Matthew Hurricane Disaster Images

In	[1:	
In	[1:	
			Looking at the heatmap, the model does not perform as well on 0s as on 1s considering on the diagonal, the 0s is darker. On the error plot, the column for class 1 is quite bright, which tells that many images get missclassified as 1s. The model performs less when only the last layer is fine-tuned with test set accuracy of 73.109% compared to 76.471% when more layers are fine-tuned.
In	[1:	
In	[1:	
			The dataset size is not a representative of how well the model performs. The highest test-set accuracies are not necessarily the largest dataset size
In	[1:	
In	[1:	
n	[72	2]:	<pre>fromfuture import absolute_import, division, print_function, unicode_literals</pre>
'n	[73	3]:	<pre>import tensorflow as tf</pre>
			tf.test.gpu_device_name()
ut	[73	3]:	1 1

```
In [74]: from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
         from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, Flatten, Dropout, MaxPooling2D
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
         import os
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [75]: import os
In [76]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
         Load data
```

```
In [77]: train_dir = 'data_matthew_hurricane/train'
    validation_dir = 'data_matthew_hurricane/validation'
    test_dir = 'data_matthew_hurricane/test'
In []:
```

```
In [78]: train_damaged_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, 'damaged') # directory with our training damaged pictur
train_undamaged_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, 'undamaged') # directory with our training undamaged
validation_damaged_dir = os.path.join(validation_dir, 'damaged') # directory with our validation
test_damaged_dir = os.path.join(test_dir, 'damaged') # directory with our test damaged pictures
test_undamaged_dir = os.path.join(test_dir, 'undamaged') # directory with our test undamaged pictur
In []:
```

Understand the data

Let's look at how many damaged and undamaged images are in the training and validation directory:

```
In [80]: print('total training damaged images:', num damaged tr)
         print('total training undamaged images:', num undamaged tr)
         print('total validation damaged images:', num damaged val)
         print('total validation undamaged images:', num undamaged val)
         print('total test damaged images:', num damaged ts)
         print('total test undamaged images:', num_undamaged_ts)
         print("--")
         print("Total training images:", total train)
         print("Total validation images:", total_val)
         print("Total test images:", total test)
         total training damaged images: 162
         total training undamaged images: 195
         total validation damaged images: 54
         total validation undamaged images: 66
         total test damaged images: 54
         total test undamaged images: 65
         Total training images: 357
         Total validation images: 120
         Total test images: 119
In [ ]:
```

```
In [81]: # set up variables
#batch_size = 8
#epochs = 5
#IMG_HEIGHT = 150
#IMG_WIDTH = 150

# VGG19, VGG16, Inception
#IMG_HEIGHT = 224
#IMG_WIDTH = 224
# inceptionV3
#IMG_HEIGHT = 299
#IMG_WIDTH = 299

IMG_HEIGHT = 331
IMG_WIDTH = 331
```

Data preparation

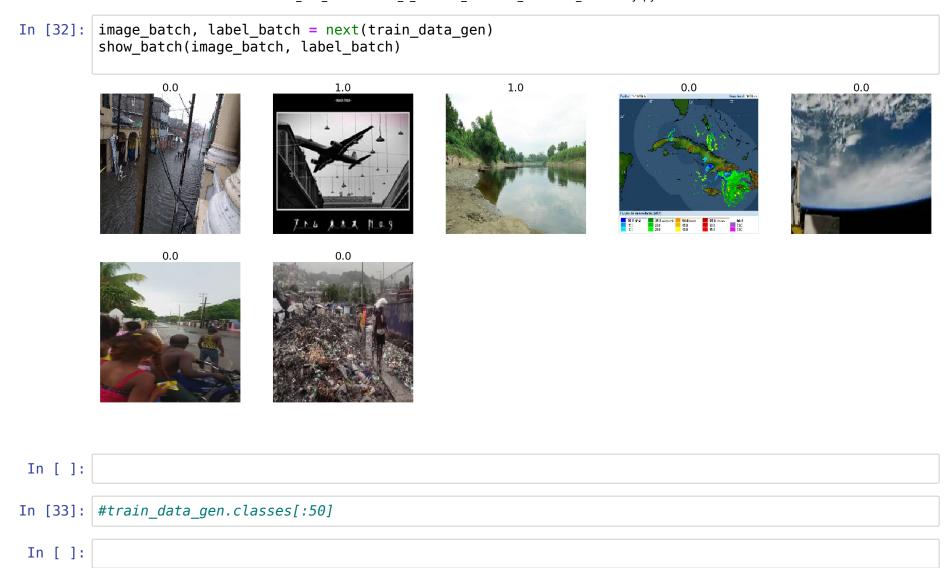
In [82]: train_image_generator = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255) # Generator for our training data
validation_image_generator = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255) # Generator for our validation data
test_image_generator = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255) # Generator for our test data

Found 357 images belonging to 2 classes.

