

# What is Computer Vision?



Computer Graphics: Models to Images

Comp. Photography: Images to Images

**Computer Vision: Images to Models**

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# Scope of this class

Image Processing  
Geometric Reasoning  
Recognition  
Deep Learning

Machine Learning

Graphics

Computational Photography

Optics

Robotics

Human Computer Interaction

Medical Imaging

Neuroscience

# Computer Vision

Make computers understand images and video **or any visual data.**



What kind of scene?

Where are the cars?

How far is the building?

...

# Vision is really hard

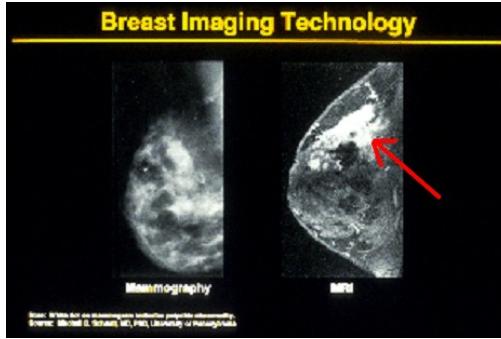
- Vision is an amazing feat of natural intelligence
  - Visual cortex occupies about 50% of Macaque brain
  - One third of human brain devoted to vision (more than anything else)



# Why computer vision matters



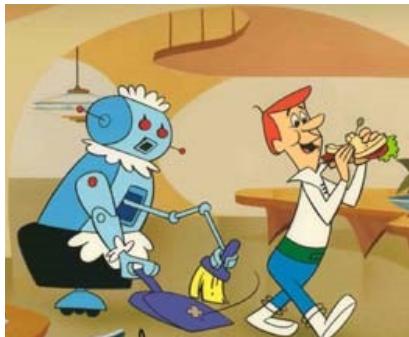
Safety



Health



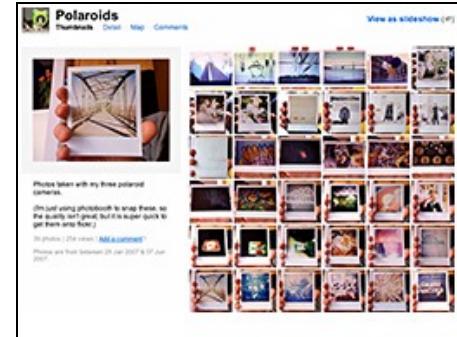
Security



Comfort



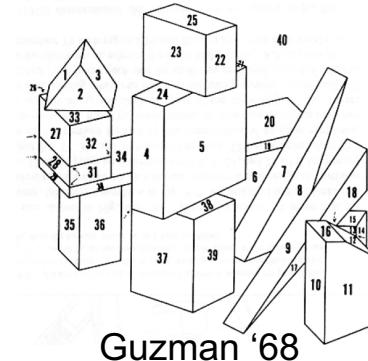
Fun



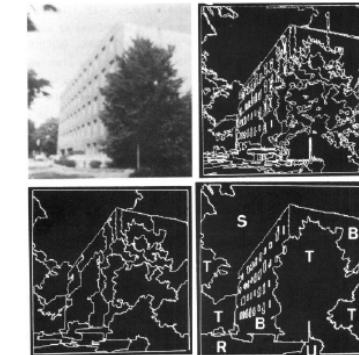
Access

# Ridiculously brief history of computer vision

- 1966: Minsky assigns computer vision as an undergrad summer project
- 1960's: interpretation of synthetic worlds
- 1970's: some progress on interpreting selected images
- 1980's: ANNs come and go; shift toward geometry and increased mathematical rigor
- 1990's: face recognition; statistical analysis in vogue
- 2000's: broader recognition; large annotated datasets available; video processing starts
- 2010's: Deep learning with ConvNets
- 2020's: Widespread autonomous vehicles?
- 2030's: robot uprising?



