Enmao Diao ECE 4271 Project 3

Linear Prediction of Stock Market Averages

Basic Problem

(a)

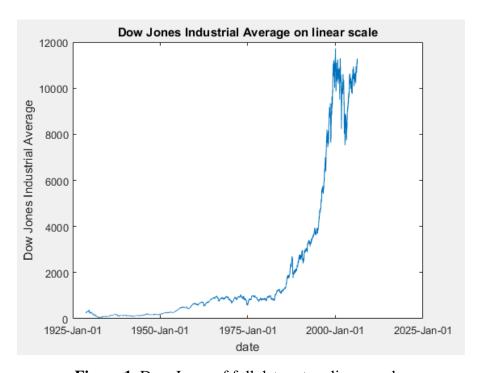


Figure 1. Dow Jones of full data set on linear scale.

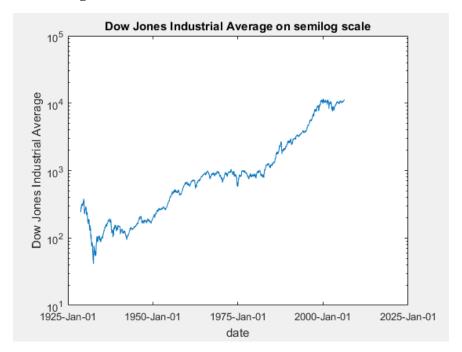


Figure 2. Dow Jones of full data set on semilog scale.

Ending amounts for \$1000 investment using DJIA vs. 3% interest:

```
DJIA_end = invest_hold = 46337.2566960572
bank3_end = invest_interest = 10302.6812701947
equiv_rate = apr_needed_a = 0.049348(4.93%)
```

(b)

Predictor coefficients for first 10 years, p = 3: $a = [0.0267960474612419 \quad 0.0937731133773365 \quad -1.11830844090208]$

(c)
Plot of xhat1, xhat2, and the DJIA data. Note: xhat1 and xhat2 are identical.
xhat1/2 appears to trail the DJIA by xyz samples.

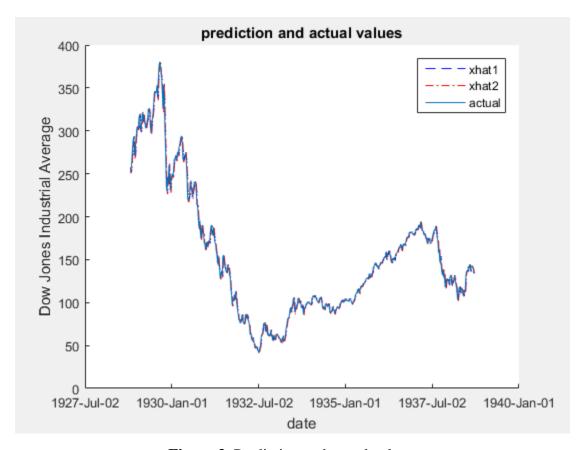


Figure 3. Prediction and actual values.

Expansion of the first "you can decide how much to zoom" or so weeks of the above data to show more detail, in particular the xyz-week "lag":

The lag is 1 week.

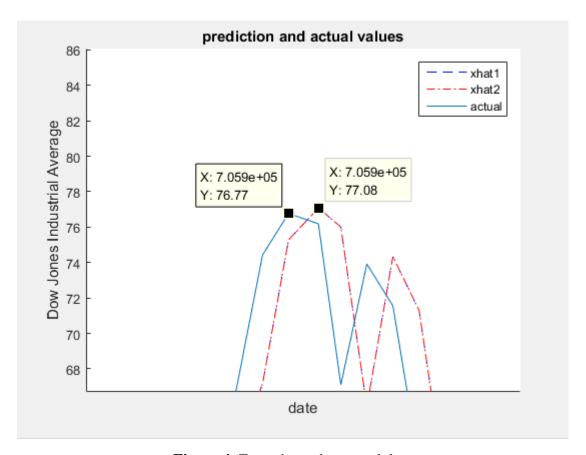


Figure 4. Zoom in to show week lag.