Visualize training images

```
In [18]: sample_training_images, _ = next(train_data_gen)
In [19]: sample_training_images, labels = next(train_data_gen)
In [20]: labels
Out[20]: array([1., 0., 1., 0., 1., 1., 1.], dtype=float32)
In [21]: sample_training_images, labels = next(train_data_gen)
In [22]: labels
Out[22]: array([1., 0., 0., 1., 0., 1., 1., 0.], dtype=float32)
In []:
```

```
In [ ]:
In [23]: # This function will plot images in the form of a grid with 1 row and 5 columns where images are pla
         def plotImages(images arr):
             fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 5, figsize=(20,20))
             axes = axes.flatten()
             for img, ax in zip( images arr, axes):
                 ax.imshow(img)
                 ax.axis('off')
             plt.tight layout()
             plt.show()
In [24]: plotImages(sample training images[:5])
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [31]: def show batch(image batch, label batch):
           plt.figure(figsize=(40,40))
           for n in range(7):
               ax = plt.subplot(5,5,n+1)
               plt.imshow(image batch[n])
               #plt.title(CLASS NAMES[label_batch[n]==1][0].title())
               plt.title(label batch[n], fontdict={'fontsize':28})
               plt.axis('off')
```



localhost:8888/notebooks/CIS_890_ASSIGNMENT_6_Matthew_hurricane_DISASTER_IMAGES.ipynb#

Out[34]: array([0., 1., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.], dtype=float32)

In [34]: label_batch

In []:

In []:

```
In [ ]:

In [ ]:
```

NASNetLarge Pre-trained model

```
In [40]:
         from keras.applications.nasnet import NASNetLarge
         from keras.preprocessing import image
         from keras.applications.nasnet import preprocess input
In [ ]:
In [41]: from keras.models import Model
         from keras.layers import Dense, GlobalAveragePooling2D
In [ ]:
In [42]: from keras import optimizers
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [43]: from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
In [ ]:
In [44]: #callback = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=7)
         callback = EarlyStopping(monitor='val acc', patience=7, restore best weights=True)
In [ ]:
```

In []:

In [45]: base_model = NASNetLarge(weights='imagenet', include_top=False)

WARNING: Logging before flag parsing goes to stderr.

W1127 15:03:26.254996 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:66: The name tf.get_default_graph is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get_default_graph instead.

W1127 15:03:26.256468 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:541: The name tf.placehol der is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder instead.

W1127 15:03:26.270941 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4479: The name tf.truncated_normal is deprecated. Please use tf.random.truncated_normal instead.

W1127 15:03:26.298656 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:190: The name tf.get_defa ult_session is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get_default_session instead.

W1127 15:03:26.299962 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:197: The name tf.ConfigPr oto is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto instead.

W1127 15:03:26.374157 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:2041: The name tf.nn.fuse d batch norm is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.nn.fused batch norm instead.

W1127 15:03:26.834433 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4267: The name tf.nn.max_pool is deprecated. Please use tf.nn.max_pool2d instead.

W1127 15:03:26.965792 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4271: The name tf.nn.avg_pool is deprecated. Please use tf.nn.avg_pool2d instead.

In []:

In []:	
In []:	
In [44]:	<pre>rmsprop = optimizers.RMSprop(lr=0.00001, rho=0.9)</pre>
In []:	
In []:	
In []:	

```
In [52]: # add a global spatial average pooling layer
         x = base model.output
         x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
         # let's add a fully-connected layer
         x = Dense(1024, activation='relu')(x)
         # and a logistic layer -- let's say we have 200 classes
         predictions = Dense(2, activation='softmax')(x)
         # this is the model we will train
         model NasNet = Model(inputs=base model.input, outputs=predictions)
         # first: train only the top layers (which were randomly initialized)
         # i.e. freeze all convolutional InceptionV3 layers
         for layer in base model.layers:
             layer.trainable = False
         # compile the model (should be done *after* setting layers to non-trainable)
         #model NasNet.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='sparse categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accurad
         model NasNet.compile(optimizer=rmsprop, loss='sparse categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         NameError
         <ipython-input-52-a15c1bf0bbfa> in <module>
              20
              21
         ---> 22 model NasNet.compile(optimizer=rmsprop, loss='sparse categorical crossentropy', metrics=['a
         ccuracy'1)
         NameError: name 'rmsprop' is not defined
```

```
In [46]: history NasNet = model NasNet.fit generator(
    train data gen,
    steps per epoch=total train // batch size,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=val data gen,
    validation steps=total val // batch size,
    #callbacks=[callback, cp callback]
    callbacks=[callback]
   Epoch 1/30
   0 - val acc: 0.5333
   Epoch 2/30
   5 - val acc: 0.5667
   Epoch 3/30
   4 - val acc: 0.5750
   Epoch 4/30
   0 - val acc: 0.5833
   Epoch 5/30
   1 - val acc: 0.6083
   Epoch 6/30
   8 - val acc: 0.5750
   Epoch 7/30
   2 - val acc: 0.6167
   Epoch 8/30
   1 - val acc: 0.6000
   Epoch 9/30
   2 - val acc: 0.6333
   Epoch 10/30
   9 - val acc: 0.6333
   Epoch 11/30
```

```
1 - val acc: 0.6250
Epoch 12/30
1 - val acc: 0.6667
Epoch 13/30
3 - val acc: 0.6667
Epoch 14/30
8 - val acc: 0.6917
Epoch 15/30
3 - val acc: 0.6667
Epoch 16/30
6 - val acc: 0.6917
Epoch 17/30
0 - val acc: 0.6417
Epoch 18/30
0 - val acc: 0.7083
Epoch 19/30
4 - val acc: 0.6917
Epoch 20/30
2 - val acc: 0.7333
Epoch 21/30
1 - val acc: 0.6750
Epoch 22/30
7 - val acc: 0.6750
Epoch 23/30
0 - val acc: 0.6833
Epoch 24/30
0 - val acc: 0.6833
Epoch 25/30
3 - val acc: 0.7000
```

