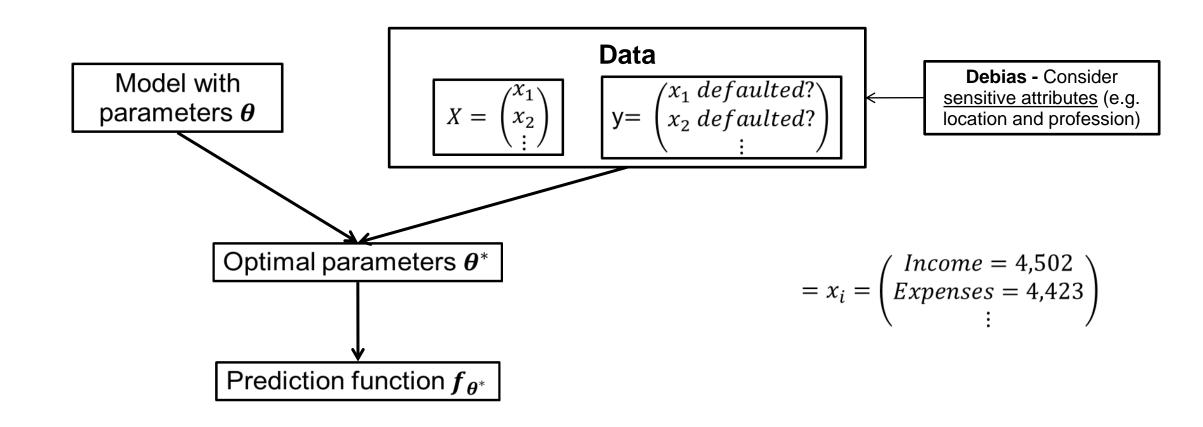
Model with parameters θ

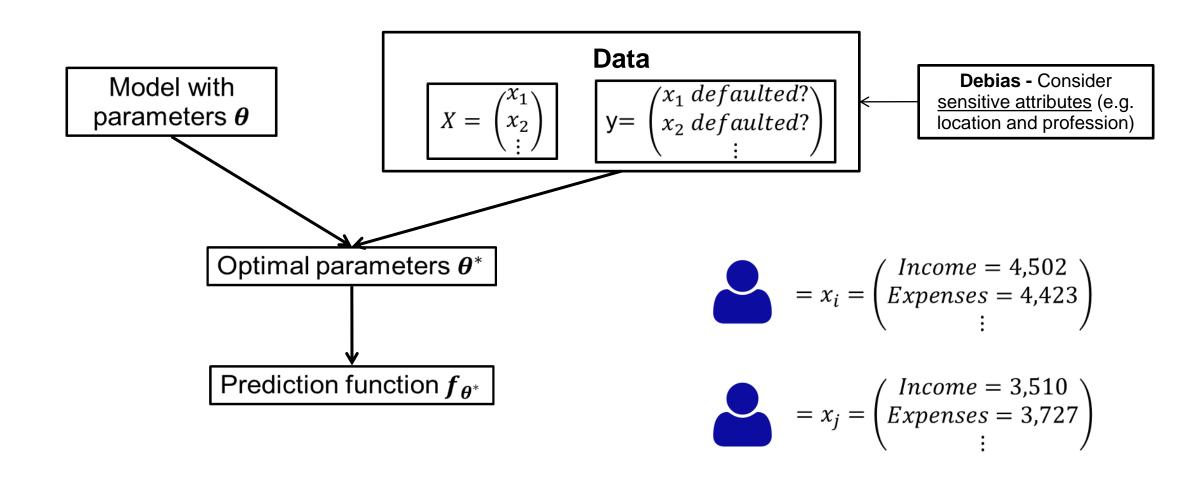


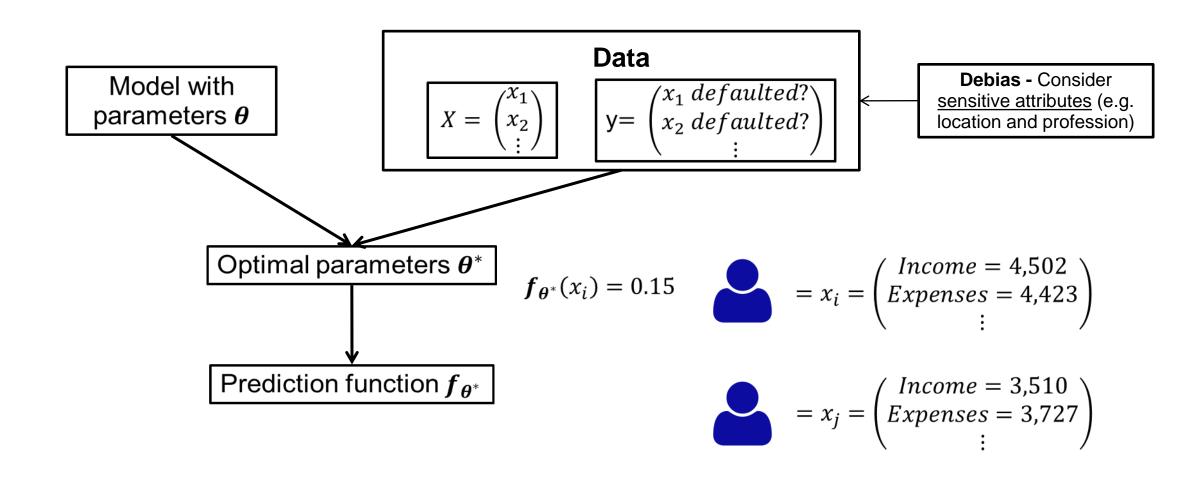
Optimal parameters θ^*

