Summary of Short-term Research Objectives

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1 Model Specification

Let L be a K-dimensional Bernoulli random variable denoting the true state. Consider the general log linear model:

$$f(l;\Theta) = \exp\{\Theta_1^T l + \Theta_2^T u_2 + \ldots + \Theta_K^T u_K - A(\Theta)\}\$$

where U_k is a $\binom{K}{k} \times 1$ vector of k-way cross-products, $k = 1, \ldots, K$, and $\Theta = (\Theta_1, \ldots, \Theta_K)$ contains the the natural parameters, which is a $(2^K - 1) \times 1$ vector.

Model restrictions, let $\tilde{l} = (l, u_2, \dots, u_K)^T$, and $S = \sum_{j=1}^K L_j = s$ has some fixed pmf

$$\pi(s) = \frac{1}{A} \sum_{\tilde{l}:S=s} \exp\{\Theta^T \tilde{l}\}, \ s = 0, 1, \dots, K$$
 (1)

$$A = \sum_{\tilde{l}: l \in \{0,1\}^K} \exp\{\Theta^T \tilde{l}\}$$
 (2)

2 Research Objectives

Consider using the QE model, observed data are \tilde{l}_i , $i=1,\ldots,n$ and \tilde{s}_i , $i=n+1,\ldots,n+m$, what is the MLE of θ ?

$$P(\theta; \tilde{L}_n, \tilde{S}_m) = \frac{1}{A^n} \prod_{i=1}^n \exp[\theta^T \tilde{l}_i] \frac{1}{A^m} \prod_{i=n+1}^{n+m} \left\{ \sum_{j: \tilde{l}_j^T 1 = s_i} \exp[\theta^T \tilde{l}_j] \right\}$$
$$\log P(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n \theta^T \tilde{l}_i + \sum_{i=n+1}^{n+m} \log \left\{ \sum_{j: \tilde{l}_j^T 1 = s_i} \exp[\theta^T \tilde{l}_j] \right\} - (n+m) \log A$$