



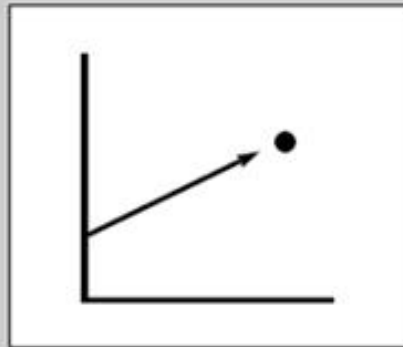
Business Decisions Under Uncertainty:

A Hurricane is on its way –
Do we evacuate the hospital?

Delores Mincarelli

Levels of Uncertainty

How to Use
the Four
Levels of
Uncertainty

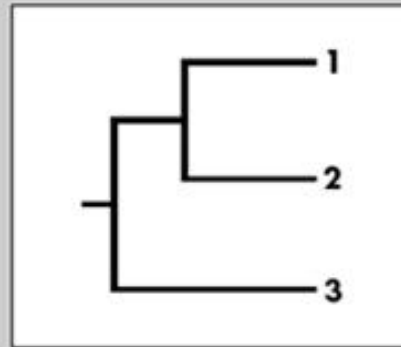


A Clear-Enough Future

- A single forecast precise enough for determining strategy

- "Traditional" strategy tool kit

- Strategy against low-cost airline entrant

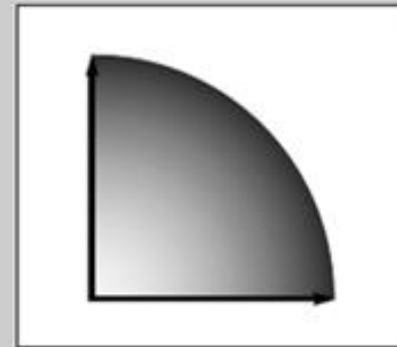


Alternate Futures

- A few discrete outcomes that define the future

- Decision analysis
- Option valuation models
- Game theory

- Long-distance telephone carriers' strategy to enter deregulated local-service market
- Capacity strategies for chemical plants

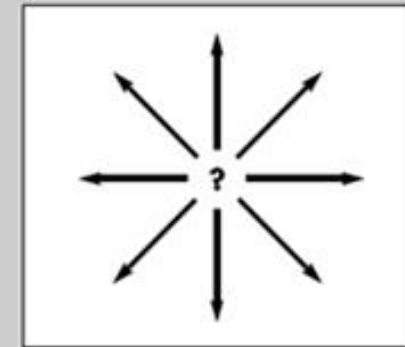


A Range of Futures

- A range of possible outcomes, but no natural scenarios

- Latent-demand research
- Technology forecasting
- Scenario planning

- Entering emerging markets, such as India
- Developing or acquiring emerging technologies in consumer electronics



True Ambiguity

- No basis to forecast the future

- Analogies and pattern recognition
- Nonlinear dynamic models

- Entering the market for consumer multi-media applications
- Entering the Russian market in 1992

**What Can
Be Known?**

Analytic Tools

Examples

**What Can
Be Known?**

Analytic Tools

Examples

Considerations

Evacuate Decision

- Transportation cost of evacuating
- Probability & cost of an adverse event occurring during transport (Random Variable)

Do Not Evacuate Decision

- Probability of a direct hurricane hit from 72, 48, 24, 12-hour forecast
- Probability of a power outage
- Probability the power outage \geq 3 days (Random Variable with Indicator)
- Probability of an adverse event due to power outage
- Cost of adverse event during power outage (Random Variable)

National Hurricane Center Error Data

Date/Time	ST MID	T000hT0	T012hT0	T024hT0	T036hT0	T048hT0	T072hT0
31-08-2016/00:00:00	AL072016	6	0	15.8	19	18.6	-9999
31-08-2016/06:00:00	AL072016	5	14.8	9.7	30	0	-9999
31-08-2016/12:00:00	AL072016	6	20.5	18.7	15	37.9	
31-08-2016/18:00:00	AL072016	4.9	14.5	6	9		
01-09-2016/00:00:00	AL092016	5.4	10.7	36.3			
01-09-2016/06:00:00	AL092016	10.8	17				
01-09-2016/12:00:00	AL092016	6					
01-09-2016/18:00:00	AL092016	8					
02-09-2016/00:00:00	AL092016						
02-09-2016/06:00:00	AL092016						
02-09-2016/12:00:00	AL092016						
02-09-2016/18:00:00	AL092016						
03-09-2016/00:00:00	AL092016						
03-09-2016/06:00:00	AL092016						
31-08-2016/06:00:00	AL072016						
31-08-2016/12:00:00	AL072016						

Hi Delores,

Is there something in particular that you are looking for in the 2019 storms? The verification database will not tell you anything about the landfall timing, you will need another dataset if that is what you are interested in.

The track errors are calculated as the great circle distance between where the center of the storm was and where the center was forecasted to be. The "012hT01" column tells you the track error for the 12 hour forecast that was made at the date in left hand column. When you see "012hT01", that corresponds to the intensity error in kt of the forecast that was made for 12 h into the future.

After the hurricane season is over we double check that we have the most accurate positions for the centers of all the hurricanes. Sometimes we find that we thought the center of the storm was in one place, but it turned out to be somewhere different. This difference is the zero hour track error (000hT01).

So for example look at the first row in your attached figure. The time and date that the forecast was made was 18Z on May 20th, 2019. The Lat, Lon, and WS tell you where the storm was and how strong it was at that time. The value in the "012hT01" column of 18.7 tells you that the forecast we made for 12 hours into the future (so where the storm would be at on May 21 at 6Z) was off by 18.7 nm.

Let me know if you have any other questions or need some additional clarifications.

Regards,
Ben

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Tracking Error Definition



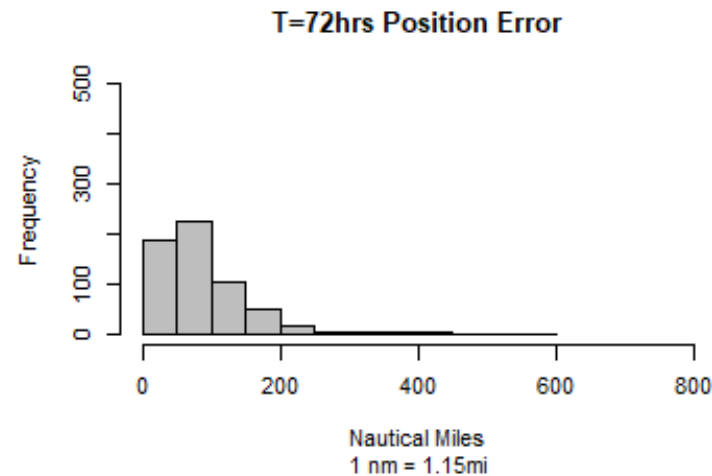
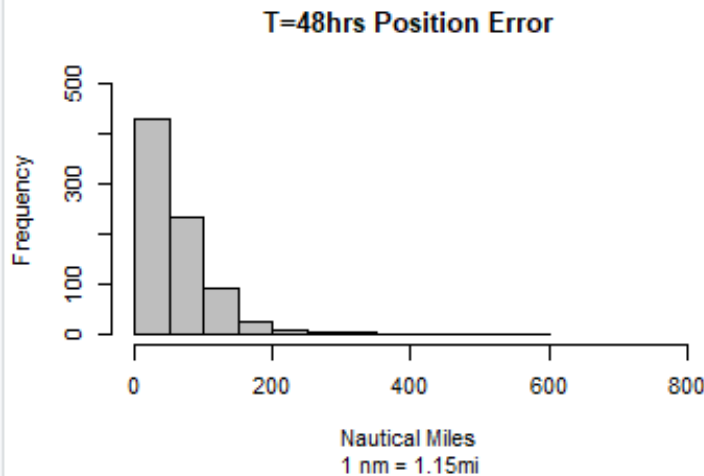
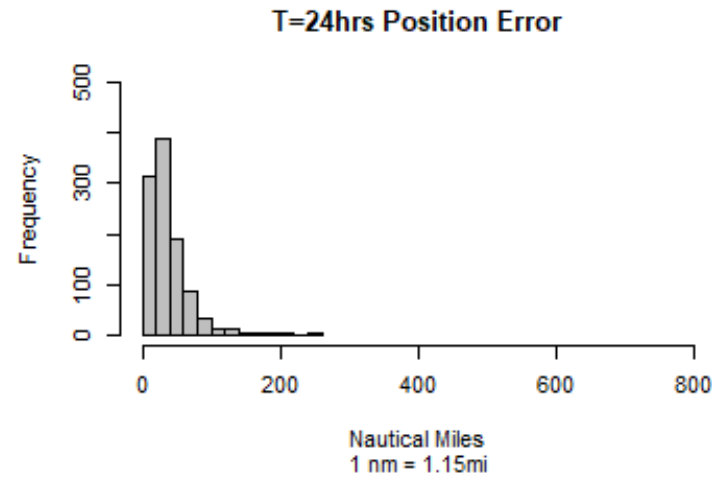
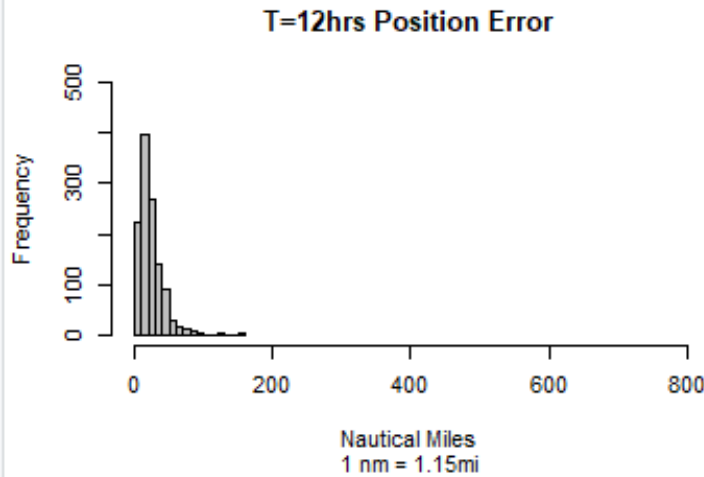
Tracking Error Example
Thursday at 1am a 72 hr. forecast of the hurricane center is made