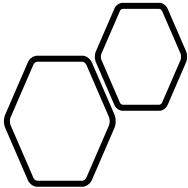
Guzman '68



Ohta Kanade '78



Turk and Pentland '91



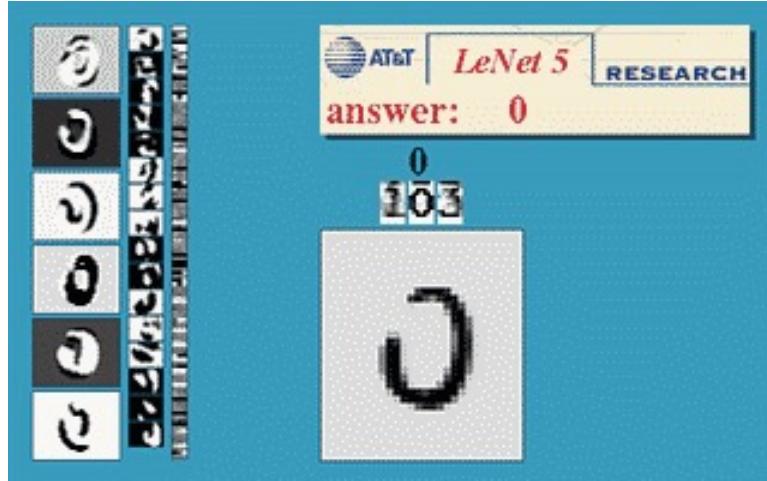
Examples of real-world  
applications

# How vision is used now

# Optical character recognition (OCR)

Technology to convert scanned docs to text

- If you have a scanner, it probably came with OCR software



Digit recognition, AT&T labs  
<http://www.research.att.com/~yann/>



License plate readers  
[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automatic\\_number\\_plate\\_recognition](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automatic_number_plate_recognition)



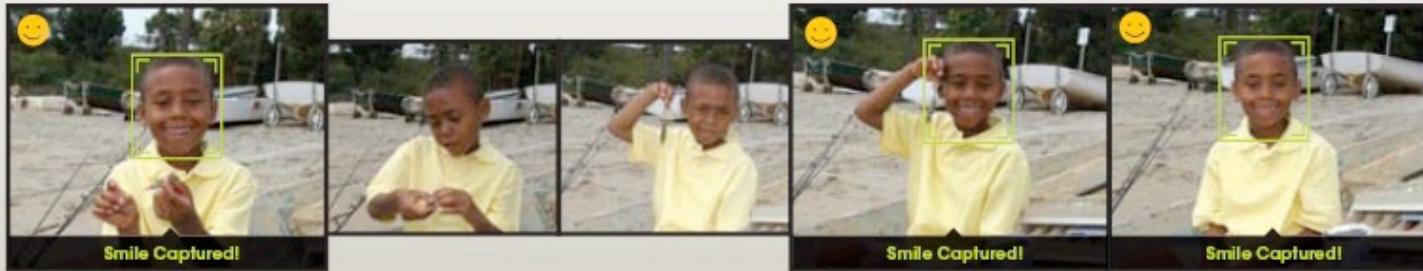
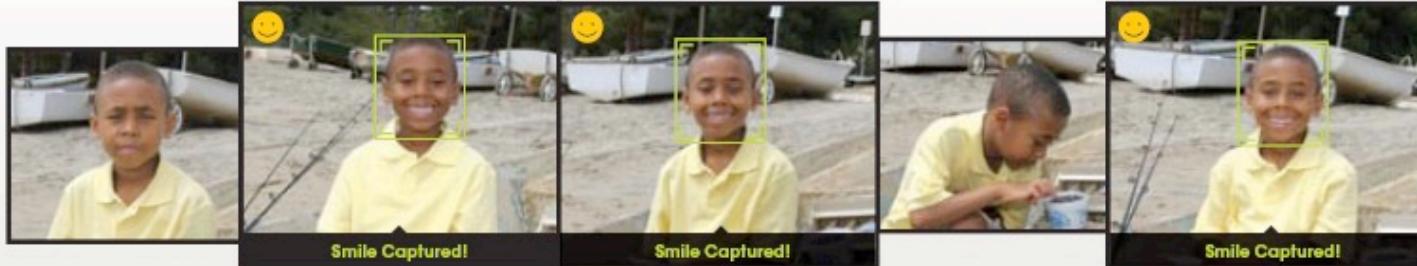
# Face detection

Digital cameras detect faces

# Smile detection

## The Smile Shutter flow

Imagine a camera smart enough to catch every smile! In Smile Shutter Mode, your Cyber-shot® camera can automatically trip the shutter at just the right instant to catch the perfect expression.