Total squared error:

 $E = E_1 = E_2 = 23638.0642056466$

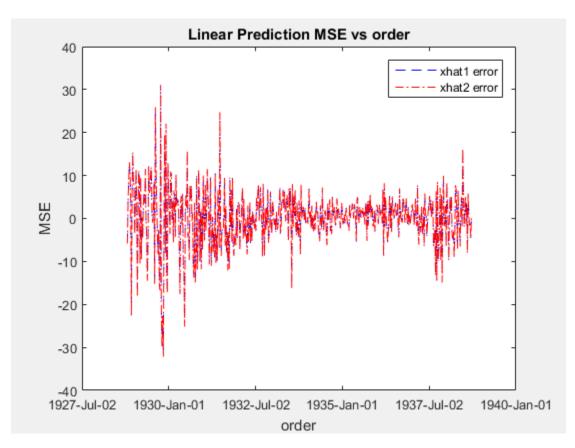


Figure 5. Identical xhat1 and xhat2 error.

Graph of error E vs. predictor order, going up to order p = 10. NOTE: this has been discussed in Piazza (Good job all of you in this discussion)

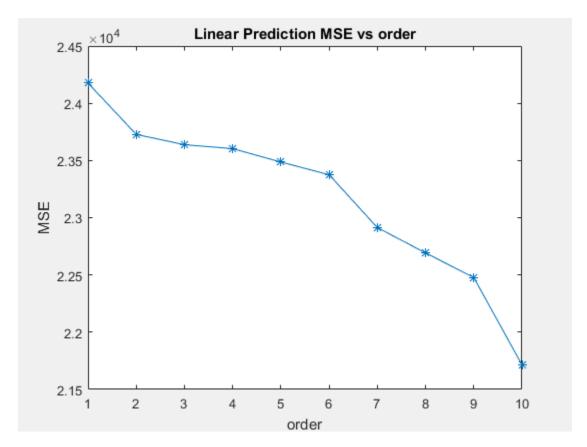


Figure 6. Linear Prediction MSE vs order.

Choose p = 10 in terms of smallest MSE

Intermediate Problem

(e)

The predictor coefficients for first 10 years, p=10:

List all the ten coefficients

 $[-0.1027 \quad 0.2133 \quad -0.0338 \quad 0.0095 \quad -0.0859 \quad -0.0632 \quad 0.0925 \quad 0.0076 \quad 0.0686 \quad -1.1036]$

Investment results obtained:

Bank rate = 1349.7, equivalent rate = 3%

Upper bound = 4700565.98, equivalent rate = 85.25%

Buy and hold = 544.4383, equivalent rate = -6.08 %

Predictor = 1422.6, equivalent rate = 3.53%

(f)

Not sure about the definition of prediction strategy. I conducted two analysis. The first one trains a new predictor with the latest decade of data. The second one use the prediction coefficient from the first decade of data. Although the predictor from the first decade of data is not accurate for the latest decade prediction, the DJIA value is so large that even a small revenue count more than it predicts on the first decade of data.

Predictor coefficients for last 10 years, p=10:

List all the ten coefficients

 $[-0.0414 \quad -0.0460 \quad 0.0221 \quad 0.0954 \quad -0.1364 \quad 0.0610 \quad 0.0073 \quad 0.0733 \quad -0.1101 \quad -0.9264]$

Investment results obtained:

Bank rate = 1349.7, equivalent rate = 3%

Upper bound = 167340.87, equivalent rate = 51.45%

Buy and hold = 2012.71, equivalent rate = 7.00 %

Predictor = 2620.28, equivalent rate = 9.64%

With predictor from the first decade

Investment results obtained:

Bank rate = 1349.7, equivalent rate = 3%

Upper bound = 167340.87, equivalent rate = 51.45%

Buy and hold = 2012.71, equivalent rate = 7.00 %

Predictor = 1475.54, equivalent rate = 3.89 %

Advanced Problem

(g)

In addition to the maximum gain, we also compute the gain with predictor from the first decade. We use this predictor across all data as a rule of thumb for our optimization.

We split the data into 8 pieces and the first seven of them are 520 weeks of data. We compute predictors for each block of data and the gain of using this kind of approach compared with using only the predictor from the first decade. Obviously, we see some improvement here. Detailed implementation can be shown from the code. With more blocks of data, we will likely approach the upper bound. So far, with 8 blocks of data, we can achieve half of the maximal gain.

