Week 1 Prelab

Briefly answer the following questions.

1. Identify the resistors:

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UID:



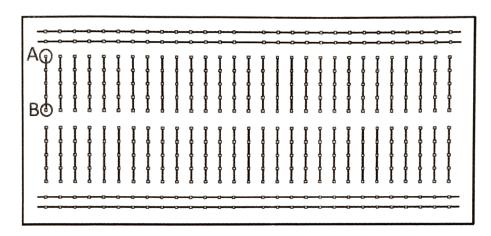
47.000 Ω with a tolerance of +/- 5 %.



Brown-Black-Yellow-Silver

 $100,000\Omega$ with a tolerance of +/- 10° %.

2.

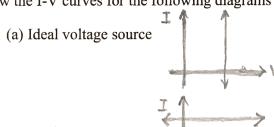


If a resistor is inserted into the breadboard with one leg at point A and one leg at point B, what resistance will an ohmmeter measure for that resistor? Why? What should you do instead to measure the proper resistance?

AN OHMMETER WOULD MEASURE OVOUTS BECAUSE A AND B ARE ON THE SAME GRIDLINE. TO MEASURE THE PROPER REGISTANCE, MOVE POINT AORB TO A POINT THAT'S PARALLEL TO ITS CURRENT POSITION.

3. Draw the I-V curves for the following diagrams

(c) Ideal current source



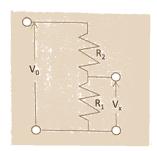
(b) Non-ideal voltage source

(d) Non-ideal current source

4. Prove the voltage and current divider equations: They are basic and very commonly used equations that you should memorize for use in all your future electronics courses.

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Voltage Divider

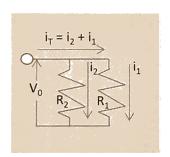


$$V_x = V_0 R_1/(R_1 + R_2)$$

YOUR SOLUTION HERE:

$$V_0 = V_X + V_2$$
 $V_0 = V_Y + \frac{V_0}{R_1 + R_2}$
 $V_0 = V_X + V_Z$
 $V_1 + V_2 + V_3 +$

Current Divider



$$I_1 = i_T R_2/(R_1 + R_2)$$

YOUR SOLUTION HERE:

$$\frac{1}{R_1} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}$$
 $\frac{1}{R_1} = \frac{R_1}{R_2} \times I_1 = \frac{R_1}{R_1} \times I_7 = \frac{R_1R_2}{R_1+R_2}$
 $\frac{1}{R_1} = \frac{R_1R_2}{R_1+R_2}$
 $\frac{1}{R_1} = \frac{R_2}{R_1+R_2}$

Week 1 Prelab End