

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
library(tidyverse)

## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##   method      from
##   [.quosures   rlang
##   c.quosures   rlang
##   print.quosures rlang

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --

## v ggplot2 3.1.1    v purrr   0.3.2
## v tibble  2.1.1    v dplyr   0.8.1
## v tidyr   0.8.3    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1    v forcats 0.4.0

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(here)
```

```
## here() starts at /Users/denis/Dev/causal-forest-ohie
```

```
library(assertthat)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'assertthat'

## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
##   has_name
```

Assuming independence between respondents, the standard errors of ATE are given by:

$$se(\bar{y}_1 - \bar{y}_0) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_0} \text{var}(y_i | d_i = 0) + \frac{1}{n_1} \text{var}(y_i | d_i = 1)}$$

```
read_stata_dataset <- function(file_path) {
  file_path %>%
    here::here() %>%
    haven::read_dta(file_path) %>%
    haven::as_factor()
}
```

```
descriptive <- read_stata_dataset("data/OHIE_Public_Use_Files/OHIE_Data/oregonhie_descriptive_vars.dta")
state_programs <- read_stata_dataset("data/OHIE_Public_Use_Files/OHIE_Data/oregonhie_stateprograms_vars")
survey12 <- read_stata_dataset("data/OHIE_Public_Use_Files/OHIE_Data/oregonhie_survey12m_vars.dta")
emergency <- read_stata_dataset("data/OHIE_Public_Use_Files/OHIE_Data/oregonhie_ed_vars.dta")
```

Heterogeneity here?

ohp_all_ever_firstn_30sep2009: This variable takes a value of 1 if an individual was enrolled in any Medicaid program (including the lotteried program, OHP Standard) between the earliest notification date in the sample (10 March 2008) and 30 September 2009. In the analysis of the 12-month mail survey data in Finkelstein et al (2012), this variable was used as the definition of insurance coverage in estimating the effect of Medicaid. In the analysis in Taubman et al (201XX), this variable was used as the definition of insurance coverage in estimating the effect of Medicaid.

