

全用户态服务开发套件F-Stack

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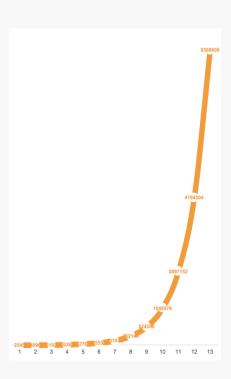
Explosive growth of data services

Challenges

- service traffic:CDN,live streaming(RTMP),etc.
- ▶ DDoS, CC

▶ Solution

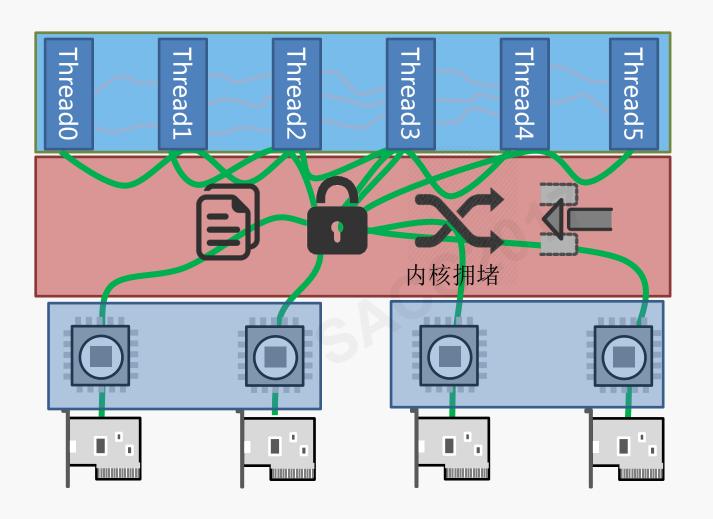
- ► NIC: $25GbE \rightarrow 40GbE \rightarrow 100GbE$
- ► CPU: 24Cores → 48Cores → 56Cores
- ► L2/L3: Kernel bapass(DPDK)
- ► L4/L7: ?







The problem - Kernel



User space

Kernel space

CPU cores(NUMA)

NIC queues

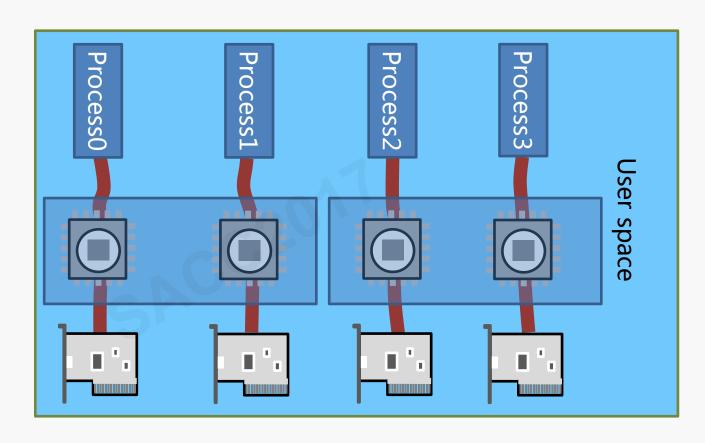




Kernel Bypass

Kernel space

Control plane



Data plane





User space TCP/IP stack

- Seastar's native stack
 - problems in WAN
 - ► incompatible with existing programs
- ▶ mTCP's user-level stack
 - ► tcp only.
 - ► too simple to be a production ready stack

