Untitled

September 19, 2018

```
In [62]: # import the necessary packages
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
         from keras.layers.convolutional import Conv2D
         from keras.layers.convolutional import MaxPooling2D
         from keras.layers.core import Activation
         from keras.layers.core import Flatten
         from keras.layers.core import Dropout
         from keras.layers.core import Dense
         from keras import backend as K
         class SmallerVGGNet:
         #@staticmethod
              def build(width, height, depth, classes, finalAct="softmax"):
         # initialize the model along with the input shape to be
         # "channels last" and the channels dimension itself
                 model = Sequential()
                 inputShape = (height, width, depth)
                 chanDim = -1
         # if we are using "channels first", update the input shape
         # and channels dimension
                 if K.image_data_format() == "channels_first":
                     inputShape = (depth, height, width)
                     chanDim = 1
         # CONV => RELU => POOL
                 model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), padding="same",
                      input_shape=inputShape))
                 model.add(Activation("relu"))
                 model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=chanDim))
                 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(3, 3)))
                 model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         # (CONV => RELU) * 2 => POOL
                 model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), padding="same"))
                 model.add(Activation("relu"))
                 model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=chanDim))
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), padding="same"))
                 model.add(Activation("relu"))
                 model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=chanDim))
                 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
                 model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         # (CONV => RELU) * 2 => POOL
                 model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), padding="same"))
                 model.add(Activation("relu"))
                 model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=chanDim))
                 model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), padding="same"))
                 model.add(Activation("relu"))
                 model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=chanDim))
                 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
                 model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         # first (and only) set of FC => RELU layers
                 model.add(Flatten())
                 model.add(Dense(1024))
                 model.add(Activation("relu"))
                 model.add(BatchNormalization())
                 model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         # softmax classifier
                 model.add(Dense(classes))
                 model.add(Activation(sigmoid))
         # return the constructed network architecture
                 return model
In [63]: # set the matplotlib backend so figures can be saved in the background
         import matplotlib
         matplotlib.use("Agg")
         # import the necessary packages
         from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
         from keras.optimizers import Adam
         from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array
         from sklearn.preprocessing import MultiLabelBinarizer
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from pyimagesearch.smallervggnet import SmallerVGGNet
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from imutils import paths
         import numpy as np
         import argparse
         import random
         import pickle
         import cv2
```

```
import os
In [64]: from glob import glob
In [65]: # construct the argument parse and parse the arguments
                                          ap = argparse.ArgumentParser()
                                          \#ap.add\_argument("-data\_dir", type=str, default='--D:/MultipleLabels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels
                                          \#ap.add\_argument("-model\_dir", type=str, default='--D:/MultipleLabels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-labels/keras-multi-label
                                          ap.add_argument("-data_dir", type=str, default='--/keras-multi-label/dataset/') #, he
                                          ap.add_argument("-model_dir", type=str, default='--/keras-multi-label/fashion.model')
                                         args = vars(ap.parse_args())
                                         %tb
usage: __main__.py [-h] [-data_dir DATA_DIR] [-model_dir MODEL_DIR]
__main__.py: error: unrecognized arguments: -f C:\Users\mahmo\AppData\Roaming\jupyter\runtime\
                                     An exception has occurred, use %tb to see the full traceback.
                                     SystemExit: 2
C:\Users\mahmo\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\IPython\core\interactiveshell.py:2918: UserWarning:
         warn("To exit: use 'exit', 'quit', or Ctrl-D.", stacklevel=1)
In [66]: # initialize the number of epochs to train for, initial learning rate,
                                          # batch size, and image dimensions
                                         EPOCHS = 75
                                         INIT_LR = 1e-3
                                         BS = 32
                                          IMAGE_DIMS = (96, 96, 3)
```

1 grab the image paths and randomly shuffle them

print("[INFO] loading images...") imagePaths = sorted(list(paths.list_images('dataset//'))) imagePaths = sorted(list(paths.list_images() random.seed(42) random.shuffle(imagePaths)

