Challenge-2

Jaren Ong

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Welcome! Hope you have watched the lecture videos and followed the instructions in code-along. Go through the steps described below, *carefully*. It is totally fine to get stuck - ASK FOR HELP; reach out to your friends, TAs, or the discussion forum on Canvas.

Here is what you have to do,

- 1. Pair with a neighbor and work
- 2. Download the Challenge-2.Rmd and playlist_data.csv files from Canvas
- 3. Move the downloaded files to the folder, "Week-2"
- 4. Set it as the working directory
- 5. Edit content wherever indicated
- 6. Remember to set eval=TRUE after completing the code to generate the output
- 7. Ensure that echo=TRUE so that the code is rendered in the final document
- 8. Inform the tutor/instructor upon completion
- 9. Submit the document on Canvas after they approve
- 10. Attendance will be marked only after submission
- 11. Once again, do not hesitate to reach out to the tutors/instructor, if you are stuck

I. Exploring music preferences

A. Background

Imagine that you have been hired as a data analyst by a radio station to analyze music preferences of their DJs. They have provided you with a dataset, playlist_data.csv, containing information about DJs, their preferred music genres, song titles, and ratings.

Using the data-set you are required to complete some tasks that are listed subsequently. All these tasks are based on the concepts taught in the video lectures. The questions may not be entirely covered in the lectures; To complete them, you are encouraged to use Google and the resources therein.

B.Tasks

Task-1 In the lecture, we used two data-sets, starwars and anscombe's quartet that were readily available with the packages, tidyverse and Tmisc, respectively. When we have to use custom-made data-sets or the ones like we downloaded from Canvas, we have to import it using the R commands before using them. All the questions below are related to this task.

Question 1.1: What does the term "CSV" in playlist_data.csv stand for, and why is it a popular format for storing tabular data?

Solution: CSV stands for "Comma Separated Value(s)" and is a format to store structured data using text files. **Question 1.2:** load the tidyverse package to work with .csv files in R.

Solution:

```
# Load the necessary package to work with CSV files in R.
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ------ tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr
              1.1.2
                        v readr
                                    2.1.4
## v forcats
              1.0.0
                        v stringr
                                    1.5.0
## v ggplot2
              3.4.3
                        v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.2
                                    1.3.0
                        v tidyr
## v purrr
              1.0.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
```

Question 1.3: Import the data-set, playlist_data.csv

```
# Import the "playlist_data.csv" dataset into R
read.csv("playlist_data.csv")
```

```
DJ Name Music Genre Rating
                                   Experience Age Location Plays_Per_Week
##
## 1
        DJ A
                      Pop
                             4.2
                                     Advanced 28
                                                    City X
                                                                        80
## 2
         DJ B
                             3.8 Intermediate 24
                                                    City Y
                                                                        60
                     Rock
## 3
        DJ C Electronic
                             4.5
                                     Advanced 30
                                                    City Z
                                                                       100
## 4
        DJ D
                      Pop
                             4.0 Intermediate 22
                                                    City X
                                                                        70
## 5
        DJ E Electronic
                             4.8
                                     Advanced 27
                                                    City Y
                                                                        90
         DJ F
## 6
                     Rock
                             3.6 Intermediate 25
                                                    City Z
                                                                        55
## 7
         DJ G
                             4.3
                                     Advanced 29
                                                                        85
                      Pop
                                                    City X
## 8
         DJ H Electronic
                             4.1 Intermediate 23
                                                    City Y
                                                                        75
## 9
         DJ I
                                                                        70
                     Rock
                             3.9
                                     Advanced 31
                                                    City Z
## 10
         DJ J
                      Pop
                             4.4 Intermediate
                                               26
                                                    City X
                                                                        95
## 11
        DJ K
                                     Advanced 32
                                                    City Y
                  Hip-Hop
                             4.6
                                                                       110
                                                    City Z
              Electronic
## 12
        DJ L
                             4.2 Intermediate
                                               28
                                                                        75
                                                    City X
## 13
        DJ M
                      Pop
                             3.8
                                     Advanced 29
                                                                        60
## 14
         DJ N
                     Rock
                             4.1 Intermediate
                                               25
                                                    City Y
                                                                        80
## 15
         DJ O Electronic
                             4.5
                                     Advanced 31
                                                    City Z
                                                                        95
## 16
        DJ P
                  Hip-Hop
                             4.3 Intermediate
                                               26
                                                    City X
                                                                       105
## 17
         DJ Q
                      Pop
                             4.0
                                     Advanced 27
                                                    City Y
                                                                        70
```

```
DJ R
                  Rock 3.7 Intermediate 24
                                            City Z
                                                             50
## 19
       DJ S Electronic 4.4
                               Advanced 29
                                            City X
                                                             85
## 20
       DJ T Hip-Hop 4.6 Intermediate 23
                                            City Y
                                                            100
                              Advanced 28
## 21
       DJ U
                       4.2
                                            City Z
                                                             80
                  Pop
                      3.9 Intermediate 24
## 22
       DJ V
                  Rock
                                            City X
                                                             60
       DJ W Electronic 4.5
                                            City Y
## 23
                               Advanced 30
                                                            100
                  Pop 4.1 Intermediate 22
                                            City Z
## 24
       DJ X
                                                             70
       DJ Y Electronic
                              Advanced 27
## 25
                       4.7
                                            City X
                                                             90
## 26
       DJ Z
                  Rock
                        3.5 Intermediate 25
                                            City Y
                                                             55
```

