

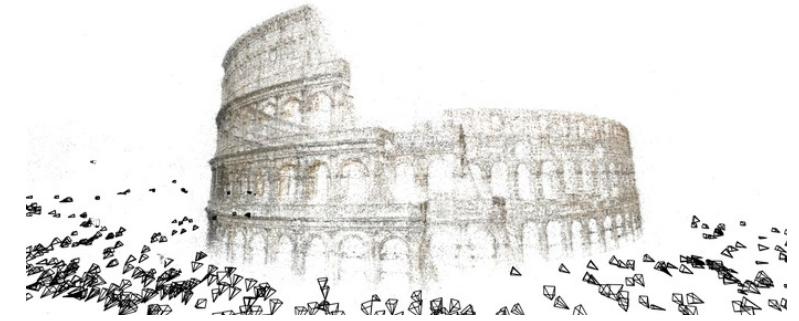
CS 3630  
Spring 2022

*Lecture 28:*  
**Structure from Motion  
and Visual SLAM**



# Outline

- Structure from Motion
- Correspondence
- Optimization
- Visual SLAM
- 4D Reconstruction
- Dense Surface Reconstruction



# Photo Tourism

Noah Snavely, Steven M. Seitz, Richard Szeliski, [Photo tourism: Exploring photo collections in 3D," ACM Transactions on Graphics \(SIGGRAPH Proceedings\), 25\(3\), 2006, 835-846.](#)



Input photographs

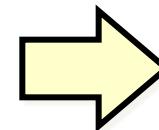
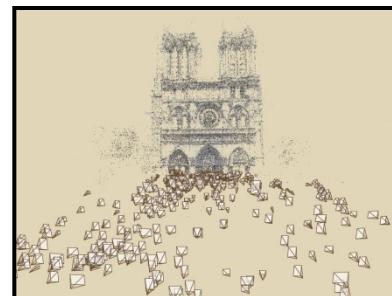
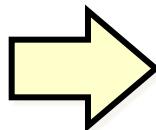


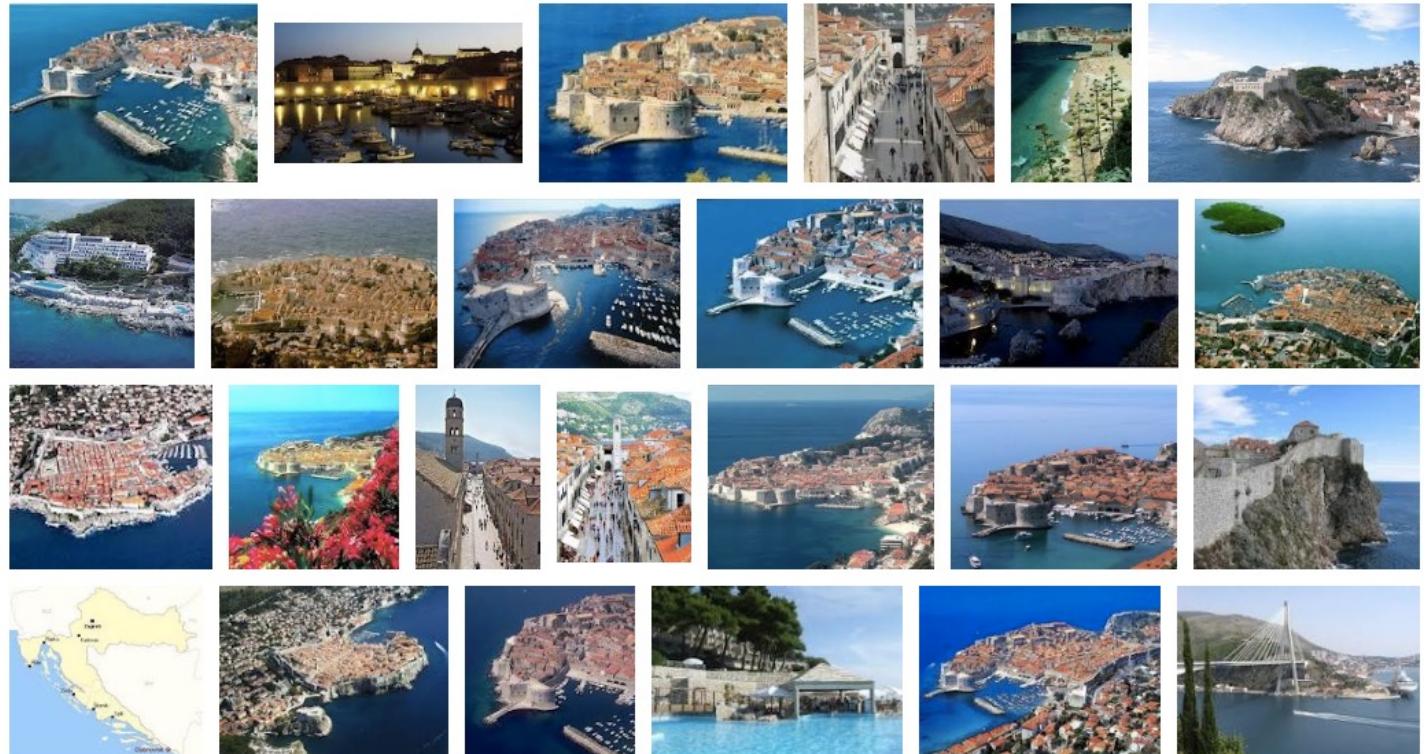
Photo Explorer

<http://phototour.cs.washington.edu/>

# 3D Models from Community Databases

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E.g., Google image search on  
“Dubrovnik”



# 3D Models from Community Databases

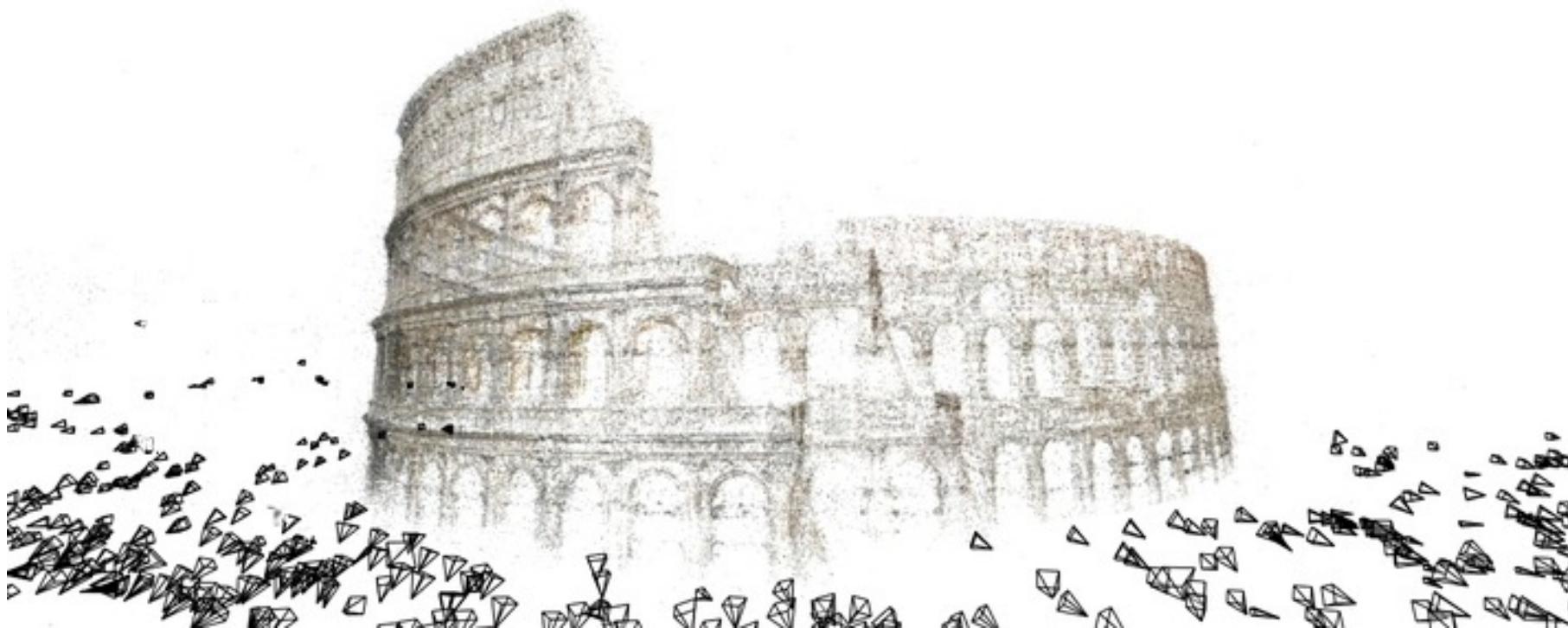


5K images, 3.5M points, >10M factors

Movie by Aggarwal et al.

# Building Rome in a Day

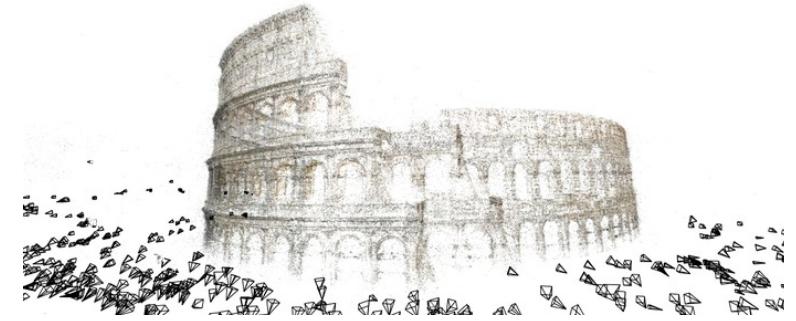
[Building Rome in a Day Sameer Agarwal, Noah Snavely, Ian Simon, Steven M. Seitz and Richard Szeliski International Conference on Computer Vision, 2009, Kyoto, Japan.](#)



