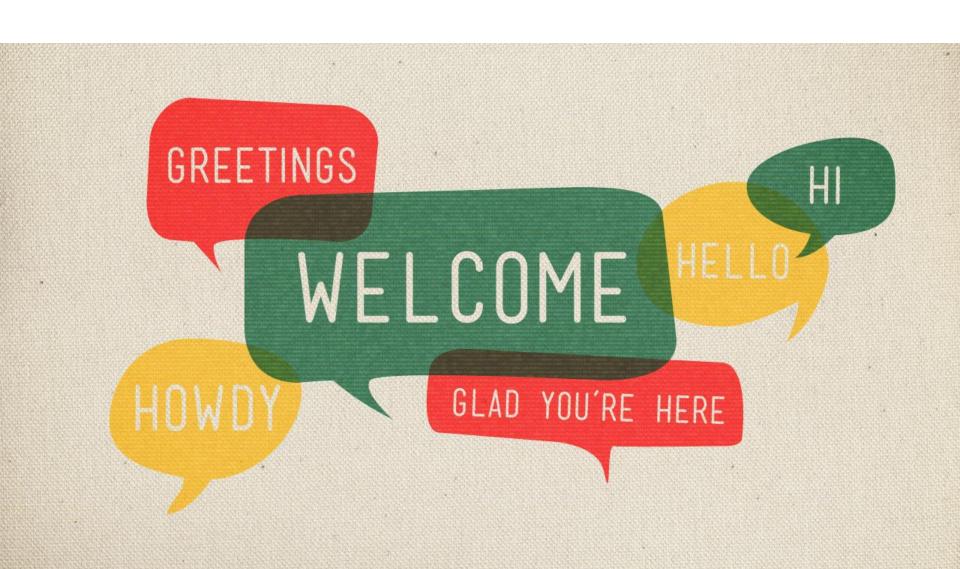
Prvi strani poslovni jezik 1 – engleski (bol. 12)



Aims of the class (ciljevi časa)

- pre-exam and exam requirements (predispitne obaveze i ispit);
- obavezna i prateća literatura;
- learning Business English... (učenje poslovnog engleskog jezika);
- to learn how to introduce oneself to future business partners, other students... (lično predstavljanje budućim poslovnim partnerima, ostalim studentima...);
- Unit 1: Customers (prva lekcija: Kupci)



Obavezna i prateća literatura

OBAVEZNA LITERATURA:

poslovne škole, Novi Sad)

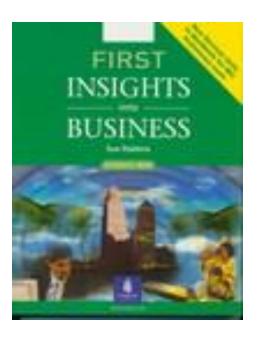
Milka Marković, *Engleski*poslovni jezik, Alfa-graf NS.

Available at college bookshop

(dostupno u skriptarnici Visoke

ENGLESKI POSLOVNI
JEZIK

(prateća literatura): Sue Robbins (2000) First Insights into Business, Longman.



Learning Business English Učenje poslovnog engleskog jezika

 We are going to learn all four language skills (listening, speaking, reading, writing).

Učićemo sve četiri jezičke veštine: slušanje, govorenje na engleskom jeziku, čitanje i pisanje u okviru predmeta Poslovni engleski jezik.

Business English vocabulary (keywords); grammar; numbers.

Vokabular poslovnog engleskog jezika (ključne reči); gramatika;

brojevi.



Learning Business English. How is Business English different from General English?

Učenje poslovnog engleskog jezika. Kako se poslovni engleski jezik razlikuje od opšteg engleskog jezika?

- Business English vocabulary (vokabular, reči poslovnog engleskog jezika)
- Business English = English for work (učenje engleskog jezika za posao)
- Case studies (studije slučaja); real-life situations (situacije iz stvarnog života); DVD projections (DVD projekcije); <u>applicable knowledge</u> (primenljivo znanje)
- To bring Business English to life!

Learning Business English. How is Business English different from General English?

- Vocabulary (vokabular, reči) and different contexts (različiti konteksti)
- Example:
- Guess the word! c _ h c _ _
- cash cow [+business; +jargonism; +informal]
- What do you know about cash cow?
- A cash cow is a well-established product which provides money for a company without a lot of investment.
- 'The Royal wedding cash cow'
- Do you think it is OK to make money from an event like a Royal wedding?

Learning Business English. What do you find most difficult about learning English? Učenje poslovnog engleskog jezika. Šta vam je najteže u učenju engleskog jezika?

- a) grammar (gramatika)
- b) vocabulary (vokabular, reči)
- c) writing (pisanje)
- d) speaking (govorne vežbe)
- e) listening (slušanje)
- f) something else...? what? (nešto drugo i šta?)

