### Exam Practice

# Answer Set Solving in Practice

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You have minutes to do the exam.  To pass the exam you must get at least out of possible points.  All <b>non electronic</b> support material can be used.											
Name:							Ma	tricula	ation	Numbe	er:
Points:	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	Total:

Exercise 1 (5 + 5 = 10 Points)

Find the stable models of the following logic programs P.

$$\mathbf{1-a)} \quad P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a \leftarrow b \\ a \leftarrow \neg b, c \\ b \leftarrow \neg c \\ c \leftarrow \neg b, d \\ d \leftarrow a, c \\ d \leftarrow \neg a \end{array} \right\}$$

1-a) 
$$P = \begin{cases} a \leftarrow b \\ a \leftarrow \neg b, c \\ b \leftarrow \neg c \\ c \leftarrow \neg b, d \\ d \leftarrow a, c \\ d \leftarrow \neg a \end{cases}$$
1-b) 
$$P = \begin{cases} a \leftarrow \neg c \\ b \leftarrow a, \neg d \\ b \leftarrow \neg a, \neg c \\ c \leftarrow \neg b, a \\ c \leftarrow \neg d \\ d \leftarrow \neg c, a \end{cases}$$

# Exercise 2(5+5=10 Points)

Find the stable models of the following logic programs with variables P.

$$\mathbf{2-a)} \quad P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} p(a) \leftarrow \\ p(b) \leftarrow \\ p(c) \leftarrow \\ q(c) \leftarrow \\ r(X) \leftarrow p(X), \neg q(X) \\ s(X,Y) \leftarrow r(X), r(Y) \\ t(X) \leftarrow s(X,Y), \neg t(Y), \neg eq(X,Y) \\ t(X) \leftarrow s(Y,X), \neg t(Y), \neg eq(Y,X) \\ eq(X,X) \leftarrow \\ \end{array} \right\}$$
 
$$\mathbf{2-b)} \quad P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} p(a,b,c) \leftarrow \\ p(X,X,X) \leftarrow \\ q(X,Y) \leftarrow p(X,Y,Z), \neg p(Y,Y,Y) \\ s(X,X) \leftarrow \neg q(X,X) \end{array} \right\}$$

Exercise 3 (5 + 5 = 10 Points)

Consider the following logic program P:

$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b \leftarrow \neg a \\ \{c\} \leftarrow b \\ \{d\} \leftarrow \neg c \\ e \leftarrow 1\{\neg c, \neg d\} \\ \leftarrow \neg e \end{array} \right\}$$

- **3-a)** Compile P into a normal logic program P' using the translations from the lecture slides. In particular, use the x(i,j) construction to translate the cardinality rule of the program.
- **3-b)** Determine the stable models of P and the corresponding stable models of P'.

**Exercise 4** (4 + 4 + 2 = 10 Points)

Consider the following cardinality constraint in the head of a rule:  $1\{a, \neg b, c\}$  1.

4-a) Compile the cardinality constraint into cardinality rules of the form

$$a_0 \leftarrow l \{a_1, \dots, a_m, \neg a_{m+1}, \dots, \neg a_n\}.$$

along with normal and choice rules as well as integrity constraints.

- **4-b)** Compile the logic program P resulting from the previous subtask into a program P' with normal and choice rules as well as integrity constraints only, using the x(i, j) construction from the lecture slides.
- **4-c)** Determine the stable models of P and the corresponding stable models of P'.

Important: All extra pages must have your name

# Exercise 5 (5 + 10 = 15 Points)

For the following logic program P and set of facts I:

- Find the dependency graph  $G_P$ , the positive dependency graph  $G_P^+$ , and one topological order  $L_P$ . Moreover, given  $L_P$ , determine the set of atoms  $R_r$  for every rule  $r \in P$ .
- Find the ground instantiation of P and I. Start by initializing the sets of true atoms F and possible atoms D to I. Then, ground successively the components of  $L_P$  applying on-the-fly simplifications. For this, use the sets F, D and  $R_r$ , and update F and D after grounding each component.

