

MX28 芯片下 Linux-2.6.35 移植步骤

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有关于 linux 的移植资料，因篇幅问题，自行在网上寻找，这里详细记录 linux 内核移植到 freescale mx28 芯片的配置修改步骤，其中需要添加的文件自行去移植好的源文件查看。

1、下载 linux-2.6.35。 <http://git.freescale.com/git/cgit.cgi>

2、进入文件目录下 Makefile 文件，修改运行平台和交叉编译工具链路径，或编写脚本直接执行

```
# Note: Some architectures assign CROSS_COMPILE in their arch/*/M
export KBUILD_BUILDHOST := $(SUBARCH)
ARCH           ?= $(SUBARCH)
CROSS_COMPILE  ?= $(CONFIG_CROSS_COMPILE: "%"=%)
```

改为:

```
# Note: Some architectures assign CROSS_COMPILE in their arch/*/Makefile
export KBUILD_BUILDHOST := $(SUBARCH)
1 ARCH           ?= arm
2 CROSS_COMPILE  ?= /usr/local/arm-fsl-linux-gnueabi/bin/arm-fsl-linux-gnueabi-
3
```

编写的脚本为:

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 export ARCH=arm
4 export CROSS_COMPILE=/usr/local/arm-fsl-linux-gnueabi/bin/arm-fsl-linux-gnueabi-
5 make clean
6 make mx28evk_defconfig
7 make uImage
```

3、板级依赖文件在 arch/arm/目录下，配置文件在 arch/arm/configs/下

4、用的板子是周立功的 EasyARM-iMX28，选择 mach-mx28 进行修改。

5、在 arch/arm/mach-mx28/device.c 中

(1)删除或注释 mxs_mmc_hw_init_ssp0（）中部分代码

```
1  #if 0
2      /* Configure write protect GPIO pin */
3      ret = gpio_request(MMC0_WP, "mmc0_wp");
4      if (ret)
5          goto out_wp;
6
7      gpio_set_value(MMC0_WP, 0);
8      gpio_direction_input(MMC0_WP);
9
10     /* Configure POWER pin as gpio to drive power to MMC slot */
11     ret = gpio_request(MMC0_POWER, "mmc0_power");
12     if (ret)
13         goto out_power;
14
15     gpio_direction_output(MMC0_POWER, 0);
16     mdelay(100);
17
18     return 0;
19
20 out_power:
21     gpio_free(MMC0_WP);
22 out_wp:
23 #endif
```

(2) 删除或注释 mxs_mmc_hw_release_ssp0（）中代码

```
static void mxs_mmc_hw_release_ssp0(void)
{
    //      gpio_free(MMC0_POWER);
    //      gpio_free(MMC0_WP);
}
```

(3) 仿照 SSP1 函数，增加 SSP2 操作函数

```

static int mxs_mmc_get_wp_ssp2(void)
{
    return 0;
}

static int mxs_mmc_hw_init_ssp2(void)
{
    int ret = 0;
    return ret;
}

static void mxs_mmc_hw_release_ssp2(void)
{
}

static void mxs_mmc_cmd_pullup_ssp2(int enable)
{
    mxs_set_pullup(PINID_SSP2_MOSI, enable, "mmc2_cmd");
}

```

```

static unsigned long mxs_mmc_setclock_ssp2(unsigned long hz)
{
    struct clk *ssp = clk_get(NULL, "ssp.2"), *parent;

    if (hz > 10000000)
        parent = clk_get(NULL, "ref_io.1");
    else
        parent = clk_get(NULL, "xtal.0");

    clk_set_parent(ssp, parent);
    clk_set_rate(ssp, 2 * hz);
    clk_put(parent);
    clk_put(ssp);

    return hz;
}

```

(4) 修改结构体 mmc0_data{}和 mmc1_data{}

```

static struct mxs_mmc_platform_data mmc0_data = {
    .hw_init      = mxs_mmc_hw_init_ssp0,
    .hw_release   = mxs_mmc_hw_release_ssp0,
    .get_wp       = mxs_mmc_get_wp_ssp0,
    .cmd_pullup   = mxs_mmc_cmd_pullup_ssp0,
    .setclock     = mxs_mmc_setclock_ssp0,
    // .caps       = MMC_CAP_4_BIT_DATA | MMC_CAP_8_BIT_DATA
    .caps         = MMC_CAP_4_BIT_DATA | MMC_CAP_DATA_DDR,

    .min_clk      = 400000,
    .max_clk      = 48000000,
    .read_uA      = 50000,
    .write_uA     = 70000,
    .clock_mmc    = "ssp.0",
    .power_mmc    = NULL,
    // .fastpath_sz = 1024,
};

```

```
static struct mxs_mmc_platform_data mmc1_data = {
    .hw_init      = mxs_mmc_hw_init_ssp1,
    .hw_release   = mxs_mmc_hw_release_ssp1,
    .get_wp       = mxs_mmc_get_wp_ssp1,
    .cmd_pullup   = mxs_mmc_cmd_pullup_ssp1,
    .setclock     = mxs_mmc_setclock_ssp1,
    .caps         = MMC_CAP_4_BIT_DATA | MMC_CAP_8_BIT_DATA
                  | MMC_CAP_DATA_DDR,
    .min_clk      = 400000,
    .max_clk      = 48000000,
    .read_uA      = 50000,
    .write_uA     = 70000,
    .clock_mmc    = "ssp.1",
    .power_mmc    = NULL,
    .fastpath_sz  = 1024,
};
```

(5)仿照 mmc1 结构体，增加 mmc2 结构体

```
static struct mxs_mmc_platform_data mmc2_data = {
    .hw_init      = mxs_mmc_hw_init_ssp2,
    .hw_release   = mxs_mmc_hw_release_ssp2,
    .get_wp       = mxs_mmc_get_wp_ssp2,
    .cmd_pullup   = mxs_mmc_cmd_pullup_ssp2,
    .setclock     = mxs_mmc_setclock_ssp2,
    .caps         = MMC_CAP_4_BIT_DATA ,
    .min_clk      = 400000,
    .max_clk      = 48000000,
    .read_uA      = 50000,
    .write_uA     = 70000,
    .clock_mmc    = "ssp.2",
    .power_mmc    = NULL,
};
```