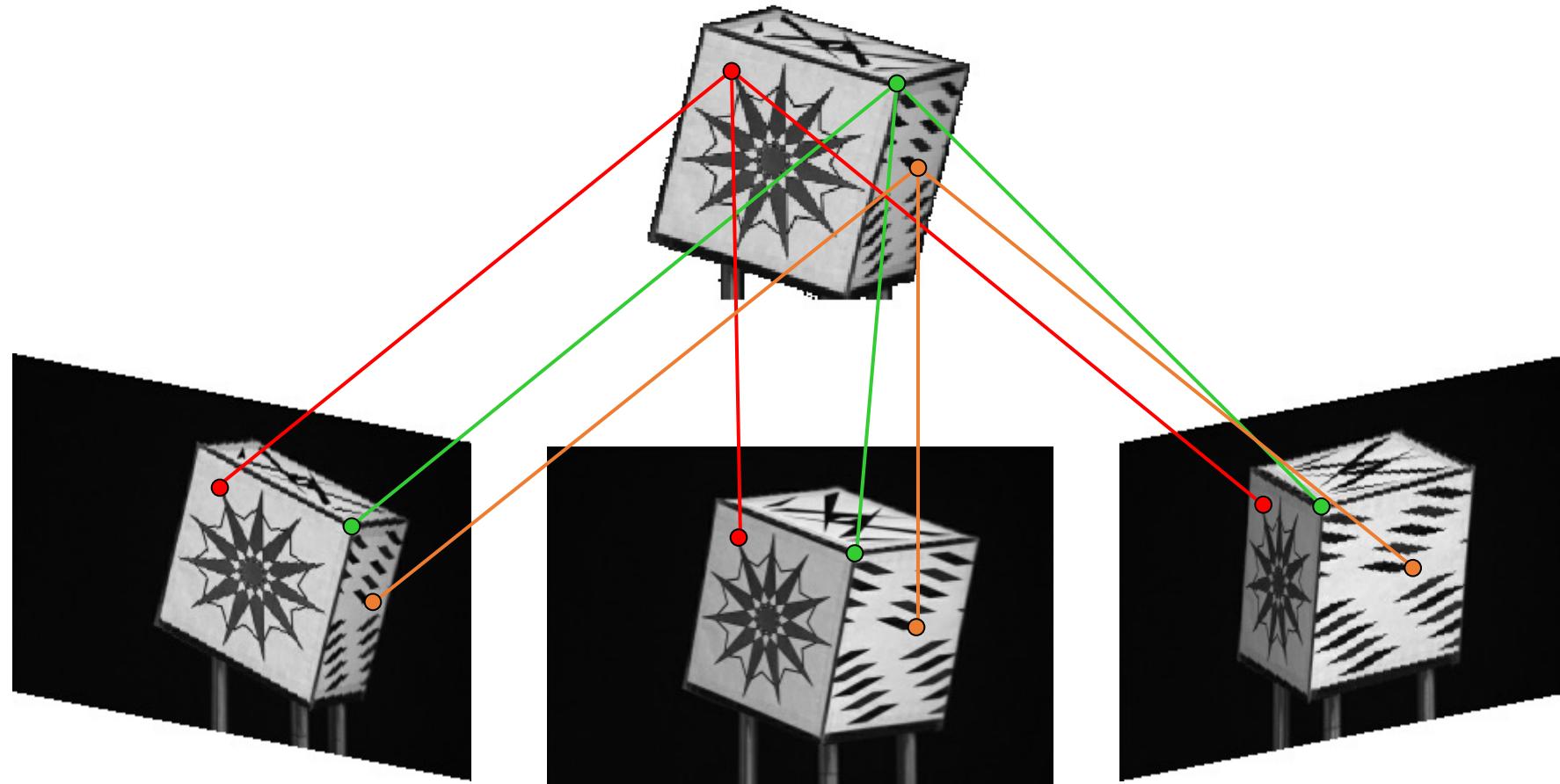
<http://grail.cs.washington.edu/rome/>

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# A Correspondence Problem



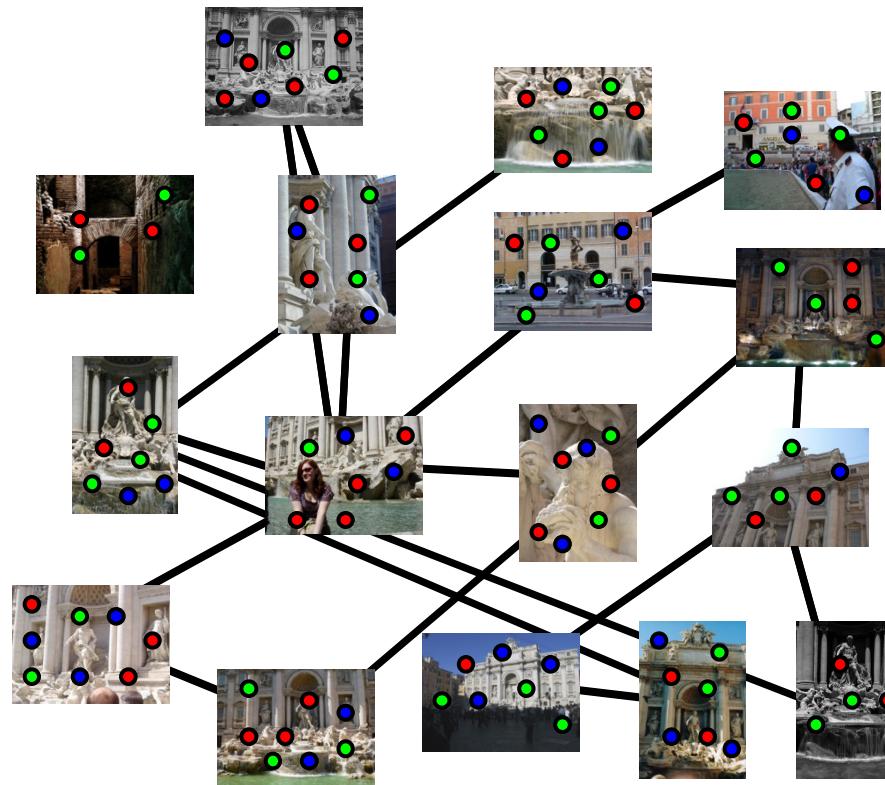
# Feature detection

- Detect features using SIFT [Lowe, IJCV 2004]

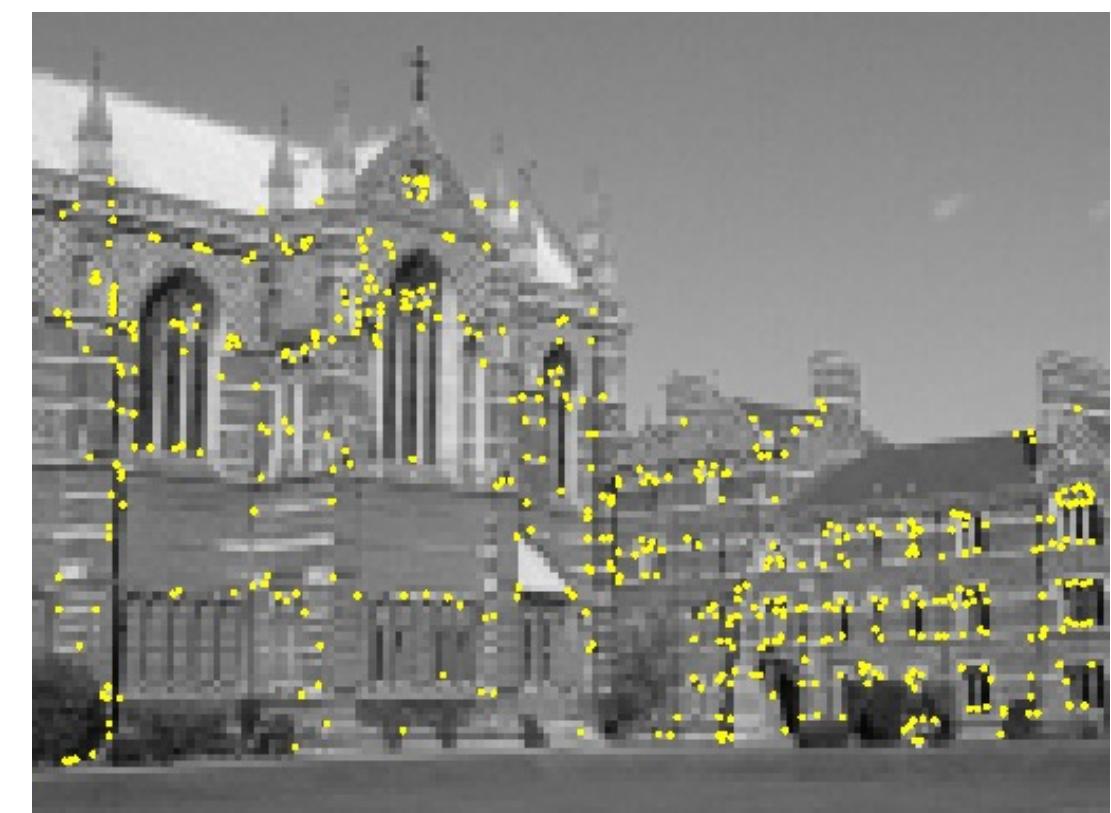
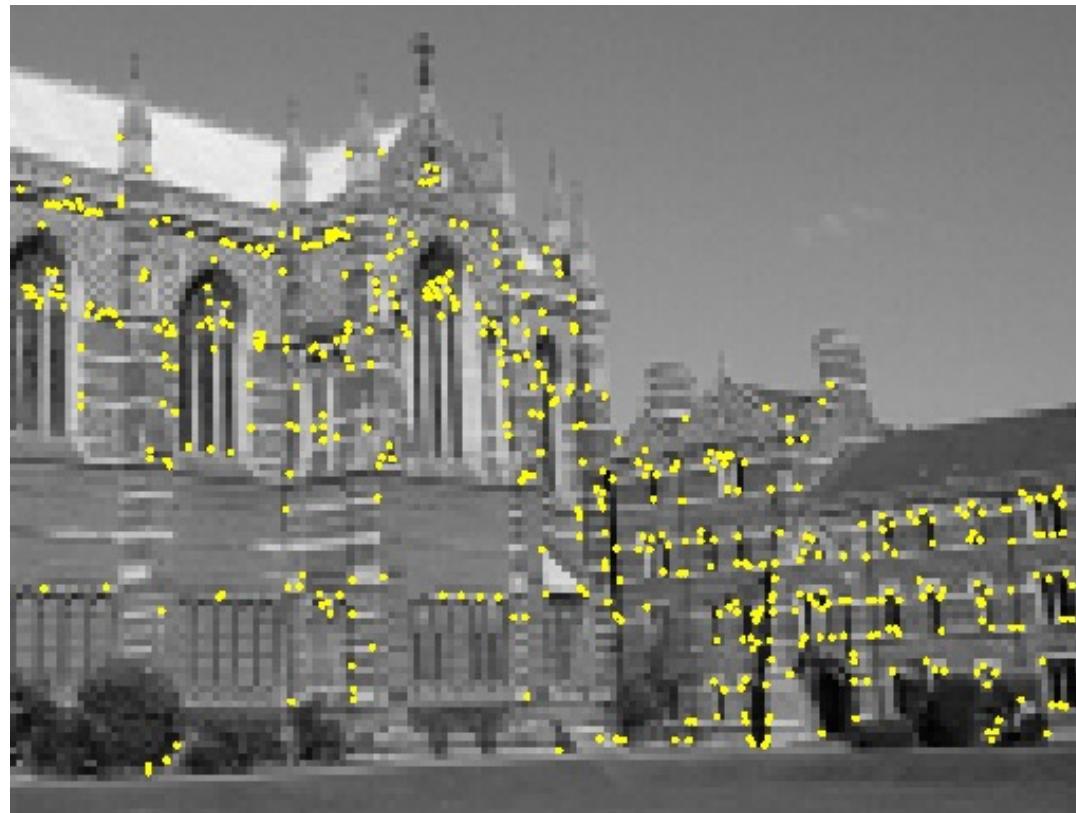


# Feature matching

Refine matching using RANSAC [Fischler & Bolles 1987] to estimate fundamental matrices between pairs