$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} holds(F,V) \leftarrow fluent(F), opp(V,W), \neg holds(F,W) \\ \{occ(A)\} \leftarrow action(A) \\ next(F,V) \leftarrow occ(A), eff(A,F,V) \\ \leftarrow occ(A), pre(A,F,V), \neg holds(F,V) \\ \leftarrow goal(F,V), \neg next(F,V) \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$I = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} opp(t,f) \leftarrow & opp(f,t) \leftarrow \\ fluent(g) \leftarrow & fluent(h) \leftarrow \\ action(a) \leftarrow & action(b) \leftarrow \\ pre(a,g,t) \leftarrow & pre(b,h,t) \leftarrow \\ eff(a,h,f) \leftarrow & eff(b,g,f) \leftarrow \\ goal(g,f) \leftarrow & goal(h,f) \leftarrow \\ occ(a) \leftarrow \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

# $Exercise \,\, 6 \, (\hbox{10 Points})$

Determine the stable models of the following normal logic program P using the simplistic solving algorithm of the lecture, and specify the sets L and U that are generated at each iteration inside the  $expand_P$  procedure.

**6-a)** To be added.

Exercise 7 (5 + 5 = 10 Points)

Let P be the following normal logic program:

$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} a \leftarrow \neg g, b & b \leftarrow a, \neg d & b \leftarrow a, e \\ c \leftarrow \neg a, \neg g & d \leftarrow c, \neg f & e \leftarrow a, b \\ e \leftarrow & f \leftarrow e, \neg g & f \leftarrow a, \neg f \end{array} \right\}$$

- **7-a)** Find the Fitting Semantics of P.
- **7-b)** Find the Wellfounded Semantics of P.

# Exercise 8 (5 + 5 = 10 Points)

Find all the unfounded sets of the following normal programs P with respect to the partial interpretation  $\langle \{c\}, \{d\} \rangle$ .

8-a) 
$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a \leftarrow b, \neg d \\ b \leftarrow a, c \\ b \leftarrow \neg c \\ c \leftarrow d \\ c \leftarrow b \\ d \leftarrow \neg a \end{array} \right\}$$

8-a) 
$$P = \begin{cases} a \leftarrow b, \neg d \\ b \leftarrow a, c \\ b \leftarrow \neg c \\ c \leftarrow d \\ c \leftarrow b \\ d \leftarrow \neg a \end{cases}$$
8-b) 
$$P = \begin{cases} a \leftarrow b, \neg c \\ a \leftarrow c \\ b \leftarrow c \\ c \leftarrow \neg a, b \\ d \leftarrow \neg a, \neg b \\ d \leftarrow \neg b, c \end{cases}$$

**Exercise 9** 
$$(8 + 4 + 3 = 15 \text{ Points})$$

Let P be the following normal logic program:

$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} a \leftarrow c & b \leftarrow c, a & c \leftarrow b, \neg d \\ a \leftarrow \neg d & b \leftarrow \neg e & c \leftarrow b, f \\ d \leftarrow \neg e, b & e \leftarrow f, \neg d & f \leftarrow a \end{array} \right\}$$

- **9-a)** Find all models of CF(P).
- **9-b)** Write the loop formulas in LF(P).
- **9-c)** Find all the stable models of P.