2 initialize the data and labels

```
In [68]: #imagePathes
In [69]: import re
In [70]: # loop over the input images
         parser=argparse.ArgumentParser()
         for imagePath in imagePaths:
             # load the image, pre-process it, and store it in the data list
             image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
             image = cv2.resize(image, (IMAGE_DIMS[1], IMAGE_DIMS[0]))
             image = img_to_array(image)
             data.append(image)
              # extract set of class labels from the image path and update the
             # labels list
             1 = label = imagePath.split(os.path.sep)[-2].split("_")
            \# l = label = imagePath.split(os.path.split)[0].split('/')[1].split('_')
             labels.append(1)
In [71]: labels
Out[71]: [['black', 'jeans'],
          ['black', 'jeans'],
```

```
['blue', 'jeans'],
          . . . ]
In [72]: len(labels)
Out[72]: 2167
In [73]: data = np.array(data, dtype="float") / 255.0
         labels = np.array(labels)
         print("[INFO] data matrix: {} images ({:.2f}MB)".format(
         len(imagePaths), data.nbytes / (1024 * 1000.0)))
[INFO] data matrix: 2167 images (468.07MB)
In [74]: # binarize the labels using scikit-learn's special multi-label
         # binarizer implementation
         print("[INFO] class labels:")
         mlb = MultiLabelBinarizer()
         labels = mlb.fit_transform(labels)
         # loop over each of the possible class labels and show them
         for (i, label) in enumerate(mlb.classes_):
             print("{}. {}".format(i + 1, label))
[INFO] class labels:
1. black
2. blue
3. dress
4. jeans
5. red
6. shirt
In [75]: labels
Out[75]: array([[1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],
                [1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],
```

```
[1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0], ..., [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1], [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1], [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1]])
```

from sklearn.preprocessing import MultiLabelBinarizer labels2 = [("blue", "jeans"),("blue", "dress"),("red", "dress"),("red", "shirt"),("blue", "shirt"),("black", "jeans")] mlb = MultiLabelBinarizer() mlb.fit(labels2) MultiLabelBinarizer(classes=None, sparse_output=False) mlb.classes_ mlb.transform([("red", "dress")])

```
In [76]: print(data.shape)
         print(type(data))
         print(type(labels))
         print(labels.shape)
(2167, 96, 96, 3)
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
(2167, 6)
In [77]: # partition the data into training and testing splits using 80% of
         # the data for training and the remaining 20% for testing
         (trainX, testX, trainY, testY) = train_test_split(data,labels, test_size=0.2, random_s
         # construct the image generator for data augmentation
         aug = ImageDataGenerator(rotation_range=25, width_shift_range=0.1,height_shift_range=
In [99]: type(aug)
Out [99]: keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator
In [78]: print("[INFO] compiling model...")
         model = SmallerVGGNet.build(
         width=IMAGE_DIMS[1], height=IMAGE_DIMS[0],
         depth=IMAGE_DIMS[2], classes=len(mlb.classes_),
         finalAct="sigmoid")
         # initialize the optimizer
         opt = Adam(lr=INIT_LR, decay=INIT_LR / EPOCHS)
[INFO] compiling model...
In [81]: # compile the model using binary cross-entropy rather than
         \# categorical cross-entropy -- this may seem counterintuitive for
         # multi-label classification, but keep in mind that the goal here
```

```
# distribution
  model.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy", optimizer=opt,
  metrics=["accuracy"])
  # train the network
  print("[INFO] training network...")
  H = model.fit_generator(
   aug.flow(trainX, trainY, batch_size=BS),
   validation_data=(testX, testY),
   steps_per_epoch=len(trainX) // BS,
   epochs=EPOCHS, verbose=1)
[INFO] training network...
Epoch 1/75
Epoch 2/75
Epoch 3/75
Epoch 4/75
Epoch 5/75
Epoch 6/75
Epoch 7/75
Epoch 8/75
Epoch 9/75
Epoch 10/75
Epoch 11/75
Epoch 12/75
Epoch 13/75
Epoch 14/75
Epoch 15/75
Epoch 16/75
Epoch 17/75
```