# Feature Matching !



# Real World Challenges

Bad News: Good correspondences are hard to find

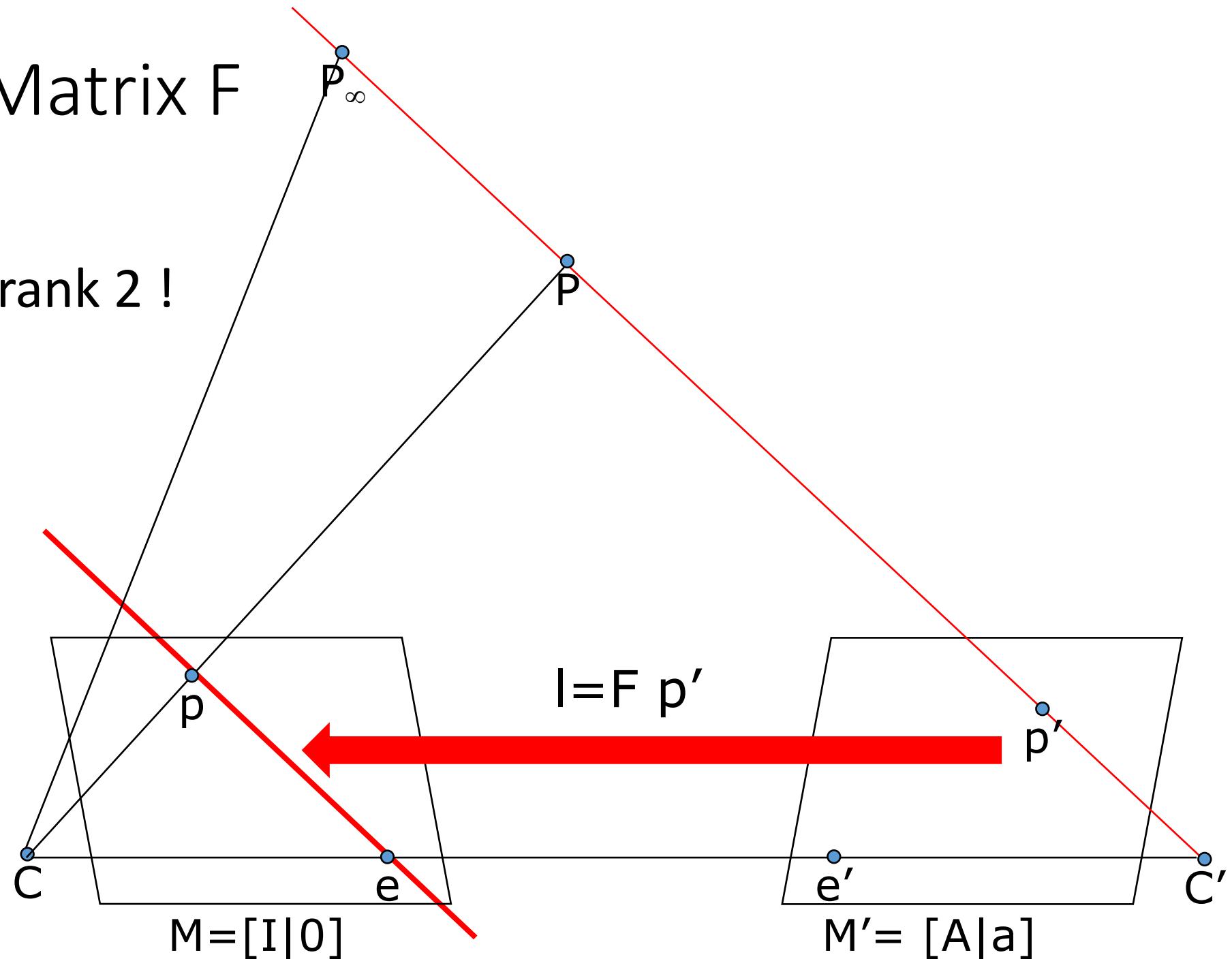
- Good news: Geometry constrains possible correspondences.
  - 4 DOF between  $x$  and  $x'$ ; only 3 DOF in  $X$ .
  - Constraint is manifest in the **Fundamental matrix**
$$x'^T F x = 0.$$
- $F$  can be calculated either from camera matrices or a set of good correspondences.

# Fundamental Matrix



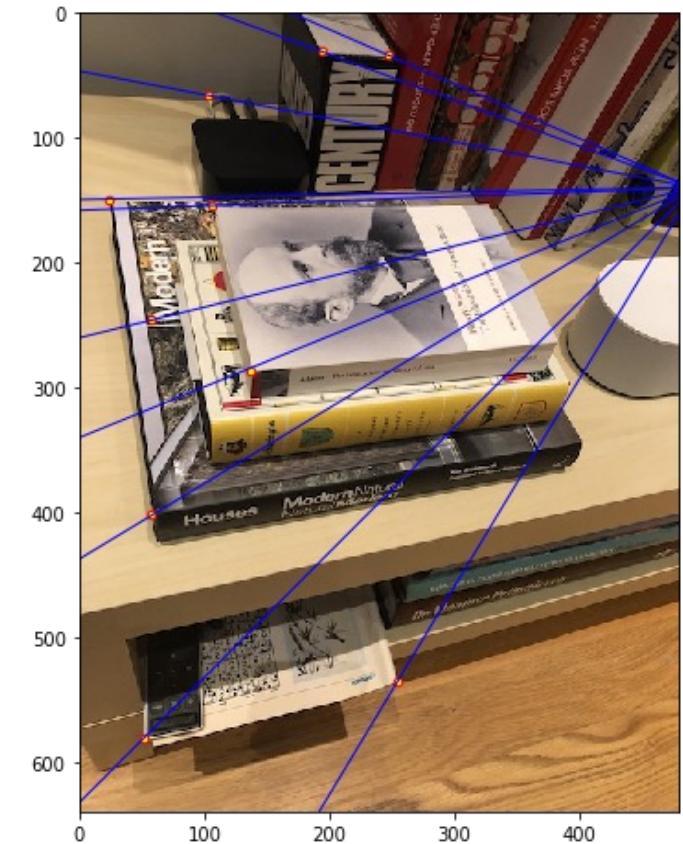
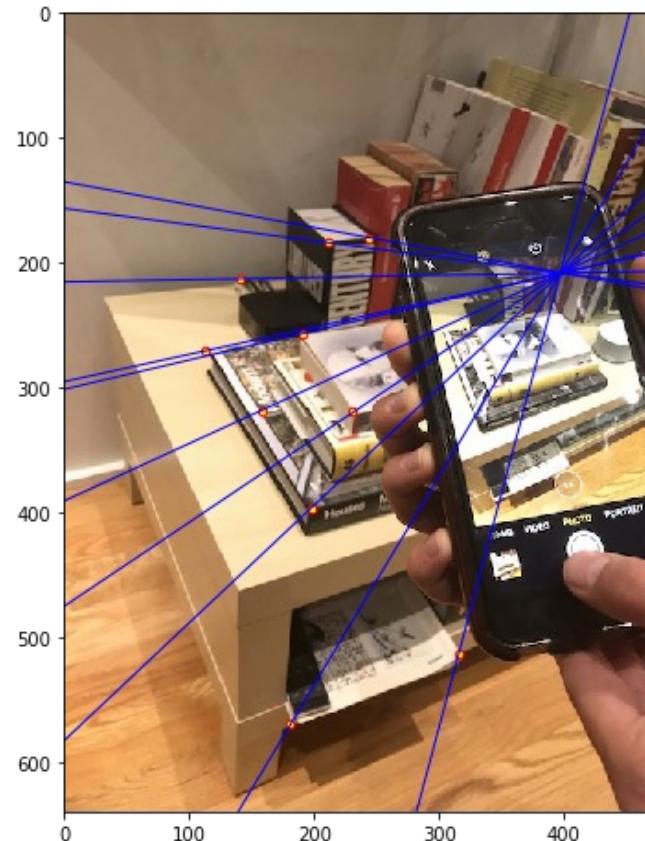
# Fundamental Matrix F

- $3 \times 3 = 9$  DOF
- However, scale, rank 2 !
- => 7 DOF



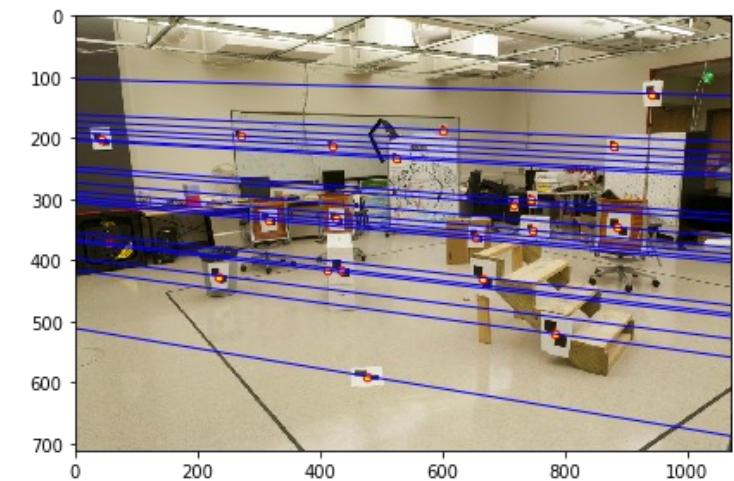
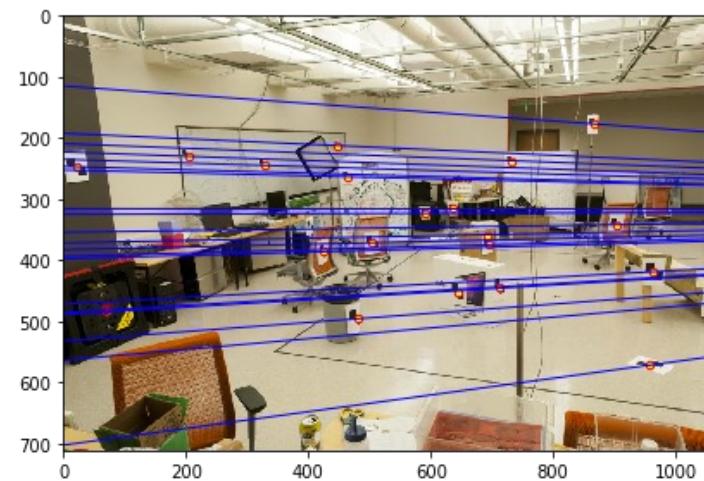
Epipoles are  
where the  
other  
camera is!

Epipoles inside the image:  
zoom-like setup.

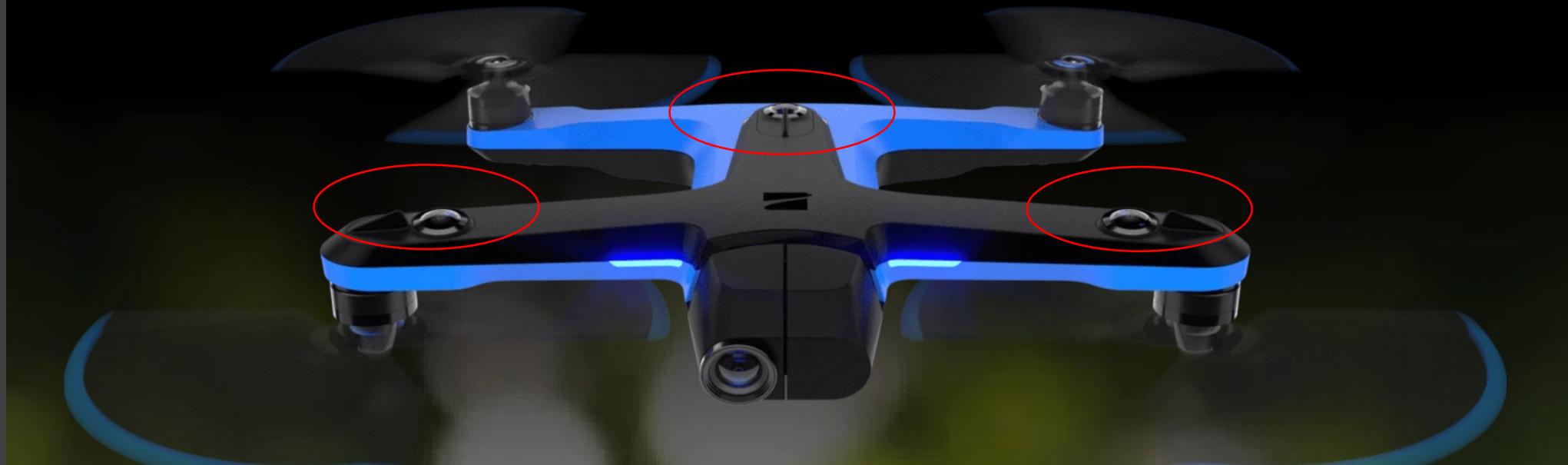


Epipoles are  
where the  
other  
camera is!

Epipoles in near-stereo  
config.