Maximum Gain

Investment results obtained:

Bank rate = 10296.74, equivalent rate = 3%

Upper bound = 2.61e+19, equivalent rate = 48.84%

Buy and hold = 46337.26, equivalent rate = 4.93 %

Predictor from the first decade = 1.188e+19, equivalent rate = 47.81 %

Optimization

Predictor from the first decade = 1.343e+19, equivalent rate = 47.97 %

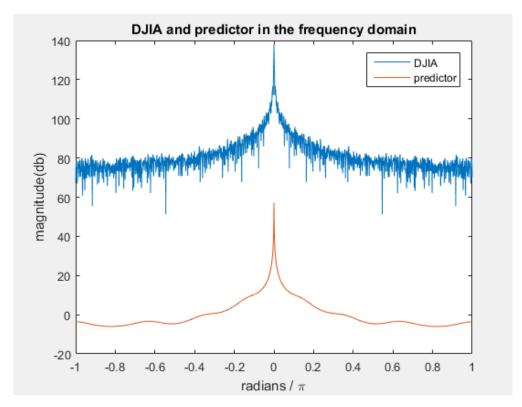
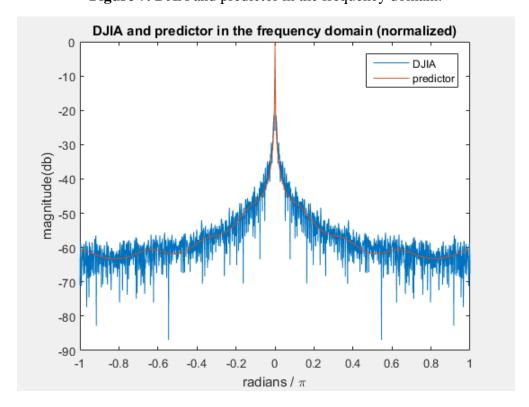


Figure 7. DJIA and predictor in the frequency domain.



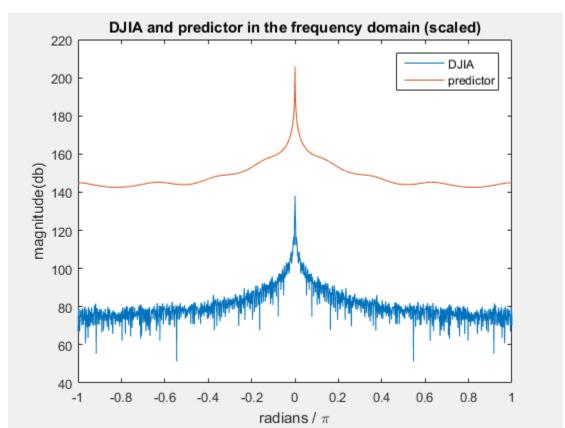


Figure 8. DJIA and predictor in the frequency domain (normalized).

Figure 8. DJIA and predictor in the frequency domain (scaled).

G = 26909420.638

Since we know e[n] = x[n] + sum(ak*x[n-k]), then we can write it in z-domain as E(z) = X(z)A(z). A(z) here is just 1/(1+sum(ak*e(-jwk))). When we try to find the scale factor, we are also multiply X(z) with A(z) and the result is of course E(z) which is e[n] in the z-domain. With the Parseval's theorem, sum of square in the time domain is the same as the sum of square in the frequency domain. Then $E=sum(e[n].^2)$ should be equal to E(z) in the frequency domain.