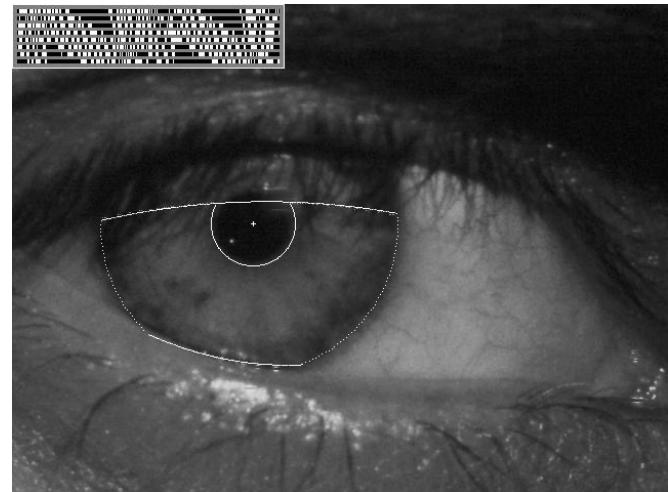
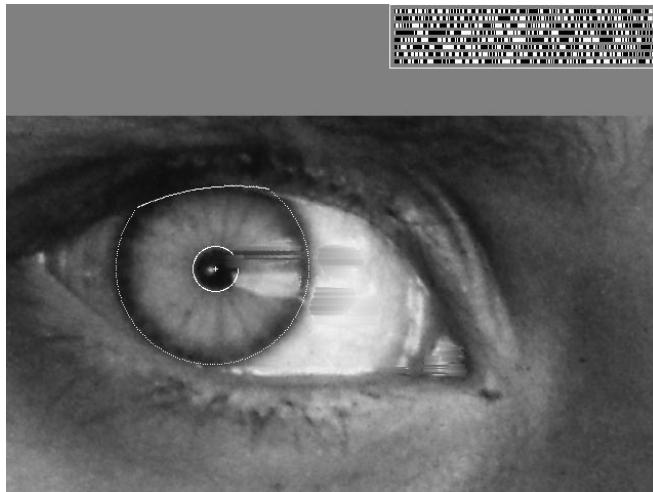


[Sony Cyber-shot® T70 Digital Still Camera](#)

# Vision-based biometrics



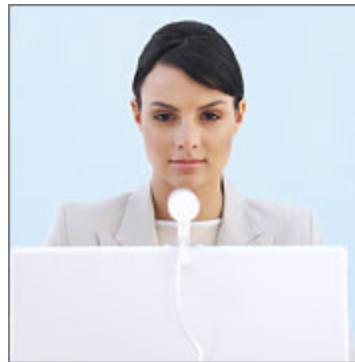
*“How the Afghan Girl was Identified by Her Iris Patterns”* Read the [story](#)  
[wikipedia](#)



# Login without a password...



Fingerprint scanners on  
many new laptops,  
other devices



Face recognition systems now  
beginning to appear more widely  
<http://www.sensiblevision.com/>