# Skydio 2



Trinocular Camera rig

<https://www.skydio.com/>

## Navigation Camera System

### CONFIGURATION

6x cameras in trinocular configuration top  
and bottom

### SENSOR TYPE

Sony 1/3" 4K color CMOS

### LENS APERTURE

f/1.8

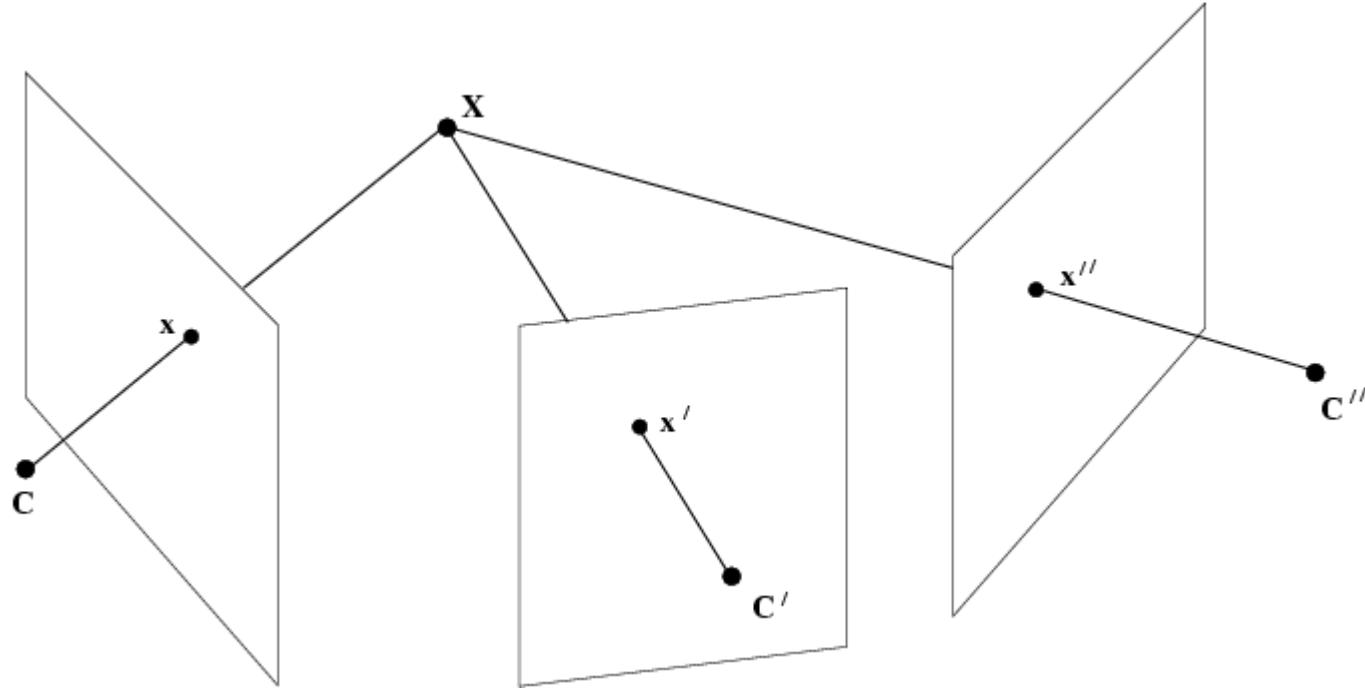
### FIELD-OF-VIEW

200°

### ENVIRONMENT COVERAGE

True 360°

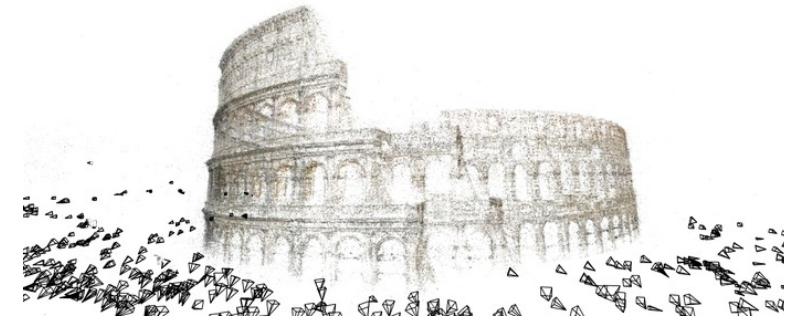
# Trifocal Geometry



$$[\mathbf{x}']_{\times} \left( \sum_i x^i \mathbf{T}_i \right) [\mathbf{x}'']_{\times} = \mathbf{0}_{3 \times 3}$$

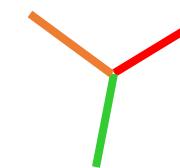
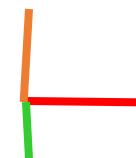
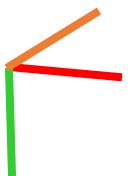
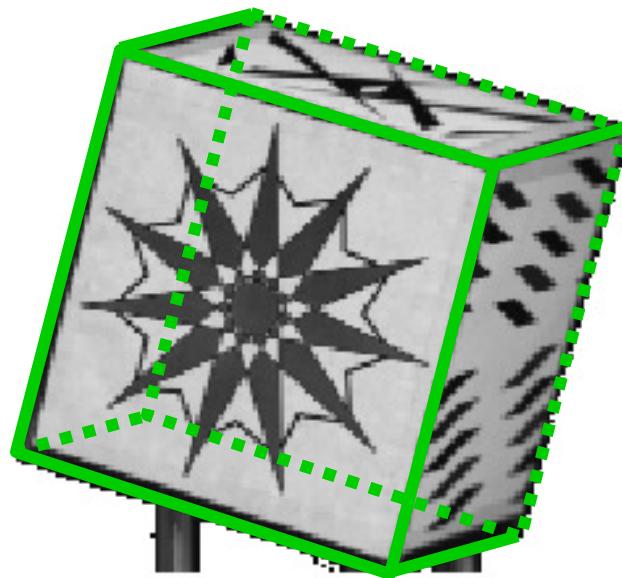
# Outline

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# An Optimization Problem

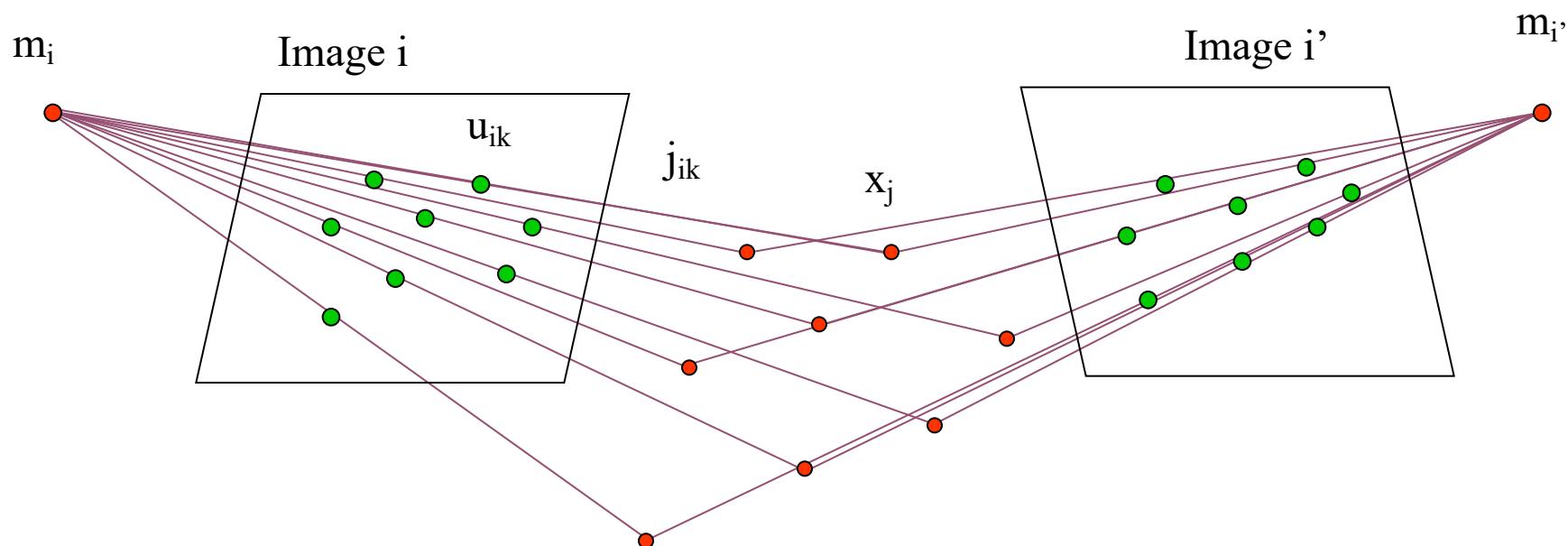
- Find the **most likely** structure and motion  $\Theta$



# Optimization

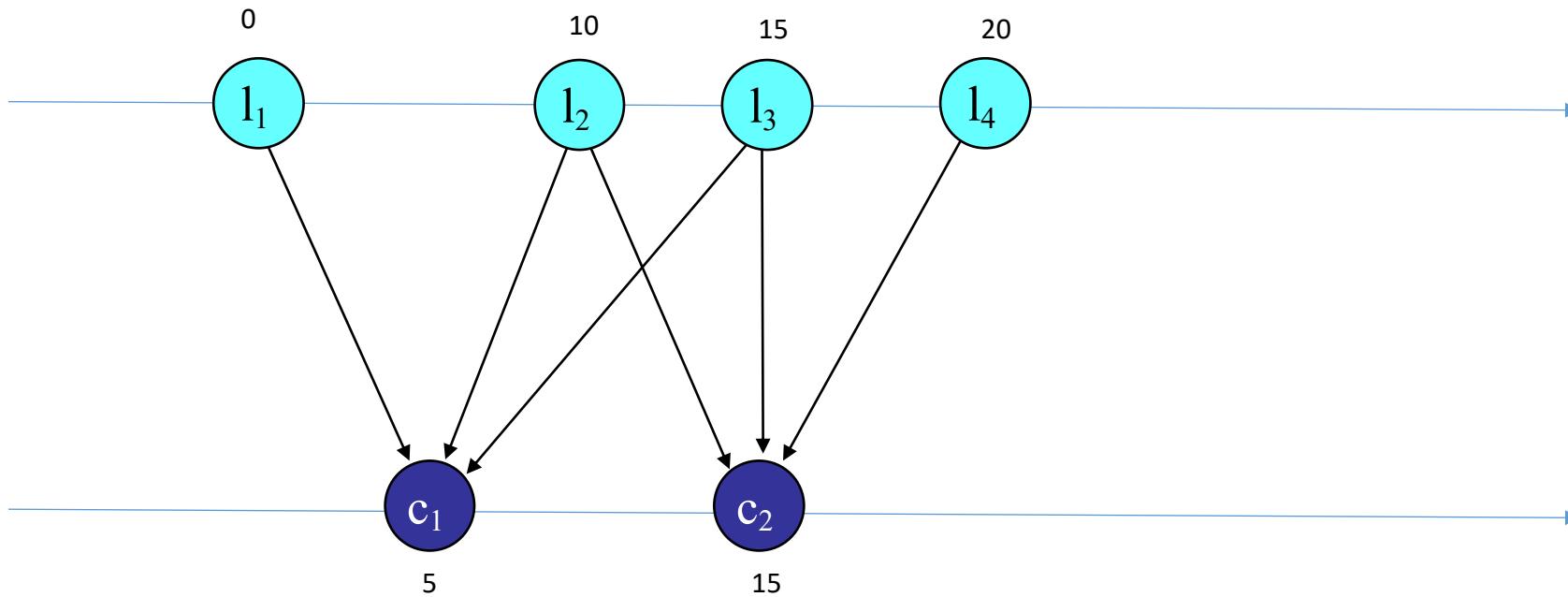
=Non-linear Least-Squares !

$$\sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^{K_i} \| \mathbf{u}_{ik} - \mathbf{h}(\mathbf{m}_i, \mathbf{x}_{j_{ik}}) \|^2$$