In 72 hours we think it will be here

However, the actual location
measured 72 hours later is here...

The distance between forecasted location
and actual is the error (nautical miles)

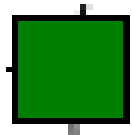
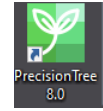
Forecasting Error as Function of Time



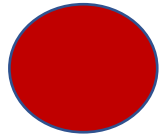
T=120hrs Position Error

Tracking Error	T=12	T=24	T=48	T=72	T=120
Average N-Mi off	23	35.9	63.9	92.6	170
Standard Deviation	16.3	27.8	57.2	74	115.3
Prob Direct Hit (≤ 30 N-Mi)	0.75	0.51	0.28	0.1	0.042
N	1168	1039	804	614	378

Decision Tree 101



Green Square = Decision



Red Circle = Probability Node

FALSE

FALSE - Non-Optimal Path

TRUE

TRUE - Optimal Path

101300.2231

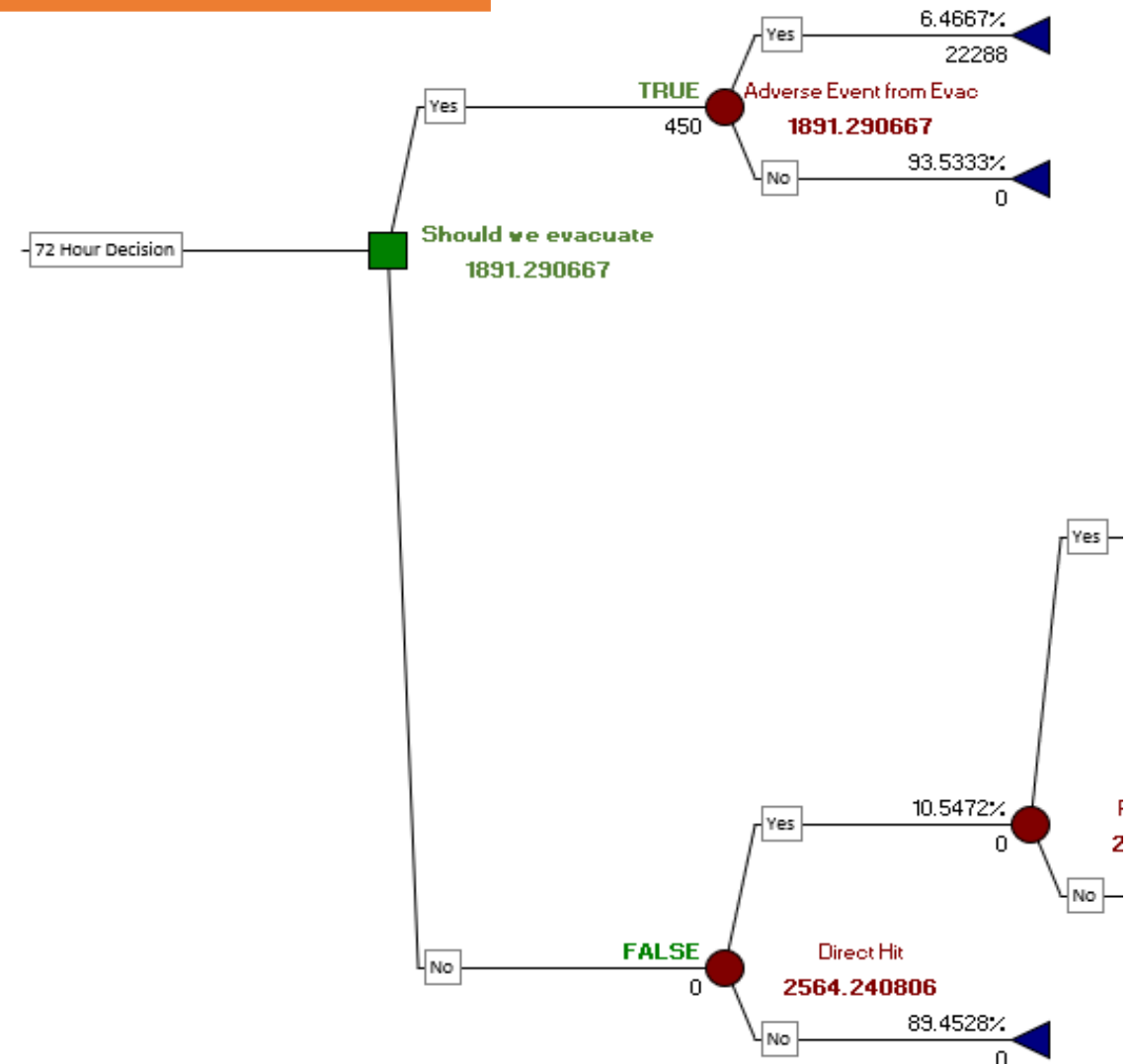
-- Intermediate Expected Value

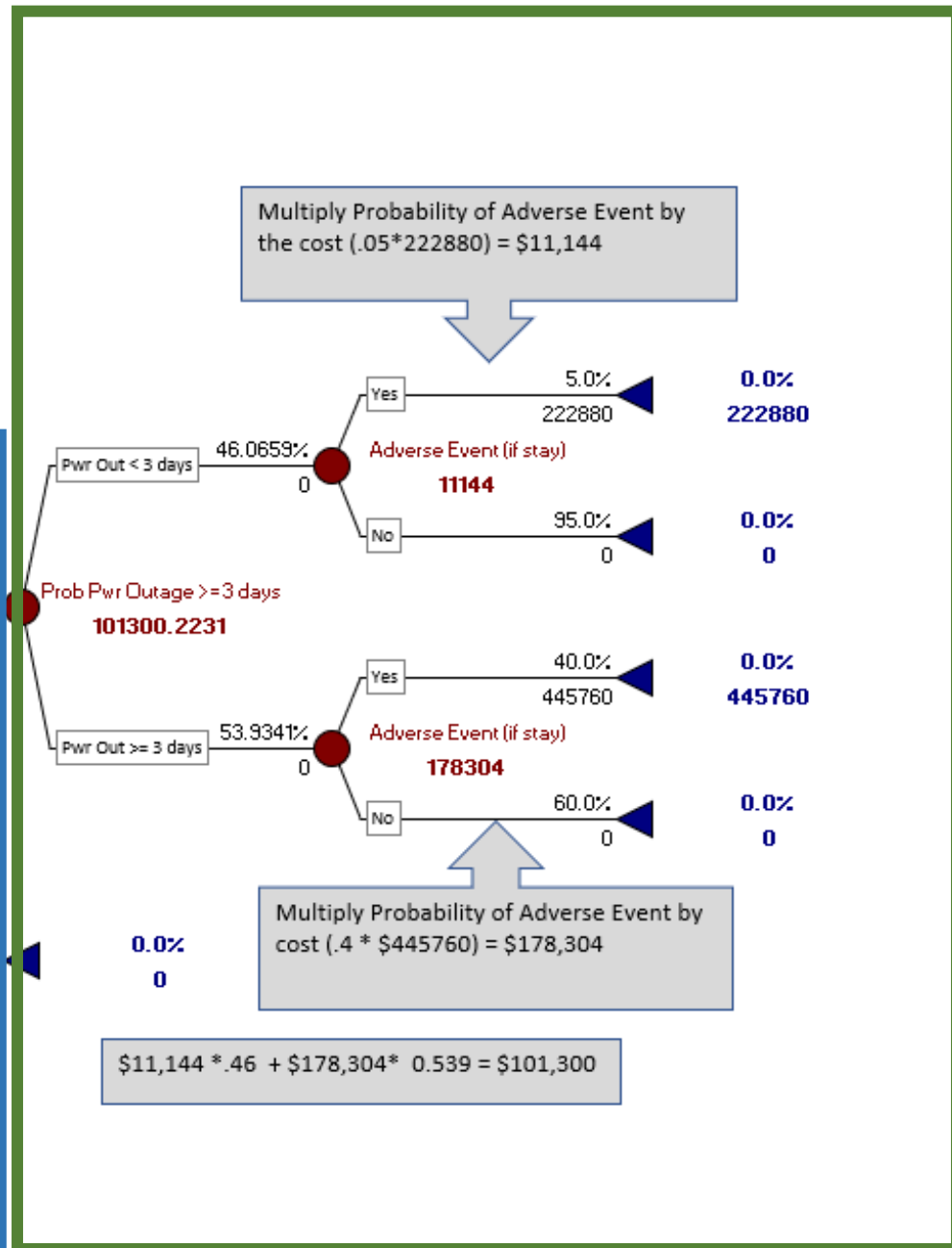
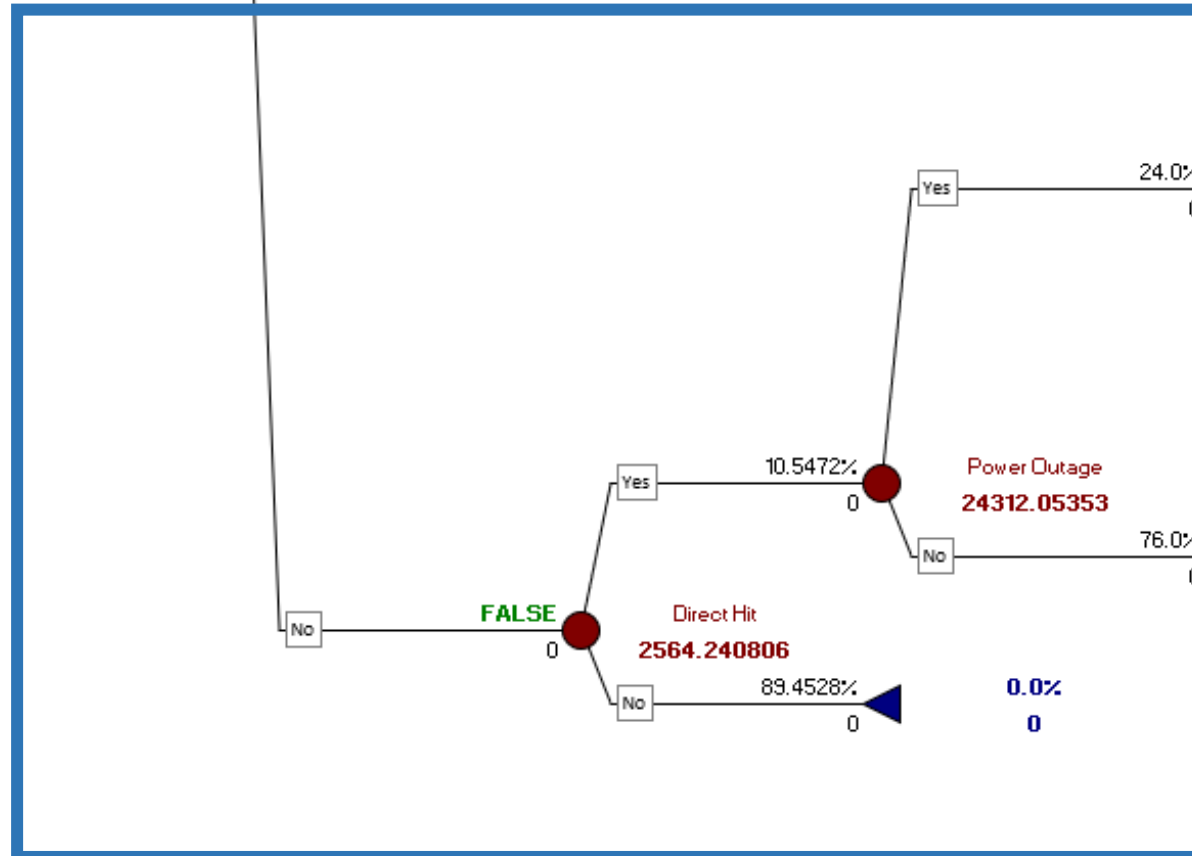
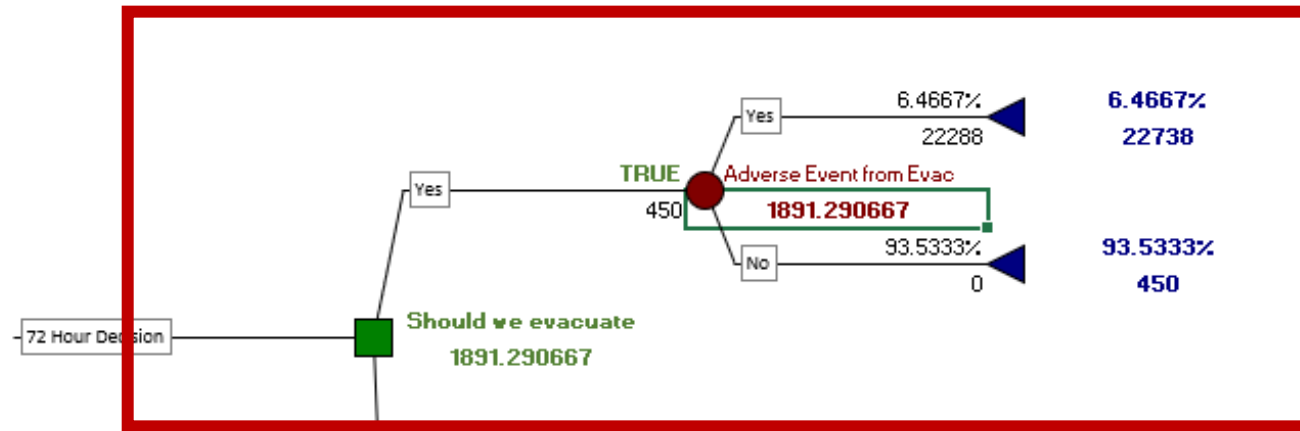
1891.290667