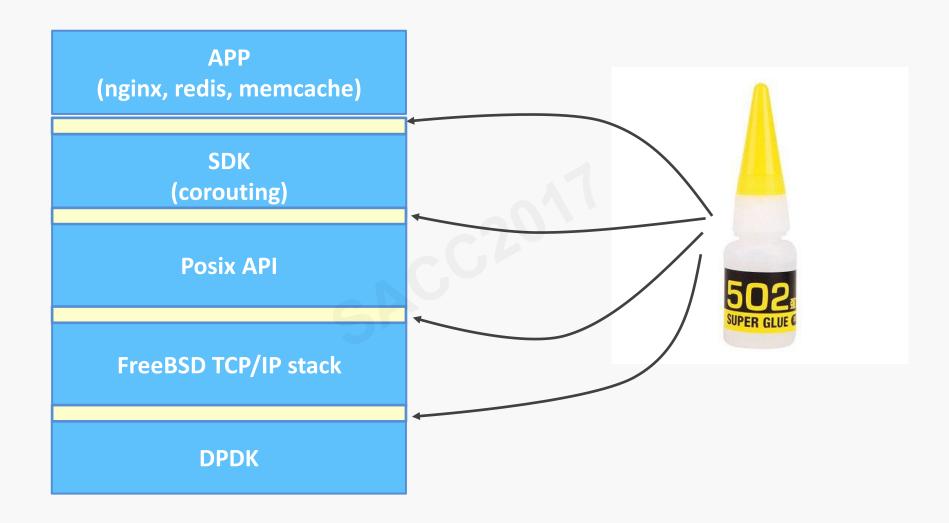
VLAN/VxLAN/Tunnel/Bonding/Network Tools are not supported







What does F-Stack do?







F-Stack







- 1, Full user-space
 - No content switch
 - Zero copy
 - ▶ No hirqs and sirqs

- 2. Shared-nothing architecture
 - ► Linear scalability
 - ► No schedule
 - ► No lock
 - ► No cache locality miss







Why FreeBSD?

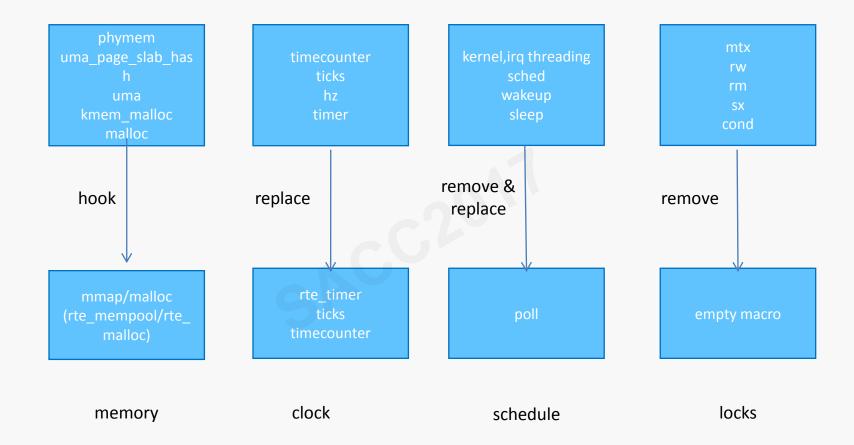
- ► Why full TCP/IP stack?
 - ► Advantageous functional, production ready stack, IGMP/IPv6/VLAN/VxLAN/Tunnel/Bonding/Net Tools
 - ► Stable.