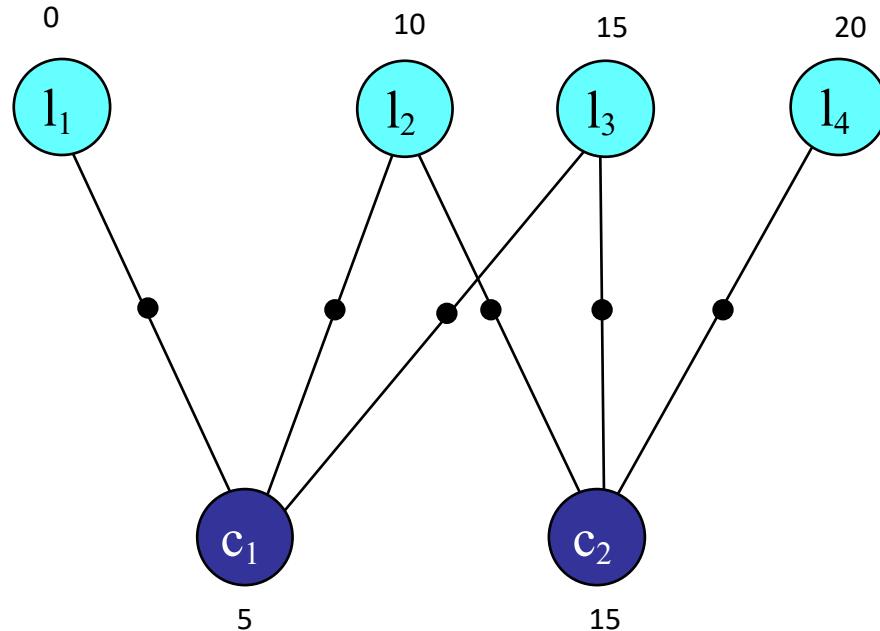
# Sparse nonlinear least squares

- Simple 1-Dimensional Example
- $p = 2$  cameras and 4 points:  $\{c_1 \ c_2 \ |l_1 \ l_2 \ l_3 \ l_4\}$
- $f(u_{ik}; p) = \text{difference in } x \text{ position} = l_{j(ik)} - c_i$



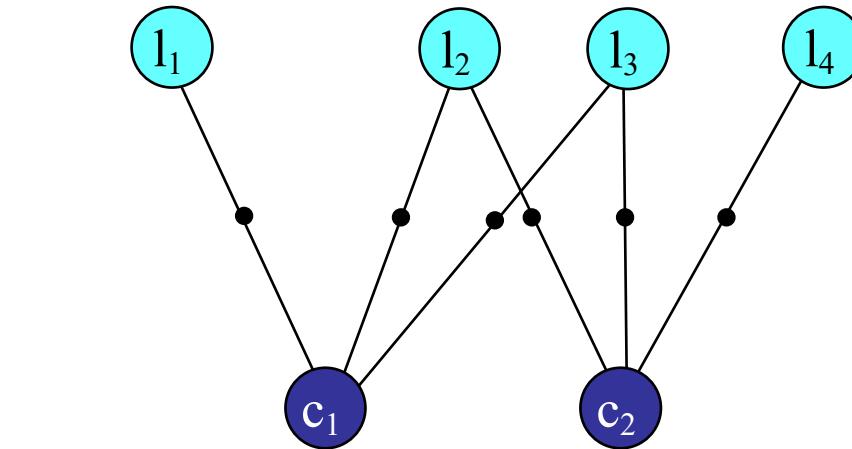
# Model with Factor Graphs

- Connectivity = sparsity!
- Factor is function of small set.

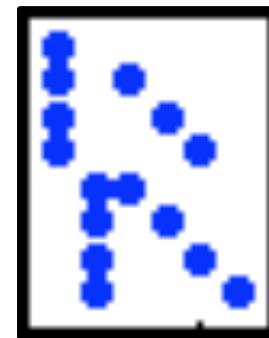


# Sparse Jacobian and Hessian

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & c_2 & l_1 & l_2 & l_3 & l_4 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \boxed{-1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0} \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

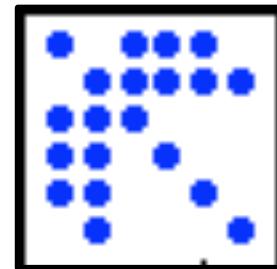


$$b = \begin{array}{r} 5 \\ -5 \\ 5 \\ 10 \\ -15 \\ -5 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{array}$$



$$A' * A = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & c_2 & l_1 & l_2 & l_3 & l_4 \\ \hline 4 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(A' * A) \setminus A' * b = \begin{array}{r} 5.0000 \\ 15.0000 \\ 0.0000 \\ 10.0000 \\ 15.0000 \\ 20.0000 \end{array}$$

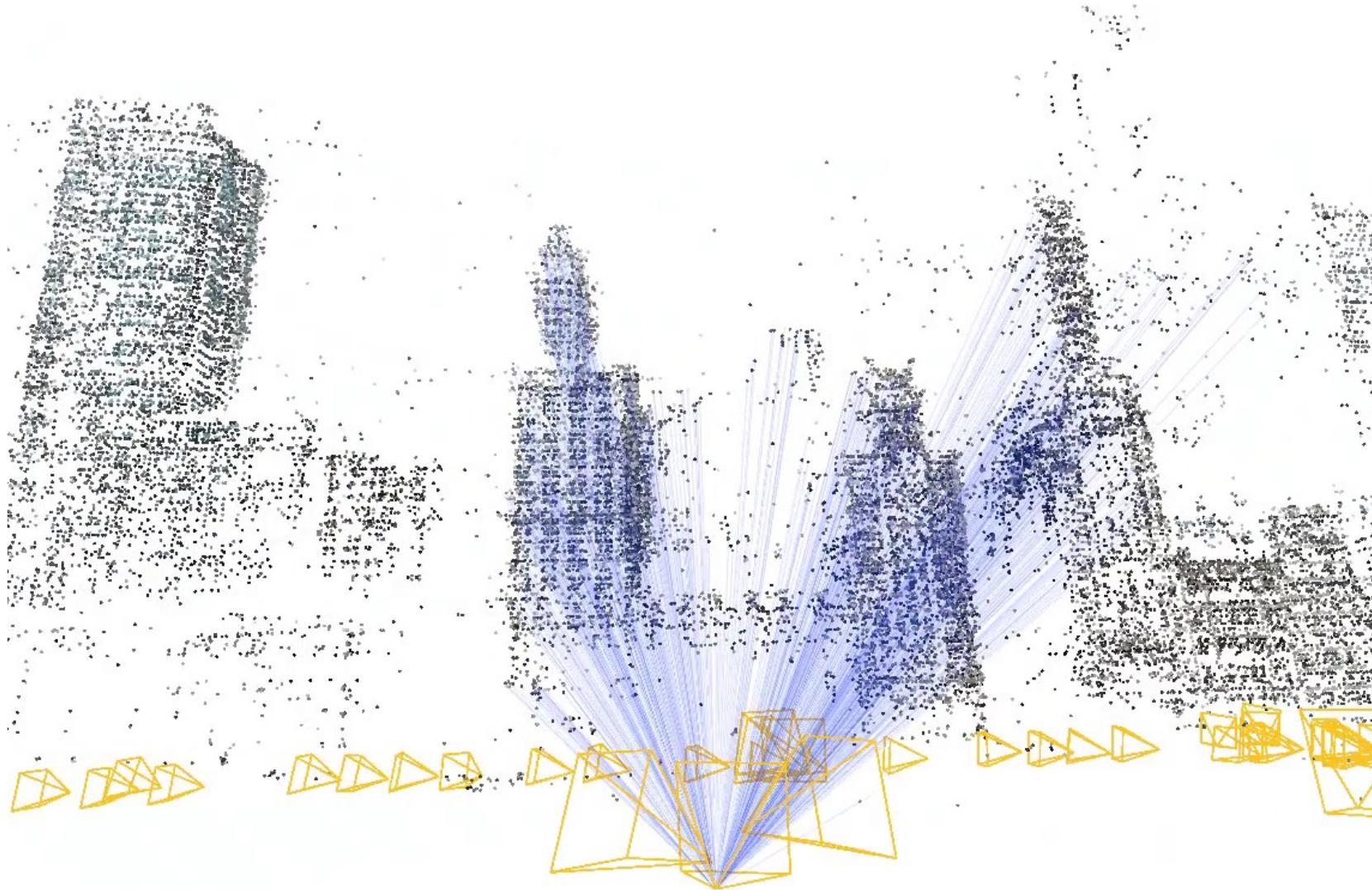


# Structure from Motion

(Chicago, movie by Yong Dian  
Jian)

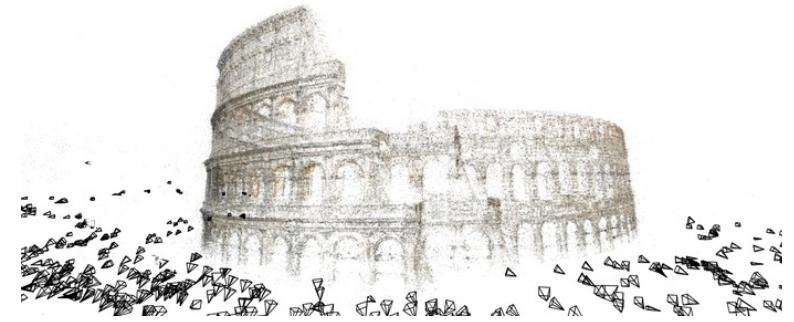
180 cameras, 88723 points  
458642 projections  
active camera: 4

Original graph



# Outline

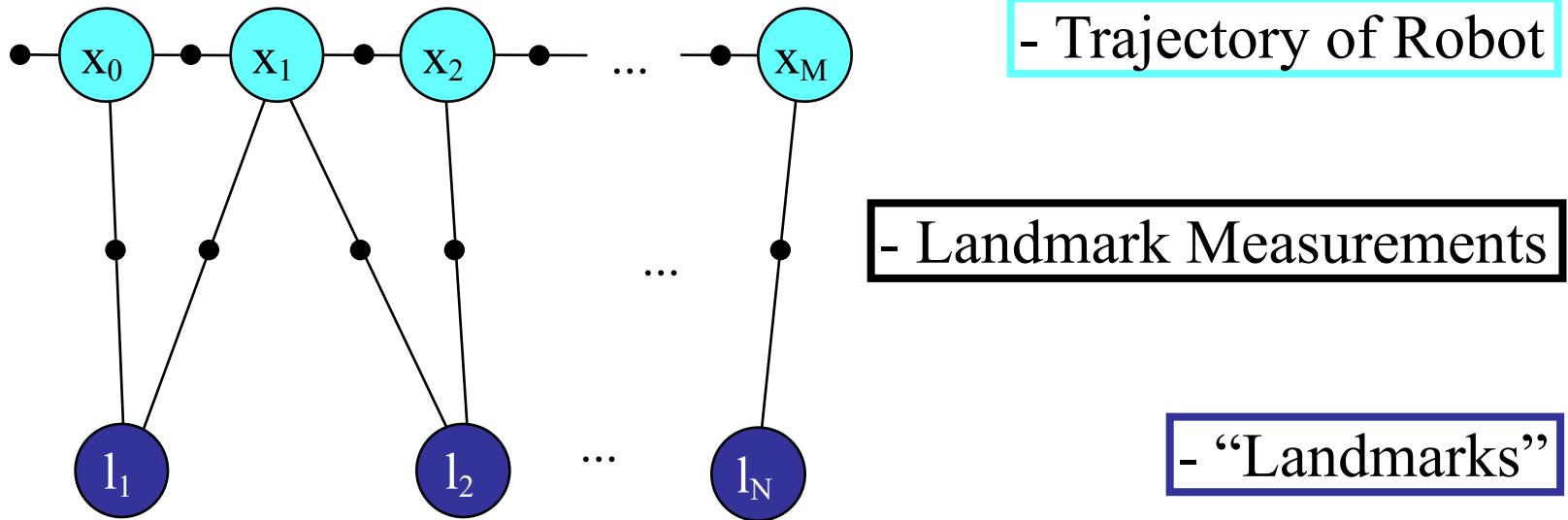
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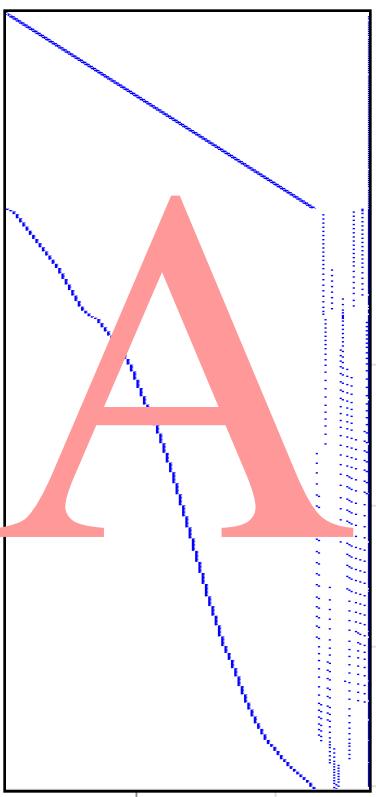
# Visual SLAM: SfM for Robots