MATLAB CODE

```
load('djiaw 2006.mat')
initial invest = 1000;
r = 0.03; % annual interest
interest = r/52; % weekly interest
weeks = 1:4044;
max weeks = length(weeks);
date = djiaw(:,1);
djia = djiaw(:,2);
N = 520;
%% a
figure
plot(date,djia)
datetick('x','yyyy-mmm-dd')
xlabel('date')
ylabel('Dow Jones Industrial Average')
title('Dow Jones Industrial Average on linear scale')
figure
semilogy(date,djia)
datetick('x','yyyy-mmm-dd')
xlabel('date')
ylabel('Dow Jones Industrial Average')
title('Dow Jones Industrial Average on semilog scale')
invest seq hold = initial invest;
invest seq interest = initial invest;
invest hold = initial invest;
invest interest = initial invest;
for i=1:max weeks-1
    invest hold = invest hold*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
    invest_interest = invest_interest*(1+interest);
    invest seq hold = [invest seq hold invest hold];
    invest seq interest = [invest seq interest invest interest];
end
invest interest = invest interest*(1+interest);
invest seq interest = [invest seq interest invest interest];
apr needed a = (nthroot(invest hold/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
응응 b
start week = 1;
x = djia(start week:N);
p = 3; r = 0;
[a, \sim, \sim, X] = covpred(x, p, r);
응응 C
xhat1 = -X*a(2:end);
e 1 = x(p+1+r:end) - xhat1;
xhat2 = -filter(a(2:end), 1, x(1:end));
xhat2 = xhat2(p+r:end-1);
e 2 = x(p+1+r:end) - xhat2;
E 1 = sum(abs(e 1).^2);
E 2 = sum(abs(e 2).^2);
figure
hold on
```

```
plot(date(p+1+r:N), xhat1, 'b--')
plot(date(p+1+r:N), xhat2, 'r-.')
plot(date(p+1+r:N), x(p+1+r:end))
datetick('x','yyyy-mmm-dd')
legend('xhat1','xhat2','actual')
title('prediction and actual values')
xlabel('date')
ylabel('Dow Jones Industrial Average')
figure
plot(date(p+1+r:N),e 1,'b--')
hold on
plot(date(p+1+r:N),e 2, 'r-.')
datetick('x','yyyy-mmm-dd')
legend('xhat1 error','xhat2 error')
title('xhat and xhat2 error')
xlabel('date')
ylabel('MSE')
응응 d
A = \{\}; E = []; r=0;
p arr=1:10;
start week = 1;
for i=p arr
    x = djia(start week:N);
    [a, \sim, \sim, X] = covpred(x, i, r);
    xhat1 = -X*a(2:end);
    e = x(i+1+r:end) - xhat1;
    A=[A \ a];
    E=[E; sum(abs(e).^2);];
end
figure
plot(p_arr,E,'*-');
title('Linear Prediction MSE vs order')
xlabel('order')
ylabel('MSE')
응응 e
p=10; r=0;
start week = 1;
x = djia(start week:N);
[a, \sim, \sim, \sim] = covpred(x, p, r);
X = [];
initial invest = 1000;
for w = 0:N-1
    pred = djia(w+p:-1:w+1);
    pred temp = - (pred')*(a(2:end));
    X = [X = pred temp];
invest_seq_hold_e = initial invest;
invest seq interest e = initial invest;
invest seq djia e = initial invest;
invest seq pred e = initial invest;
invest hold e = initial invest;
invest interest e = initial invest;
invest_djia_e = initial invest;
invest_pred_e = initial_invest;
for i=p+1:N+p
    invest hold e = invest hold e*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
```

```
invest interest e = invest interest e*(1+interest);
    if(invest djia e*djia(i)/djia(i-1)>invest djia e*(1+interest))
        invest djia e = invest djia e*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
    else
        invest djia e = invest djia e*(1+interest);
    end
    if(invest pred e*X e(i-p)/djia(i-1)>invest pred e*(1+interest))
        invest pred e = invest pred e*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
        invest pred e = invest pred e*(1+interest);
    end
    invest seq hold e = [invest seq hold e invest hold e];
    invest seq interest e = [invest seq interest e invest interest e];
    invest seq djia e = [invest seq djia e invest djia e];
    invest seq pred e = [invest seq pred e invest pred e];
end
apr needed hold e = (nthroot(invest hold e/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
apr needed interest e = (nthroot(invest interest e/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
apr needed djia e = (nthroot(invest djia e/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
apr needed pred e = (nthroot(invest pred e/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
응응 f
p=10; r=0;
start week = max weeks-N-p+1;
x = djia(start week:max weeks-p);
[a, ~, ~, ~] = covpred(x, p, r);
X f = [];
initial invest = 1000;