Question 1.4: Assign the data-set to a variable, playlist_data

Solution:

From now on, you can use the name of the variable to view the contents of the data-set

Question 1.5: Get more information about read_csv() command and provide a screenshot of the information displayed in the "Help" tab of the "Files" pane

```
# More information about the R command, complete the code
read csv("playlist data.csv")
## Rows: 26 Columns: 7
## -- Column specification -------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (4): DJ_Name, Music_Genre, Experience, Location
## dbl (3): Rating, Age, Plays_Per_Week
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## # A tibble: 26 x 7
     DJ_Name Music_Genre Rating Experience
                                         Age Location Plays_Per_Week
##
                      <dbl> <chr>
     <chr>
                                        <dbl> <chr>
##
            <chr>
                                                              <dbl>
                        4.2 Advanced 28 City X
## 1 DJ A
            Pop
                                                                80
## 2 DJ B
           Rock
                       3.8 Intermediate 24 City Y
                                                                60
## 3 DJ C Electronic 4.5 Advanced 30 City Z
                                                               100
## 4 DJ D Pop
                        4 Intermediate
                                           22 City X
                                                                70
```

```
## 5 DJ E
             Electronic
                           4.8 Advanced
                                               27 City Y
                                                                       90
##
  6 DJ F
             Rock
                            3.6 Intermediate
                                               25 City Z
                                                                       55
                            4.3 Advanced
##
  7 DJ G
             Pop
                                               29 City X
                                                                       85
  8 DJ H
                            4.1 Intermediate
                                               23 City Y
                                                                       75
##
             Electronic
## 9 DJ I
             Rock
                            3.9 Advanced
                                               31 City Z
                                                                       70
## 10 DJ J
                            4.4 Intermediate
                                               26 City X
                                                                       95
             Pop
## # i 16 more rows
```

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/jarenong/Desktop/NM2207/Week 2/Screenshot 2023-08-23 at 6.31.22 PM.png"

Question 1.6: What does the skip argument in the read_csv() function do?

Solution: It allows you to specify the number of lines to skip at the beginning of the file before you start to read the actual data.