-- Final Expected Value

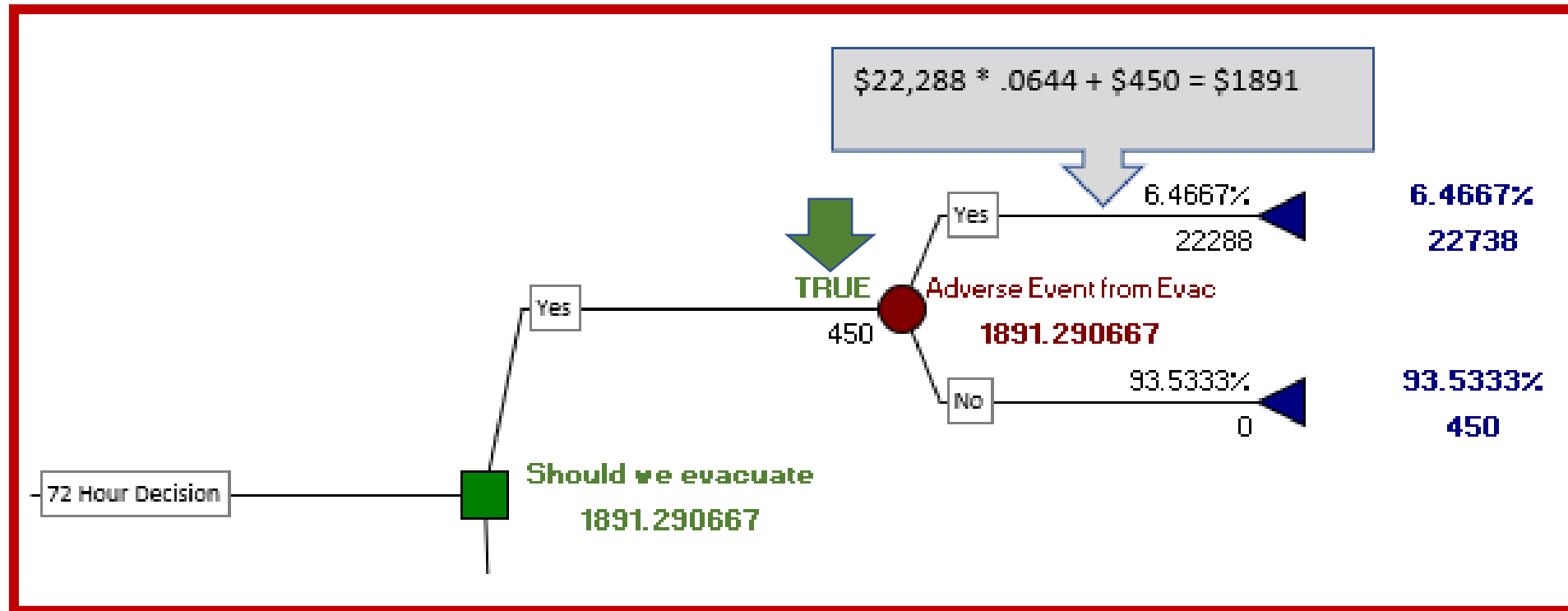
222880

-- Summary

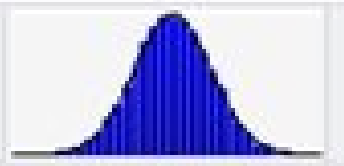




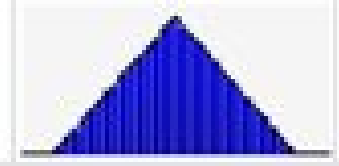
72 hr. Forecast Optimal Decision is... Evacuate

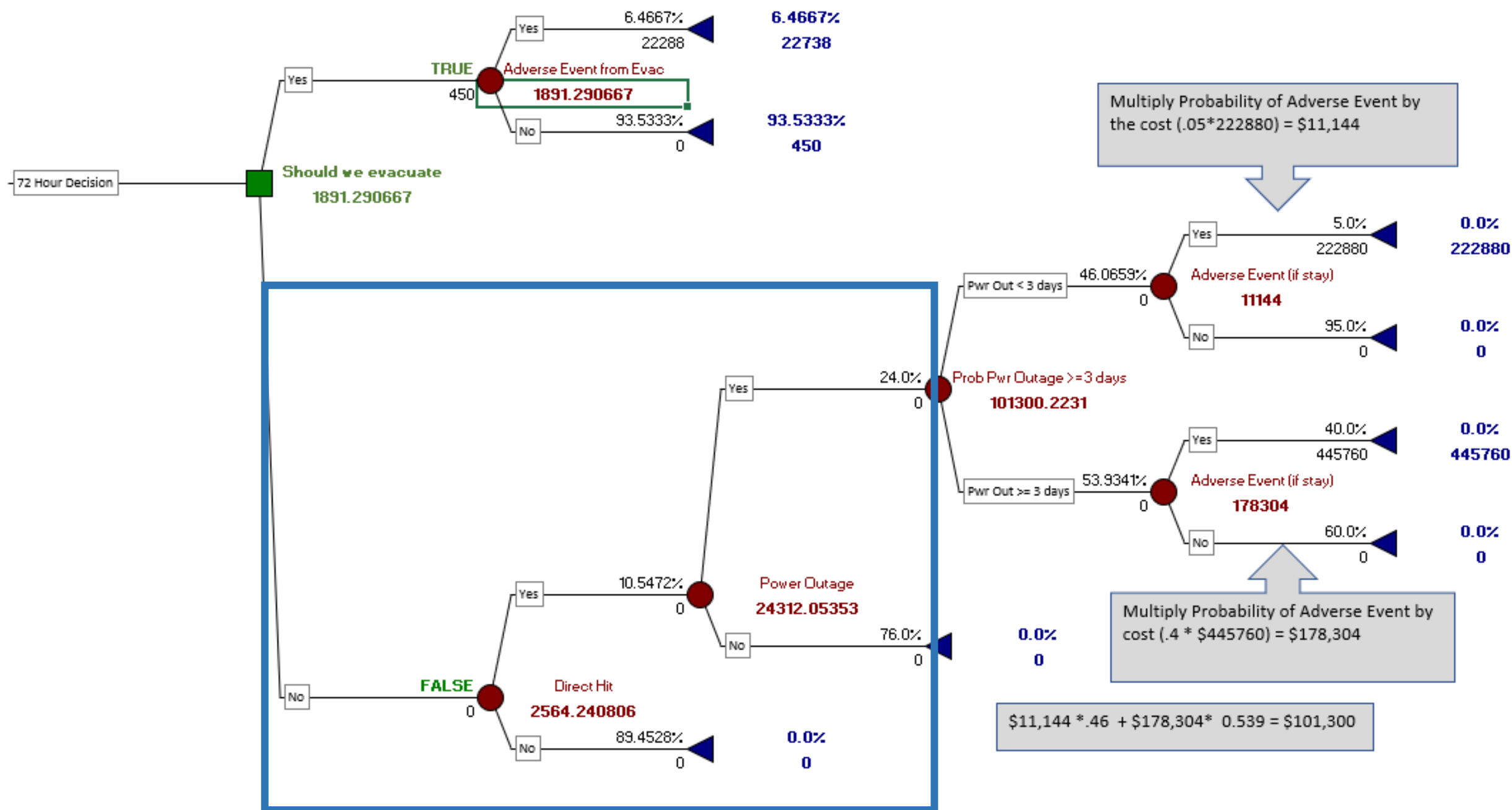


RiskNormal(C4,C5)



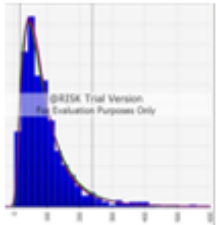
RiskTriang(B23,B24,B25)