**Exercise 10** (10 + 5 = 15 Points)

Let P be the following logic program:

$$P = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} a \leftarrow \neg b & b \leftarrow \neg a, c & c \leftarrow \neg a, \neg e \\ c \leftarrow \neg b, g & d \leftarrow a, c & e \leftarrow \neg b, f \\ f \leftarrow \neg d, \neg e & g \leftarrow c, \neg f & g \leftarrow \neg d, \neg e \end{array} \right\}$$

The following table represents an assignment A with the decision level dl of every literal. Decision literals are placed under  $\sigma_d$ , and literals under  $\overline{\sigma}$  are implied by a noogod  $\delta \in \Delta_P \cup \Lambda_P$ :

dl	$\sigma_d$	$\overline{\sigma}$	δ
1	$\mathbf{F}\{\neg b, f\}$		
		$\mathbf{F}e$	$\{\mathbf{T}e, \mathbf{F}\{\neg b, f\}\}$
2	Tg		
3	$\mathbf{T}\{\neg b\}$		

- **10-a)** Find a conflict nogood  $\varepsilon$  with NogoodPropagation( $P,\emptyset,A$ ).
- **10-b)** Derive a conflict nogood  $\delta$  with the FirstUIP method starting from  $\varepsilon$ .

# Solution 1

**1-a)** 
$$X_1 = \{a, b\}$$

**1-b)** 
$$X_1 = \{c\}$$

# Solution 2

**2-a)** 
$$X_1 = \{p(a), p(b), p(c), q(c), r(a), r(b), s(a, a), s(b, a), s(a, b), s(b, b), eq(a, a), eq(b, b), eq(c, c), t(b)\}$$
  
 $X_2 = \{p(a), p(b), p(c), q(c), r(a), r(b), s(a, a), s(b, a), s(a, b), s(b, b), eq(a, a), eq(b, b), eq(c, c), t(a)\}$ 

**2-b)** 
$$X_1 = \{p(a, b, c), p(a, a, a), p(b, b, b), p(c, c, c), s(a, a), s(b, b), s(c, c)\}$$

# Solution 3

To be added.

#### Solution 4

To be added.

#### Solution 5

To be added.

#### Solution 6

To be added.

#### Solution 7

**7-a)** 
$$\langle \{e, f\}, \{d, g\} \rangle$$

**7-b)** 
$$\langle \{c, e, f\}, \{a, b, d, g\} \rangle$$

#### Solution 8

**8-a)** 
$$U_1 = \emptyset$$
  $U_2 = \{a, b\}$   $U_2 = \{b, c\}$   $U_3 = \{a, b, c\}$   
**8-b)**  $U_1 = \emptyset$   $U_3 = \{b, c\}$   $U_4 = \{a, b, c\}$ 

**8-b)** 
$$U_1 = \emptyset$$
  $U_3 = \{b, c\}$   $U_4 = \{a, b, c\}$ 

#### Solution 9

**9-a)** 
$$X_1 = \{a, e, f\}$$
  $X_2 = \{b, d\}$   $X_3 = \{a, b, c, d, f\}$   $X_4 = \{a, b, c, e, f\}$ 

9-a) 
$$X_1 = \{a, e, f\}$$
  $X_2 = \{b, d\}$   $X_3 = \{a, b, c, d, f\}$   $X_4 = \{a, b, c, e, f\}$ 

9-b)  $LF(P) = \left\{\begin{array}{c} a \lor b \lor c \to \neg d \lor \neg e \\ a \lor c \lor f \to \neg d \lor (b \land \neg d) \\ b \lor c \to \neg e \\ a \lor b \lor c \lor f \to \neg d \lor \neg e \end{array}\right\}$ 