Question 1.7: Display the contents of the data-set

Solution:

```
# Type the name of the variable, to see what it contains
library(tidyverse)
read.csv("playlist_data.csv")
```

##		DJ_Name	Music_Genre	Rating	Experience	Age	Location	Plays_Per_Week
##	1	DJ A	Pop	4.2	Advanced	28	City X	80
##	2	DJ B	Rock	3.8	Intermediate	24	City Y	60
##	3	DJ C	Electronic	4.5	Advanced	30	City Z	100
##	4	DJ D	Pop	4.0	${\tt Intermediate}$	22	City X	70
##	5	DJ E	Electronic	4.8	Advanced	27	City Y	90
##	6	DJ F	Rock	3.6	${\tt Intermediate}$	25	City Z	55
##	7	DJ G	Pop	4.3	Advanced	29	City X	85
##	8	DJ H	Electronic	4.1	${\tt Intermediate}$	23	City Y	75
##	9	DJ I	Rock	3.9	Advanced	31	City Z	70
##	10	DJ J	Pop	4.4	${\tt Intermediate}$	26	City X	95
##	11	DJ K	Hip-Hop	4.6	Advanced	32	City Y	110
##	12	DJ L	Electronic	4.2	${\tt Intermediate}$	28	City Z	75
##	13	DJ M	Pop	3.8	Advanced	29	City X	60
##	14	DJ N	Rock	4.1	${\tt Intermediate}$	25	City Y	80
##	15	DJ O	Electronic	4.5	Advanced	31	City Z	95
##	16	DJ P	Hip-Hop	4.3	${\tt Intermediate}$	26	City X	105
##	17	DJ Q	Pop	4.0	Advanced	27	City Y	70
##	18	DJ R	Rock	3.7	${\tt Intermediate}$	24	City Z	50
##	19	DJ S	Electronic	4.4	Advanced	29	City X	85
##	20	DJ T	Hip-Hop	4.6	${\tt Intermediate}$	23	City Y	100
##	21	DJ U	Pop	4.2	Advanced	28	City Z	80
##	22	DJ V	Rock	3.9	${\tt Intermediate}$	24	City X	60
##	23	DJ W	Electronic	4.5	Advanced	30	City Y	100
##	24	DJ X	Pop	4.1	${\tt Intermediate}$	22	City Z	70
##	25	DJ Y	Electronic	4.7	Advanced	27	City X	90
##	26	DJ Z	Rock	3.5	${\tt Intermediate}$	25	City Y	55

Question 1.8: Assume you have a CSV file named sales_data.csv containing information about sales transactions. How would you use the read_csv() function to import this file into R and store it in a variable named sales data?

```
# No output is required for this code
# Only the list of commands that execute the task mentioned in the question are required
sales_data <- read_csv("sales_data")</pre>
```

Task-2 After learning to import a data-set, let us explore the contents of the data-set through the following questions

Question 2.1: Display the first few rows of the data-set to get an overview of its structure

Solution:

```
# Type the name of the variable we assigned the data-set to
head(insert_name_of_variable)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
    DJ_Name Music_Genre Rating Experience
                                              Age Location Plays_Per_Week
    <chr>>
            <chr>
                        <dbl> <chr>
                                            <dbl> <chr>
                                                                    <dbl>
                                               28 City X
## 1 DJ A
            Pop
                           4.2 Advanced
                                                                       80
## 2 DJ B
            Rock
                           3.8 Intermediate
                                               24 City Y
                                                                       60
                                                                      100
## 3 DJ C
                          4.5 Advanced
                                               30 City Z
            Electronic
## 4 DJ D
                                               22 City X
                                                                       70
            Pop
                               Intermediate
## 5 DJ E
            Electronic
                           4.8 Advanced
                                               27 City Y
                                                                       90
## 6 DJ F
            Rock
                           3.6 Intermediate
                                               25 City Z
                                                                       55
```

Question 2.2: Display all the columns of the variable stacked one below another

Solution:

```
# Stack columns of playlist_data
glimpse(insert_name_of_variable)
```

Question 2.3: How many columns are there in the dataset?

