03-Report

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1 Binary Heaps: Homework 2

1.1 Exercise 1

• By modifying the code written during the last lessons, provide an array-based implementation of binary heaps which avoids to swap the elements in the array A. (Hint: use two arrays, key pos and rev pos, of natural numbers reporting the position of the key of a node and the node corresponding to a given position, respectively)

Solution: By using the code and following the hint, void *key_pos added to struct of the binary_heap and after that to be able to avoid swapping memory, swap_keys are modified by using the defined array which is key_pos. Therefore all changes are made in key_pos not A.

1.2 Exercise 2

• Consider the next algorithm:

```
def Ex2 (A)
D ← build (A)
while ¬ is_empty (D)
    extract_min (D)
endwhile
enddef
```

where A is an array. Compute the time-complexity of the algorithm when:

- build, is_empty $\in \Theta(1)$, extract_min $\in \Theta(|D|)$ ';
- build $\in \Theta(|A|)$, is_empty $\in \Theta(1)$, extract_min $\in \mathcal{O}(\log n)$;

Solution: In the first case, D \leftarrow build (A) block will cost $\Theta(1)$ and while loop will be run |D| times. Since complexity of extract_min is $\Theta(|D|)$, overall complexity will be $\Theta(|D|^2)$

In the second case, D \leftarrow build (A) block will cost $\Theta(|A|)$ and again while loop will be run |D| times. However this time complexity of extract_min is $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$. So overall complexity will be upper bounded by the complexity of extract_min which is $\mathcal{O}(|D| \cdot \log n)$