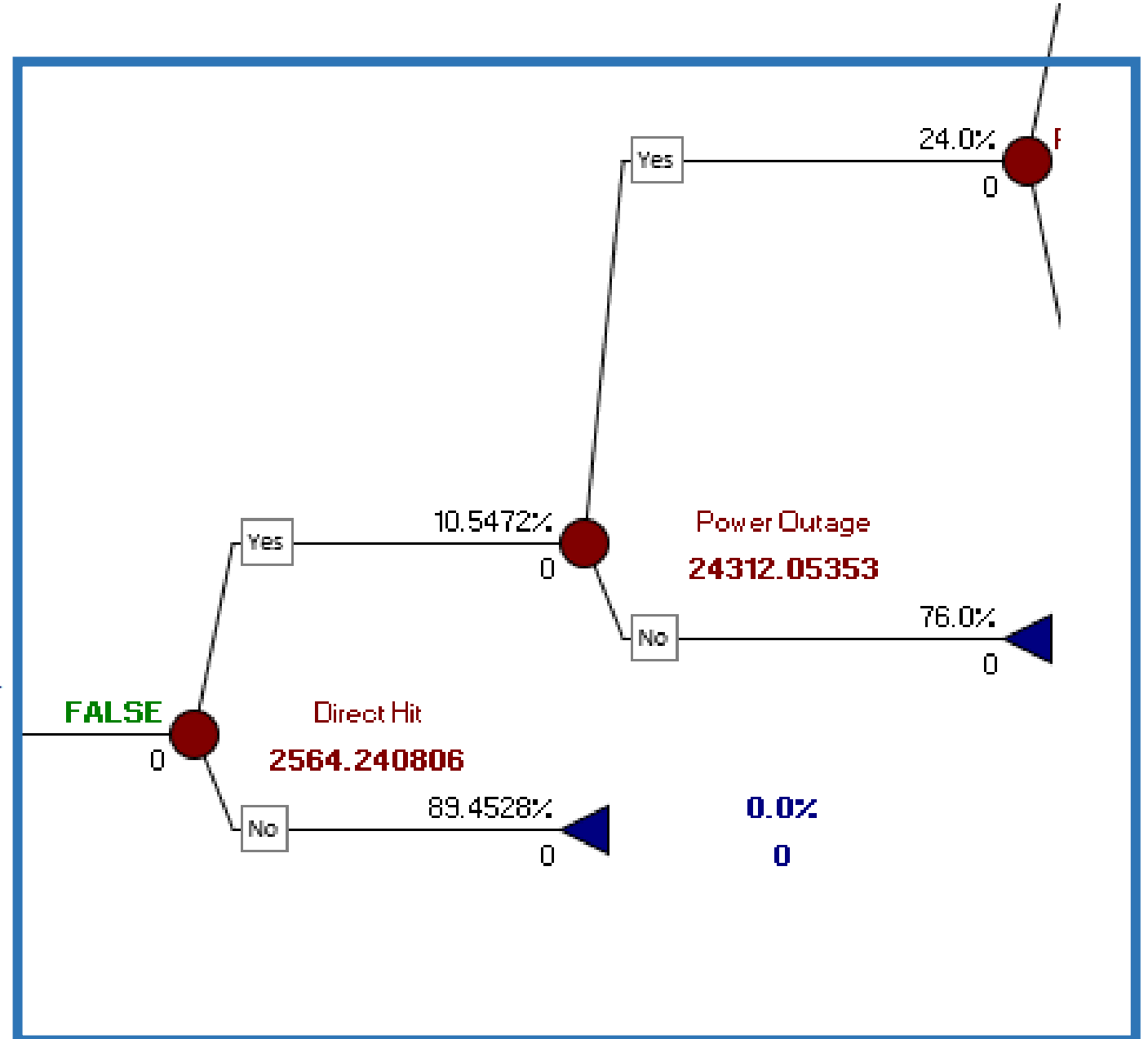


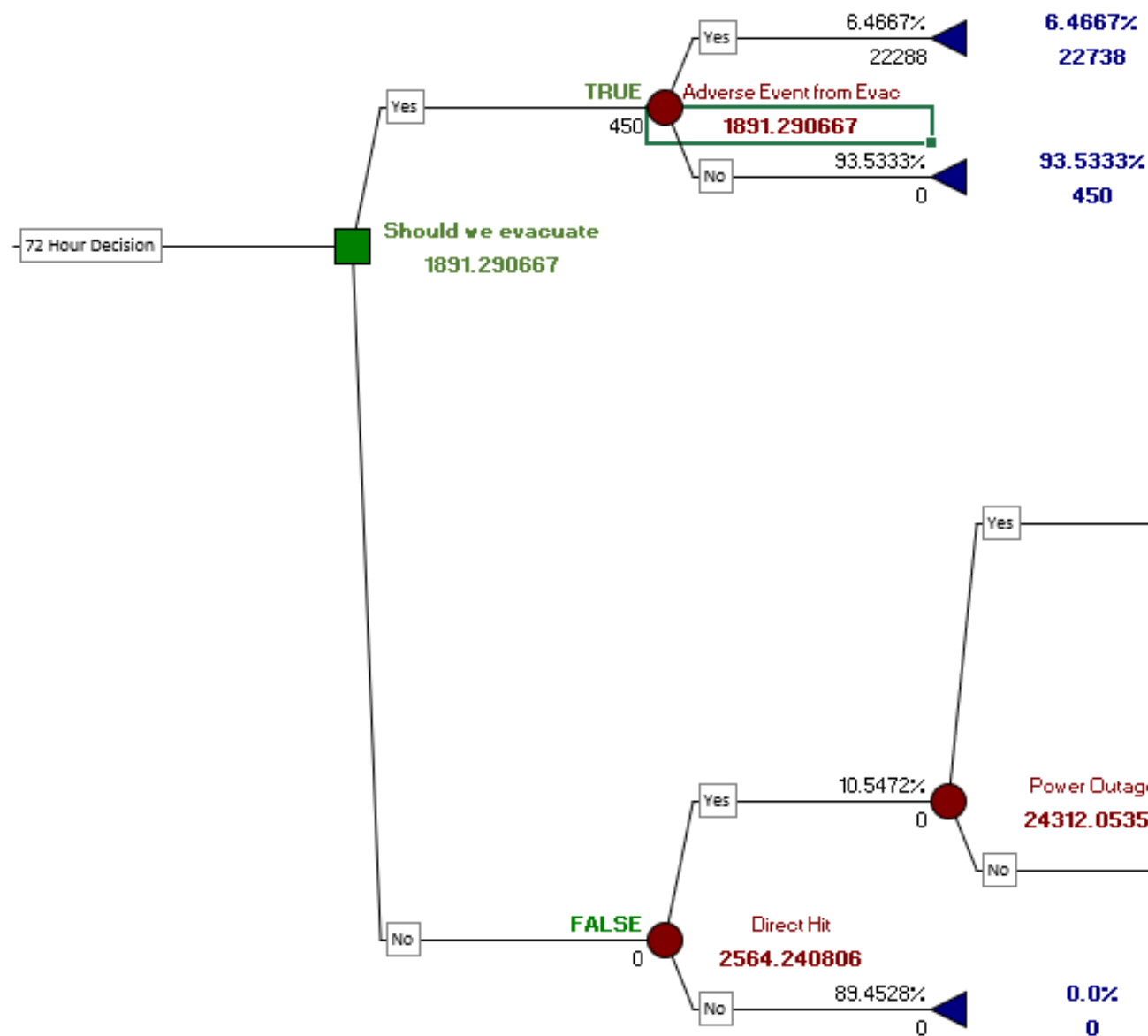
Non-Optimal Branch - Expected Value

Non-Optimal: \$2564



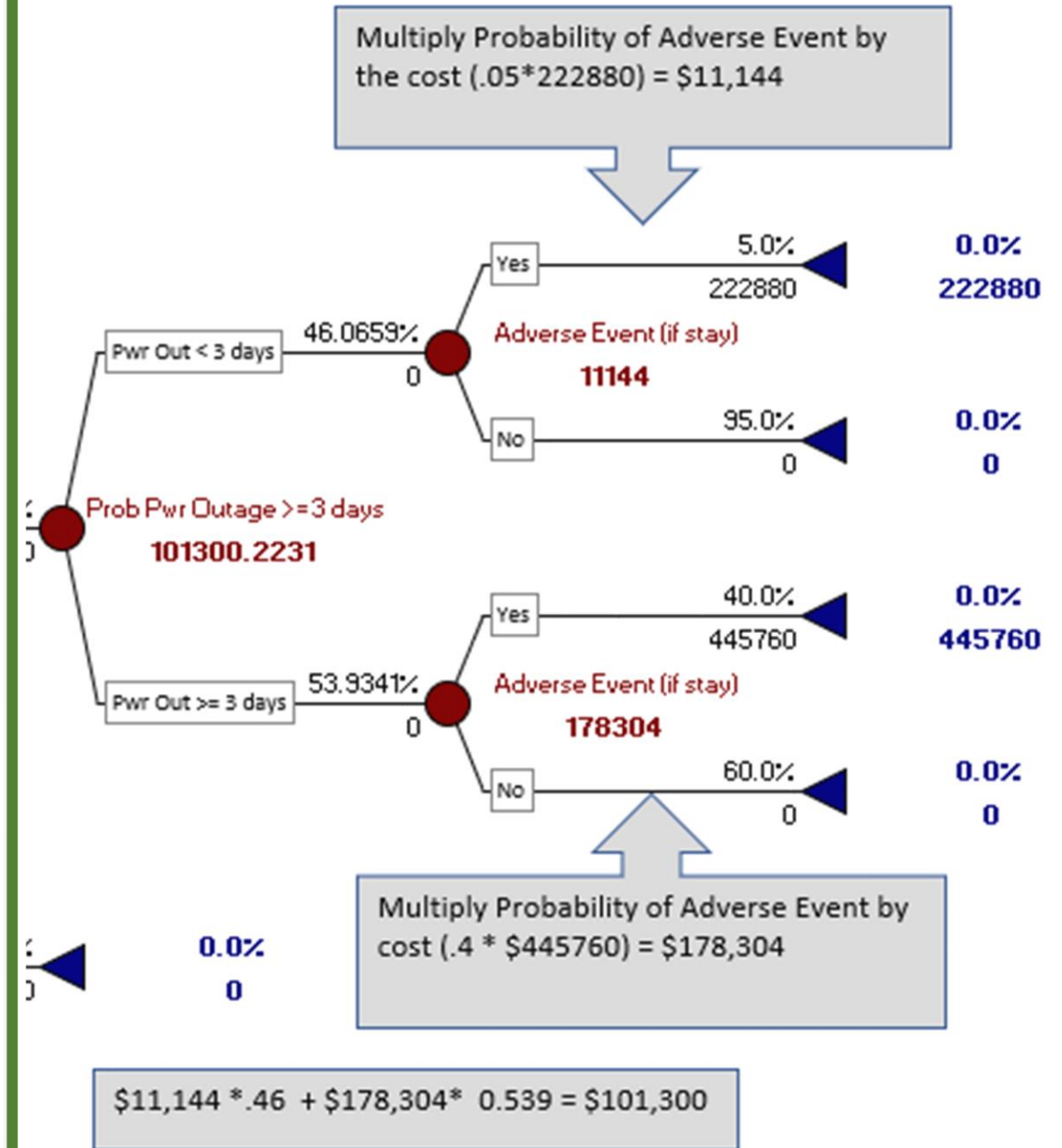
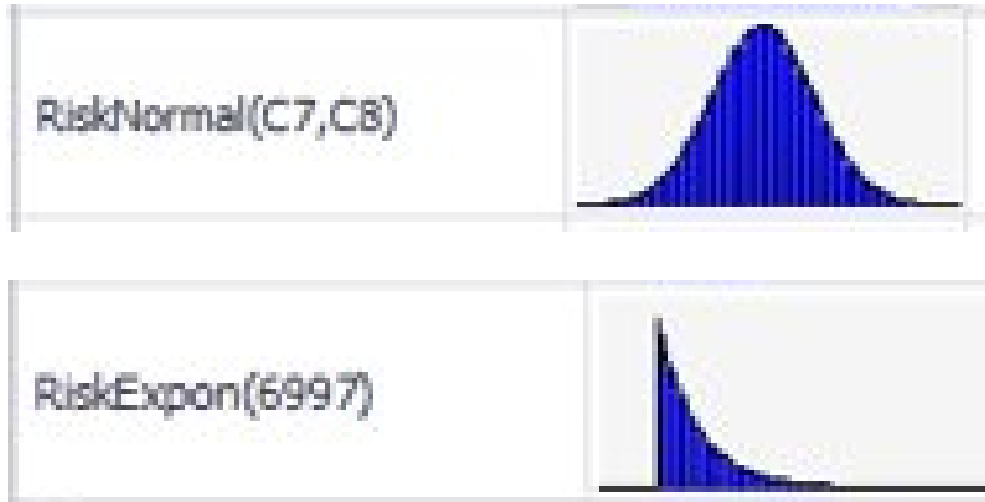
Got CDF from LogNormal distribution of tracking error in order to get the