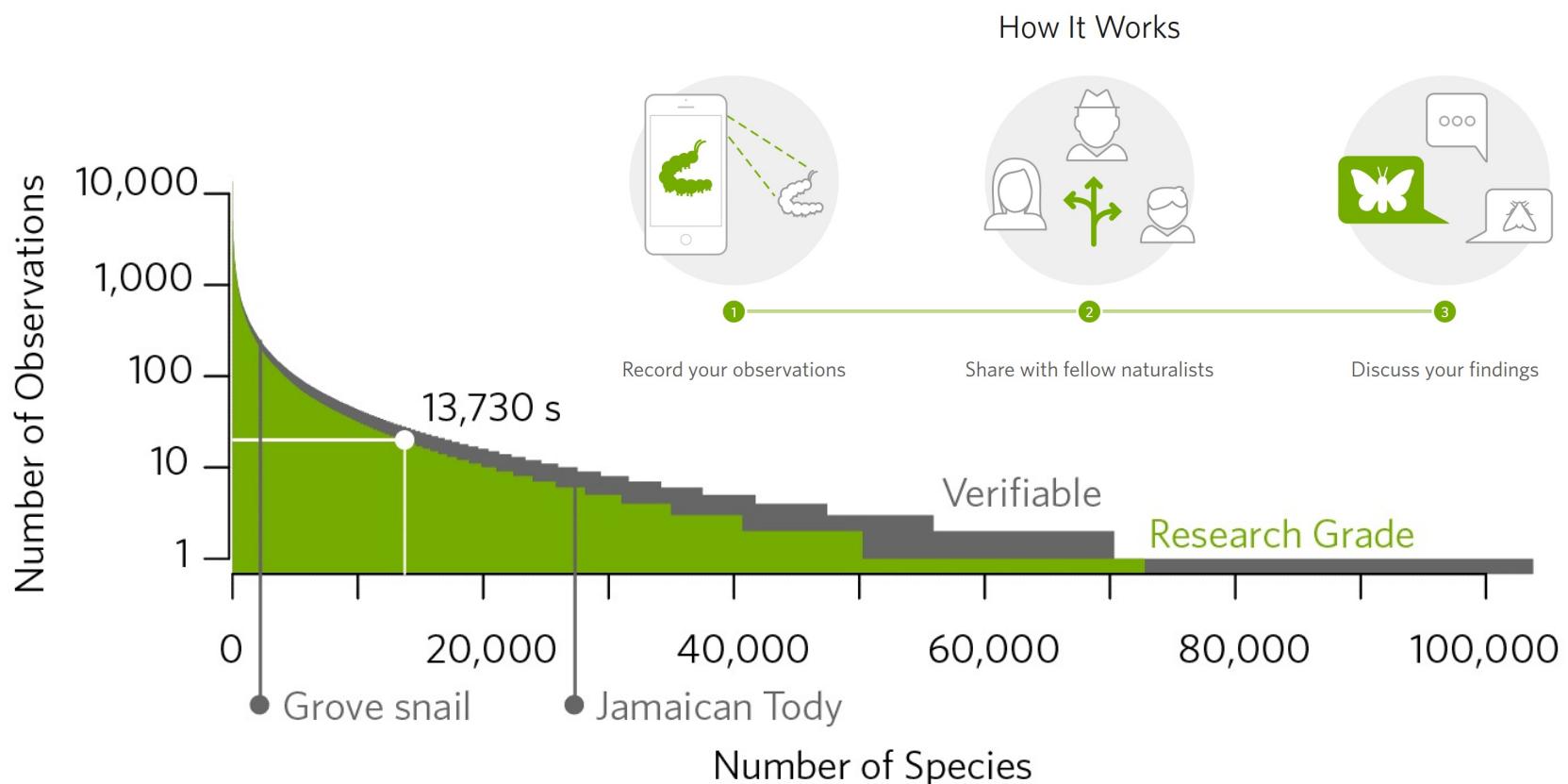


A screenshot of a web browser displaying the Wikipedia page for the Space Needle. The page includes the Wikipedia logo, a sidebar with navigation links like 'Main Page', 'Community Portal', and 'Featured articles', and a main content area with text about the Space Needle's history and features. A yellow arrow points to the 'Edit' button in the top right corner of the browser window. The URL in the address bar is [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Space\\_Needle](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Space_Needle).

