

МГТУ им. БАУМАНА

ЛАБОРАТОРНАЯ РАБОТА №6

По курсу: "ОПЕРАЦИОННЫЕ СИСТЕМЫ"

**Реализация монитора Хоара
«Читатели-писатели» под ОС
Windows.**

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0.1 Листинг кода алгоритмов

Листинг 1: Реализация монитора Хоара

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdbool.h>
3 #include <windows.h>
4
5 #define READERS 5
6 #define WRITERS 3
7 #define WRITERS_ITTER 4
8 #define SLEEP_TIME 200
9 #define READER_BORDER "\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"
10
11 HANDLE writers[WRITERS];
12 HANDLE readers[READERS];
13
14 HANDLE mutex;
15 HANDLE can_read;
16 HANDLE can_write;
17 volatile LONG waiting_writers = 0;
18 volatile LONG waiting_readers = 0;
19 volatile LONG active_readers = 0;
20 bool is_writer_active = false;
21
22 int value = 0;
23
24 void start_read(void) {
25     InterlockedIncrement(&waiting_readers);
26     if (is_writer_active || WaitForSingleObject(can_write, 0) == WAIT_OBJECT_0) {
27         WaitForSingleObject(can_read, INFINITE);
28     }
29
30     WaitForSingleObject(mutex, INFINITE);
31
32     InterlockedDecrement(&waiting_readers);
33     InterlockedIncrement(&active_readers);
34
35     SetEvent(can_read);
36
37     ReleaseMutex(mutex);
38 }
39
40 void stop_read(void) {
41     InterlockedDecrement(&active_readers);
42
43     if (waiting_readers == 0) {
44         SetEvent(can_write);
45     }
46 }
47
48 void start_write(void) {
49     InterlockedIncrement(&waiting_writers);
50     if (active_readers > 0 || WaitForSingleObject(can_read, 0) == WAIT_OBJECT_0) {
51         WaitForSingleObject(can_write, INFINITE);
52     }
53
54     WaitForSingleObject(mutex, INFINITE);
55
56     InterlockedDecrement(&waiting_writers);
57     InterlockedIncrement(&active_writers);
58
59     SetEvent(can_write);
60
61     ReleaseMutex(mutex);
62 }
63
64 void stop_write(void) {
65     InterlockedDecrement(&active_writers);
66
67     if (waiting_writers == 0) {
68         SetEvent(can_read);
69     }
70 }
71
72 int main(void) {
73     srand(time(NULL));
74     mutex = CreateMutex(NULL, FALSE, NULL);
75     can_read = CreateEvent(NULL, TRUE, FALSE, NULL);
76     can_write = CreateEvent(NULL, TRUE, FALSE, NULL);
77
78     for (int i = 0; i < WRITERS; i++) {
79         writers[i] = CreateThread(NULL, 0, start_write, (void*)i, 0, NULL);
80     }
81
82     for (int i = 0; i < READERS; i++) {
83         readers[i] = CreateThread(NULL, 0, start_read, (void*)i, 0, NULL);
84     }
85
86     Sleep(SLEEP_TIME);
87
88     for (int i = 0; i < WRITERS; i++) {
89         WaitForSingleObject(writers[i], INFINITE);
90     }
91
92     for (int i = 0; i < READERS; i++) {
93         WaitForSingleObject(readers[i], INFINITE);
94     }
95
96     printf("Final Value: %d\n", value);
97     return 0;
98 }

```

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45     }
46 }
47
48 DWORD WINAPI reader(LPVOID lpParams) {
49     while (value < 3 * WRITERS_ITTER) {
50         start_read();
51         printf(READER_BORDER"Reader #%ld; read value: %d\n", (int) lpParams,↵
                    value);
52         stop_read();
53         Sleep(SLEEP_TIME);
54     }
55
56     return EXIT_SUCCESS;
57 }
58
59 void start_write(void) {
60     InterlockedIncrement(&waiting_writers);
61     if (is_writer_active || active_readers > 0) {
62         WaitForSingleObject(can_write, INFINITE);
63     }
64
65     InterlockedDecrement(&waiting_writers);
66     is_writer_active = true;
67     ResetEvent(can_write);
68 }
69
70 void stop_write(void) {
71     is_writer_active = false;
72
73     if (!waiting_writers) {
74         SetEvent(can_read);
75     } else {
76         SetEvent(can_write);
77     }
78 }
79
80 DWORD WINAPI writer(LPVOID lpParams) {
81     int i = 0;
82     for (int i = 0; i < WRITERS_ITTER; ++i) {
83         start_write();
84
85         value++;
86         printf("Writer #%ld wrote value: %ld\n", (int) lpParams, value);
87
88         stop_write();
89         Sleep(SLEEP_TIME);
90     }
91
92     return EXIT_SUCCESS;