is to treat each output label as an independent Bernoulli

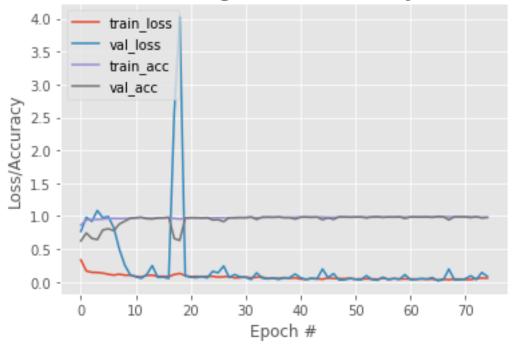
```
Epoch 18/75
Epoch 19/75
Epoch 20/75
Epoch 21/75
Epoch 22/75
Epoch 23/75
Epoch 24/75
Epoch 25/75
Epoch 26/75
Epoch 27/75
Epoch 28/75
Epoch 29/75
Epoch 30/75
Epoch 31/75
Epoch 32/75
Epoch 33/75
Epoch 34/75
Epoch 35/75
Epoch 36/75
Epoch 37/75
Epoch 38/75
Epoch 39/75
Epoch 40/75
Epoch 41/75
```

```
Epoch 42/75
Epoch 43/75
Epoch 44/75
Epoch 45/75
Epoch 46/75
Epoch 47/75
Epoch 48/75
Epoch 49/75
Epoch 50/75
Epoch 51/75
Epoch 52/75
Epoch 53/75
Epoch 54/75
Epoch 55/75
Epoch 56/75
Epoch 57/75
Epoch 58/75
Epoch 59/75
Epoch 60/75
Epoch 61/75
Epoch 62/75
Epoch 63/75
Epoch 64/75
Epoch 65/75
```

```
Epoch 66/75
Epoch 67/75
Epoch 68/75
Epoch 69/75
Epoch 70/75
Epoch 71/75
Epoch 72/75
Epoch 73/75
Epoch 74/75
Epoch 75/75
In [82]: # save the model to disk
   print("[INFO] serializing network...")
   model.save(args["model"])
   # save the multi-label binarizer to disk
   print("[INFO] serializing label binarizer...")
   f = open(args["labelbin"], "wb")
   f.write(pickle.dumps(mlb))
   f.close()
[INFO] serializing network...
   NameError
                    Traceback (most recent call last)
   <ipython-input-82-5af681a77637> in <module>()
    1 # save the model to disk
    2 print("[INFO] serializing network...")
 ---> 3 model.save(args["model"])
    5 # save the multi-label binarizer to disk
```