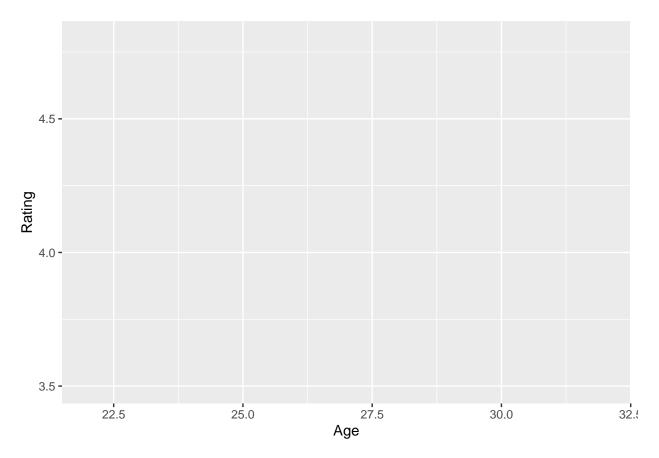
Solution:

```
# Number of columns
ncol(insert_name_of_variable)
```

[1] 7

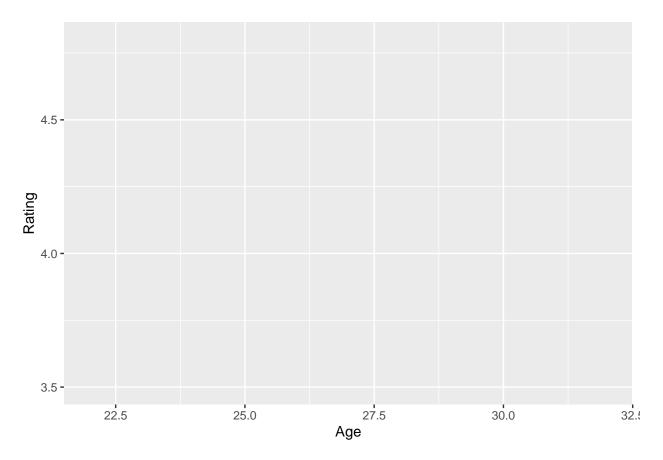
Question 2.4: What is the total count of DJs?

```
# Number of DJs = 26
insert_name_of_variable$DJ_Name
## [1] "DJ A" "DJ B" "DJ C" "DJ D" "DJ E" "DJ F" "DJ G" "DJ H" "DJ I" "DJ J"
## [11] "DJ K" "DJ L" "DJ M" "DJ N" "DJ O" "DJ P" "DJ Q" "DJ R" "DJ S" "DJ T"
## [21] "DJ U" "DJ V" "DJ W" "DJ X" "DJ Y" "DJ Z"
nrow(insert_name_of_variable)
## [1] 26
Question 2.5: Display all the location of all the DJs
Solution:
# Location of DJs
insert_name_of_variable$Location
   [1] "City X" "City Y" "City Z" "City X" "City Y" "City Z" "City X" "City Y"
  [9] "City Z" "City X" "City Y" "City Z" "City X" "City Y" "City Z" "City X"
## [17] "City Y" "City Z" "City X" "City Y" "City Z" "City X" "City Y" "City Z"
## [25] "City X" "City Y"
Question 2.6: Display the age of the DJs
Solution:
# Age of DJs
insert_name_of_variable$Age
## [1] 28 24 30 22 27 25 29 23 31 26 32 28 29 25 31 26 27 24 29 23 28 24 30 22 27
## [26] 25
Task-3 Let us plot the data to get more insights about the DJs.
Question 3.1: Create a plot to visualize the relationship between DJs' ages and their ratings.
Solution:
# complete the code to generate the plot
ggplot(data = insert_name_of_variable) +
aes(x=Age,y=Rating)
```



Question 3.2: Label the x-axis as "Age" and the y-axis as "Rating." **Solution:**

```
# complete the code to generate the plot
ggplot(data=insert_name_of_variable,mapping=aes(x=Age,y=Rating))
```

