Log Worksheet

1. If $\log_{100}x = y$, express $\log_{10}x^3$ in terms of y?

$$3 \log_{10} x = 6y$$

$$\log_{10} x = \frac{\log_{100} x}{\log_{100} 10}$$

$$= \frac{y}{1/2} = 2y$$

2. Prove that log(n!) = O(nlog n).

$$n! \le n^n, n \ge 1$$

$$n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times ... \times 1 \le n \times n \times n ... \times n$$

$$log n! \le log n^n$$

$$n log n, n \ge 1$$

$$c = 1$$

3. Prove that $log(n!) = \Omega(nlogn)$ (difficult).

$$n! \ge \left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{(n/2)}$$
$$\log n! \ge \frac{n}{2} \log \frac{n}{2}$$

 $\geq c \ n \log n \Rightarrow$ want to find constant c

$$(1-c)n\log n \ge (\log e)n o \text{must satisfy n} \ge n_0$$

$$(1-c)n \log n \ge (\log e) \rightarrow \text{must satisfy n > 0}$$

 $(1-c)logn \geq (1-c)logn_0$ \rightarrow need positive c and n_0 to satisfy the statement below

$$(1-c)logn_0 \geq (log\; e)$$

For example, c = 0.1 and $n_{\rm 0}$ = 4

$$\log n! = \theta(n \log n)$$