# CUSTOMER CHURN PREDICTION

#### **IMPORT DATA**

Dataset *customer churn* berisi 4250 sampel dan setiap sampel berisi 19 variabel dengan 1 variabel target.

```
df train.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4250 entries, 0 to 4249
Data columns (total 20 columns):
    Column
                                  Non-Null Count Dtype
    state
                                  4250 non-null
                                                 obiect
    account_length
                                  4250 non-null int64
                                  4250 non-null object
    area code
                                  4250 non-null object
    international plan
    voice mail plan
                                  4250 non-null object
                                  4250 non-null
   number vmail messages
                                               int64
    total day minutes
                                  4250 non-null float64
    total day calls
                                  4250 non-null
                                               int64
    total day charge
                                  4250 non-null float64
    total eve minutes
                                  4250 non-null float64
10 total eve calls
                                  4250 non-null
                                               int64
11 total eve charge
                                  4250 non-null float64
12 total night minutes
                                  4250 non-null float64
13 total night calls
                                  4250 non-null int64
14 total night charge
                                  4250 non-null float64
15 total_intl_minutes
                                 4250 non-null float64
16 total intl calls
                                  4250 non-null int64
17 total intl charge
                                  4250 non-null float64
18 number customer service calls 4250 non-null int64
19 churn
                                  4250 non-null object
dtypes: float64(8), int64(7), object(5)
memory usage: 664.2+ KB
```

Melakukan import data *training* dan data *testing* ke dalam *workspace* dan menampilkan bentuk dari *dataset* tersebut.

### **Data Training**

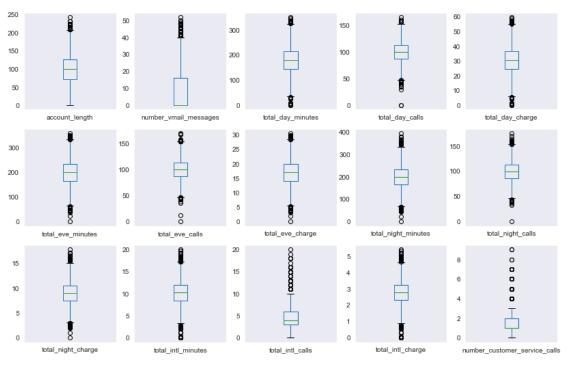
	state	$account\_length$	area_code	international_plan	voice_mail_plan	number_vmail_messages	total_day_minutes	total_day_calls	total_day_charge	total
0	ОН	107	area_code_415	no	yes	26	161.6	123	27.47	
1	NJ	137	area_code_415	no	no	0	243.4	114	41.38	
2	OH	84	area_code_408	yes	no	0	299.4	71	50.90	
3	OK	75	area_code_415	yes	no	0	166.7	113	28.34	
4	MA	121	area_code_510	no	yes	24	218.2	88	37.09	
4245	MT	83	area_code_415	по	no	0	188.3	70	32.01	
4246	WV	73	area_code_408	no	no	0	177.9	89	30.24	
4247	NC	75	area_code_408	no	no	0	170.7	101	29.02	
4248	HI	50	area_code_408	no	yes	40	235.7	127	40.07	
4249	VT	86	area_code_415	по	yes	34	129.4	102	22.00	
1250 ro	we v 20	columne								

#### **Data Testing**

	id	state	account_length	area_code	international_plan	voice_mail_plan	number_vmail_messages	total_day_minutes	total_day_calls	total_day_charge
0	1	KS	128	area_code_415	no	yes	25	265.1	110	45.07
1	2	AL	118	area_code_510	yes	no	0	223.4	98	37.98
2	3	IA	62	area_code_415	no	no	0	120.7	70	20.52
3	4	VT	93	area_code_510	no	no	0	190.7	114	32.42
4	5	NE	174	area_code_415	no	no	0	124.3	76	21.13
745	746	GA	130	area_code_415	no	no	0	119.4	99	20.30
746	747	WA	73	area_code_408	no	no	0	177.2	118	30.12
747	748	WV	152	area_code_415	no	no	0	184.2	90	31.31
748	749	DC	61	area_code_415	no	no	0	140.6	89	23.90
749	750	DC	109	area_code_510	no	no	0	188.8	67	32.10
750 rd	ws ×	20 colum	nns							