```

```

93 }
94
95 int init_handles(void) {
96     if ((mutex = CreateMutex(NULL, FALSE, NULL)) == NULL) {
97         perror("error while CreateMutex");
98         return EXIT_FAILURE;
99     }
100
101     if ((can_read = CreateEvent(NULL, TRUE, TRUE, NULL)) == NULL) {
102         perror("error while CreateEvent can_read");
103         return EXIT_FAILURE;
104     }
105     if ((can_write = CreateEvent(NULL, FALSE, TRUE, NULL)) == NULL) {
106         perror("error while CreateEvent can_write");
107         return EXIT_FAILURE;
108     }
109
110     return EXIT_SUCCESS;
111 }
112
113 int create_threads(HANDLE *threads, int threads_count, DWORD (*on_thread↵
    )(LPVOID)) {
114     for (int i = 0; i < threads_count; ++i) {
115         if ((threads[i] = CreateThread(NULL, 0, on_thread, (LPVOID) i, 0, ↵
            NULL)) == NULL) {
116             perror("error while CreateThread");
117             return EXIT_FAILURE;
118         }
119     }
120
121     return EXIT_SUCCESS;
122 }
123
124 int main(void) {
125     setbuf(stdout, NULL);
126
127     int rc = EXIT_SUCCESS;
128
129     if ((rc = init_handles()) != EXIT_SUCCESS
130         || (rc = create_threads(writers, WRITERS, writer)) != EXIT_SUCCESS
131         || (rc = create_threads(readers, READERS, reader)) != EXIT_SUCCESS) {
132         return rc;
133     }
134
135     WaitForMultipleObjects(WRITERS, writers, TRUE, INFINITE);
136     WaitForMultipleObjects(READERS, readers, TRUE, INFINITE);
137
138     CloseHandle(mutex);
139     CloseHandle(can_read);

```

```
140 CloseHandle(can_write);
141
142 return rc;
143 }
```

```
C:\Users\daniil.mokeyev\Desktop\operating-system\sem_5\lab06>main.exe
Writer #0 wrote value: 1
Reader #2; read value: 1
Reader #1; read value: 1
Reader #0; read value: 1
Writer #1 wrote value: 2
Reader #3; read value: 2
Reader #4; read value: 2
Writer #2 wrote value: 3
Writer #0 wrote value: 4
Reader #4; read value: 4
Writer #2 wrote value: 6
Reader #0; read value: 4
Reader #3; read value: 4
Reader #2; read value: 4
Writer #1 wrote value: 5
Reader #1; read value: 4
Reader #4; read value: 6
Writer #0 wrote value: 7
Writer #1 wrote value: 8
Reader #2; read value: 8
Reader #1; read value: 8
Reader #3; read value: 8
Reader #0; read value: 8
Writer #2 wrote value: 9
Reader #4; read value: 9
Writer #0 wrote value: 10
Reader #2; read value: 10
Reader #0; read value: 10
Reader #3; read value: 10
Reader #1; read value: 10
Writer #1 wrote value: 11
Writer #2 wrote value: 12
```

Рис. 1: Пример работы программы.