```
static struct resource mmc2_resource[] = {
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_MEM,
        .start = SSP2_PHYS_ADDR,
        .end   = SSP2_PHYS_ADDR + 0x2000 - 1,
    },
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_DMA,
        .start = MXS_DMA_CHANNEL_AHB_APBH_SSP2,
        .end   = MXS_DMA_CHANNEL_AHB_APBH_SSP2,
    },
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_IRQ,
        .start = IRQ_SSP2_DMA,
        .end   = IRQ_SSP2_DMA,
    },
};

static struct resource ssp2_resources[] = {
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_IRQ,
        .start = IRQ_SSP2,
        .end   = IRQ_SSP2,
    },
};
```

(6)仿照 SSP2 结构体，增加 SSP3 结构体。改 mx28_init_spi 函数中的 ssp2_resources 改为 ssp3_resources

```
static struct mxs_spi_platform_data spi3_data = {
    .clk = "ssp.3",
};
static struct resource ssp3_resources[] = {
    {
        .start = SSP3_PHYS_ADDR,
        .end   = SSP3_PHYS_ADDR + 0x2000 - 1,
        .flags = IORESOURCE_MEM,
    }, {
        .start = MXS_DMA_CHANNEL_AHB_APBH_SSP3,
        .end   = MXS_DMA_CHANNEL_AHB_APBH_SSP3,
        .flags = IORESOURCE_DMA,
    }, {
        .start = IRQ_SSP3_DMA,
        .end   = IRQ_SSP3_DMA,
        .flags = IORESOURCE_IRQ,
    }, {
        .start = IRQ_SSP3,
        .end   = IRQ_SSP3,
        .flags = IORESOURCE_IRQ,
    },
};
```

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```

static void __init mx28_init_spi(void)
{
    struct platform_device *pdev;

    pdev = mxs_get_device("mxs-spi", 0);
    if (pdev == NULL || IS_ERR(pdev))
        return;
    pdev->resource = ssp3_resources;
    pdev->num_resources = ARRAY_SIZE(ssp3_resources);
    pdev->dev.platform_data = &spi_data;

    mxs_add_device(pdev, 3);
}

```

(7)改写 audio_clk_init()函数

```

static int audio_clk_init(struct clk *clk)
{
    // struct clk *clk;
    // struct clk *clk1;
    struct clk *pll_clk;
    struct clk *saif_mclk0;
    struct clk *saif_mclk1;
    int ret = -EINVAL;

    // if (audio_plat_data.inited)
    //     return 0;
    // clk = clk_get(NULL, "saif.0");
    if (IS_ERR(clk)) {
        pr_err("%s:failed to get clk\n", __func__);
        goto err_clk_init;
    }
    pll_clk = clk_get(NULL, "pll.0");
    if (IS_ERR(pll_clk)) {
        pr_err("%s:failed to get pll_clk\n", __func__);
        goto err_clk_init;
    }
    saif_mclk0 = clk_get(NULL, "saif_mclk.0");
    if (IS_ERR(saif_mclk0)) {

```

```

    }
    ret = clk_set_parent(clk, pll_clk);
    if (ret) {
        pr_err("%s:failed to set parent clk\n", __func__);
        goto err_clk_init;
    }

    ret = 0;
    /*set a default freq of 12M to sgtl5000*/
    clk_set_rate(clk, 12000000);
    clk_enable(clk);
    /*set the saif clk mux, saif0/saif1 both use saif0 clk*/
    __raw_writel(BF_DIGCTL_CTRL_SAIF_CLKMUX_SEL(0x2), \
        IO_ADDRESS(DIGCTL_PHYS_ADDR) + HW_DIGCTL_CTRL);

    /*enable saif0/saif1 clk output*/
    clk_enable(saif_mclk0);
    clk_enable(saif_mclk1);
err_clk_init:
    return ret;
}

static int audio_clk_init(void)

```

同理，修改 audio_clk_finit()

```

static int audio_clk_finit(void)
{
    struct clk *saif_clk;
//    struct clk *saif_clk1;
    struct clk *saif_mclk0;
    struct clk *saif_mclk1;
    int ret = 0;

//    if (audio_plat_data.inited == 0)
//        return 0;
    saif_clk = clk_get(NULL, "saif.0");
    if (IS_ERR(saif_clk)) {
        pr_err("%s:failed to get saif_clk\n", __func__);
        ret = -EINVAL;
        goto err_clk_finit;
    }
    clk_disable(saif_clk);

    saif_mclk0 = clk_get(NULL, "saif_mclk.0");
    if (IS_ERR(saif_mclk0)) {
        pr_err("%s:failed to get saif_mclk\n", __func__);
        goto err_clk_finit;
    }
}

```

```

        if (IS_ERR(saif_mclk0)) {
            pr_err("%s:failed to get saif_mclk\n", __func__);
            goto err_clk_finit;
        }
        clk_disable(saif_mclk0);

        saif_mclk1 = clk_get(NULL, "saif_mclk.1");
        if (IS_ERR(saif_mclk1)) {
            pr_err("%s:failed to get saif_mclk\n", __func__);
            goto err_clk_finit;
        }
        clk_disable(saif_mclk1);

err_clk_finit:
    return ret;
}

```

(7)修改 mx28_init_audio()

```

void __init mx28_init_audio(void)
{
    struct platform_device *pdev;
    pdev = mxs_get_device("mxs-sgtl5000", 0);
    if (pdev == NULL || IS_ERR(pdev))
        return;
    mxs_add_device(pdev, 3);
    audio_plat_data.inited = 0;
    audio_plat_data.saif_mclock = clk_get(NULL, "saif.0");
    // audio_plat_data.saif_mclock1 = clk_get(NULL, "saif.1");
    // audio_plat_data.init = audio_clk_init;
    // audio_plat_data.finit = audio_clk_finit;
    audio_clk_init(audio_plat_data.saif_mclock);
    pdev->dev.platform_data = &audio_plat_data;
}