probability of tracking error ≤ 30 miles (aka, direct hit)



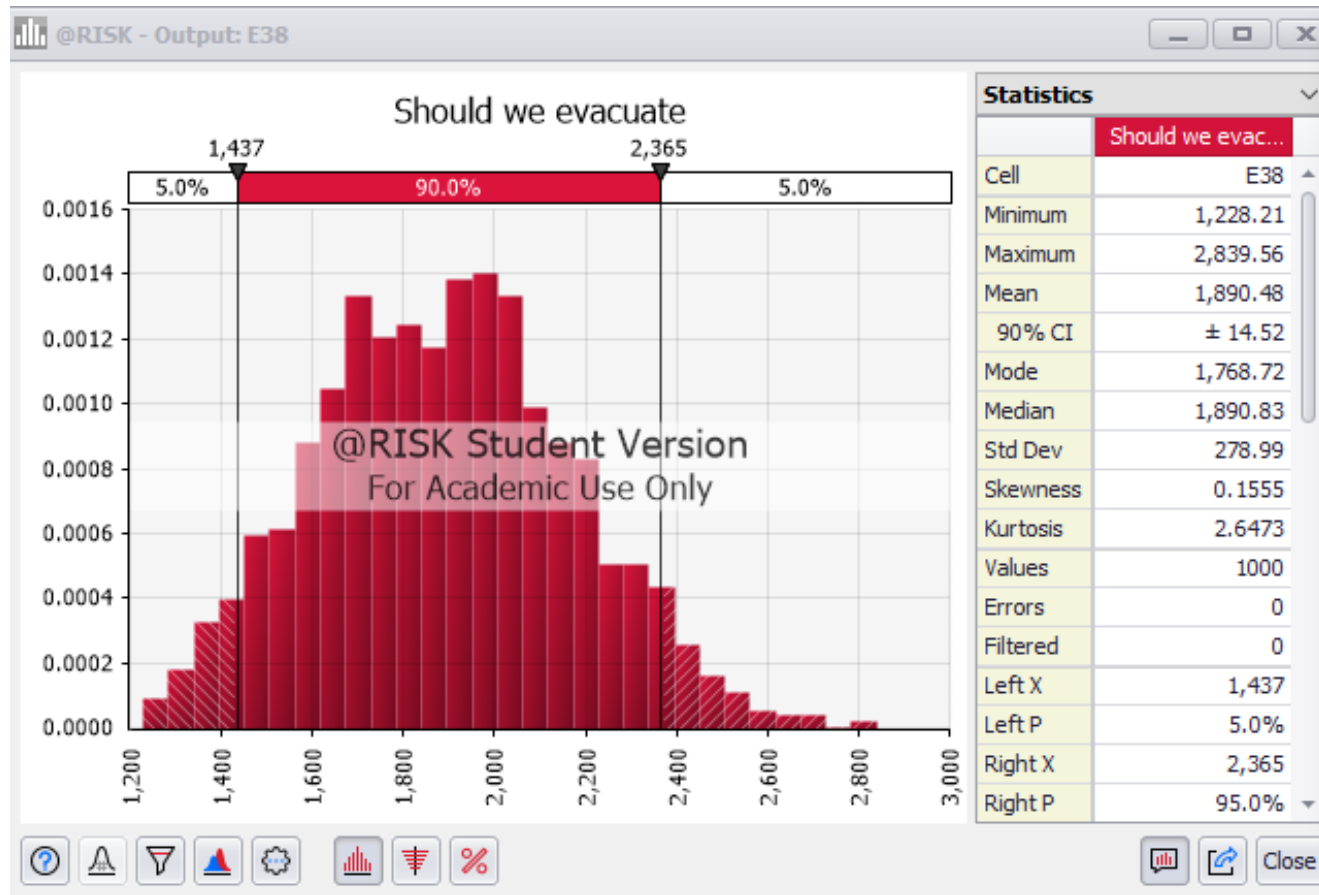


Non-Optimal Branch Expected Value

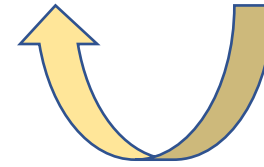
Expected Value calculations are Probability * Cost, multiplied at each probability node moving from right to left



