

Q1:

$n=11$

$$0.d_1d_2\dots d_n = \frac{443}{2048} = \frac{443}{2^{11}}$$

$$= \frac{2^8 + 2^7 + 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1 + 2^0}{2^{11}}$$

Burada
aklimizda.

$$443 = 256 + 128 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 2 + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 256 \\ + 128 \\ \hline 384 \\ + 32 \\ \hline 416 \\ + 16 \\ \hline 432 \\ + 8 \\ \hline 440 \\ + 2 \\ \hline 442 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 443 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 256 \\ + 128 \\ \hline 384 \\ + 32 \\ \hline 416 \\ + 16 \\ \hline 432 \\ + 8 \\ \hline 440 \\ + 2 \\ \hline 442 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 443 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ - 32 \\ \hline 27 \end{array}$$

$$27 - 24 = 3$$

$$0.00110111011$$

$$\frac{443}{2048} = 2^{-3} + 2^{-4} + 2^{-6} + 2^{-7} + 2^{-8} + 2^{-10} + 2^{-11}$$

$$= 0.00110111011$$

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

$$\frac{2448}{2048} \rightarrow 0.00110111011$$

$$1621 \rightarrow 11.001010101$$

The Solution

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 2 \overline{) 1} - 0 = 1 \end{array}$$

$$2 \overline{) 3} - 2 = 1 \rightarrow \text{These will give us the answer.}$$

$$2 \overline{) 6} - 6 = 0$$

$$2 \overline{) 12} - 12 = 0$$

$$2 \overline{) 25} - 24 = 1$$

$$2 \overline{) 50} - 50 = 0$$

$$2 \overline{) 101} - 100 = 1$$

$$2 \overline{) 202} - 202 = 0$$

$$2 \overline{) 405} - 404 = 1$$

$$2 \overline{) 810} - 810 = 0$$

$$2 \overline{) 1621}$$

$$\underline{1620}$$

$$\boxed{2}$$

Q3:

$$f(x) \approx f(a) + \frac{f'(a)}{1!} (x-a) + \dots + \frac{f^{(n)}(a)}{n!} (x-a)^n$$

$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(c)}{(n+1)!} (x-a)^{n+1} \leq \frac{\max(|f^{(n+1)}(c)|)}{(n+1)!} (x-a)^{n+1}$$

$$a \leq c \leq x$$

Error R_n bounded from above.

Our mission is to approximate $17^{1/3}$.

$$f(x) = x^{1/3}$$

$$f^{(1)}(x) = \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3}$$

$$f^{(2)}(x) = -\frac{2}{9} x^{-5/3}$$

$$f^{(3)}(x) = \frac{10}{27} x^{-8/3}$$

$$f(x) \approx f(27) + \frac{f^{(1)}(27)}{1!} (x-27) + \frac{f^{(2)}(27)}{2!} (x-27)^2$$

$a=27$
desl.k

Elimizde böyle bir approximation var. Dönerken der detaylandırılm.

$$x^{1/3} \approx 3 + \frac{x-27}{3^3} - \frac{(x-27)^2}{3^7}$$

$$17^{1/3} \approx 3 + \frac{-10}{3^3} - \frac{100}{3^7}$$

$$17 \leq c \leq 27$$

$$x=17 \\ a=27$$

$$|R_2| \leq \frac{\max(f^{(3)}(c))}{3!} (x-27)^3 \Rightarrow \frac{10}{27} \frac{1}{6} (-10)^3 \max(c^{-8/3})$$

$$= - \frac{5000}{81} \max(c^{-8/3})$$

c olarbildiğince
küçük olmalı.

0 zaman

$$2.5839048 \approx 17^{1/3} \\ \pm 0.032306 \approx \text{error}$$

The answer... $|R_2| \leq \left| \frac{-5000}{81} 17^{-8/3} \right|$