Edit Distance Worksheet

The purpose of this exercise is to get you comfortable with the notation used in the edit distance problem and with the recursive formulation.

Given source string s = kasparov and target string t = karpov. Note that the length of s (denoted |s|) is 8 and |t| = 6.

1. What does the function call string compare(s, t, 2, 2) return? (Hint: you should be able to answer this by visually inspecting the two strings.)

```
s = \frac{ka}{s}sparov t = \frac{ka}{s}rpov s_c(s, t, 2, 2) = 0 \text{ (match)}
```

2. Suppose that function string compare returns the following values for three different combinations of i and j:

```
    i j output
    8 5 4
    7 6 4
    7 5 3
```

Use this to determine the output of string compare(s, t, 8, 6) -> full target.

```
s_{-}c(s, t, i, j) = min(
s_{-}c(s, t, i-1, j-1) + match(s[i], [j]),
s_{-}c(s, t, i, j-1) + 1
s_{-}c(s, t, i-1, j) + 1
)
s_{-}c(s, t, 8, 6) = min(
s_{-}c(s, t, 7, 5) + match('v', 'v'),
s_{-}c(s, t, 8, 5) + 1
s_{-}c(s, t, 7, 6) + 1
\Rightarrow 4 + 1
)
min(3,5,5) = 3
```