```

(7) 新增结构体数组 hsadc_resource[]


```

#ifdef CONFIG_MXS_HSADC || \
    defined(CONFIG_MXS_HSADC_MODULE)
static struct resource hsadc_resource[] = {
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_MEM,
        .start = HSADC_PHYS_ADDR,
        .end   = HSADC_PHYS_ADDR + 0xC0 - 1,
    },
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_MEM,
        .start = PWM_PHYS_ADDR,
        .end   = PWM_PHYS_ADDR + 0x120 - 1,
    },
    {
        //device irq
        .flags = IORESOURCE_IRQ,
        .start = IRQ_HSADC,
        .end   = IRQ_HSADC,
    },
    {
        //dma irq
        .flags = IORESOURCE_IRQ,
        .start = IRQ_HSADC_DMA,
        .end   = IRQ_HSADC_DMA,
    },
    {
        .flags = IORESOURCE_DMA,
        .start = MXS_DMA_CHANNEL_AHB_APBH_HSADC,
        .end   = MXS_DMA_CHANNEL_AHB_APBH_HSADC,
    },
};
static void __init mx28_init_hsadc(void)
{
    struct platform_device *pdev;

    pdev = mxs_get_device("mxs-hsadc", 0);
    if (pdev == NULL || IS_ERR(pdev))
        return;
    pdev->resource = hsadc_resource;
    pdev->num_resources = ARRAY_SIZE(hsadc_resource);
    mxs_add_device(pdev, 3);
}
#else
static void __init mx28_init_hsadc(void)
{
}
#endif

```

(8) 将新增的 mx28_init_hsadc 加入到 mx28_device_init() 中

```

mx28_init_perfmon();
mx28_init_otp();
mx28_init_hsadc();//add
return 0;

```

6、在 arch/arm/mach-mx28/mx28evk_pins.c 中主要是修改与

板子对应的各种引脚功能。对照着硬件设计原理图修改，需要修改的太多，代码放后面附录中。

7、在 drivers/mtd/nand/nand_base.c 修改 nand_erase_nand()

```
        ((td->page << chip->page_shift),
        /*      if (chip->bbt) {
            int i = (page / pages_per_block) << 1;
            chip->bbt[i >> 3] |= 0x03 << (i & 0x6);
            mtd->ecc_stats.badblocks++;
        }*/
        goto erase_exit;
    }
```

在末尾处修改

```
//module_init(nand_base_init);
//module_exit(nand_base_exit);
subsys_initcall(nand_base_init);

MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");
MODULE_AUTHOR("Steven J. Hill <sjhill@realityd-
<tgix@linutronix.de>");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Generic NAND flash driver")
```

8、在 drivers/mtd/nand/nand_bbt.c 修改 check_pattern()

```
uint8_t *p = buf,
    end = paglen + td->offs;
if (td->options & NAND_BBT_SCAN
```

改为:

```
    end = td->offs;
if (td->options & NAND_BBT_SCAN
```

修改 search_bbt()

```
if (td->options & NAND_BBT_VERSION) {
    td->version[i] = buf[mtd->writesize
+ td->veroffs];
}
```

改为:

```
if (td->options & NAND_BBT_VERSION) {
    td->version[i] = buf[td->veroffs];
}
break;
```

9、在 drivers/mtd/nand/nand_device_info.c 修改


```

//add
static struct nand_device_info * __init nand_device_info_fn_mx(const uint8_t id[])
{
    /* Check for an SLC device. */
    if (ID_GET_CELL_TYPE_CODE(id) == ID_CELL_TYPE_CODE_SLC) {
        /* Type 2 */
        return nand_device_info_search(nand_device_info_table_type_2,
                                        ID_GET_MFR_CODE(id), ID_GET_DEVICE_CODE(id));
    }
}

```

```

static struct nand_device_mfr_info nand_device_mfr_directory[] __initdata = {
    { //add
        .id = 0x01,
        .fn = nand_device_info_fn_mx,
    },
    {
        .id = NAND_MFR_TOSHIBA,
        .fn = nand_device_info_fn_toshiba,
    },
    {
        .id = NAND_MFR_SAMSUNG,
        .fn = nand_device_info_fn_samsung,
    },
    { //add
        .id = NAND_MFR_MX30LF1G08,
        .fn = nand_device_info_fn_mx,
    },
}

```

10、在 drivers/mtd/nand/nand_ids.c 修改

```

9 struct nand_manufacturers nand_manuf_ids[] = {
10     {0x01, "Spansion"}, //add
11     {NAND_MFR_TOSHIBA, "Toshiba"},
12     {NAND_MFR_SAMSUNG, "Samsung"},
13     {NAND_MFR_FUJITSU, "Fujitsu"},
14     {NAND_MFR_NATIONAL, "National"},
15     {NAND_MFR_RENESAS, "Renesas"},
16     {NAND_MFR_STMICRO, "ST Micro"},
17     {NAND_MFR_HYNIX, "Hynix"},
18     {NAND_MFR_MICRON, "Micron"},
19     {NAND_MFR_AMD, "AMD"},
20     {NAND_MFR_SANDISK, "SanDisk"},
21     {NAND_MFR_INTEL, "Intel"},
22     {0x0, "Unknown"}
23 }

```

11、在 drivers/mtd/nand/gpmi-nfc/gpmi-nfc.h 修改


```

9  */
10
11 //add
12 struct physical_geometry {
13     unsigned int    chip_count;
14     uint64_t        chip_size_in_bytes;
15     unsigned int    block_size_in_bytes;
16     unsigned int    page_data_size_in_bytes;
17     unsigned int    page_oob_size_in_bytes;
18 };
19
20