for w = max weeks-N-p:max weeks-p-1
    pred = djia(w+p:-1:w+1);
    pred temp = - (pred') * (a(2:end));
    X f = [X_f pred_temp];
invest seq hold f = initial invest;
invest seq interest f = initial invest;
invest seq djia f = initial invest;
invest_seq_pred_f = initial_invest;
invest hold f = initial invest;
invest_interest f = initial invest;
invest djia f = initial invest;
invest_pred_f = initial invest;
for i=max weeks-N+1:max weeks
    invest hold f = invest hold f*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
    invest_interest_f = invest_interest_f*(1+interest);
    if(invest djia f*djia(i)/djia(i-1)>invest djia f*(1+interest))
        invest djia f = invest djia f*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
        invest djia f = invest djia f*(1+interest);
    end
    if(invest pred f*X f(i-max weeks+N)/djia(i-1)>invest pred f*(1+interest))
        invest pred f = invest pred f*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
    else
        invest pred f = invest pred f*(1+interest);
    end
```

```
invest seq hold f = [invest seq hold f invest hold f];
    invest seq interest f = [invest seq interest f invest interest f];
    invest seq djia f = [invest seq djia f invest djia f];
    invest seq pred f = [invest seq pred f invest pred f];
end
apr needed hold f = (nthroot(invest hold f/initial invest, N) - 1) *52;
apr needed interest f = (nthroot(invest interest f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
apr needed djia f = (nthroot(invest djia f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
apr needed pred f = (nthroot(invest pred f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
응응 £2
% p=10;r=0;
% start week = 1;
% x = djia(start week:N);
% [a, \sim, \sim, \sim] = covpred(x, p, r);
% X f =[];
% initial_invest = 1000;
% for w = max weeks-N-p:max weeks-p-1
     pred = djia(w+p:-1:w+1);
      pred temp = - (pred') * (a(2:end));
      X f = [X f pred temp];
% end
% invest seq hold f = initial invest;
% invest_seq_interest_f = initial invest;
% invest seq djia f = initial invest;
% invest seq pred f = initial invest;
% invest hold f = initial_invest;
% invest interest f = initial invest;
% invest djia f = initial invest;
% invest pred f = initial invest;
% for i=max weeks-N+1:max weeks
용
      invest hold f = invest hold f*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
응
      invest interest f = invest interest f*(1+interest);
      if(invest djia f*djia(i)/djia(i-1)>invest djia f*(1+interest))
          invest djia f = invest djia f*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
응
응
      else
응
          invest djia f = invest djia f*(1+interest);
용
     end
      if (invest pred f*X f(i-max weeks+N)/djia(i-
1) > invest pred f*(1+interest))
          invest pred f = invest pred f*djia(i)/djia(i-1);
응
      else
응
          invest pred f = invest pred f*(1+interest);
응
     end
양
용
      invest seq hold f = [invest seq hold f invest hold f];
      invest seq interest f = [invest seq interest f invest interest f];
      invest seq djia_f = [invest_seq_djia_f invest_djia_f];
      invest seq pred f = [invest seq pred f invest pred f];
% end
% apr needed hold f = (nthroot(invest hold f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
% apr needed interest f = (nthroot(invest interest f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
% apr needed djia f = (nthroot(invest djia f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
% apr needed pred f = (nthroot(invest pred f/initial invest, N)-1)*52;
```

```
응응 g
p=10; r=0;
start week = 1;
x = djia(start week:N);
[a, \sim, \sim, \sim] = covpred(x, p, r);
X g = [];
initial invest = 1000;
for w = 0:max weeks-p
    pred = djia(w+p:-1:w+1);
    pred temp = - (pred')*(a(2:end));
    X_g = [X_g pred_temp];
end
X g = [djia(1:p-1)' X g];
invest seq hold g = initial invest;
invest seq interest g = initial invest;
invest seq djia g = initial invest;
invest seq pred g = initial invest;
invest hold g = initial invest;
invest_interest_g = initial_invest;
invest_djia_g = initial_invest;
invest_pred_g = initial invest;
for i=1:length(djia)-1