# Object recognition (in mobile phones)

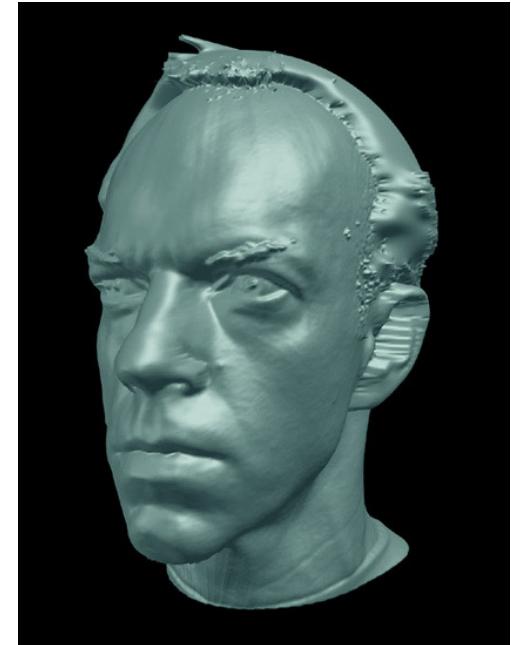
[Point & Find, Nokia](#)  
[Google Goggles](#)

# iNaturalist



[https://www.inaturalist.org/pages/computer\\_vision\\_demo](https://www.inaturalist.org/pages/computer_vision_demo)

# Special effects: shape capture



*The Matrix* movies, ESC Entertainment, XYZRGB, NRC

# Special effects: motion capture



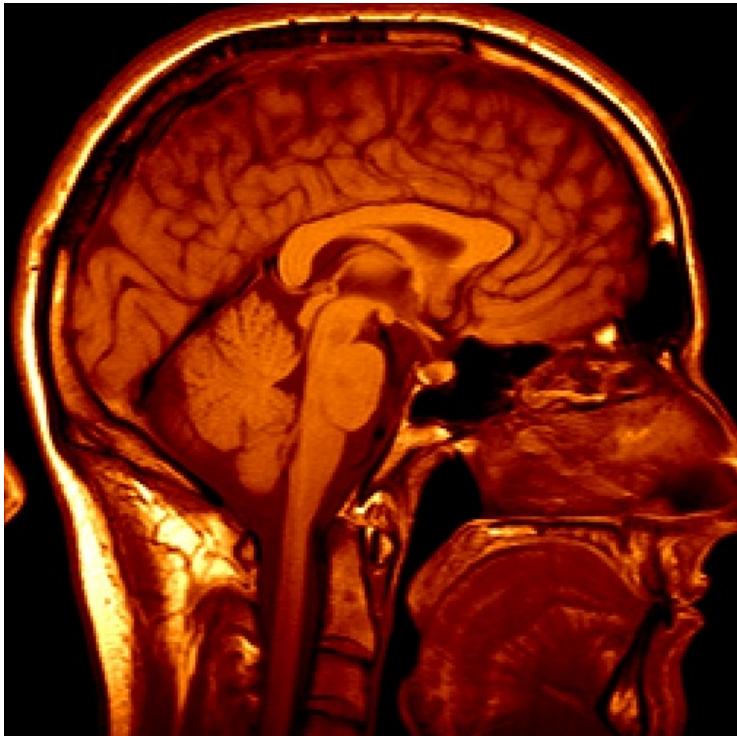
*Pirates of the Caribbean*, Industrial Light and Magic

# Sports



*Sportvision first down line*

# Medical imaging



3D imaging  
MRI, CT



Image guided surgery  
[Grimson et al., MIT](#)

# Smart cars

Slide content courtesy of Amnon Shashua

The screenshot shows the Mobileye website's "manufacturer products" section. At the top, there are tabs for "manufacturer products" (selected) and "consumer products". Below this is a banner with the slogan "Our Vision. Your Safety." featuring an overhead view of a car with three cameras labeled: "rear looking camera", "forward looking camera", and "side looking camera".

Below the banner are three main product sections:

- EyeQ Vision on a Chip**: Shows a close-up of a chip labeled "EyeQ1".
  - [> read more](#)
- Vision Applications**: Shows a person walking across a crosswalk with a bounding box around them.
  - [> read more](#)
- AWS Advance Warning System**: Shows a circular display device.
  - [> read more](#)

To the right, there are two columns: "News" and "Events".