```

```

struct gpmi_nfc_data {

    /* System Interface */
    struct device                *dev;
    struct platform_device      *pdev;
    struct gpmi_nfc_platform_data *pdata;

    /* Resources */
    struct resources             resources;

    /* Flash Hardware */
    struct nand_device_info      device_info;
    //add
    struct physical_geometry     physical_geometry;//add

    /* NFC HAL */
    struct nfc_hal               *nfc;
    struct nfc_geometry          nfc_geometry;

    /* Boot ROM Helper */

```

```

    struct boot_rom_helper {
        const unsigned int    version;
        const char            *description;
        const int              swap_block_mark;
        int (*set_geometry)(struct gpmi_nfc_data *);
    //add
        int (*check_transcription_stamp)(struct gpmi_nfc_data *);
        int (*write_transcription_stamp)(struct gpmi_nfc_data *);
    };

```

11、在 drivers/mtd/nand/gpmi-nfc/gpmi-nfc-hal-common.c 修改

```

*/
int gpmi_nfc_set_geometry(struct gpmi_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct device                *dev        = this->dev;
    //modify
    struct physical_geometry     *physical   = &this->physical_geometry;
    struct nfc_geometry          *geometry   = &this->nfc_geometry;
    struct boot_rom_helper       *rom       = this->rom;
    unsigned int                 metadata_size;
    unsigned int                 status_size;
    unsigned int                 chunk_data_size_in_bits;

```

修改结构体指针定义，后面的所有使用都修改（不一一列举）

```
/* Compute the page size, include page and oob. */
//modify
geometry->page_size_in_bytes =
    physical->page_data_size_in_bytes +
    physical->page_oob_size_in_bytes ;

/*
 * Compute the total number of ECC chunks in a page. This incl
```

```
*/
//modify
geometry->ecc_chunk_count = physical->page_data_size_in_bytes /
    geometry->ecc_chunk_size_in_bytes;

/*
 * We use the same ECC strength for all chunks, including the first
```

```
/* Only needs what's required to hold the data.
 */
//modify
geometry->payload_size_in_bytes = physical->page_data_size_in_bytes;

/*
 * In principle, computing the auxiliary buffer geometry is NFC
```

修改第二个函数：后面的所有使用都修改（不一一列举）

```
/*
 * the results of our calculations.
 */
int gpmi_nfc_compute_hardware_timing(struct gpmi_nfc_data *this,
    struct gpmi_nfc_hardware_timing *hw)
{
    struct gpmi_nfc_platform_data *pdata = this->pdata;
    struct nfc_hal *nfc = this->nfc;
//modify
    struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;
    struct gpmi_nfc_timing target = nfc->timing;
    bool improved_timing_is_available;
    unsigned long clock_frequency_in_hz;
    unsigned int clock_period_in_ns;
```

```
*/
//modify
if (physical->chip_count > 2) {
    target.data_setup_in_ns += 10;
    target.data_hold_in_ns += 10;
    target.address_setup_in_ns += 10;
} else if (physical->chip_count > 1) {
    target.data_setup_in_ns += 5;
    target.data_hold_in_ns += 5;
    target.address_setup_in_ns += 5;
}

/* Check if improved timing information is available. */
improved_timing_is_available =
```

12、在 drivers/mtd/nand/gpmi-nfc/gpmi-nfc-main.c 修改

```

25  *buf, a buffer that will receive a representation of the attribute.
26  */
27  static ssize_t show_device_numchips(struct device *dev,
28                                     struct device_attribute *attr, char *buf)
29  {
30      struct gpmi_nfc_data *this = dev_get_drvdata(dev);
31      struct nand_chip *nand = &this->mil.nand;
32      struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;
33
34      return sprintf(buf, "%d\n", physical->chip_count);
35  }
36
37  /**
38   * show_device_nfc_info() - show the NFC specific information

```

```

24  static DEVICE_ATTR(physical_geometry, 0444, show_device_physical_geometry,
25  0); //add
26  static DEVICE_ATTR(nfc_info, 0444, show_device_nfc_info,
27  0);
28  static DEVICE_ATTR(nfc_geometry, 0444, show_device_nfc_geometry,
29  0);

```

```

static struct device_attribute *device_attributes[] = {
    &dev_attr_report,
    &dev_attr_numchips,
    &dev_attr_physical_geometry, //add
    &dev_attr_nfc_info,
    &dev_attr_nfc_geometry,
    &dev_attr_rom_geometry,
    &dev_attr_mtd_nand_info,
    &dev_attr_mtd_info,
    &dev_attr_invalidate_page_cache,
    &dev_attr_mark_block_bad,
    &dev_attr_ignorebad
};

```

13、在 drivers/mtd/nand/gpmi-nfc/gpmi-nfc-mil.c 修改

```

//add bad block table
static uint8_t bbt_main_pattern[] = { 'B', 'b', 't', '0' };
static uint8_t bbt_mirror_pattern[] = { '1', 't', 'b', 'B' };

static struct nand_bbt_descr bbt_main_descriptor = {
    .options =
        NAND_BBT_LASTBLOCK |
        NAND_BBT_CREATE |
        NAND_BBT_WRITE |
        NAND_BBT_2BIT |
        NAND_BBT_VERSION |
        NAND_BBT_PERCHIP,
    .offs = 1,
    .len = 4,
    .veroffs = 5,
    .maxblocks = 4,
    .pattern = bbt_main_pattern,
};
static struct nand_bbt_descr bbt_mirror_descriptor = {

```



```
static struct nand_bbt_descr bbt_mirror_descriptor = {
    .options =
        NAND_BBT_LASTBLOCK |
        NAND_BBT_CREATE |
        NAND_BBT_WRITE |
        NAND_BBT_2BIT |
        NAND_BBT_VERSION |
        NAND_BBT_PERCHIP,
    .offs      = 1,
    .len       = 4,
    .veroffs   = 5,
    .maxblocks = 4,
    .pattern   = bbt_mirror_pattern,
};

/**
```

```
static int mil_ecc_read_oob(struct mtd_info *mtd, struct nand_chip *nand,
                           int page, int sndcmd)
{
    struct gpmi_nfc_data *this = nand->priv;
//add
    struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;
    struct boot_rom_helper *rom = this->rom;

    DEBUG(MTD_DEBUG_LEVEL2, "[gpmi_nfc ecc_read_oob] "
        "page: 0x%06x, sndcmd: %s\n", page, sndcmd ? "Yes" : "No");

    /* clear the OOB buffer */
    memset(nand->oob_poi, ~0, mtd->oobsize);

    /* Read out the conventional OOB. */
    nand->cmdfunc(mtd, NAND_CMD_READ0,
        physical->page_data_size_in_bytes, page); //modify
    nand->read_buf(mtd, nand->oob_poi, mtd->oobsize);

    /*
     * Now, we want to make sure the block mark is correct. In the
```

