



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Orlando, Florida **Accident Number:** ERA23LA269

Date & Time: June 5, 2023, 15:47 Local Registration: N27UK

Aircraft: Bell 206B Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Hard landing **Injuries:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Flight test

Analysis

During a test flight following a maintenance event, the pilot of the helicopter took off and navigated to a landing zone near the airport. He conducted a normal landing and hover flight without incident for about 5 minutes. The pilot then took off again, climbed to about 600 ft mean sea level, and initiated a straight-in practice autorotation. About 50 ft above ground level (agl), he started the landing flare, while "simultaneously fully rolling on throttle all the way." As the helicopter approached 15-20 ft agl, the helicopter was level, forward momentum slowed, and "it became clear the helicopter was struggling to maintain lift and we began settling." Subsequently, he held the controls as still as possible and attempted to maintain level attitude, however, the helicopter landed hard in the grass. The tail boom sustained substantial damage. There pilot reported that there were no preimpact mechanical malfunctions or failures of the helicopter that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's improper landing flare during a practice autorotation, which resulted in a hard landing.

Findings

Personnel issues	Aircraft control - Pilot

Aircraft Landing flare - Incorrect use/operation

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Factual Information

History of Flight

Autorotation	Hard landing (Defining event)	
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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	31,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	4-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Helicopter	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Helicopter; Instrument helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	March 2, 2023
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	May 31, 2023
Flight Time:	2614 hours (Total, all aircraft), 33 hours (Total, this make and model), 2532 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 99 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 22 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Bell	Registration:	N27UK
Model/Series:	206B NO SERIES	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:	1975	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal; Restricted (Special)	Serial Number:	1871
Landing Gear Type:	None; Skid	Seats:	5
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	May 17, 2023 Continuous airworthiness	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Turbo shaft
Airframe Total Time:	19324 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Allison
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	250-C20
Registered Owner:	ORLANDO AIRCRAFT SALES LLC	Rated Power:	400 Horsepower
Operator:	The Heli Team	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	Rotorcraft external load (133), Agricultural aircraft (137)

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	ORL,104 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	15:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	42°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Scattered / 4500 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:		Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	14 knots / 19 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
Wind Direction:	70°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
Altimeter Setting:	29.89 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / 18°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipit	ation	
Departure Point:	Orlando, FL	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Orlando, FL	Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class D

Airport Information

Airport:	Orlando Executive Airport ORL	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	112 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Unknown
Runway Used:	NONE	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	0 ft / 0 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Simulated forced landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	28.541171,-81.340903(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Gerhardt, Adam

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: November 9, 2023

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class: Class 4

Note: The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=192379

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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