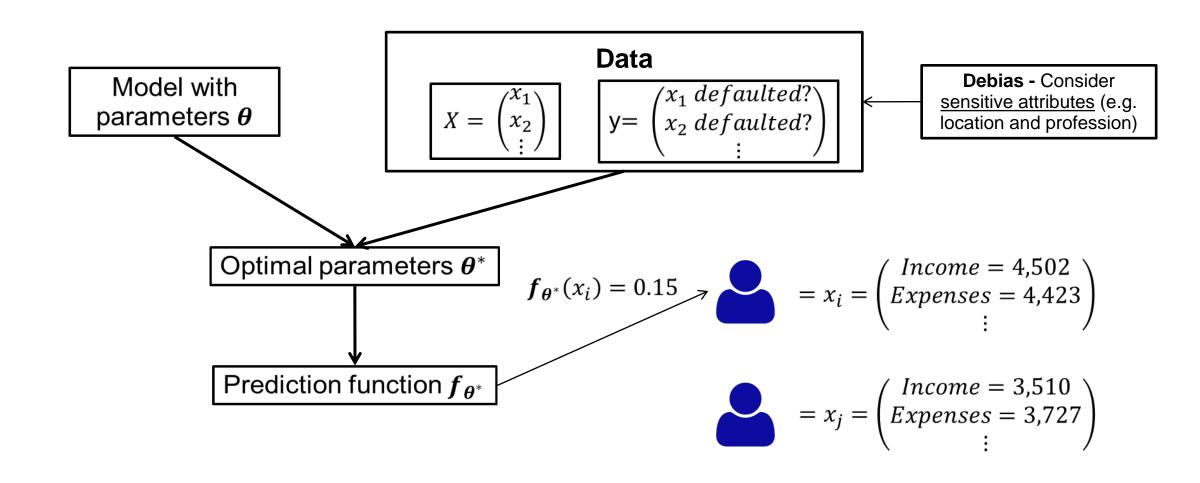


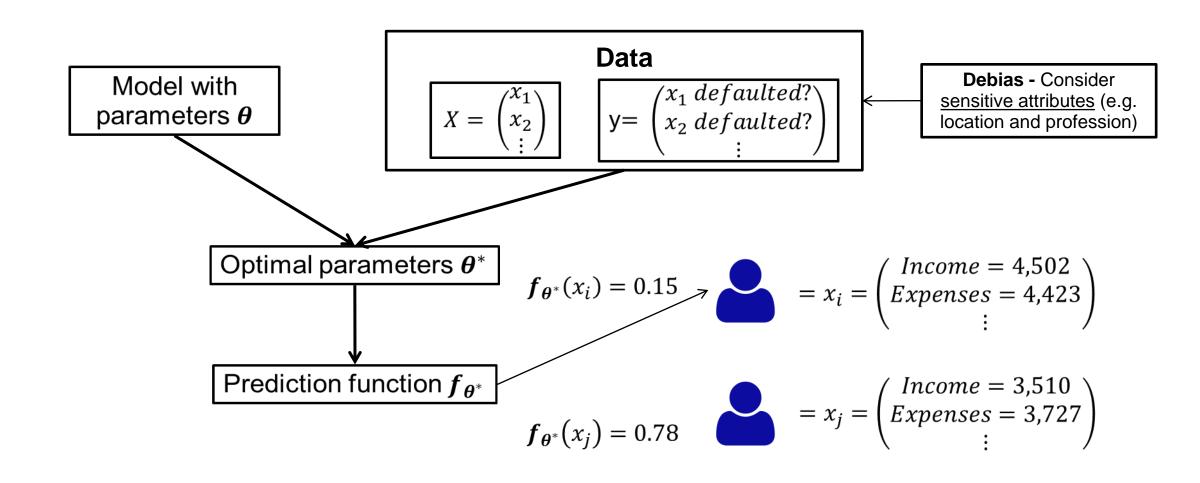


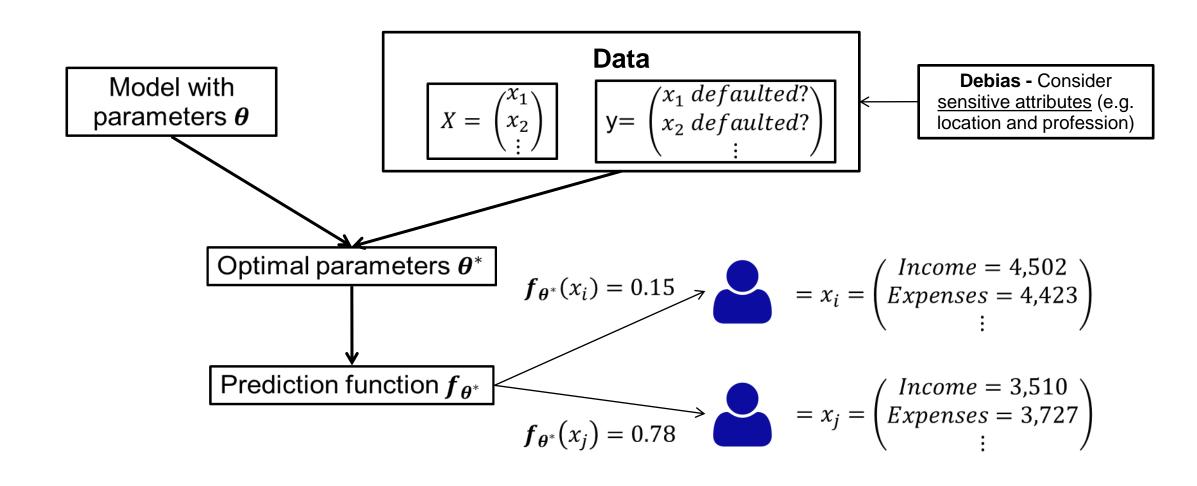












Thank you!

References:

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- [7] R. Fu, Y. Huang, and P. V. Singh. "Crowds, lending, machine, and bias". In: Information Systems Research 32.1 (2021), pp. 72–92. doi: 10.1287/isre.2020.0990.