**News** (partial list):

- > [Mobileye Advanced Technologies Power Volvo Cars World First Collision Warning With Auto Brake System](#)
- > [Volvo: New Collision Warning with Auto Brake Helps Prevent Rear-end](#)
- [> all news](#)

**Events** (partial list):

- > [Mobileye at Equip Auto, Paris, France](#)
- > [Mobileye at SEMA, Las Vegas, NV](#)
- [> read more](#)

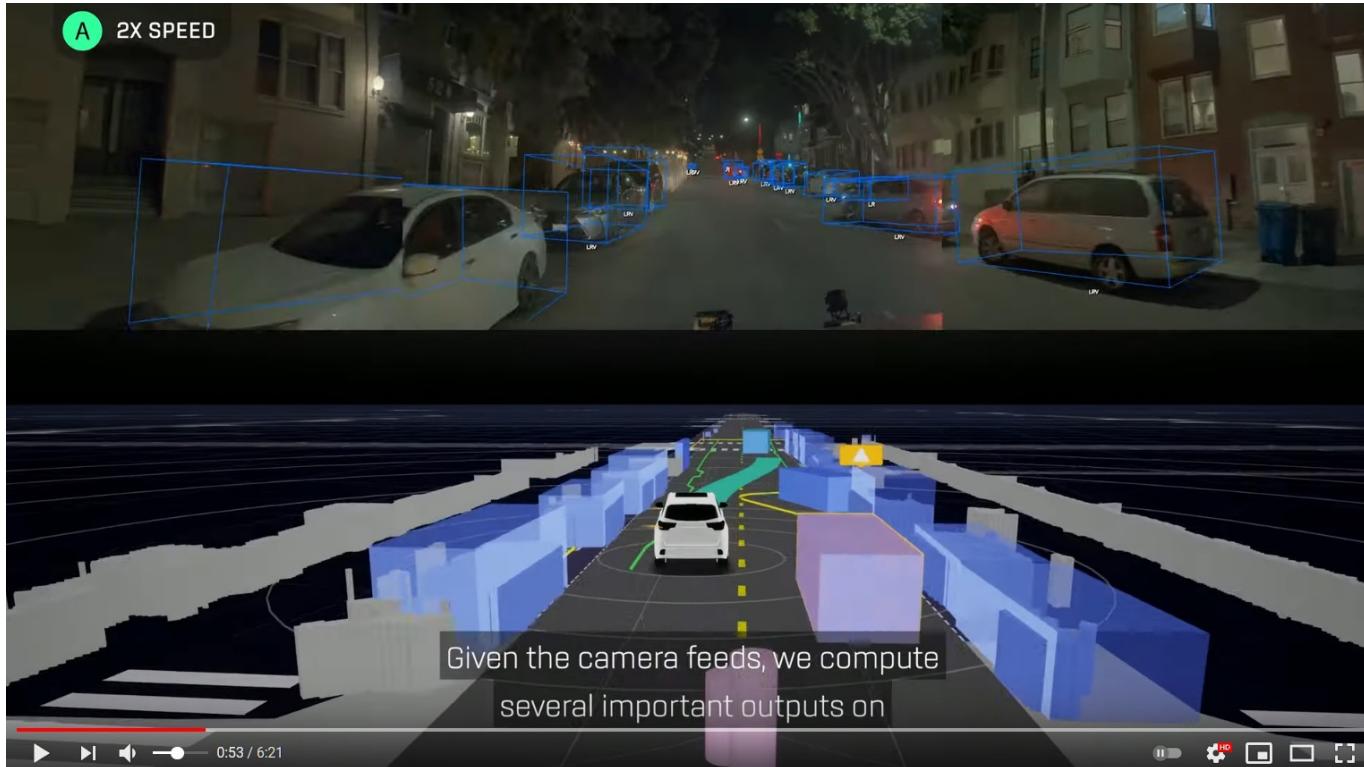
- Mobileye
  - Market Capitalization: 11 Billion dollars
  - Bought by Intel for 15 Billion dollars

# Google cars



Oct 9, 2010. ["Google Cars Drive Themselves, in Traffic"](#). *The New York Times*. John Markoff  
Aug 25, 2021. ["Waymo expands to San Francisco with public self-driving test"](#), Ars Technica