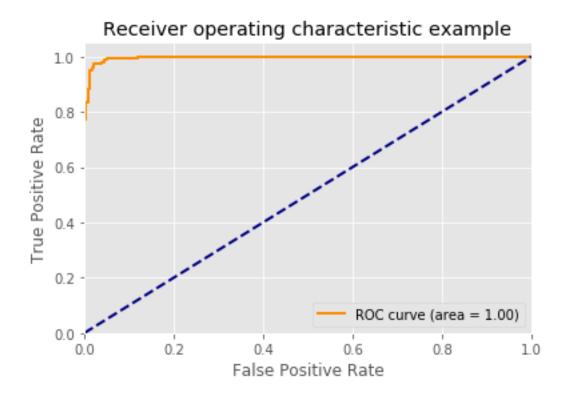
NameError: name 'args' is not defined

Training Loss and Accuracy



```
[3.8726458e-07, 1.4320040e-05, 9.9624276e-01, 1.0497152e-04,
                 1.0000000e+00, 1.6722931e-03],
                [2.8229690e-06, 1.1650398e-03, 9.9971253e-01, 2.8170980e-05,
                 9.9982280e-01, 2.8528821e-05],
                [5.3812691e-04, 9.9998820e-01, 3.6258844e-01, 3.8932837e-04,
                 9.8860955e-09, 7.7784568e-01],
                [9.9998248e-01, 5.2561722e-05, 9.5061360e-08, 1.0000000e+00,
                 3.7664769e-10, 1.8038398e-05],
                [8.1040402e-05, 3.7716335e-04, 2.2128897e-05, 1.0002643e-03,
                 9.9999690e-01, 9.9987793e-01]], dtype=float32)
In [97]: print(__doc__)
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from itertools import cycle
         from sklearn import svm, datasets
         from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.preprocessing import label_binarize
         from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier
         from scipy import interp
         n classes = 6#y.shape[1]
         # Compute ROC curve and ROC area for each class
         fpr = dict()
         tpr = dict()
         roc_auc = dict()
         for i in range(n_classes):
             fpr[i], tpr[i], _ = roc_curve(testY[:, i], pred[:, i])
             roc_auc[i] = auc(fpr[i], tpr[i])
         # Compute micro-average ROC curve and ROC area
         fpr["micro"], tpr["micro"], _ = roc_curve(testY.ravel(), pred.ravel())
         roc_auc["micro"] = auc(fpr["micro"], tpr["micro"])
# Import some data to play with
iris = datasets.load iris()
X = iris.data
y = iris.target
# Binarize the output
y = label_binarize(y, classes=[0, 1, 2])
n_classes = y.shape[1]
```

```
# Add noisy features to make the problem harder
random_state = np.random.RandomState(0)
n_samples, n_features = X.shape
X = np.c_[X, random_state.randn(n_samples, 200 * n_features)]
# shuffle and split training and test sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=.5,
                                                    random_state=0)
# Learn to predict each class against the other
classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(svm.SVC(kernel='linear', probability=True,
                                 random_state=random_state))
y score = classifier.fit(X_train, y_train).decision_function(X_test)
In [98]: plt.figure()
        lw = 2
         plt.plot(fpr[2], tpr[2], color='darkorange',
                  lw=lw, label='ROC curve (area = %0.2f)' % roc_auc[2])
         plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
         plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
         plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
        plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
        plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
         plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic example')
         plt.legend(loc="lower right")
         plt.show()
```



```
In [95]: # Compute macro-average ROC curve and ROC area
         # First aggregate all false positive rates
         all_fpr = np.unique(np.concatenate([fpr[i] for i in range(n_classes)]))
         # Then interpolate all ROC curves at this points
         mean_tpr = np.zeros_like(all_fpr)
         for i in range(n_classes):
             mean_tpr += interp(all_fpr, fpr[i], tpr[i])
         # Finally average it and compute AUC
         mean_tpr /= n_classes
         fpr["macro"] = all_fpr
         tpr["macro"] = mean_tpr
         roc_auc["macro"] = auc(fpr["macro"], tpr["macro"])
         # Plot all ROC curves
         plt.figure()
         plt.plot(fpr["micro"], tpr["micro"],
                  label='micro-average ROC curve (area = {0:0.2f})'
                        ''.format(roc_auc["micro"]),
                  color='deeppink', linestyle=':', linewidth=4)
```

```
plt.plot(fpr["macro"], tpr["macro"],
         label='macro-average ROC curve (area = {0:0.2f})'
               ''.format(roc_auc["macro"]),
         color='navy', linestyle=':', linewidth=4)
colors = cycle(['aqua', 'darkorange', 'cornflowerblue'])
for i, color in zip(range(n_classes), colors):
   plt.plot(fpr[i], tpr[i], color=color, lw=lw,
             label='ROC curve of class {0} (area = {1:0.2f})'
             ''.format(i, roc_auc[i]))
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--', lw=lw)
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Some extension of Receiver operating characteristic to multi-class')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()
```

Some extension of Receiver operating characteristic to multi-class

