# Measuring the impact of a Digital HIV/ITS intervention on risk and social behavior of University of Santiago students

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14 de abril de 2021







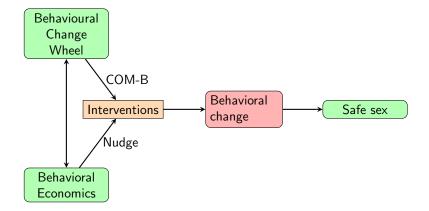
# THE GLOBAL IMPACT OF HIV & AIDS



**38 million people worldwide** are currently living with HIV or AIDS.



# Theoretical backgroud

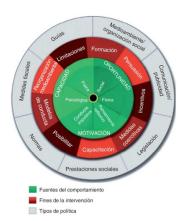


1. Theoretical Design 2. Experimental Conditions 3. Experimental measure

#### The COM-B model of behaviour



Michie et al (2011) Implementation Science



# Our research Proposal

- Longitudinal online experiment comparing exposure to an HIV/STI risk prevention intervention (video) designed using the Behaviour Wheel Change perspective against a placebo
- Placebo = Another campaign aimed at USACH students (possibly 'staying active')

#### Dependent variables

- Self-reported changes in risk taking behavior
- Self-reported changes in risk taking behavior using List Experiments
- Willingness to 'like' a video
- Willingness to 'share' a video
- Spatial Contagion a.k.a
   Potential for organic
   (non-funded) dissemination of
   the intervention

#### Previous research

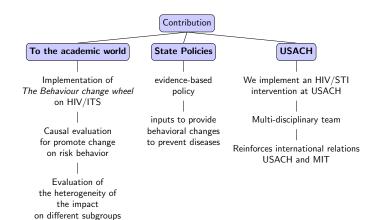
#### This research builds

 studies that evaluate the Behaviour Wheel Change, in multimorbility (Sinnot et.al, 2015), Childhood Obesity (Taylor et.al, 2016) and cigarette smoking habits (Goul et.al, 2017), and

Contributions

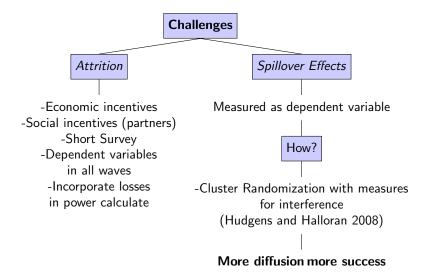
- studies that evaluate the impact of digital campaigns for alcohol and smoking reduction apps (Perski et.al, 2017), tobacco prevention in youth people (Zhao. et.al, 2016), and
- social media campaigns more generally Rand (2020) papers on truth labels in social media.

#### Research contributions



# Longitudinal structure

- Baseline survey (Wave 1) Description of the Covid sexuality contingency.
- Invitation to participate in a longitudinal study.
- A total of 4-5 waves of evaluation and re-treatment depending on budget. Estimated cost 25.000 USD, for economic incentives to respond to the survey.



# Wave 1 - survey Structure

- Informed consent
- Instructions, that enhance:
  - Economic compensation, and
  - Social contribution
- Stated knowledge of USACH campaings
- Socio-demographics
- Dependent variables of interest
- Invitation to participate in future waves
- If Accept Randomize Video P; T1; T2; T1xT2 + payment info measure 'Like'
- If Not Accept payment information
- 15 minutes survey

First wave results provide descriptive measure of USACH student's sexuality during COVID

## The structure of Wave 2+

- Informed consent
- Stated knowledge of USACH campaigns
- Measure other dependent variables
- Treatment video: P; T1; T2; T1xT2 (same treatment allocated in wave 1)
- Willingness to share the video (from Wave 2 onwards)

#### **Power**

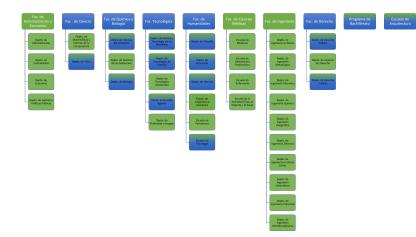
- There are 25.000-ish USACH students
- Wave 1: 2000 (8 % Answer survey) Baseline T
- **3** Wave 2: 1200 (60 % retention) T + 1 months
- Wave 3: 1020 (85 % retention) T + 3 months
- Wave 4: 714 (70 % retention) T + 6 months

#### Randomization

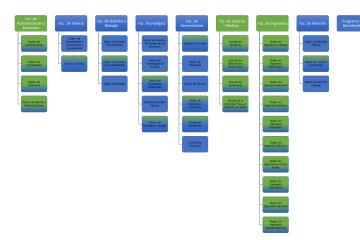
Cluster randomization with diffusion design, that allow one to measure spillovers (Hudgens and Halloran, 2008, Kang and Keele, 2019). En epidemiological approach.

- lacktriangledown  $\frac{3}{10}$  Faculties with Placebo,  $\frac{7}{10}$  Faculties with Treatment
- **②** Within the Treated Faculties, Departments are randomized:  $\frac{1}{3}$  Placebo, y  $\frac{2}{3}$  Treatment.
- **9** Within the treated Departments, individuals are randomized with probabilities:  $\frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{2}P|T1)$ ;  $\frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{2}P|T2)$ ;  $\frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{2}P|T2*T3)$ , in gender and age blocks.

### Randomization



# Conjectures regarding diffusion





- Health Sistem
- Evidence
- M-Health
- Mechanism of behavioral evaluation in Health

# Research progress

- Second part of the DICYT project to support clinical research (2019-2020): Effects of digital interventions for the prevention of STI/HIV in young people" (02193 DA\_MED)
- Videos for experimental conditions
- Survey
- A Methodological model for intervention and evaluation



# ¡Thank You!