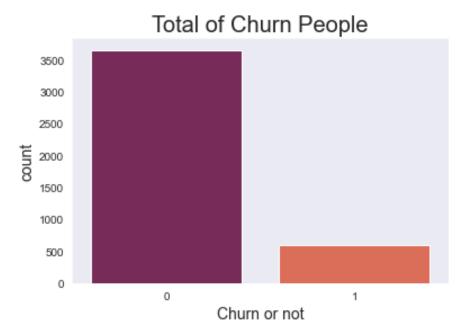
# **EXPLANATORY DATA ANALYSIS**

#### Deteksi dan Visualisasi Outliers



#### **EXPLANATORY DATA ANALYSIS**

# Target Variable : Churn



Dapat dilihat bahwa dataset terindikasi memiliki ketidak seimbangan karena jumlah tidak churn lebih banyak daripada jumlah churn.

#### DATA PREPROCESSING

- Melakukan pengecekan missing value, tidak terdapat missing value.
- Menghapus kolom dari data 'state' dan 'area\_code' karena tidak diikutsertakan dalam pemodelan.
- Mengubah tipe data yang masih berbentuk kategorik dalam bentuk numerik, yaitu data 'voice\_mail\_plan' dan 'international\_plan'.
- Melakukan korelasi data.
- Melakukan scaling data dengan Min-max Scaler.

																				_\		
inter voice numbe	ernational_plan :e_mail_plan			account_length international_plan voice_mail_plan number_vmail_messages			0 0 0 0			in['vo: in['in	ice_mai	il_pla	n']=df_ plan']=							orts)		
total				0			accour	nt_leng	th in	ternat	ional_	plan	voice_n	nail_pl	lan nu	mber_v	mail_m	essages				
total	_eve_m:	inutes			0		0		1	07			0			1			26			
	_eve_ca eve_ca				9		1		1	37			0			0			0			
	_eve_ci _night		es		0		-															
	_night				0		2			84			1			0			0			
	_night _intl n				9		3			75			1			0			0			
total	_intl_0	calls			0		4		1	21			0			1			24			
	_intl_0 r custo			calle	9																	
churn	_	ollier_s	ervice	_calls	. 0																	
dtype	: int6	4					4245			83			0			0			0			
total_night_charge total_intl_minutes total_intl_calls total_intl_charge mber_customer_service_calls	-0.0066 -0.0016 0.023 -0.0016 -0.01 0.0055 -0.01 -0.0099 -0.0018 -0.0099 0.0045 0.014 0.0045	1 0.00071 0.0048 0.04 0.0098 0.04 0.023 -0.003 -0.021 0.0072 -0.021 0.024 0.007 0.024 -0.0089	0.95 -0.00065 -0.01 -0.00066 0.012 0.0026 0.012 0.018 0.0079 0.018 0.0081 -0.0057 0.0081 -0.0022	0.0048 0.95 1 0.002 -0.0069 0.002 0.011 0.0036 0.011 0.018 0.002 0.018 0.0052 0.0066 0.0052 -0.015	0.04 0.00065 0.002 1 0.00075 1 -0.013 0.006 -0.013 0.01 -0.0048 0.01 -0.021 0.0039 -0.021 -0.0029	0.0098 5 -0.01 -0.0069 0.00075 1 0.00075 0.0087 0.0087 0.0087 0.0022 -0.0048 0.0022 0.0088 0.0094 0.0089 -0.016	0.04 -0.00066 0.002 1 0.00075 1 -0.013 0.006 -0.013 0.01 -0.0048 0.01 -0.021 0.0039 -0.021	0.023 0.012 0.011 -0.013 0.0087 -0.013 1 0.0031 1 -0.014 0.012 -0.014 -0.0035 0.012 -0.0035 -0.01	-0.003 0.00026 0.0036 0.006 0.0037 0.006 0.0031 1 0.0084 -0.012 0.0084 -0.013 0.0049 -0.013 0.007	0.023 0.012 0.011 -0.013 0.0087 -0.013 1 0.0031 1 -0.014 0.012 -0.014 -0.0035 0.012 -0.0035 -0.01	0.018 0.018 0.01 0.0022 0.01 -0.014 0.0084 -0.014 1 -0.024 1 -0.00011 -0.024 -4.7e-05 -0.014	0.0072 0.0079 0.002 -0.0048 -0.0048 -0.0048 0.012 -0.012 0.024 1 0.024 0.0011 0.0039 0.0011 -0.0089	-0.021 0.018 0.01 0.0022 0.01 -0.014 0.0084 -0.014 1 0.024 1 -0.0001 -0.024 -3.7e-05 -0.014	0.024 0.0081 0.0052 -0.021 0.0088 -0.021 -0.0035 -0.0035 0.00011 -0.0001 1 0.019 1 -0.014	0.007 -0.0057 0.0066 0.0039 0.0094 0.0039 0.012 0.0049 0.012 -0.024 0.0039 -0.024 0.019 1	0.0081 0.0052 -0.021 0.0089 -0.021 -0.0035 -0.013 -0.0035 -4.7e-05 0.0011 -3.7e-05 1 0.019	-0.0089 -0.022 -0.015 -0.0029 -0.016 -0.0029 -0.01 -0.001 -0.014 -0.0089 -0.014 -0.015 -0.014	0.019 0.26 -0.11 -0.1 0.22 0.012 0.22 0.079 -0.0068 0.079 0.047 -0.013 0.047 0.055 -0.034 0.055 0.22		- 0. - 0. - 0. - 0. 0. 		
churn	account_length 0.019	international_plan 90.0	voice_mail_plan	r_vmail_messages .0	total_day_minutes	total_day_calls 0.0	total_day_charge 75.0	total_eve_minutes 0.0	total_eve_calls 00	total_eve_charge 0.00	otal_night_minutes 0.0	total_night_calls 00	total_night_charge 0.0	total_intl_minutes 0.0	total_intl_calls 0.0	total_intl_charge 0.0	omer_service_calls	churn		L		