在以下函数中添加 `struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;`
 将所有的 `mtd->writesize` 改成 `physical->page_data_size_in_bytes`.

```
6  */
7  static int mil_ecc_write_oob(struct mtd_info *mtd,
8                               struct nand_chip *nand, int page)
9  {
```

增加 `mil_set_physical_geometry` 函数`


```

//add function
static int mil_set_physical_geometry(struct gpml_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct mil *mil = &this->mil;
    struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;
    struct nand_chip *nand = &mil->nand;
    struct nand_device_info *info = &this->device_info;
    unsigned int block_size_in_pages;
    unsigned int chip_size_in_blocks;
    unsigned int chip_size_in_pages;
    uint64_t medium_size_in_bytes;

    /*
     * Record the number of physical chips that MTD found.
     */

    physical->chip_count = nand->numchips;

    /*

```

```

        physical->page_data_size_in_bytes =
            1 << (fls(info->page_total_size_in_bytes) -
1);

    physical->page_oob_size_in_bytes =
        info->page_total_size_in_bytes -
        physical->page_data_size_in_bytes;

```

```

        /*
        physical->block_size_in_bytes =
            physical->page_data_size_in_bytes * info->block_size_in_pag
es;

        /* Get the chip size. */

        physical->chip_size_in_bytes = info->chip_size_in_bytes;

        /* Compute some interesting facts. */

        block_size_in_pages =
            physical->block_size_in_bytes >>
            (fls(physical->page_data_size_in_bytes) - 1
);
        chip_size_in_pages =
            physical->chip_size_in_bytes >>
            (fls(physical->page_data_size_in_bytes) - 1
);
        chip_size_in_blocks =
            physical->chip_size_in_bytes >>
            (fls(physical->block_size_in_bytes) - 1);
        medium_size_in_bytes =

```

```

/* Report. */

#ifdef DETAILED_INFO

pr_info("-----\n");
pr_info("Physical Geometry\n");
pr_info("-----\n");
pr_info("Chip Count          : %d\n", physical->chip_count);
pr_info("Page Data Size in Bytes: %u (0x%x)\n",
        physical->page_data_size_in_bytes,
        physical->page_data_size_in_bytes);
pr_info("Page OOB Size in Bytes : %u\n",
        physical->page_oob_size_in_bytes);
pr_info("Block Size in Bytes    : %u (0x%x)\n",
        physical->block_size_in_bytes,
        physical->block_size_in_bytes);
pr_info("Block Size in Pages    : %u (0x%x)\n",
        block_size_in_pages,
        block_size_in_pages);
pr_info("Chip Size in Bytes     : %llu (0x%llx)\n",
        physical->chip_size_in_bytes,
        physical->chip_size_in_bytes);
pr_info("Chip Size in Pages     : %u (0x%x)\n",

pr_info("Chip Size in Bytes     : %llu (0x%llx)\n",
        physical->chip_size_in_bytes,
        physical->chip_size_in_bytes);
pr_info("Chip Size in Pages     : %u (0x%x)\n",
        medium_size_in_bytes, medium_size_in_bytes);

#endif

/* Return success. */

return 0;

}

```

增加 mil_set_mtd_geometry 函数

```

static int mil_set_mtd_geometry(struct gpml_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;
    struct mil               *mil      = &this->mil;
    struct nand_ecclayout    *layout   = &mil->oob_layout;
    struct nand_chip         *nand     = &mil->nand;
    struct mtd_info          *mtd      = &mil->mtd;

    /* Configure the struct nand_ecclayout. */

    layout->eccbytes          = 0;
    layout->oobavail           = physical->page_oob_size_in_bytes;
    layout->oobfree[0].offset = 0;
    layout->oobfree[0].length = physical->page_oob_size_in_bytes;

    /* Configure the struct mtd_info. */

    mtd->size                  = nand->numchips * physical->chip_size_in_bytes;
    mtd->erasesize              = physical->block_size_in_bytes;
    mtd->writesize              = physical->page_data_size_in_bytes;
    mtd->ecclayout              = layout;
    mtd->oobavail               = mtd->ecclayout->oobavail;
}

```

```

    mtd->oobavail      = mtd->ecclayout->oobavail;
    mtd->oobsize       = mtd->ecclayout->oobavail + mtd->ecclayout->eccbytes;

    mtd->subpage_sft = 0; /* We don't support sub-page writing. */

    /* Configure the struct nand_chip. */

    nand->chipsize      = physical->chip_size_in_bytes;
    nand->page_shift     = ffs(mtd->writesize) - 1;
    nand->page_mask      = (nand->chipsize >> nand->page_shift) - 1;
    nand->subpagesize    = mtd->writesize >> mtd->subpage_sft;
    nand->phys_erase_shift = ffs(mtd->erasesize) - 1;
    nand->bbt_erase_shift = nand->phys_erase_shift;
    nand->oob_poi        = nand->buffers->databuf + mtd->writesize;
    nand->ecc.layout      = layout;
    if (nand->chipsize & 0xffffffff)
        nand->chip_shift = ffs((unsigned) nand->chipsize) - 1;
    else
        nand->chip_shift =
            ffs((unsigned) (nand->chipsize >> 32)) + 32
            - 1;
    /* Return success. */

```

```

        nand->chip_shift = ffs((unsigned) nand->chipsize) - 1;
    else
        nand->chip_shift =
            ffs((unsigned) (nand->chipsize >> 32)) + 32
            - 1;
    /* Return success. */

    return 0;
}