# Zoox Computer Vision Demo



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BVRMh9NO9Cs>

# Skydio



<https://www.skydio.com/>

# Interactive Games: Kinect

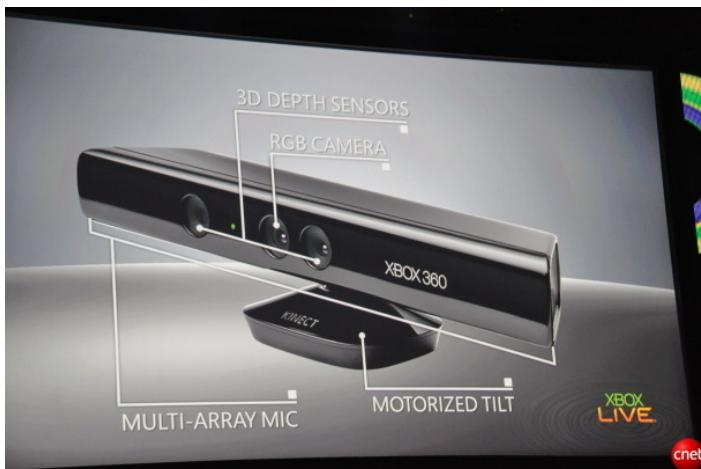
- Object Recognition:

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=iv&v=fQ59dXOo63o>

- Mario: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8CTJL5IUjHg>

- 3D: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7QrnwoO1-8A>

- Robot: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w8BmgtMKFbY>



# Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality



Magic Leap, Oculus, Hololens, etc.

# Industrial robots



Vision-guided robots position nut runners on wheels

# Vision in space



[NASA'S Mars Exploration Rover Spirit](#) captured this westward view from atop a low plateau where Spirit spent the closing months of 2007.

## Vision systems (JPL) used for several tasks

- Panorama stitching
- 3D terrain modeling
- Obstacle detection, position tracking
- For more, read "[Computer Vision on Mars](#)" by Matthies et al.

# Amazon Prime Air



<https://www.amazon.com/b?node=8037720011>

# State of the art today?

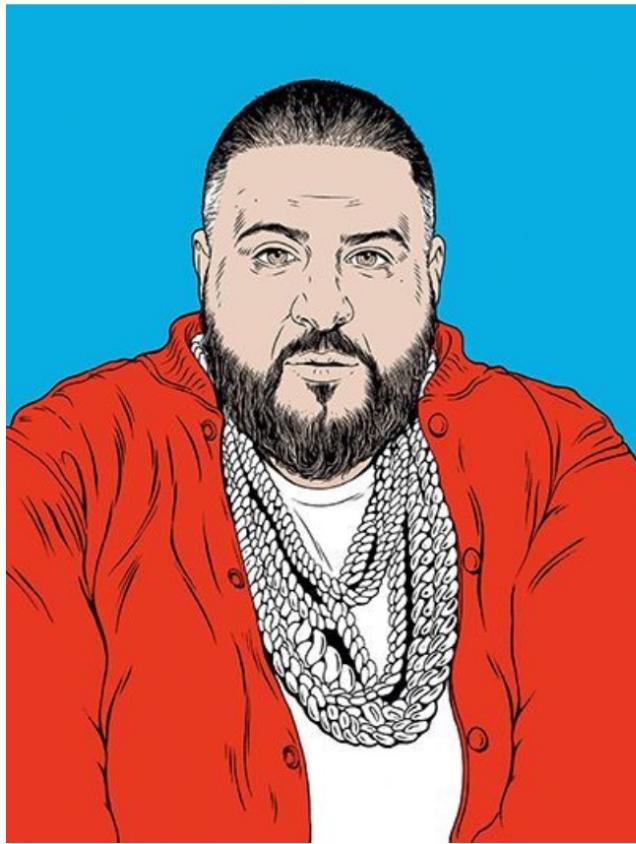
With enough training data, computer vision nearly matches human vision at most recognition tasks

Deep learning has been an enormous disruption to the field. More and more techniques are being “deepified”.