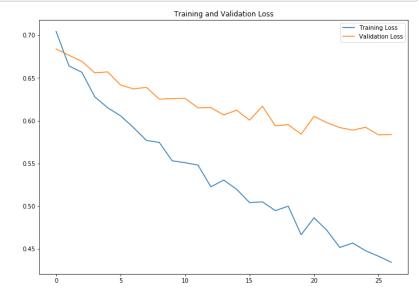
```
Epoch 26/30
     5 - val acc: 0.7083
     Epoch 27/30
     7 - val acc: 0.7000
In [ ]:
In [35]: # Save the entire model to a HDF5 file
     #model NasNet.save('data matthew hurricane/NasNet model matthew.h5')
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```

In [90]:	<pre>#model_NasNet.load_weights('data_matthew_hurricane/NasNet_model_matthew.h5')</pre>
	<pre>model_NasNet = tf.keras.models.load_model('data_matthew_hurricane/NasNet_model_matthew.h5')</pre>
	W1201 22:09:15.986403 140257391912768 deprecation.py:573] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda3/envs/d l/lib/python3.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/util/deprecation.py:507: calling VarianceScalinginit (from tensorflow.python.ops.init_ops) with distribution=normal is deprecated and will be rem oved in a future version. Instructions for updating: `normal` is a deprecated alias for `truncated_normal` W1201 22:09:16.024657 140257391912768 deprecation.py:506] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda3/envs/d l/lib/python3.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/init_ops.py:1251: calling VarianceScalinginit (from tensorflow.python.ops.init_ops) with dtype is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating:
	Call initializer instance with the dtype argument instead of passing it to the constructor
In []:	
In []:	

Visualize NasNetLarge model

```
In [48]: | acc = history NasNet.history['acc']
         val acc = history NasNet.history['val acc']
         loss = history NasNet.history['loss']
         val loss = history NasNet.history['val loss']
         epochs range = range(27)
         plt.figure(figsize=(25, 8))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.plot(epochs_range, acc, label='Training Accuracy')
         plt.plot(epochs range, val acc, label='Validation Accuracy')
         plt.legend(loc='lower right')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.plot(epochs range, loss, label='Training Loss')
         plt.plot(epochs_range, val_loss, label='Validation Loss')
         plt.legend(loc='upper right')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
         plt.show()
```





Evaluation of NasNet model accuracy on test data

Let's compare how the model performs on the test dataset

Make predictions on test data

Let's make predictions on some images

```
In [93]: test_data_gen.class_indices
 Out[93]: {'damaged': 0, 'undamaged': 1}
 In [94]: predictions = model_NasNet.predict_generator(test_data_gen)
 In [95]: true labels = test data gen.classes
 In [96]: predictions[0]
 Out[96]: array([0.07792758, 0.9220724 ], dtype=float32)
 In [97]: np.argmax(predictions[0])
 Out[97]: 1
 In [98]: test data gen.classes[0]
 Out[98]: 0
 In [99]: predictions[-1]
 Out[99]: array([0.5423339 , 0.45766613], dtype=float32)
In [100]: np.argmax(predictions[-1])
Out[100]: 0
In [101]: test data gen.classes[-1]
Out[101]: 1
  In [ ]:
```

Confusion Matrix

```
In [ ]:
In [106]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
In [107]: print(cm)
          [[16 38]
           [27 38]]
 In [ ]:
          plt.matshow(cm, cmap=plt.cm.gray)
In [108]:
          plt.show()
                   0
                                 1
           1
 In [ ]:
```

Plot on Errors