Simulating the Variation in Optimal Decision

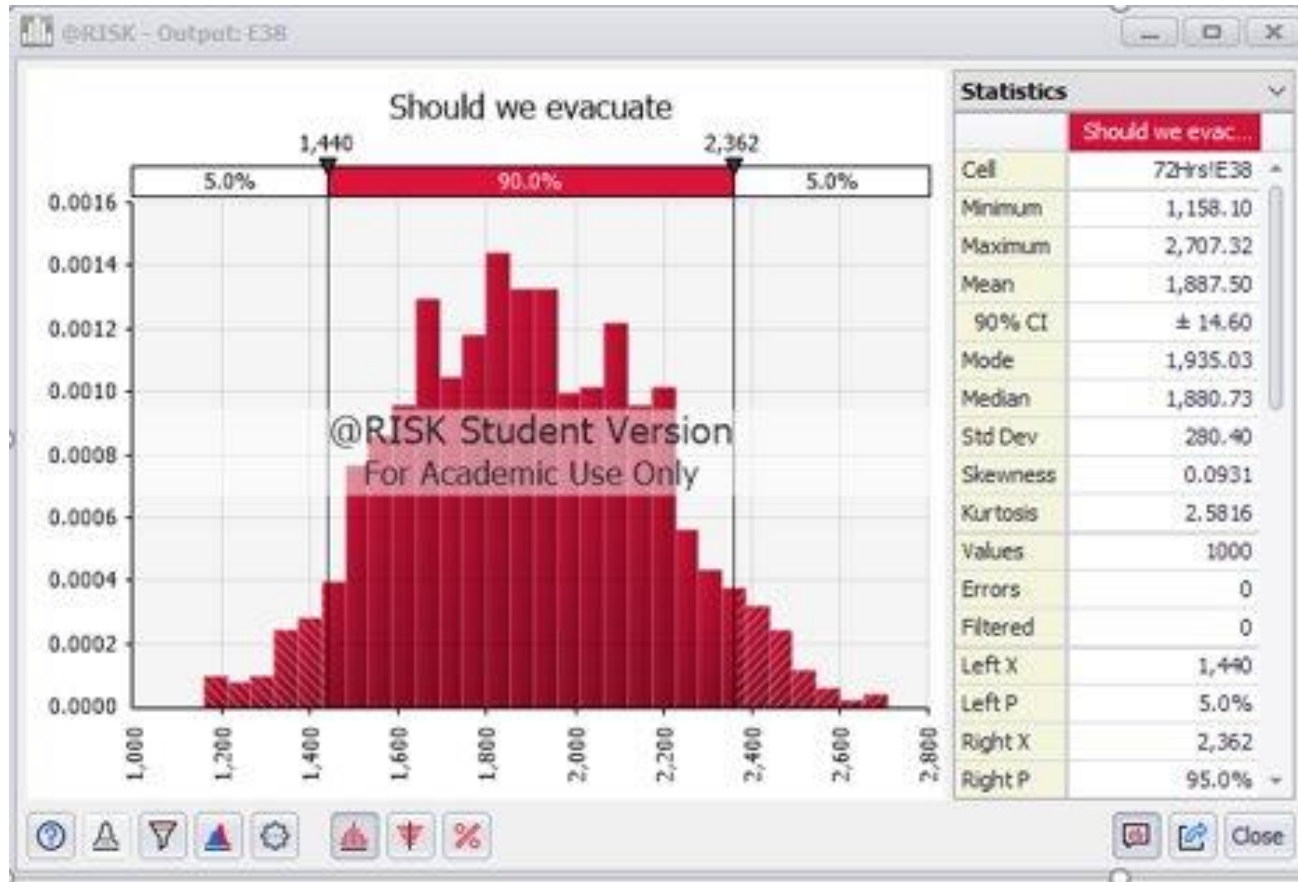


Iteration	Should we evacuate	Yes-EvacuateBranch	No-DontEvacuate
1	1980.593034	1980.593034	2810.311696
2	2036.088078	2036.088078	2543.026743
3	1689.441197	1689.441197	2574.87485
4	1990.119219	1990.119219	2584.14462
5	1685.732698	1685.732698	2470.195703
6	1918.920248	1918.920248	2785.472384
7	2099.676223	2099.676223	2517.561333
8	1789.296511	1789.296511	2256.718299
9	1735.052827	1735.052827	2743.899795
10	1555.4471	1555.4471	2408.686523



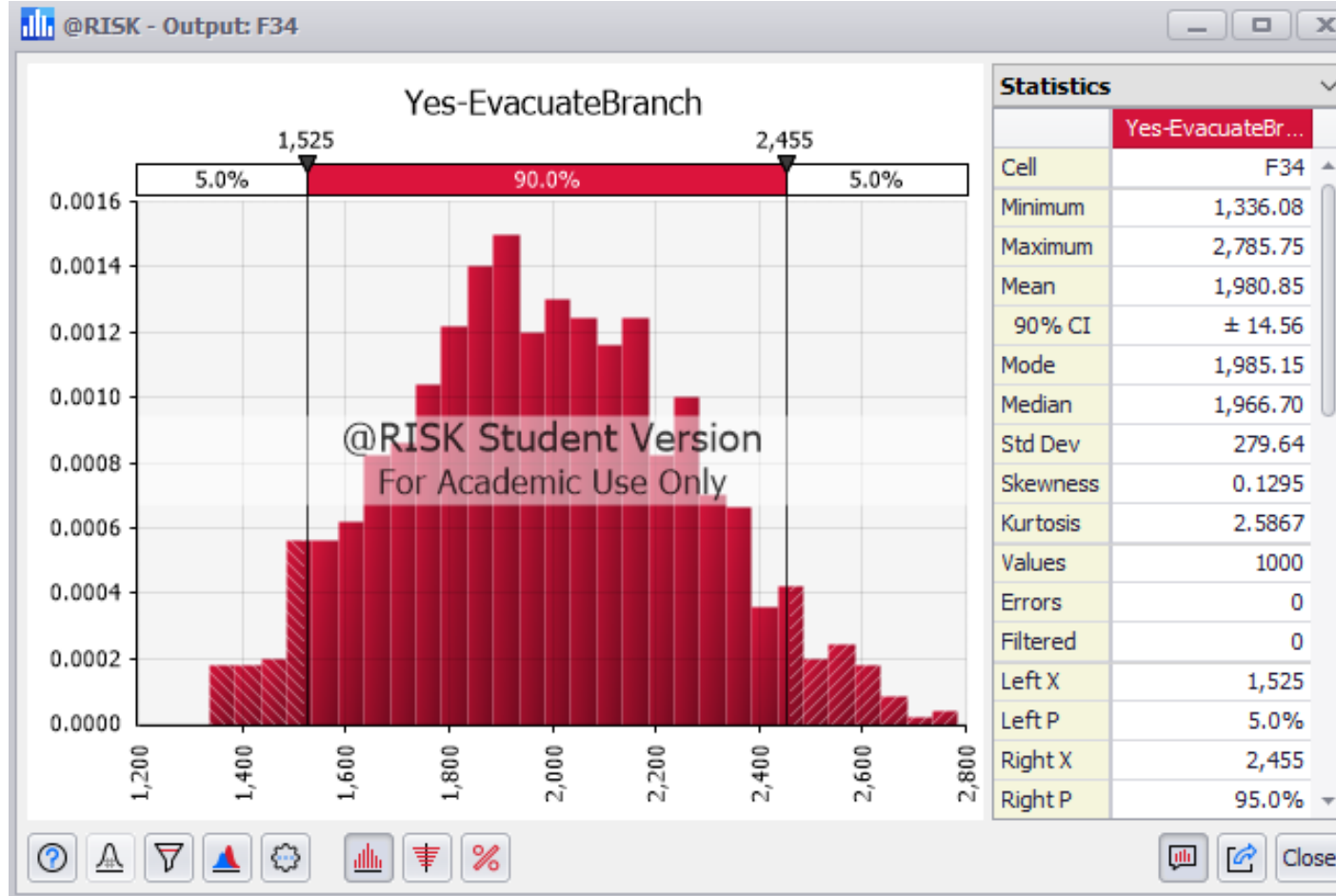
Tree determines Optimal Branch based on Expected Value and then runs simulation just on the Optimal Branch..