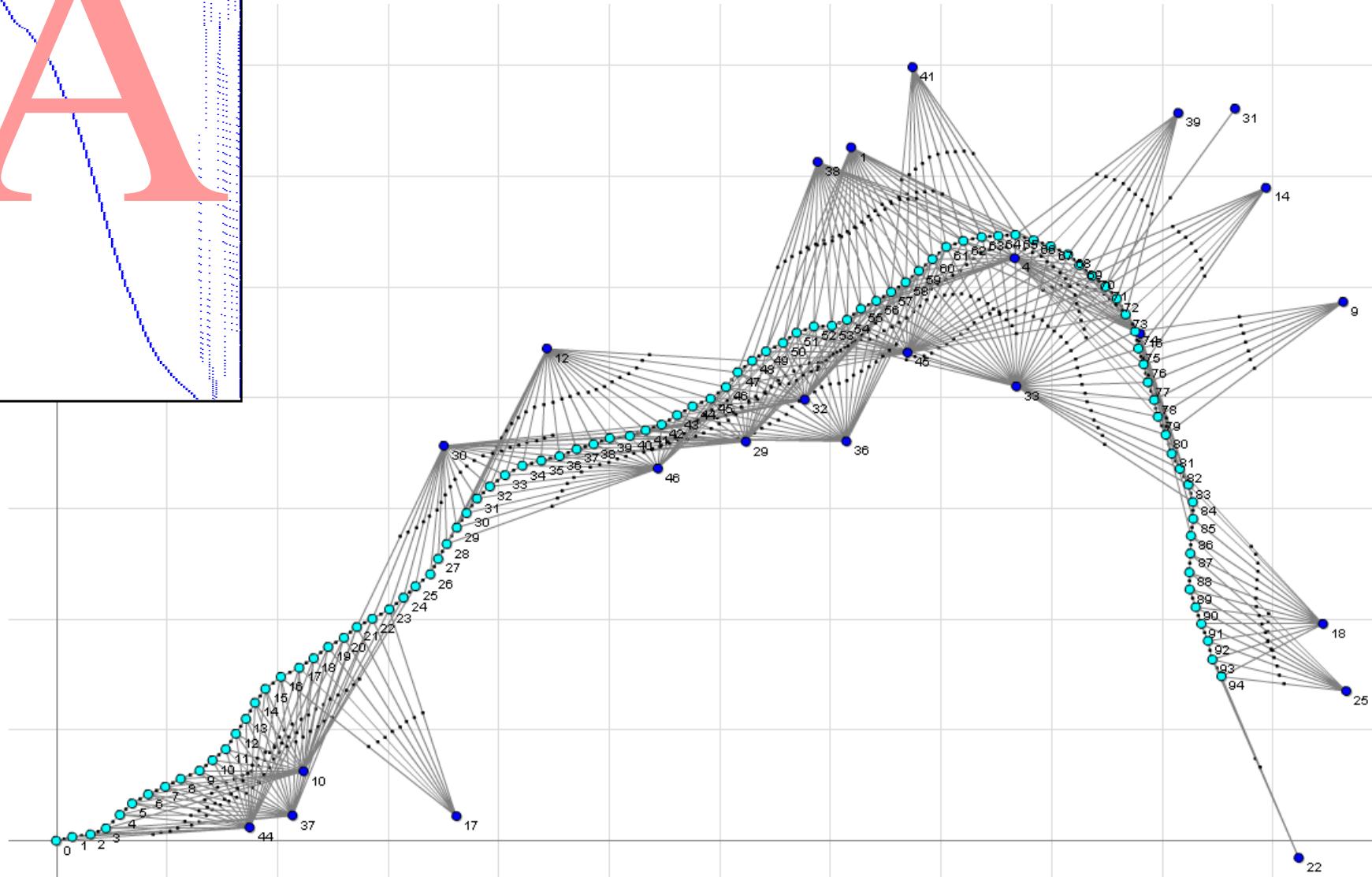
# Visual SLAM Factor Graph

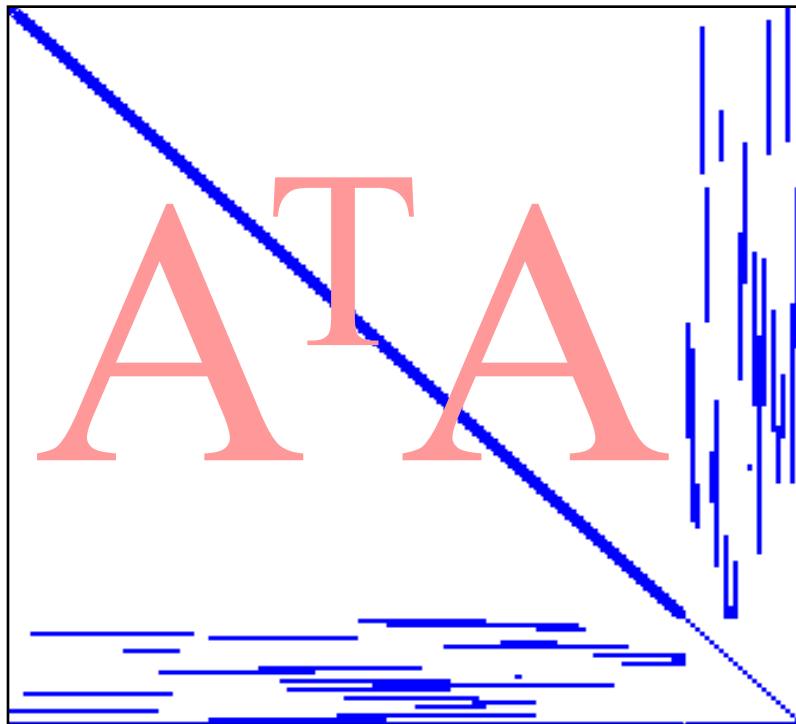


$$P(X, M) = k * P(x_0) \prod_{i=1}^M P(x_i | x_{i-1}, u_i) \times \prod_{k=1}^K P(z_k | x_{i_k}, l_{j_k})$$