```

修改 mil_set_geometry()函数

```

static int mil_set_geometry(struct gpml_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct device *dev = this->dev;
    struct nfc_geometry *nfc_geo = &this->nfc_geometry;
    struct mil *mil = &this->mil;

    /* Free the memory for read ID case */
    if (mil->page_buffer_virt && virt_addr_valid(mil->page_buffer_virt))
        dma_free_coherent(dev, nfc_geo->payload_size_in_bytes,
                           mil->page_buffer_virt, mil->page_buffer_phys);

    /* Set up the various layers of geometry, in this specific order. */

    if (mil_set_physical_geometry(this))
        return -ENXIO;

    if (mil_set_nfc_geometry(this))
        return -ENXIO;
}

```



```

if (mil_set_nfc_geometry(this))
    return -ENXIO;

if (mil_set_boot_rom_helper_geometry(this))
    return -ENXIO;

if (mil_set_mtd_geometry(this))
    return -ENXIO;

mil->page_buffer_size = nfc_geo->payload_size_in_bytes +
                        nfc_geo->auxiliary_size_in_bytes;

mil->page_buffer_virt =
    dma_alloc_coherent(dev, mil->page_buffer_size,
                        &mil->page_buffer_phys, GFP_DMA);

if (!mil->page_buffer_virt)
    return -ENOMEM;

/* Slice up the page buffer. */

mil->payload_virt = mil->page_buffer_virt;
mil->payload_phys = mil->page_buffer_phys;

```

```

/* Slice up the page buffer. */

mil->payload_virt = mil->page_buffer_virt;
mil->payload_phys = mil->page_buffer_phys;

mil->auxiliary_virt = ((char *) mil->payload_virt) +
                     nfc_geo->payload_size_in_bytes;
mil->auxiliary_phys = mil->payload_phys +
                     nfc_geo->payload_size_in_bytes;

/* Return success. */

return 0;

```

```

}

```

```

#ifdef 0

```

修改 mil_pre_bbt_scan()函数

```

static int mil_pre_bbt_scan(struct gpml_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct device          *dev      = this->dev;
    struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;
    struct boot_rom_helper *rom      = this->rom;
    struct mil             *mil      = &this->mil;
    struct nand_chip        *nand     = &mil->nand;
    struct mtd_info         *mtd      = &mil->mtd;
    unsigned int            block_count;
    unsigned int            block;
    int                     chip;
    int                     page;
    loff_t                  byte;
    uint8_t                 block_mark;
    int                     error;

```



```

        if (rom->swap_block_mark)
            return 0;

        if (rom->check_transcription_stamp(this))
            return 0;

        /*
so      * If control arrives here, we couldn't find a transcription stamp,
        * so we presume the block marks are in the conventional location.
        */

        pr_info("Transcribing bad block marks...\n");

        /* Compute the number of blocks in the entire medium. */

        block_count =
            physical->chip_size_in_bytes >> nand->phys_erase_shift;

        /*
as      * Loop over all the blocks in the medium, transcribing block marks
        * we go.
INSERT                                     1360 10      50%

```

```

        for (block = 0; block < block_count; block++) {
            /*
's      * Compute the chip, page and byte addresses for this block
            * conventional mark.
            */

            chip = block >> (nand->chip_shift - nand->phys_erase_shift)
;
            page = block << (nand->phys_erase_shift - nand->page_shift)
;
            byte = block << nand->phys_erase_shift;

            /* Select the chip. */

            nand->select_chip(mtd, chip);

            /* Send the command to read the conventional block mark. */

            nand->cmdfunc(mtd, NAND_CMD_READ0,
                physical->page_data_size_in_bytes, page);
INSERT                                     1381 1      60%

```

```

        block_mark = nand->read_byte(mtd);
        if (block_mark != 0xff) {
            pr_info("Transcribing mark in block %u\n", block);
            mil->marking_a_bad_block = true;
            error = nand->block_markbad(mtd, byte);
            mil->marking_a_bad_block = false;
            if (error)
                dev_err(dev, "Failed to mark block bad with
                                "error %d\n", error
);
        }

        nand->select_chip(mtd, -1);
    }

    /* Write the stamp that indicates we've transcribed the block marks
    . */
    rom->write_transcription_stamp(this);
    return 0;
}

```

修改 mil_boot_areas_init()函数

```

{ //modify
    struct device *dev = this->dev;

    struct physical_geometry *physical = &this->physical_geometry;

    struct boot_rom_geometry *rom = &this->rom_geometry;
    struct mil *mil = &this->mil;
    struct mtd_info *mtd = &mil->mtd;
    struct nand_chip *nand = &mil->nand;
    struct nand_device_info *info = &this->device_info;
    int mtd_support_is_adequate;
    unsigned int i;
    struct mtd_partition partitions[7]; //modify
    struct mtd_partition *partitions_ptr;
    struct gpml_nfc_platform_data *pdata = this->pdata;
    struct mtd_info *search_mtd;
    struct mtd_info *chip_0_remainder_mtd = 0;
    struct mtd_info *medium_remainder_mtd = 0;
    struct mtd_info *concatenate[2];

    /*
    */
    static char *chip_0_boot_name = "gpml-nfc-0-boot";
    static char *chip_0_remainder_name = "gpml-nfc-0-remainder";
    static char *chip_1_boot_name = "gpml-nfc-1-boot";
    static char *medium_remainder_name = "gpml-nfc-remainder";
    //modify
    static char *general_use_name = "rootfs 64MB";

    static char *str_uboot = "reserve";
    static char *str_reserve = "reserve";
    static char *str_opt = "opt";

    /* Check if we're protecting the boot areas.*/
    if (!rom->boot_area_count) {
        /*
        * If control arrives here, we're not protecting the boot a
reas