```
In [109]: row_sums = cm.sum(axis=1, keepdims=True)
norm_cm = cm / row_sums
```

```
In [ ]:
In [110]:
          np.fill_diagonal(norm_cm, 0)
          plt.matshow(norm_cm, cmap=plt.cm.gray)
          plt.show()
                                 1
           1 -
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
```

Confusion Matrix Heat Map

Classification report of NasNet on test set

```
In [586]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
In [587]: print(classification report(y true, y pred))
                         precision
                                       recall f1-score
                                                          support
                                        0.62
                      0
                              0.61
                                                   0.62
                                                              274
                              0.42
                                        0.41
                                                   0.41
                      1
                                                              182
                                                   0.54
                                                              456
               accuracy
                              0.52
                                        0.52
                                                   0.52
                                                              456
             macro avq
                              0.54
                                        0.54
                                                   0.54
          weighted avg
                                                              456
  In [ ]:
  In [ ]:
  In [ ]:
  In [ ]:
  In [ ]:
```

Fine-tuning more layers in NASNetLarge

```
In [46]: from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
In [47]: checkpoint_path = "NasNet/cp_2.ckpt"
    checkpoint_dir = os.path.dirname(checkpoint_path)
In [48]: # Create a callback that save the model's weights
    cp_callback = tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath=checkpoint_path, save_weights_only=True, verifications)
```

```
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [49]: #callback = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=7)
         callback = EarlyStopping(monitor='val acc', patience=7, restore best weights=True)
In [ ]:
In [50]: for i, layer in enumerate(base model.layers):
             print(i, layer.name)
         18 activation b
         19 separable conv 2 bn reduction left1 stem 1
         20 separable conv 2 bn reduction right1 stem 1
         21 separable_conv_1_pad_reduction right2 stem 1
         22 activation 8
         23 reduction add 1 stem 1
         24 separable conv 1 reduction right2 stem 1
         25 separable_conv_1_pad_reduction_right3_stem_1
         26 activation 10
         27 separable conv 1 bn reduction right2 stem 1
         28 separable conv 1 reduction right3 stem 1
         29 separable conv 1 reduction left4 stem 1
         30 activation 7
         31 separable conv 1 bn reduction right3 stem 1
         32 separable_conv_1_bn_reduction_left4_stem_1
         33 reduction pad 1 stem 1
         34 separable conv 2 reduction right2 stem 1
         35 activation 9
         36 activation 11
         37 reduction_left2_stem_1
In [ ]:
```

```
In [53]: # we chose to train blocks, i.e. we will freeze
    # the first 249 layers and unfreeze the rest:
    for layer in model_NasNet.layers[:1031]:
        layer.trainable = False
    for layer in model_NasNet.layers[1031:]:
        layer.trainable = True
In []:
```

```
In [54]: # we need to recompile the model for these modifications to take effect
# we use SGD with a low learning rate
from keras.optimizers import SGD
model_NasNet.compile(optimizer=SGD(lr=0.0001, momentum=0.9), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
```

W1127 15:04:49.212616 140257391912768 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda 3/envs/dl/lib/python3.7/site-packages/keras/optimizers.py:793: The name tf.train.Optimizer is depre cated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.Optimizer instead.

```
In [55]: # we train our model again (this time fine-tuning the top 2 inception blocks
     # alongside the top Dense layers
     history NasNet 2 = model NasNet.fit generator(
       train data gen,
       steps per epoch=total train // batch size,
       epochs=15,
       callbacks=[callback],
       validation data=val data gen,
       validation steps=total val // batch size
     W1127 15:04:50.373790 140257391912768 deprecation.py:323] From /home/demolakstate/anaconda3/envs/d
     l/lib/python3.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math grad.py:1250: add dispatch support.<locals
     >.wrapper (from tensorflow.python.ops.array ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future vers
     ion.
     Instructions for updating:
     Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where
     Epoch 1/15
     45 - val acc: 0.5833
     Epoch 2/15
     18 - val acc: 0.6417
     Epoch 3/15
     80 - val acc: 0.6833
     Epoch 4/15
     65 - val acc: 0.6750
     Epoch 5/15
     58 - val acc: 0.6750
     Epoch 6/15
     84 - val acc: 0.6583
     Epoch 7/15
     31 - val acc: 0.6833
     Epoch 8/15
     44 - val acc: 0.6500
     Epoch 9/15
```

```
63 - val acc: 0.7167
Epoch 10/15
23 - val acc: 0.6583
Epoch 11/15
44 - val acc: 0.6667
Epoch 12/15
06 - val acc: 0.6667
Epoch 13/15
50 - val acc: 0.6833
Epoch 14/15
33 - val acc: 0.7000
Epoch 15/15
45 - val acc: 0.6917
```