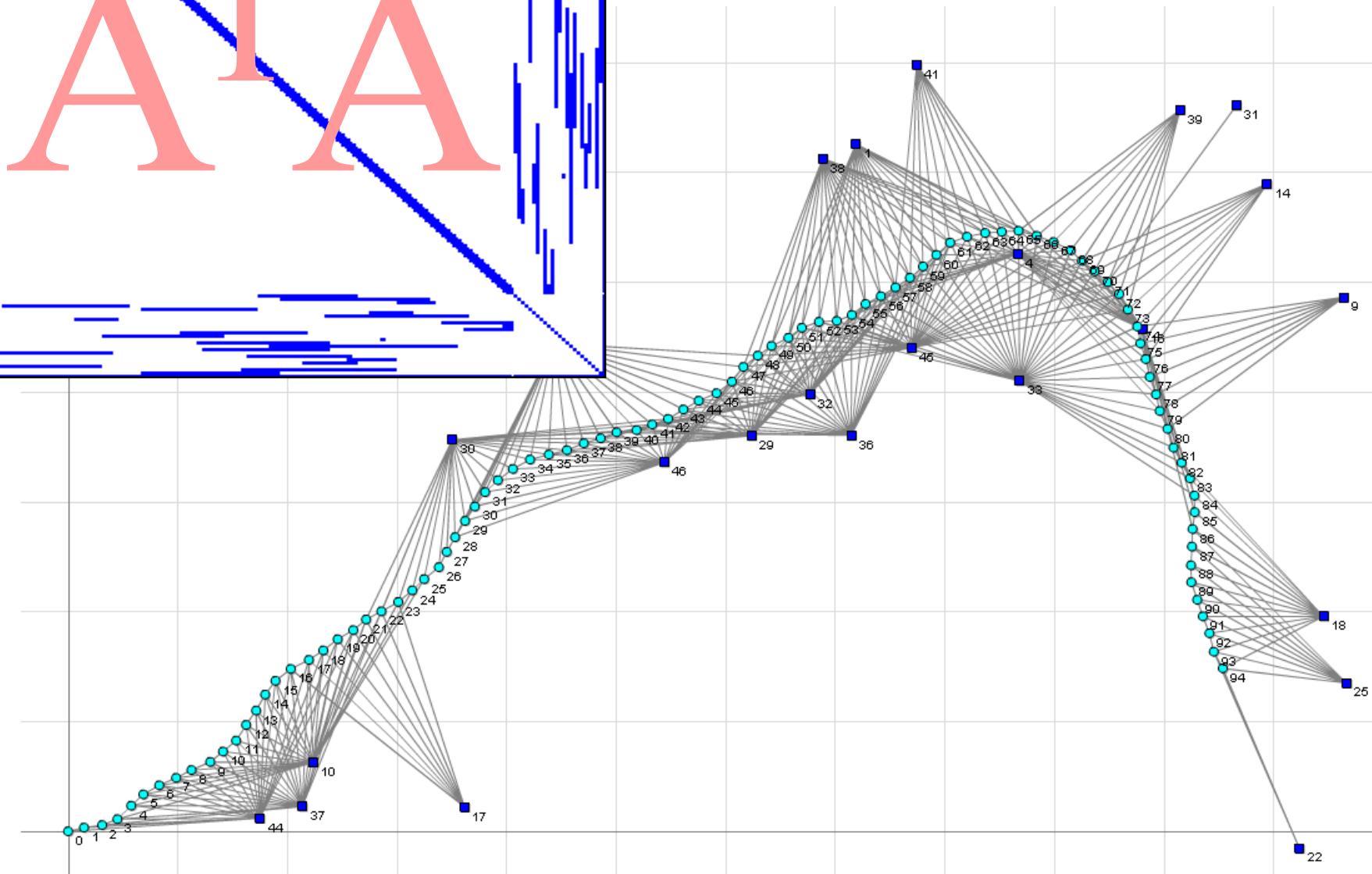


# Visual SLAM Factor Graph

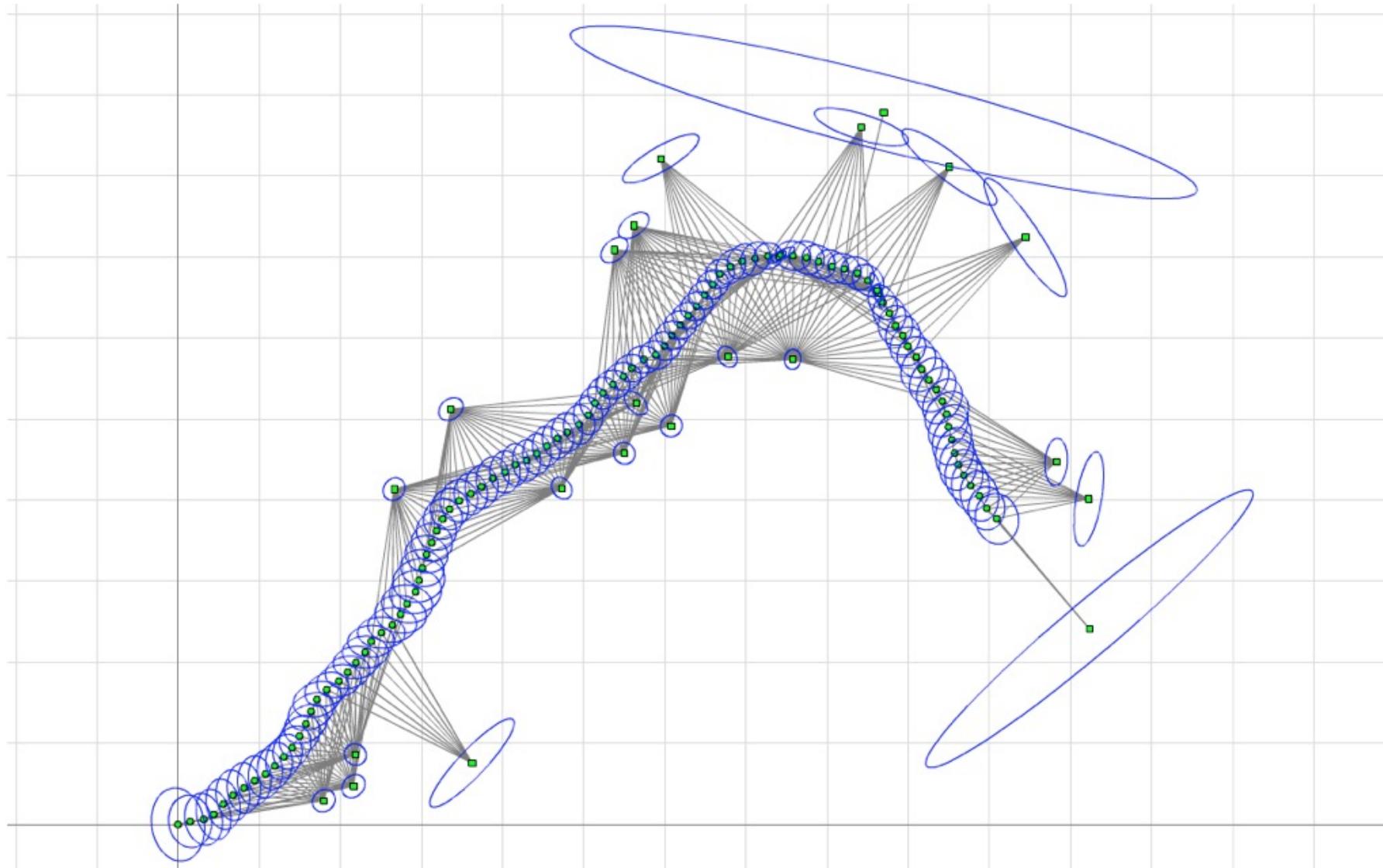




# Hessian

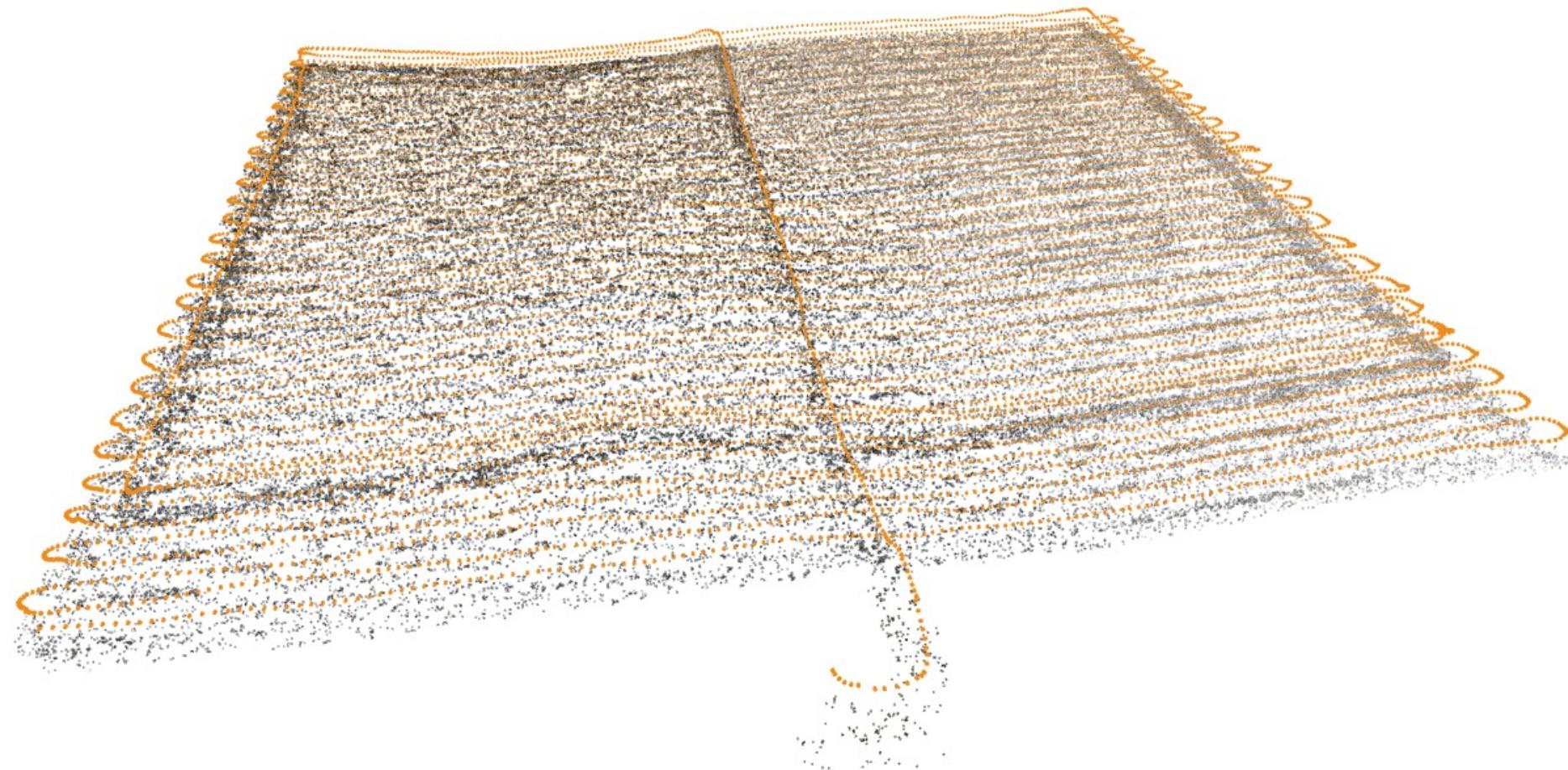


# End result: Solution + Uncertainty



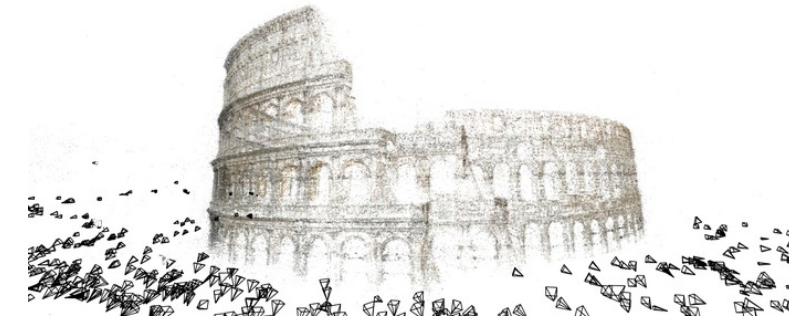
# Example: Underwater SLAM

9831 camera poses, 185261 landmarks, and 350988 factors

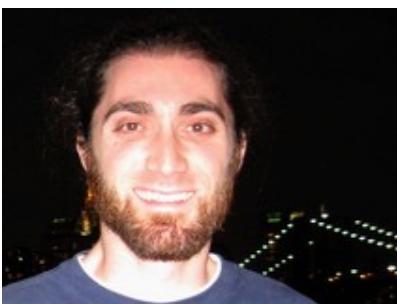
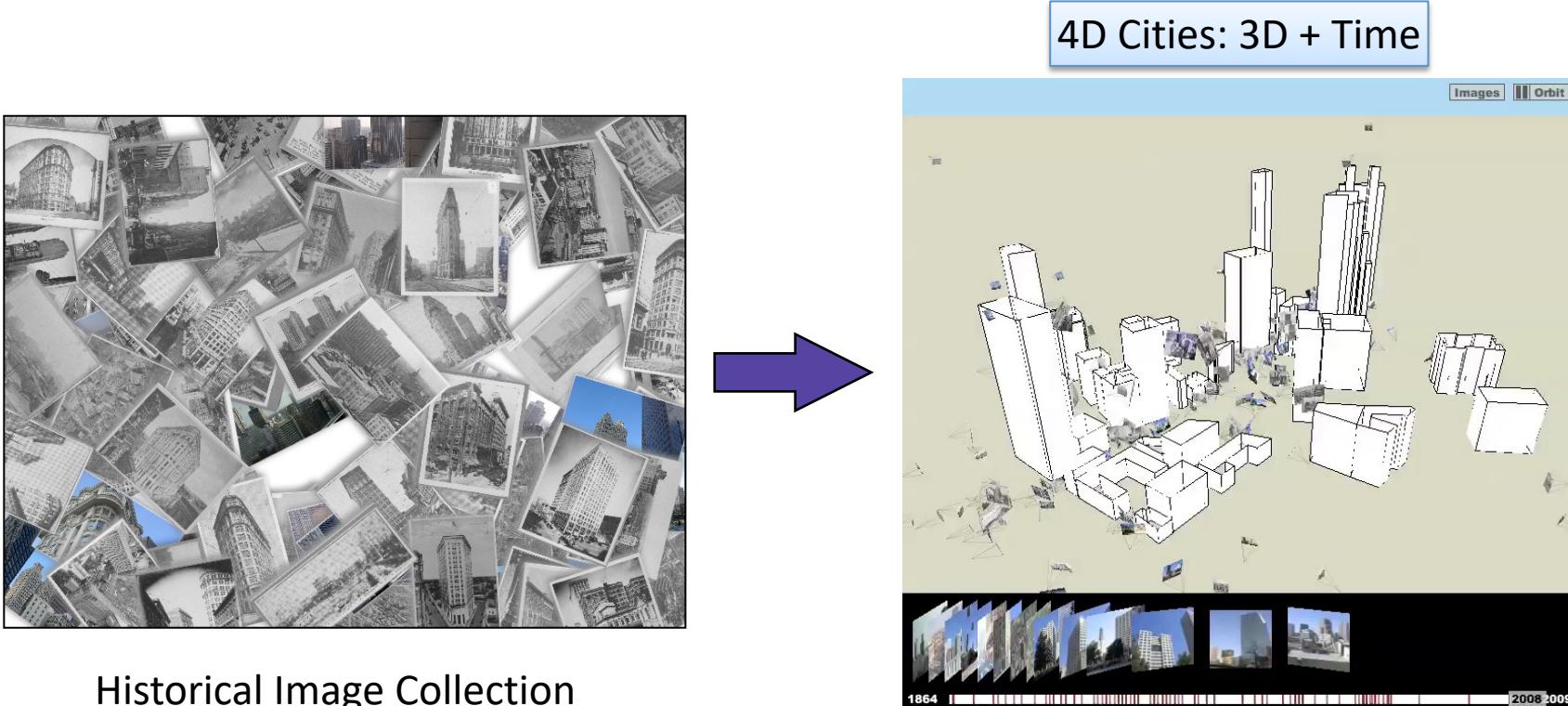


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# Spatiotemporal Reconstruction



Grant Schindler

Supported by NSF CAREER, Microsoft  
Recent revival: NSF NRI award on 4D  
crops for precision agriculture...