The Value of Perfect Information



Iteration	Should we evacuate	Yes-EvacuateBranch	No-DontEvacuate
1	1491.190982	1491.190982	2434.454544
2	1856.004103	1856.004103	2463.185112
3	2435.079642	2435.079642	2669.855769
4	1469.475956	1469.475956	2466.60025
5	1396.14795	1396.14795	2472.823146
6	2353.948481	2353.948481	2638.294654
7	2180.540865	2180.540865	2449.931244
8	2093.505483	2093.505483	2341.444984
9	1998.987209	1998.987209	2525.010455
10	1795.703966	1795.703966	2233.426068
11	1977.207324	1977.207324	2586.572475
12	1560.949181	1560.949181	2692.546476
13	1743.764011	1743.764011	2676.027673
14	2084.370817	2084.370817	2630.95973
15	2269.592996	2269.592996	3094.838839
16	1923.375485	1923.375485	2346.088873
17	1787.993565	1787.993565	1945.848242
18	2396.838349	2466.843447	2396.838349

Forecasting Horizon of 48 Hours vs 72....



What is the cost/benefit of delaying decision?

1. Price Increase on Evacuation Transportation -- 20%
2. Probability of a Direct Hit doubles from 72 hours, to 28%

Result is an increase in the Mean from \$1891 to \$1980.

Summary of Costs

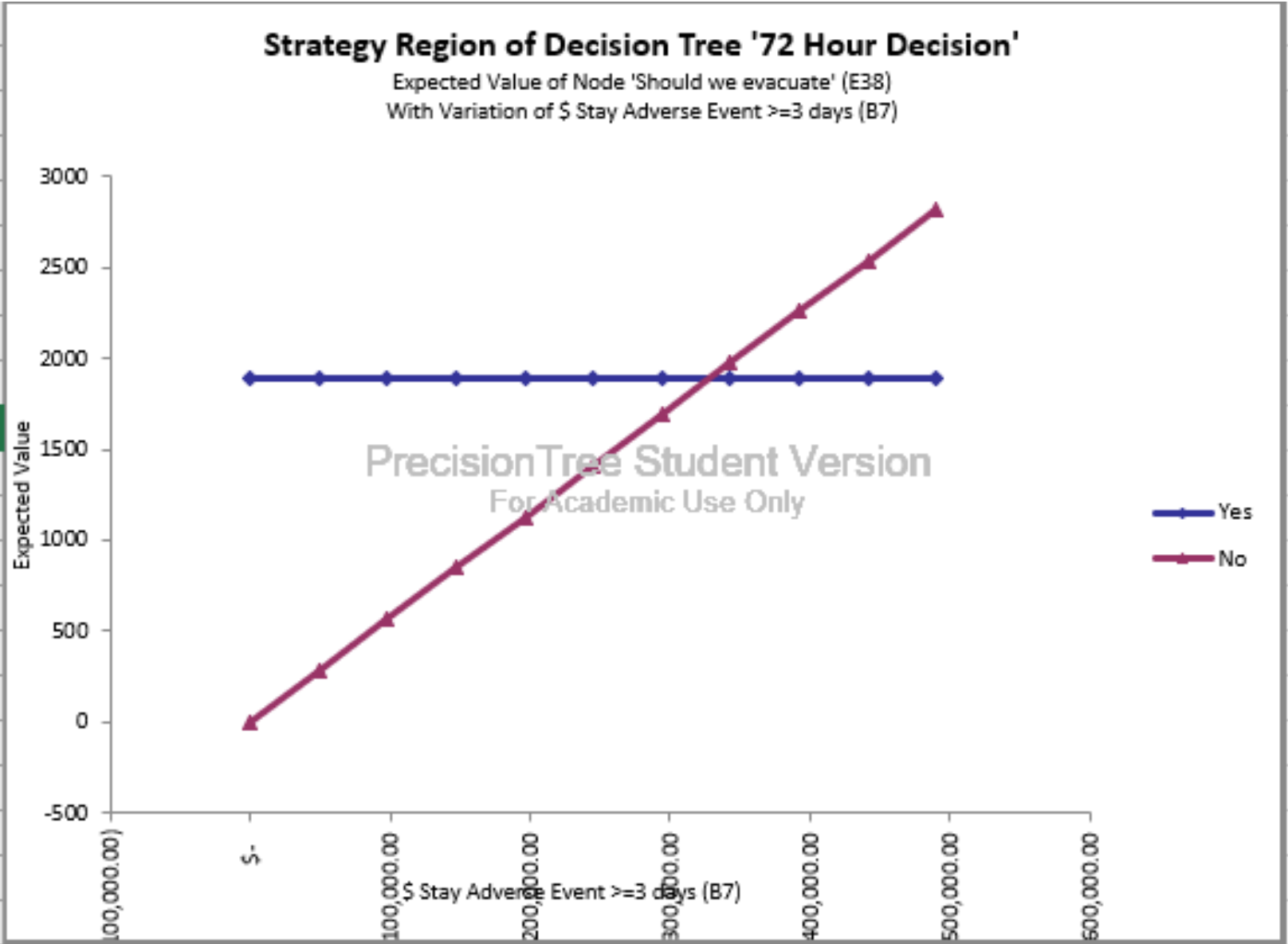


Patients are evacuated from United Medical Rehabilitation Hospital in New Orleans on Aug. 31, 2005, after flooding from Hurricane Katrina. Reuters/Rick Wilking

Opportunity cost?

Forecast in Advance	Expected Cost		Evacuation -- after the hit..
	Optimal-Evacuate	Not Optimal - Stay	
72 hours	\$ 1,891.00	\$ 2,564.00	
48 hours	\$ 1,981.00	\$ 6,710.00	
24 hours	\$ 2,071.00	\$ 12,399.00	
12 hours	\$ 2,141.00	\$ 19,180.00	\$\$\$\$\$?

But wait....consider the C-Suite perspective



Input		
	Value	Change (%)
\$	(0.00)	-100.00%
\$	49,033.60	-89.00%
\$	98,067.20	-78.00%
\$	147,100.80	-67.00%
\$	196,134.40	-56.00%
\$	245,168.00	-45.00%
\$	294,201.60	-34.00%
\$	343,235.20	-23.00%
\$	392,268.80	-12.00%
\$	441,302.40	-1.00%

Evacuate...

Based on 10% probability of direct hit
from the 72-hour forecast. ?



Limitations & Opportunities

- Decision Tree is heavily reliant on subject matter expertise
- Difficulty getting data – decision makers have to be confident we have accurate estimates
- Sequential Decisions: Output from one Decision Tree feeds next one
- Difficulty in quantifying certain factors in terms of cost

References

Data

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/verification/verify7.shtml?>

Adverse Events

<https://www.oecd.org/els/health-systems/The-economics-of-patient-safety-March-2017.pdf>

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5598051/>

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5618745/>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/15942342/#:~:text=Daily%20costs%20were%20greatest%20n,mechanical%20ventilation%2C%203%2C968%20dollars%3B%20no>

Evacuation Costs

https://www.frontiersin.org/files/Articles/385950/fpubh-07-00149-HTML/image_m/fpubh-07-00149-t003.jpg

Hurricane Katrina

<https://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/publication/50896/411348-Hospitals-in-Hurricane-Katrina.PDF>

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Memorial_Medical_Center_and_Hurricane_Katrina#Outcome

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ochsner_Baptist_Medical_Center#Post-Katrina

Evacuation Procedure

<https://www.ahrq.gov/research/shuttered/hospevac4.html>

<https://www.mass.gov/doc/evacuation-toolkit-planning-guide-0/download>

SLOSH & Storm Surge

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/surge/>

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/surge/faq.php#2>

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/surge/faq.php#2>

<https://slosh.nws.noaa.gov/sloshPub/>

<https://coast.noaa.gov/slr/#/layer/cof/2/->

<https://coast.noaa.gov/slr/#/layer/cof/2/-10536486.547926376/3775255.185074186/6/satellite/none/0.8/2050/interHigh/midAccretion>

Uncertainty

https://link.springer.com/referenceworkentry/10.1057%2F978-1-349-94848-2_250-1#:~:text=Risk%20refers%20to%20decision%2Dmaking,unknown%20to%20the%20decision%2Dmaker.

<https://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/strategy-and-corporate-finance/our-insights/strategy-under-uncertainty>

Outage Data

<https://data.tallahassee.com/storm-power-outages/>

<https://www.eversource.uconn.edu/predicting-outages/>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2352340918307182#s0015>