

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Mesa, Arizona Accident Number: WPR23LA129

Date & Time: March 17, 2023, 12:40 Local **Registration:** N610 (A1); N2504U

(A2)

Aircraft:

Navion NAVION A (A1); Yakovlev
YAK-52 (A2)

Aircraft Damage:
Substantial (A1);
Substantial (A2)

Defining Event: Midair collision Injuries: 1 Serious, 1 None (A1); 2 None (A2)

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal (A1); Part 91: General aviation - Personal (A2)

Analysis

The pilot of a Yakovlev Yak-52 reported that he was in the number three position, off the lead airplane's left wing while in a four-airplane formation flight. The pilot of the lead airplane initiated a left turn and the formation followed. While in the left turn, the pilot of the number three airplane felt "a bump" from underneath and observed the number four airplane pass under his right wing, and ascend toward the lead airplane. The pilot of the number three airplane realized there had been a mid-air collision, broke away from the formation to the left, and executed an emergency landing. The number three airplane's right wing sustained substantial damage.

The pilot of a Ryan Navion reported that, he was in the number four position off of the number three airplane's left wing in the four-airplane formation flight. The pilot of the lead airplane initiated a left turn and the formation followed. When the pilot of the number four airplane "felt to level off", his airplane collided with the number three airplane from underneath. He then executed an emergency landing. The fuselage, vertical stabilizer, and rudder were substantially damaged.

The pilots of both airplanes reported that there were no preaccident mechanical malfunctions or failures with the airplanes that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot of the Ryan Navion's failure to maintain visual sight of and clearance from another airplane during a formation flight, which resulted in a mid-air collision.

Findings

Personnel issues (A1)	Task monitoring/vigilance - Pilot
Personnel issues (A1)	Aircraft control - Pilot
Personnel issues (A1)	Incorrect action performance - Pilot
Personnel issues (A2)	Task monitoring/vigilance - Pilot of other aircraft

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Factual Information

History of Flight

Enroute-cruise (A1)	Midair collision (Defining event)
Enroute-cruise (A2)	Midair collision

Pilot Information (A1)

Certificate:	Commercial; Military	Age:	89,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Unknown
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 7, 2023
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	February 18, 2023
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 16000 hours (Total, all aircraft), 130 hours (Total, this make and model)		

Passenger Information (A1)

Certificate:		Age:	Female
Airplane Rating(s):		Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):		Restraint Used:	Lap only
Instrument Rating(s):		Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):		Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:		Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:			

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Pilot Information (A2)

Certificate:	Airline transport; Flight instructor	Age:	55,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Front
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	5-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 1 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	January 5, 2023
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	October 12, 2022
Flight Time:		rcraft), 223 hours (Total, this make an ours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 9 hou aircraft)	

Passenger Information (A2)

Certificate:	Age:	Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Seat Occupied:	Rear
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Restraint Used:	5-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot: No	Last Flight Review or Equi	ivalent:
Flight Time:		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information (A1)

Aircraft Make:	Navion	Registration:	N610
Model/Series:	NAVION A	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1950	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	NAV-4-2066
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	May 1, 2022 100 hour	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2850 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	4450 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	E185
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	205 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information (A2)

Aircraft Make:	Yakovlev	Registration:	N2504U
Model/Series:	YAK-52	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1987	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	87-8012
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	October 15, 2022 Condition	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2899 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	26 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	976 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Vedeneyev
ELT:	C91 installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	M14P
Registered Owner:	TTD LLC	Rated Power:	350 Horsepower
Operator:	TTD LLC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KFFZ,1394 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	3 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	12:54 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	205°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	3 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ None
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	18°C / 7°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Mesa, AZ (KFFZ) (A1); Mesa, AZ (KFFZ) (A2)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None (A1); None (A2)
Destination:	Mesa, AZ (KFFZ) (A1); Mesa, AZ (KFFZ) (A2)	Type of Clearance:	VFR (A1); VFR (A2)
Departure Time:	12:35 Local (A1); 12:35 Local (A2)	Type of Airspace:	Class D (A1); Class D (A2)

Wreckage and Impact Information (A1)

Crew Injuries:	1 Serious	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Serious, 1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.46,-111.73

Wreckage and Impact Information (A2)

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.46,-111.73

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Blocher, Kristyn	
Additional Participating Persons:	Ryan Armenta; Federal Aviation Administration; Scottsdale, AZ	
Original Publish Date:	June 23, 2023	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	Class 4	
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=106913	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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