```

```

3      /* Chip 0 Boot */
4      partitions[0].name      = "boot 12MB";
5      partitions[0].offset    = 0;
6      partitions[0].size      = 12*1024*1024;
7      partitions[0].mask_flags = 0;
8
9
10     partitions[1].name      = "env 512k";
11     partitions[1].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
12     partitions[1].size      = 512*1024;
13     partitions[1].mask_flags = 0;
14
15     partitions[2].name      = "reserved 512KB";
16     partitions[2].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
17     partitions[2].size      = 512*1024;
18     partitions[2].mask_flags = 0;
19
20     partitions[3].name      = "env2 2MB";
21     partitions[3].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
22     partitions[3].size      = 2*1024*1024;
23     partitions[3].mask_flags = 0;
24

```

```

    partitions[3].name      = "env2 2MB";
    partitions[3].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
    partitions[3].size      = 2*1024*1024;
    partitions[3].mask_flags = 0;

    partitions[4].name      = "reserved 512KB";
    partitions[4].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
    partitions[4].size      = 512*1024;
    partitions[4].mask_flags = 0;

    partitions[5].name      = general_use_name;
    partitions[5].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
    partitions[5].size      = 64*1024*1024;
    partitions[5].mask_flags = 0;

    partitions[6].name      = "opt      -";
    partitions[6].offset    = MTDPART_OFS_APPEND;
    partitions[6].size      = MTDPART_SIZ_FULL;
    partitions[6].mask_flags = 0;

    /* Construct and register the partitions. */

```

修改 gpmi_nfc_mil_init()函数

```

/*
int gpmi_nfc_mil_init(struct gpmi_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct device          *dev    = this->dev;
    struct gpmi_nfc_platform_data *pdata = this->pdata;
    struct mil             *mil    = &this->mil;
    struct mtd_info        *mtd    = &mil->mtd;
    struct nand_chip       *nand   = &mil->nand;

//add
    static struct nand_ecclayout fake_ecc_layout;
    int error = 0;

    /* Initialize MIL data. */

```



```

    *      - Disallow partial page writes.
    */
    nand->options |= NAND_NO_SUBPAGE_WRITE;
    //add
    nand->options |= NAND_USE_FLASH_BBT;
    nand->bbt_td = &bbt_main_descriptor;
    nand->bbt_md = &bbt_mirror_descriptor;
    nand->badblock_pattern = &gpmi_bbt_descr;

    /*
    * Tell the NAND Flash MTD system that we'll be handling ECC with
    */

```

```

) */
/* Allocate a temporary DMA buffer for reading ID in the nand_scan(
*/

memset(&fake_ecc_layout, 0, sizeof(fake_ecc_layout));
nand->ecc.layout = &fake_ecc_layout;

/* Allocate a command buffer. */

mil->cmd_virt =
    dma_alloc_coherent(dev,
        MIL_COMMAND_BUFFER_SIZE, &mil->cmd_phys, GFP_DMA);

if (!mil->cmd_virt) {
    error = -ENOMEM;
    goto exit_cmd_allocation;
}

```

```

/* Allocate buf read ID case */
this->nfc_geometry.payload_size_in_bytes = 1024;
mil->page_buffer_virt =
    dma_alloc_coherent(dev,
        this->nfc_geometry.payload_size_in_bytes,
        &mil->page_buffer_phys, GFP_DMA);
if (!mil->page_buffer_virt) {
    error = -ENOMEM;
    goto exit_buf_allocation;
}

/* Slice up the page buffer. */
mil->payload_virt = mil->page_buffer_virt;
mil->payload_phys = mil->page_buffer_phys;

pr_info("Scanning for NAND Flash chips...\n");

error = nand_scan(mtd, pdata->max_chip_count);

if (error) {
    dev_err(dev, "Chip scan failed\n");
    goto exit_nand_scan;
}

```

修改 gpmi_nfc_mil_exit()函数


```

*/
void gpmi_nfc_mil_exit(struct gpmi_nfc_data *this)
{
    struct mil      *mil = &this->mil;
    struct device    *dev = this->dev;
    /* Shut down partitions as necessary. */
    mil_partitions_exit(this);

    /* Get MTD to let go of our MTD. */
    nand_release(&mil->mtd);

    /* Free all the DMA buffer, if it's been allocated. */
    //mil_free_dma_buffer(this);

    /* Free the page buffer, if it's been allocated. */
    if (mil->page_buffer_virt)
        dma_free_coherent(dev, mil->page_buffer_size,
                           mil->page_buffer_virt, mil->page_buffer_phy
s);

    mil->page_buffer_size = 0;
    mil->page_buffer_virt = 0;

```

```

    if (mil->page_buffer_virt)
        dma_free_coherent(dev, mil->page_buffer_size,
                           mil->page_buffer_virt, mil->page_buffer_phy
s);

    mil->page_buffer_size = 0;
    mil->page_buffer_virt = 0;
    mil->page_buffer_phys = ~0;

    /* Free the command buffer, if it's been allocated. */
    if (mil->cmd_virt)
        dma_free_coherent(dev, MIL_COMMAND_BUFFER_SIZE,
                           mil->cmd_virt, mil->cmd_phy
s);

    mil->cmd_virt = 0;
    mil->cmd_phys = ~0;

```

14、在 drivers/mtd/nand/gpmi-nfc/gpmi-nfc-rom-v0.c 修改

```

/* This structure represents the Boot ROM Helper for this version. */
struct boot_rom_helper gpmi_nfc_boot_rom_helper_v0 = {
    .version          = 0,
    .description       = "Single/dual-chip boot area, "
                        "no block mark swapping",
    .swap_block_mark  = false,
    .set_geometry      = set_geometry,
    .check_transcription_stamp = check_transcription_stamp,
    .write_transcription_stamp = write_transcription_stamp,
};

```

15、在顶层目录下 **make imx28evk_defconfig**

```

documentation  tpc      mm      scripts      vti
djh@ubuntu:~/linux/imx-linux/35.main$ sudo make imx28evk_defconfig
#
# configuration written to .config
#
djh@ubuntu:~/linux/imx-linux/35.main$