**9-c)** 
$$X_1 = \{a, e, f\}$$
  $X_2 = \{b, d\}$ 

# Solution 10

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Т	U-	·aı

dl	$\sigma_d$	$\overline{\sigma}$	$\delta$
1	$\mathbf{F}\{\neg b, f\}$		
		$\mathbf{F}e$	$\{\mathbf{T}e, \mathbf{F}\{\neg b, f\}\}$
2	$\mathbf{T}g$		
3	$\mathbf{T}\{\neg b\}$		
		${f F}b$	$\{\mathbf{T}b,\mathbf{T}\{\neg b\}\}$
		$\mathbf{T}a$	$\{\mathbf{F}a,\mathbf{T}\{\neg b\}\}$
		$\mathbf{T}\{\neg b, g\}$	$\{\mathbf{F}\{ eg b,g\},\mathbf{F}b,\mathbf{T}g\}$
		${f T}c$	$\{\mathbf{F}c,\mathbf{T}\{\neg b,g\}\}$
		$\mathbf{T}\{a,c\}$	$\{\mathbf{F}\{a,c\},\mathbf{T}a,\mathbf{T}c\}$
		$\mathbf{T}d$	$\{\mathbf{F}d,\mathbf{T}\{a,c\}\}$
		$\mathbf{F}\{\neg d, \neg e\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}\{\neg d, \neg e\}, \mathbf{T}d\}$
		$\mathbf{F} f$	$\{\mathbf{T}f, \mathbf{F}\{\neg d, \neg e\}\}$
		$\mathbf{F}\{\neg a, c\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}\{\neg a,c\},\mathbf{F}b\}$
		$\mathbf{F}\{\neg a, \neg e\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}\{\neg a, \neg e\}, \mathbf{T}a\}$
		$\mathbf{T}\{c, \neg f\}$	$\{\mathbf{F}\{c, \neg f\}, \mathbf{T}c, \mathbf{F}f\}$
			$\{\mathbf{T}g, \mathbf{F}\{\neg d, \neg e\}, \mathbf{F}\{\neg a, \neg e\}\}\$

# 10-b)

10-D)		
$\delta$	$\varepsilon$	$\delta'$
$\overline{\{\mathbf{T}g,\mathbf{F}\{\neg d,\neg e\},\mathbf{F}\{\neg a,\neg e\}\}}$	$\{\mathbf{T}\{\neg a, \neg e\}, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}g, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}, \mathbf{F}\{\neg d, \neg e\}\}$
$\{\overline{\mathbf{T}g}, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}, \mathbf{F}\{\neg d, \neg e\}\}$	$\{\overline{\mathbf{T}\{\neg d, \neg e\}}, \underline{\mathbf{T}d}\}$	$\{{f T}g, {f \overline{T}a, \overline{T}d}\}$
$\{{f T}g, \overline{{f T}a}, \overline{{f T}d}\}$	$\overline{\{\underline{\mathbf{F}d},\mathbf{T}\{a,c\}\}}$	$\{\mathbf{T}g, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}, \mathbf{T}\{a,c\}\}$
$\{{f T}g, {f \underline{T}a}, {f T}\{a,c\}\}$	$\{\mathbf{F}\{a,c\}, \overline{\mathbf{T}a}, \overline{\mathbf{T}c}\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}g, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}, \underline{\mathbf{T}c}\}$
$\{{f T}g, {f \overline{T}a}, {f \overline{T}c}\}$	$\overline{\{\underline{\mathbf{F}c},\mathbf{T}}\{\neg b,g\}\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}g, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}, \mathbf{T}\{\neg b, g\}\}$
$\{\mathbf{T}g, \underline{\mathbf{T}a}, \mathbf{T}\{\neg b, g\}\}$	$\{\mathbf{F}\{\neg b, \overline{g}\}, \underline{\mathbf{F}b}, \mathbf{T}g\}$	$\{{f T}g, {f \overline{T}a}, {f \overline{F}b}\}$
$\{{f T}g, {f ar T}a, {f F}b\}$	$\overline{\{\underline{\mathbf{F}a},\mathbf{T}}\{\neg b\}\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}g,\mathbf{T}\{\neg b\},\underline{\mathbf{F}b}\}$
$\{\mathbf{T}g,\mathbf{T}\{\lnot b\},\underline{\mathbf{F}b}\}$	$\{\underline{\mathbf{T}b},\overline{\mathbf{T}\{\lnot b\}}\}$	$\{\mathbf{T}\overline{g}, \overline{\mathbf{T}}\{\neg b\}\}$
$\{\mathbf{T}\overline{g},\underline{\mathbf{T}\{\neg b\}}\}$		·