    invest hold g = invest hold g*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
    invest interest g = invest interest g*(1+interest);
    if(invest djia g*djia(i+1)/djia(i)>invest djia g*(1+interest))
        invest djia g = invest djia g*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
    else
        invest djia g = invest djia g*(1+interest);
    end
    if(invest pred g*X g(i+1)/djia(i)>invest pred g*(1+interest))
        invest pred g = invest pred g*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
    else
        invest pred g = invest pred g*(1+interest);
    end
    invest seq hold g = [invest seq hold g invest hold g];
    invest_seq_interest_g = [invest_seq_interest_g invest_interest_g];
    invest_seq_djia_g = [invest_seq_djia_g invest_djia_g];
    invest seq pred g = [invest seq pred g invest pred g];
apr needed hold g = (nthroot(invest hold g/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
apr needed interest g = (nthroot(invest interest g/initial invest, max weeks) -
apr needed djia g = (nthroot(invest djia g/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
apr needed pred g = (nthroot(invest pred g/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
p=10; r=0;
X = [];
k = floor(max weeks/N);
for i=1:k
    x = djia((i-1)*N+1:(i)*N);
    [a, ~, ~, ~] = covpred(x, p, r);
    for w = (i-1)*N:(i)*(N)-1
        pred = djia(w+p:-1:w+1);
```

```
pred temp = - (pred')*(a(2:end));
        X = [X pred_temp];
    end
end
start week = length(X)+1;
x = djia(start week:max weeks-p);
[a, \sim, \sim, \sim] = covpred(x, p, r);
for w = length(X):max weeks-p
    pred = djia(w+p:-1:w+1);
    pred temp = - (pred')*(a(2:end));
    X = [X \text{ pred temp}];
end
X = [djia(1:p-1)' X];
invest seq hold x = initial invest;
invest seq interest x = initial invest;
invest seq djia x = initial invest;
invest seq pred x = initial invest;
invest hold x = initial invest;
invest interest x = initial invest;
invest djia x = initial invest;
invest pred x = initial invest;
for i=1:length(djia)-1
    invest hold x = invest hold x*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
    invest interest x = invest interest x*(1+interest);
    if(invest djia x*djia(i+1)/djia(i)>invest djia x*(1+interest))
        invest djia x = invest djia x*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
        invest djia x = invest djia x*(1+interest);
    end
    if(invest pred x*X(i+1)/djia(i)>invest pred x*(1+interest))
        invest pred x = invest pred x*djia(i+1)/djia(i);
    else
        invest pred x = invest pred x*(1+interest);
    end
    invest seq hold x = [invest seq hold x invest hold x];
    invest_seq_interest_x = [invest_seq_interest_x invest_interest_x];
    invest seq djia x = [invest seq djia x invest djia x];
    invest seq pred x = [invest seq pred x invest pred x];
apr needed hold x = (nthroot(invest hold x/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
apr needed interest x = (nthroot(invest interest x/initial invest, max weeks) -
1) *52;
apr needed djia x = (nthroot(invest djia x/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
apr needed pred x = (nthroot(invest pred x/initial invest, max weeks)-1)*52;
응응 h
p = 10; r = 0;
[a, \sim, \sim, X] = covpred(djia, p, r);
xhat1 = -X*a(2:end);
e = djia(p+1+r:end) - xhat1;
[h,w] = freqz(1,a,max weeks/2);
h = [-h(end:-1:1);h];
w = [-w (end:-1:1); w];
G = sum(abs(e).^2);
```

```
dtft result = fft(djia);
X=fftshift(dtft result);
%% plot without scale
figure
plot(w/pi,20*log10(abs(X)))
hold on
plot(w/pi,20*log10(abs(h)))
xlabel('radians / \pi')
ylabel('magnitude(db)')
legend('DJIA','predictor')
title('DJIA and predictor in the frequency domain')
plot(w/pi,20*log10(abs(X)/max(abs(X))))
hold on
plot(w/pi,20*log10(abs(h)/max(abs(h))))
xlabel('radians / \pi')
ylabel('magnitude(db)')
legend('DJIA', 'predictor')
title('DJIA and predictor in the frequency domain (normalized)')
%% plot with scale
[h g, \sim] = freqz(G, a, max weeks/2);
h_g = [-h_g(end:-1:1);h_g];
figure
plot(w/pi,20*log10(abs(X)))
hold on
plot(w/pi,20*log10(abs(h g)))
xlabel('radians / \pi')
ylabel('magnitude(db)')
legend('DJIA', 'predictor')
title('DJIA and predictor in the frequency domain (scaled)')
```