What do you find most difficult about learning English? Your answers

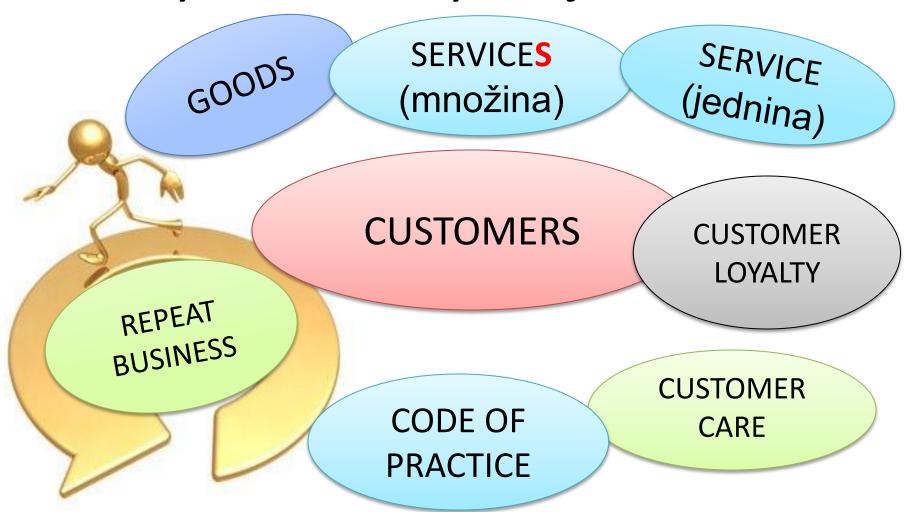
- GRAMMAR
- 2. Speaking
- 3. Writing

You like vocabulary (learning new words) and listening activities.

Remember: Nothing is so difficult as... Inspector Clouseau (Pink Panther) learning English!



Unit 1: Customers Key vocabulary – ključne reči



Key vocabulary: Customers Keyword Translation (Prevod ključnih reči)

Vocabulary:	Translation:
company (n.)	kompanija
customer (n.)	kupac, klijent
to provide (v.)	snabdevati, nabavljati
goods (n. plural)	roba
product (n.)	proizvod
service (n.)	usluga
training (n.)	obuka
insurance (n.)	osiguranje
technology (n.)	tehnologija
repeat business (n.)	ponovljeno poslovanje
customer loyalty (n.)	vernost potrošača
customer care (n.)	briga o potrošačima
customer service (n.)	korisnički servis
code of practice (n.)	kodeks poslovanja

Unit 1: Customers

code of practice, customers, service, services, customer loyalty, repeat business, customer care, goods

Popunite prazna mesta ključnim rečima datim iznad.

Companies								
provide	goods	such a	s clothes,	cars a	nd foc	d.		
Other compa	anies prov	vide s e	ervices	, for	examp	ole		
insurance, b	oanking, ii	nformation	technolo	gy or	trainin	ıg.		
Companies	want repe	at busine	ss, in oth	er wor	ds, the	ey		
want custon		•	_		<u> </u>			
win c <u>ustom</u>		, ·	•					
code of prac	tice, or s	set of rule	es, for <u>cı</u>	<u>ıstome</u>	r care	<u>2</u> .		
The code o	f practice	explains	what the	custo	mer ca	an		
expect of th		<i>-</i>						
the <u>servic</u>	<u>e</u>	or help, the	ey receive	and th	e goo	ds		
they buy.		Sour	ce: First In	sights i	nto			
	Business, Longman, pg. 4							

...to complain about something...

- to complain about = žaliti se na...
- to complain= glagol; about=predlog
- Customers can complain about [bad customer service].
- Kupci se mogu žaliti na loš korisnički servis.



What makes a good shop assistant? Koje su odlike dobrog prodavca?

- A good shop assistant...
- takes care of customers' needs.
- gives information about different products.
- helps customers find products they are looking for in the shop.
- gives technical advice about products.
- advises the customer of information relating to their purchase, such as its warranty or how to look after it.
- makes the customer aware of any special offers.
- makes sure that all stock is on display.
- is aware of what all the customers in the shop are doing, to guard against shoplifting.



DVD Projection – A worker's profile: A florist (by Oxford University Press) (DVD projekcija – profil radnika: Cvećar)

- After viewing... (nakon gledanja):
- 1. What does Robert Palliser do?

He is a florist.

- 2. What is the name of the flower shop? SCOTT'S FLOWERS.
- 3. Where is it located?

In New York City.

4. What does Robert's job consist of?

He makes bouquets, creates arrangements. He talks with customers every day, takes orders on the phone every day and he does deliveries, deals with customers and suppliers. He has high communication skills.

Enjoy your Business English learning!