```

16、在顶层目录下 **make ulmage** ,如果出现无法生成 ulmage 的错误，原因是缺少 mkimage。

```

djh@ubuntu:~/linux/imx-linux/35.main$ sudo make uImage -j4
scripts/kconfig/conf -s arch/arm/Kconfig
CHK      include/linux/version.h
CHK      include/generated/utsrelease.h
make[1]: 'include/generated/mach-types.h' is up to date.
CALL     scripts/checksyscalls.sh
CHK      include/generated/compile.h

```

解决方法： 将 **uboot/tools/mkimage** 拷贝到 **/usr/bin/**下

17、**make uImage -j4** 的命令是使用 4 个处理器同时编译，速度快，缺点是有错误不会停止编译，无法直观看到错误信息。

18、编译完成，信息如下

```

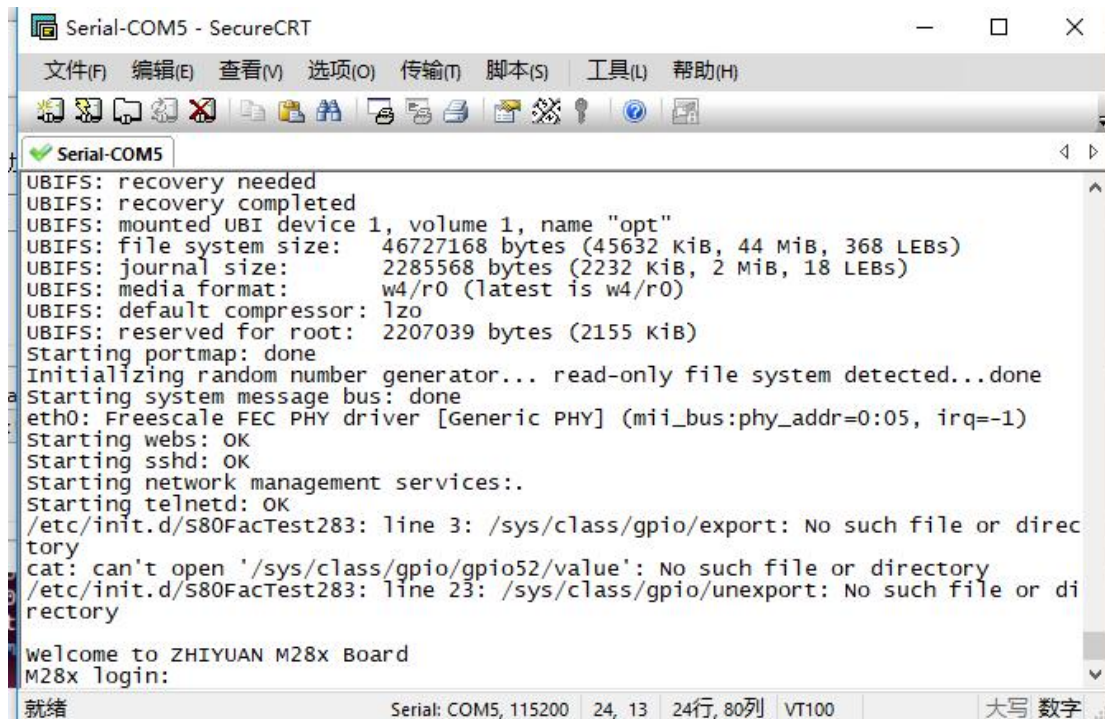
AS      .tmp_kallsyms3.o
LD      vmlinux
SYSMAP  System.map
SYSMAP  .tmp_System.map
OBJCOPY arch/arm/boot/Image
Kernel: arch/arm/boot/Image is ready
GZIP    arch/arm/boot/compressed/piggy.gzip
SHIPPED arch/arm/boot/compressed/lib1funcs.S
AS      arch/arm/boot/compressed/lib1funcs.o
AS      arch/arm/boot/compressed/piggy.gzip.o
LD      arch/arm/boot/compressed/vmlinux
OBJCOPY arch/arm/boot/zImage
Kernel: arch/arm/boot/zImage is ready
UIMAGE  arch/arm/boot/uImage
Image Name:   Linux-2.6.35.3
Created:      Wed Sep 19 20:08:45 2018
Image Type:   ARM Linux Kernel Image (uncompressed)
Data Size:    2639012 Bytes = 2577.16 kB = 2.52 MB
Load Address: 40008000
Entry Point: 40008000
Image arch/arm/boot/uImage is ready
djh@ubuntu:~/linux/imx-linux/35.main$

```

19、使用 freescale 自带的下载工具烧写，具体方法如

《EasyARM-iMX28xx Linux 开发指南 20150901 V1.03》

20、下载烧录完成，取下 JP6 跳冒，按下复位键，打印结果如下



```
Serial-COM5
UBIFS: recovery needed
UBIFS: recovery completed
UBIFS: mounted UBI device 1, volume 1, name "opt"
UBIFS: file system size: 46727168 bytes (45632 KiB, 44 MiB, 368 LEBs)
UBIFS: journal size: 2285568 bytes (2232 KiB, 2 MiB, 18 LEBs)
UBIFS: media format: w4/r0 (latest is w4/r0)
UBIFS: default compressor: lzo
UBIFS: reserved for root: 2207039 bytes (2155 KiB)
Starting portmap: done
Initializing random number generator... read-only file system detected...done
Starting system message bus: done
eth0: Freescale FEC PHY driver [Generic PHY] (mii_bus:phy_addr=0:05, irq=-1)
Starting webs: OK
Starting sshd: OK
Starting network management services:.
Starting telnetd: OK
/etc/init.d/s80FacTest283: line 3: /sys/class/gpio/export: No such file or directory
cat: can't open '/sys/class/gpio/gpio52/value': No such file or directory
/etc/init.d/s80FacTest283: line 23: /sys/class/gpio/unexport: No such file or directory

welcome to ZHIYUAN M28x Board
M28x login:

就绪 Serial: COM5, 115200 24, 13 24行, 80列 VT100 大写 数字
```

20、linux 下当打开文件出现 Read-only file system 时，执行以下命令

mount -o remount rw /