- ► Why not Linux?
 - ► complicated logic.
 - **▶** GPL





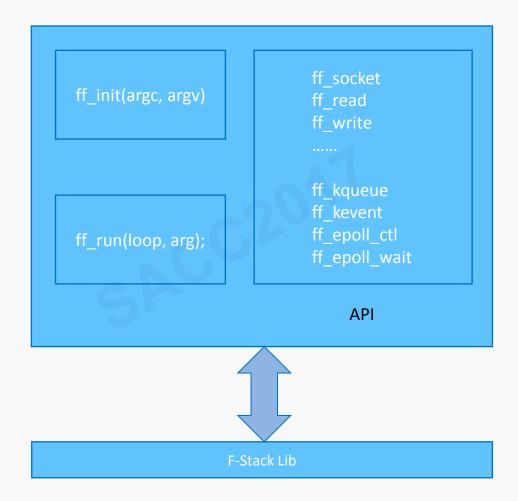
User space FreeBSD TCP/IP stack







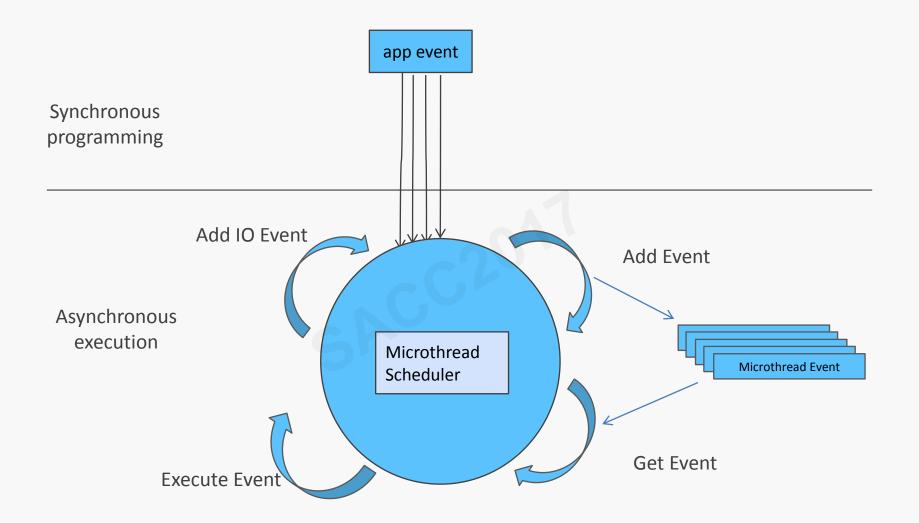
Posix-like API







Coroutine







Tools

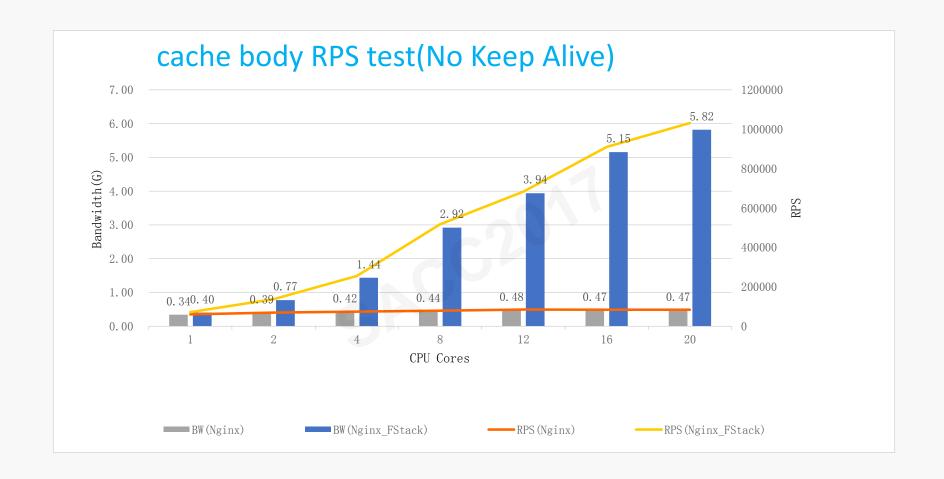
- sysctl
- **▶** ifconfig
- ▶ route
- netstat
- ► top
- etc..







Nginx_F-Stack







F-Stack in Tencent Cloud

- ▶ 2013 UDP DNS server based on DPDK
- ▶ 2014 TCP(user-space TCP/IP stack) DNS server
- ▶ 2015 L4/L7 gateway application
- ▶ 2016 Used on HttpDNS,CDN,COS(Cloud Object Storage)
- ▶ 2017 Port FreeBSD network stack to F-Stack and open source







Roadmap

Watchdog/tools

APP (nws,nginx,redis,.....)

SDK (corouting,php,python,.....)

Posix API(LD_RRELOAD)

FreeBSD TCP/IP
(TCPA,SHIELD,Hooks)

DPDK(SPDK)







https://github.com/f-stack



http://www.f-stack.org



F-Stack WeChat subscription