# 4D Reconstruction of Lower Manhattan

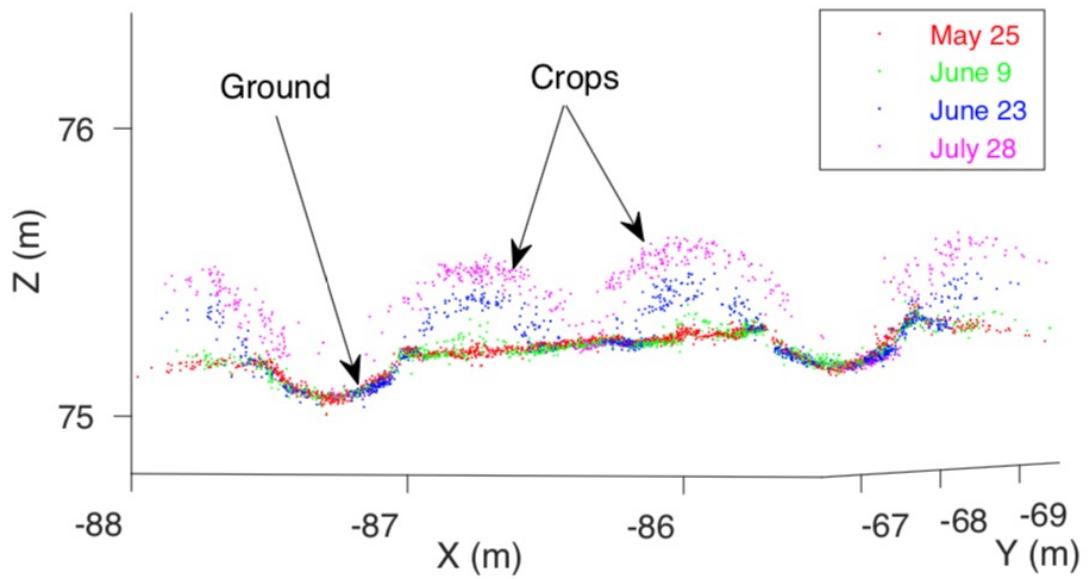
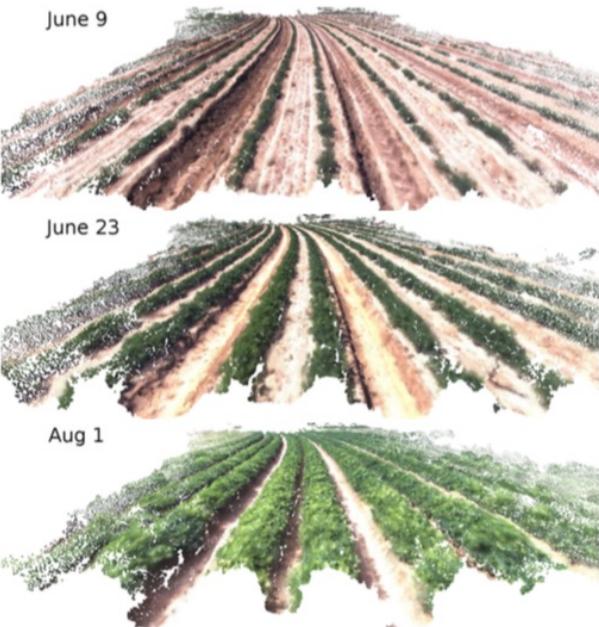


[Probabilistic Temporal Inference on Reconstructed 3D Scenes](#), G. Schindler and F. Dellaert, IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), 2010.

# 4D Structure over Time



# 4D crop monitoring (Jing Dong)



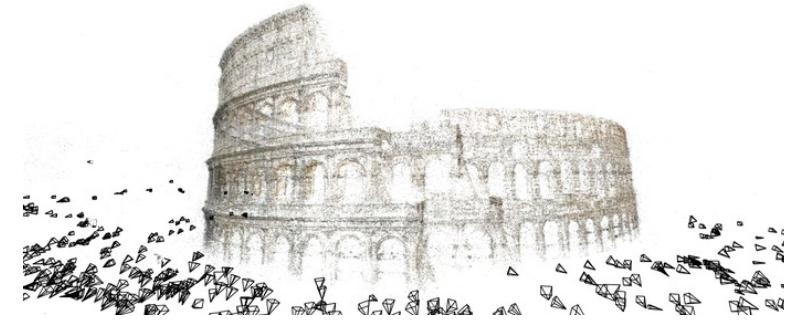
# Results: video (by Jing Dong)



4D reconstruction results (by PMVS)  
and its cross section

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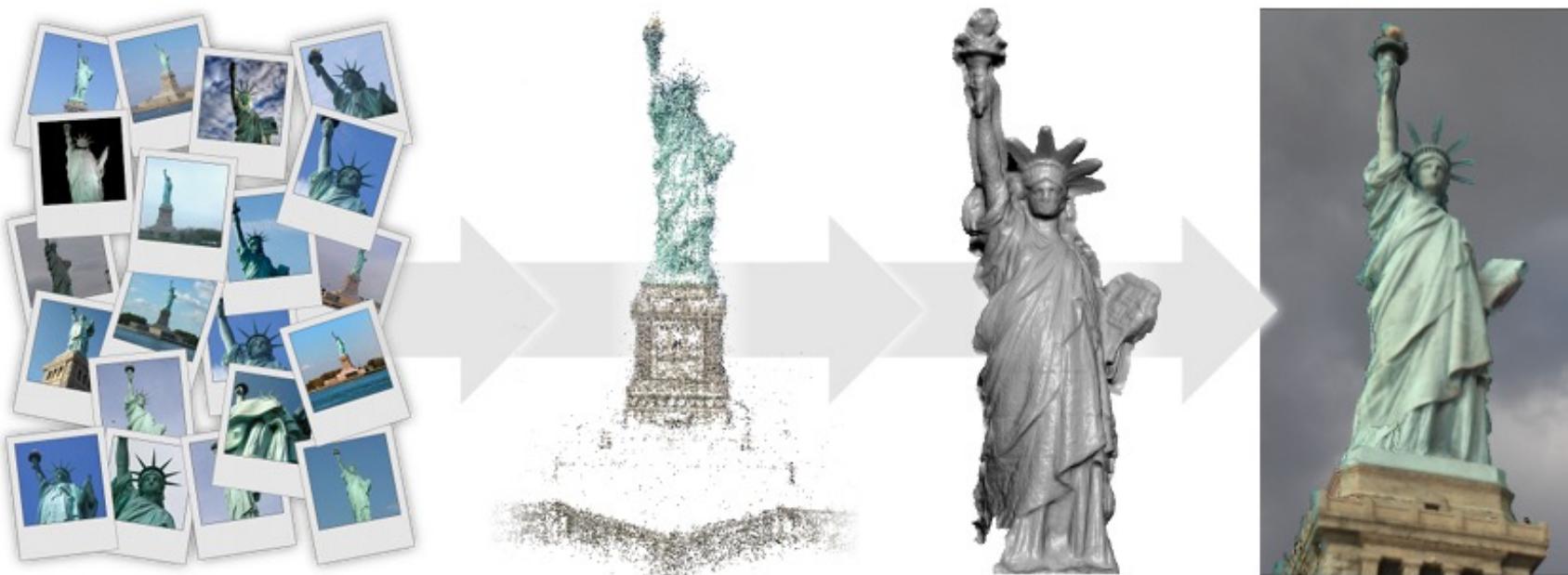


# Multi-view Stereo

Multi-View Stereo for Community Photo Collections

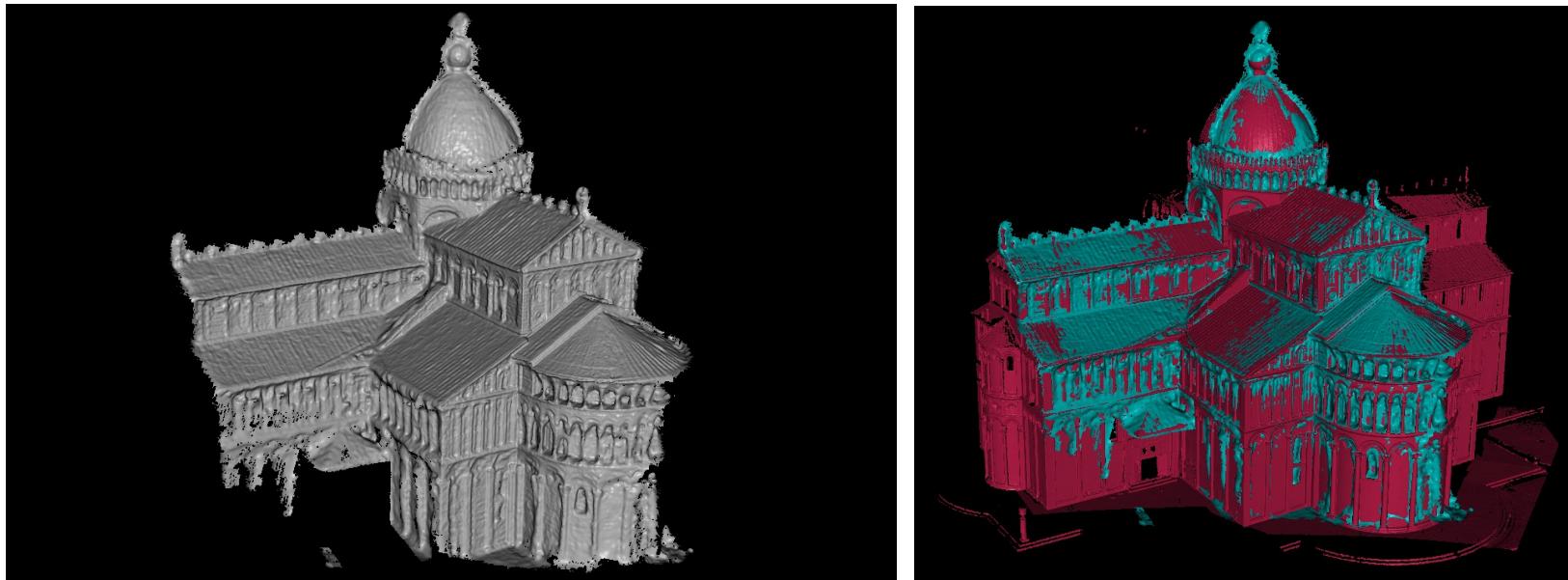
Michael Goesele, Noah Snavely, Brian Curless, Hugues Hoppe, and Steven M. Seitz

ICCV 2007



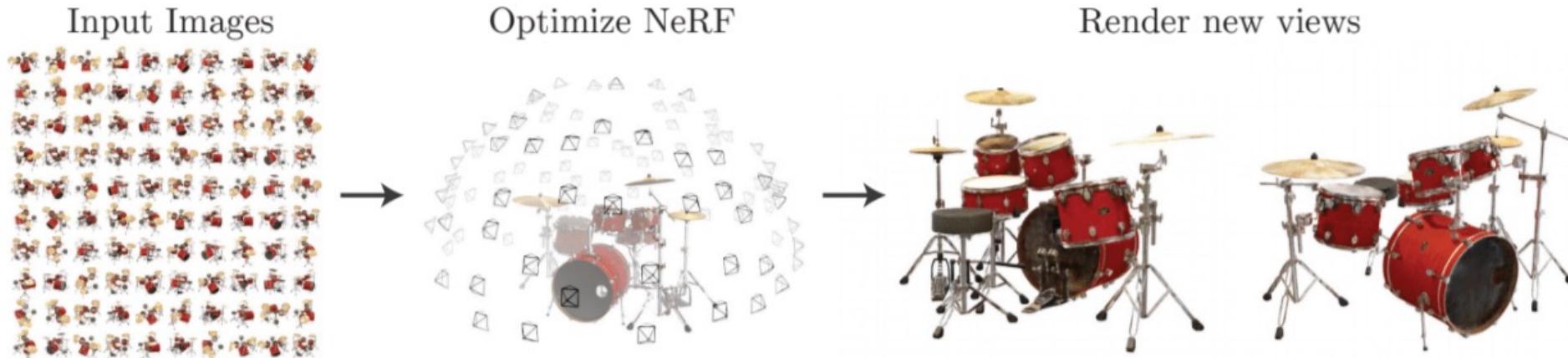
# Multi-view Stereo

- Poisson Surface Reconstruction



Compared with Laser-Scanner

# Neural Radiance Fields (NeRF)



- Original NeRF paper:
  - <https://www.matthewtancik.com/nerf>
- See two blog posts:
  - <https://dellaert.github.io/NeRF/>
  - <https://dellaert.github.io/NeRF21/>