Practices	for	Lesson	10:
Manipulat	ting	Data	

Chapter 10

Practices for Lesson 10: Overview

Lesson Overview

This practice covers the following topics:

- Inserting rows into tables
- Updating and deleting rows in a table
- · Controlling transactions

Note: Before starting this practice, execute

/home/oracle/labs/sql1/code_ex /cleanup_scripts/cleanup_10.sql script.

Practice 10-1: Managing Tables by Using DML Statements

Overview

The HR department wants you to create SQL statements to insert, update, and delete employee data. As a prototype, you use the MY_EMPLOYEE table before giving the statements to the HR department.

Notes

- For all the DML statements, use the Run Script icon (or press F5) to execute the query.
 Thus, you get to see the feedback messages on the Script Output tabbed page. For
 SELECT queries, continue to use the Execute Statement icon or press F9 to get the
 formatted output on the Results tabbed page.
- Execute cleanup_10.sql script from /home/oracle/labs/sql1/code_ex /cleanup scripts/ before performing the following tasks.

Tasks

- 1. Create a table called MY EMPLOYEE.
- 2. Describe the structure of the MY_EMPLOYEE table to identify the column names.

```
DESCRIBE my_employee
Name Null Type
------
ID NOT NULL NUMBER(4)
LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(25)
FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(25)
USERID VARCHAR2(8)
SALARY NUMBER(9,2)
```

```
CREATE TABLE my_employee
(id NUMBER(4) CONSTRAINT
my_employee_id_pk PRIMARY Key,
last_name VARCHAR2(25),
first_name VARCHAR2(25),
userid VARCHAR2(8),
salary NUMBER(9,2));
```

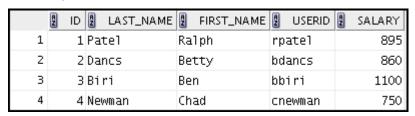
3. Create an INSERT statement to add the *first row* of data to the MY_EMPLOYEE table from the following sample data. Do not list the columns in the INSERT clause. *Do not enter all rows yet.*

ID	LAST_NAME	FIRST_NAME	USERID	SALARY
1	Patel	Ralph	rpatel	895
2	Dancs	Betty	bdancs	860
3	Biri	Ben	bbiri	1100
4	Newman	Chad	cnewman	750
5	Ropeburn	Audrey	aropebur	1550

- 4. Populate the MY_EMPLOYEE table with the second row of the sample data from the preceding list. This time, list the columns explicitly in the INSERT clause.
- 5. Confirm your addition to the table.

	A ID	LAST_NAME	FIRST_NAME	2 USERID	2 SALARY
1	1	Patel	Ralph	rpatel	895
2	2	Dancs	Betty	bdancs	860

- 6. Write an INSERT statement in a dynamic reusable script file to load the remaining rows into the MY_EMPLOYEE table. The script should prompt for all the columns (ID, LAST_NAME, FIRST NAME, USERID, and SALARY). Save this script to a lab 10 06.sql file.
- 7. Populate the table with the next two rows of the sample data listed in step 3 by running the INSERT statement in the script that you created.
- 8. Confirm your additions to the table.



9. Make the data additions permanent.

Update and delete data in the MY_EMPLOYEE table.

10. Change the last name of employee 3 to Drexler.

- 11. Change the salary to \$1,000 for all employees who have a salary less than \$900.
- 12. Verify your changes to the table.

	a ID	LAST_NAME	FIRST_NAME	2 USERID	SALARY
1	1	Patel	Ralph	rpatel	1000
2	2	Dancs	Betty	bdancs	1000
3	3	Drexler	Ben	bbiri	1100
4	4	Newman	Chad	cnewman	1000

- 13. Delete Betty Dancs from the MY EMPLOYEE table.
- 14. Confirm your changes to the table.

	∄ ID	LAST_NAME	PIRST_NAME	USERID	SALARY
1	1	Patel	Ralph	rpatel	1000
2	3	Drexler	Ben	bbiri	1100
3	4	Newman	Chad	cnewman	1000

15. Commit all pending changes.

Control the data transaction to the MY EMPLOYEE table.

16. Populate the table with the last row of the sample data listed in step 3 by using the statements in the script that you created in step 6. Run the statements in the script.

Note: Perform the steps (17-23) in one session only.

17. Confirm your addition to the table.



- 18. Mark an intermediate point in the processing of the transaction.
- 19. Delete all the rows from the MY EMPLOYEE table.
- 20. Confirm that the table is empty.
- 21. Discard the most recent DELETE operation without discarding the earlier INSERT operation.
- 22. Confirm that the new row is still intact.



23. Make the data addition permanent.

If you have time, complete the following exercise:

- 24. Modify the <code>lab_10_06.sql</code> script such that the <code>USERID</code> is generated automatically by concatenating the first letter of the first name and the first seven characters of the last name. The generated <code>USERID</code> must be in lowercase. Therefore, the script should not prompt for the <code>USERID</code>. Save this script to a file named <code>lab 10 24.sql</code>.
- 25. Run the lab 10 24.sql script to insert the following record:

ID	LAST_NAME	FIRST_NAME	USERID	SALARY
6	Anthony	Mark	manthony	1230

26. Confirm that the new row was added with the correct USERID.

