



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Denton, Texas Accident Number: CEN23LA100

Date & Time: February 5, 2023, 12:00 Local Registration: N5442B

Aircraft: Cessna 152 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Loss of control on ground **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Instructional

Analysis

The student pilot was performing landings during her second solo flight. On her third touch-and-go landing, while looking down to ensure that the flaps were retracted and carburetor heat was off, she advanced the throttle to full, and the airplane began to veer to the left. The student pilot attempted to correct but was unable to regain control of the airplane before it departed the runway. The airplane entered muddy terrain, nosed over, and came to rest inverted. The airplane sustained substantial damage to the vertical stabilizer and wings. The student pilot reported there were no preaccident mechanical malfunctions or failures that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The student pilot's failure to maintain directional control during a touch-and-go landing.

Findings

Aircraft	Directional control - Not attained/maintained	
Environmental issues	Wet/muddy terrain - Contributed to outcome	
Personnel issues	Aircraft control - Student/instructed pilot	

Page 2 of 6 CEN23LA100

Factual Information

History of Flight

Takeoff Loss of control on ground (Defining event)

Takeoff Attempted remediation/recovery

Takeoff-rejected takeoff Runway excursion

Takeoff-rejected takeoff Nose over/nose down

Student pilot Information

Certificate:	Student	Age:	42,Female
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	3-point
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	August 10, 2022
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 41.1 hours (Total, all aircraft), 41.1 hours (Total, this make and model), 1 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 39.5 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 9 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 0 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 CEN23LA100

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N5442B
Model/Series:	152	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1979	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Utility	Serial Number:	15283870
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	December 13, 2022 100 hour	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1670 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	18347 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	C91 installed, activated, aided in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	0-235-L2C
Registered Owner:	WINGS OVER TEXAS HOLDINGS LLC	Rated Power:	110 Horsepower
Operator:	US Aviation Group LLC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	Pilot school (141)
Operator Does Business As:	US Aviation Academy	Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KDT0,642 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	11:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	4 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	180°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.17 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	15°C / 8°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Denton, TX	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Denton, TX	Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class D

Page 4 of 6 CEN23LA100

Airport Information

Airport:	DENTON ENTERPRISE DTO	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	643 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	18R	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	5003 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Touch and go

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.20513,-97.200315(est)

Page 5 of 6 CEN23LA100

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Rutt, Brian
Additional Participating Persons:	Rachel Cameron; FAA FSDO - North Texas; TX
Original Publish Date:	March 2, 2023
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 4
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=106683

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 CEN23LA100