### **MODELLING**

# Tahap 1 – Pembuatan Model

- K-Nearest Neighbor (KNN)
- 2. Decision Tree
- 3. Random Forest

# Tahap 2 – Meningkatkan Performa Model

- 1. Mencari model terbaik dengan *Randomized Search CV*
- 2. Mencari parameter terbaik dengan *Grid Search CV*

# **MODELLING RESULT**

# <u>Tahap 1 – Pembuatan Model</u>

Classifier	Accuracy	Precision	Recall
K-Nearest Neighbor (KNN)	90%	75%	40%
Decision Tree	92%	71%	72%
Random Forest	96%	97%	75%

Pada tahap ini, model yang direkomendasikan adalah *Random Forest* dengan *accuracy* : 0.90, *precision* : 0.97, dan *recall* : 0.75.

KNN:92.31				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.92	0.98	0.95	925
1	0.75	0.40	0.52	138
accuracy			0.90	1063
macro avg	0.83	0.69	0.73	1063
weighted avg	0.90	0.90	0.89	1063
DT:100.0				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.96	0.96	925
1	0.71	0.72	0.71	138
accuracy			0.92	1063
macro avg	0.83	0.84	0.83	1063
weighted avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	1063
RF:99.97				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	1.00	0.98	925
1	0.97	0.75	0.84	138
accuracy			0.96	1063
macro avg	0.97	0.87	0.91	1063
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	1063
	0.50	0.50	0.50	1000

#### **MODELLING RESULT**

### <u>Tahap 2 – Meningkatkan Performa Model</u>

• Pada tahap ini dilakukan pencarian model terbaik menggunakan *Randomized* Search CV dan Grid Search CV berdasarkan hasil Tahap 1 dimana model terbaiknya adalah *Random Forest*.

▼ RandomForestClassifier									
RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=False, max_depth=60, min_samples_split=5, n_estimators=600)									
RF:97.4 precision recall f1-score support									

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	1.00	0.98	925
1	0.97	0.73	0.83	138
accuracy			0.96	1063
macro avg	0.97	0.86	0.91	1063
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	1063

• Dari proses pemodelan yang dilakukan, rekomendasi yang digunakan adalah Random Forest menggunakan max\_depth = 60, min\_samples\_split = 5, dan n\_estimator = 600 dengan accuracy: 0.96, precision: 0.97, dan recall: 0.73.

#### FINAL RESULT

• Berdasarkan pemodelan yang telah dilakukan dengan menggunakan KNN, *Decision Tree*, dan *Random Forest*, maka dapat disimpulkan untuk memprediksi *churn* dengan menggunakan dataset ini model terbaiknya adalah menggunakan *Random Forest*.