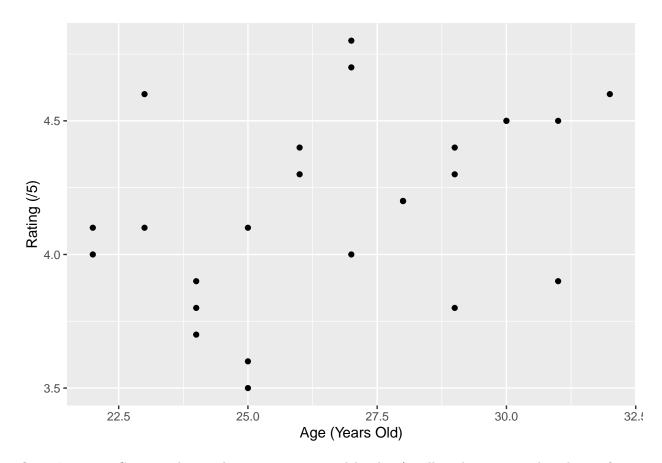


Question 3.3: Represent data using points

```
Solution:
```

```
# complete the code to generate the plot

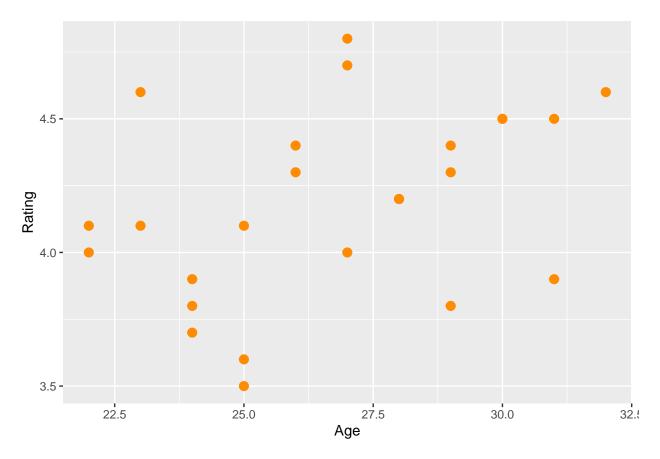
ggplot(data=insert_name_of_variable,mapping=aes(x=Age,y=Rating)) + geom_point() +
labs(x="Age (Years Old)",y="Rating (/5)")
```



Question 3.4: Can you change the points represented by dots/small circles to any other shape of your liking?

```
# complete the code to generate the plot

ggplot(data=insert_name_of_variable, aes(x=Age,y=Rating)) +
  geom_point(shape = 20, colour = "darkorange", fill = "black", size = 2, stroke = 2)
```

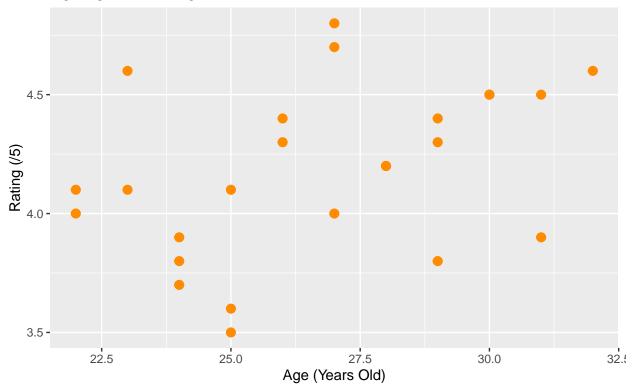


Question 3.5: Insert a suitable title and briefly provide your insights in the caption Solution:

```
# complete the code to generate the plot

ggplot(data=insert_name_of_variable,mapping=aes(x=Age,y=Rating)) + geom_point() +
  labs(x="Age (Years Old)",y="Rating (/5)", title="Age against Rating",
  caption="Source: tidyverse/ playlist_data") +
  geom_point(shape = 20, colour = "darkorange", fill = "black", size = 2, stroke = 2)
```

Age against Rating



Source: tidyverse/ playlist_data