



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Mesa, Arizona Accident Number: WPR24LA028

Date & Time: November 6, 2023, 10:00 Local Registration: N369FF

Aircraft: MD HELICOPTERS INC 369FF Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** Abnormal runway contact **Injuries:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Other work use

### **Analysis**

During a proficiency flight, the pilot was demonstrating an autorotation, and the nonflying pilot was following on the flight controls. While holding the flare to land, an excessive amount of aft cyclic was abruptly applied, and the tailskid and tail rotor contacted the ground. The pilot leveled the helicopter and completed the autorotation. The helicopter spun about 90° to the right before it came to a stop. The tail rotor assembly, tail boom, horizontal and vertical stabilizers, and tail rotor drive shaft couplings sustained substantial damage.

The operator reported that there were no preaccident mechanical malfunctions or failures with the helicopter that would have precluded normal operation.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's failure to maintain a proper autorotation profile during deceleration that resulted in the tail rotor assembly impacting the ground.

## **Findings**

Aircraft Landing flare - Not attained/maintained

Personnel issues Incorrect action performance - Pilot

Personnel issues Aircraft control - Pilot

Page 2 of 6 WPR24LA028

## **Factual Information**

## **History of Flight**

Autorotation	Abrupt maneuver
Landing	Abnormal runway contact (Defining event)

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Airline transport; Flight instructor	Age:	63,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	4-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Helicopter	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	Helicopter; Instrument helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 2, 2023
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	September 27, 2022
Flight Time:	10642 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1197 hours (Total, this make and model), 9145 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 20 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 7 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	29,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	4-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Helicopter	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	Helicopter; Instrument helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	October 20, 2023
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	May 19, 2023
Flight Time:	895 hours (Total, all aircraft), 100 hours (Total, this make and model), 823 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 24 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 12 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 WPR24LA028

### **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	MD HELICOPTERS INC	Registration:	N369FF
Model/Series:	369FF	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:	2009	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	0709FF
Landing Gear Type:	None; Skid	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	Continuous airworthiness	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3350 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	2 Turbo shaft
Airframe Total Time:	12950.8 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	ROLLS-ROYC
ELT:	C91 installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	250-C30
Registered Owner:	BANK OF UTAH TRUSTEE	Rated Power:	650 Horsepower
Operator:	MD Helicopters	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

# Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KFFZ,1389 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	09:54 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	50°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
Altimeter Setting:	29.98 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	26°C / 1°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Mesa, AZ	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Mesa, AZ	Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class D

Page 4 of 6 WPR24LA028

#### **Airport Information**

Airport: FALCON FLD FFZ Runway Surface Type:

Airport Elevation:1394 ft mslRunway Surface Condition:DryRunway Used:IFR Approach:None

Runway Length/Width: VFR Approach/Landing: Simulated forced landing;Traffic pattern

### **Wreckage and Impact Information**

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.460841,-111.72832(est)

Page 5 of 6 WPR24LA028

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Cornejo, Tealeye
Additional Participating Persons:	Ty Tennison; Federal Aviation Administration; Scottsdale, AZ
Original Publish Date:	June 6, 2024
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 4
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=193356

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 WPR24LA028