# WIRED

# 100

WHO'S SHAPING THE DIGITAL WORLD?



**DJ Khaled**

Credit [Louise Zergaeng Pomeroy](#)

## 73. DJ Khaled

*Snapchat icon; DJ and producer*

Louisiana-born Khaled Mohamed Khaled, aka DJ Khaled, cut his musical chops in the early 00s as a host for Miami urban music radio WEDR. He proceeded to build a solid if not dazzling career as a mixtape DJ and music producer (he founded his label We The Best Music Group in 2008, and was appointed president of Def Jam South in 2009).

# 69. Geoffrey Hinton

*Psychologist, computer scientist; researcher, Google Toronto*

British-born Hinton has been dubbed the "godfather of deep learning". The Cambridge-educated cognitive psychologist and computer scientist started being an ardent believer in the potential of neural networks and deep learning in the 80s, when those technologies enjoyed little support in the wider AI community.

But he soldiered on: in 2004, with support from the Canadian Institute for Advanced Research, he launched a University of Toronto programme in neural computation and adaptive perception, where, with a group of researchers, he carried on investigating how to create computers that could behave like brains.

Hinton's work – in particular his algorithms that train multilayered neural networks – caught the attention of tech giants in Silicon Valley, which realised how deep learning could be applied to voice recognition, predictive search and machine vision.

The spike in interest prompted him to launch a free course on neural networks on e-learning platform Coursera in 2012. Today, 68-year-old Hinton is chair of machine learning at the University of Toronto and moonlights at Google, where he has been using deep learning to help build internet tools since 2013.

## **63. Yann Lecun**

*Director of AI research, Facebook, Menlo Park*

LeCun is a leading expert in deep learning and heads up what, for Facebook, could be a hugely significant source of revenue: understanding its user's intentions.

## **62. Richard Branson**

*Founder, Virgin Group, London*

Branson saw his personal fortune grow £550 million when Alaska Air bought Virgin America for \$2.6 billion in April. He is pressing on with civilian space travel with [Virgin Galactic](#).

## **61. Taylor Swift**

*Entertainer, Los Angeles*





Credit [Google DeepMind](#)

[Google](#)-backed startup DeepMind Technologies has built an [artificial intelligence](#) agent that can learn to successfully play 49 classic Atari games by itself, with minimal input.



# The story of AlphaGo so far

AlphaGo is the first computer program to defeat a professional human Go player, the first program to defeat a Go world champion, and arguably the strongest Go player in history.

AlphaGo's first formal match was against the reigning 3-times European Champion, Mr Fan Hui, in October 2015. Its 5-0 win was the first ever against a Go professional, and the results were published in full technical detail in the international journal, [Nature](#). AlphaGo then went on to compete against legendary player Mr Lee Sedol, winner of 18 world titles and widely considered to be the greatest player of the past decade.

AlphaGo's 4-1 victory in Seoul, South Korea, in March 2016 was watched by over 200 million people worldwide. It was a landmark achievement that experts agreed was a decade ahead of its time, and earned AlphaGo a 9 dan professional ranking (the highest certification) - the first time a computer Go player had ever received the accolade.

During the games, AlphaGo played a handful of [highly inventive winning moves](#), several of which - including move 37 in game two - were so surprising they overturned hundreds of years of received wisdom, and have since been examined extensively by players of all levels. In the course of winning, AlphaGo somehow taught the world completely new knowledge about perhaps the most studied and contemplated game in history.

Since then, AlphaGo has continued to surprise and amaze. In January 2017, an improved AlphaGo version was revealed as the online player "Master" which achieved [60 straight wins in online fast time-control games](#) against top international Go players.

In May 2017, Alpha Go took part in The Future of Go Summit in the birthplace of Go, China, to delve deeper into the mysteries of Go in a spirit of mutual collaboration with the country's top players. You can read more about the five day summit [here](#).



# BigGAN

2018 Arxiv, ICLR 2019



**Large Scale GAN Training for High Fidelity Natural Image Synthesis**

Andrew Brock, Jeff Donahue, Karen Simonyan

# This person does not exist