```
## Warning: Removed 13 rows containing missing values (geom_tile).
```



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```

num_visit_pre_cens_ed == 0 ~ "0",
num_visit_pre_cens_ed == 1 ~ "1",
num_visit_pre_cens_ed == 2 ~ "2",
num_visit_pre_cens_ed == 3 ~ "3",
num_visit_pre_cens_ed == 4 ~ "4",
num_visit_pre_cens_ed >= 5 ~ ">5",
is.na(num_visit_pre_cens_ed) ~ NA_character_,
TRUE ~ "Else"
)) %>%
mutate(n_visits_pre = forcats::fct_relevel(n_visits_pre, "0", "1", "2", "3", "4", ">5"))

## Joining, by = "person_id"

# Make sure code logic is covering all cases
# assert_that(all(per_n_visits$n_visits_pre != "Else"))

# Now remove NAs
per_n_visits <- per_n_visits %>%
  filter(!is.na(n_visits_pre))

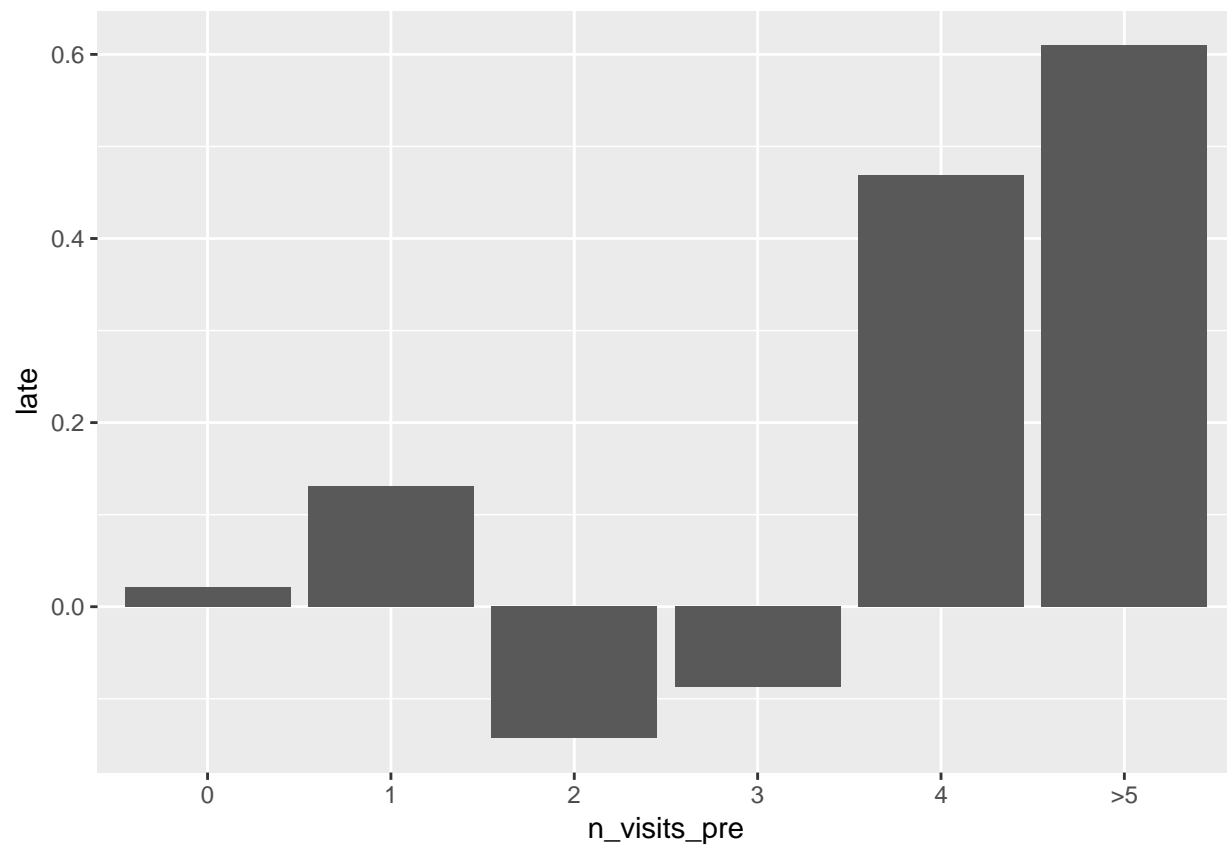
per_n_visits <- per_n_visits %>%
  group_by(n_visits_pre,
    treatment) %>%
  summarise(avg_visit = mean(num_visit_cens_ed, na.rm = TRUE),
    n = n()) %>%
  group_by(n_visits_pre) %>%
  mutate(total_n = sum(n),
    pp = n / total_n) %>%
  mutate(pp_treated = pp[treatment == "Selected"])

per_n_visits

## # A tibble: 12 x 7
## # Groups:   n_visits_pre [6]
##   n_visits_pre treatment   avg_visit     n total_n   pp pp_treated
##   <fct>         <fct>         <dbl> <int>   <int> <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 0             Not selected   0.418 10213  16930 0.603   0.397
## 2 0             Selected      0.439  6717  16930 0.397   0.397
## 3 1             Not selected   1.11  2380   3881 0.613   0.387
## 4 1             Selected      1.25  1501   3881 0.387   0.387
## 5 2             Not selected   1.86  1001   1594 0.628   0.372
## 6 2             Selected      1.71   593   1594 0.372   0.372
## 7 3             Not selected   2.65   523    839 0.623   0.377
## 8 3             Selected      2.56   316    839 0.377   0.377
## 9 4             Not selected   3.12   282    445 0.634   0.366
## 10 4            Selected      3.59   163    445 0.366   0.366
## 11 >5           Not selected   6.44   613    945 0.649   0.351
## 12 >5           Selected      7.05   332    945 0.351   0.351

per_n_visits %>%
  select(-n, -pp) %>%
  spread(key = treatment, value = avg_visit) %>%
  mutate(late = Selected - `Not selected`) %>%
  ggplot(aes(n_visits_pre, late)) +
  geom_col()

```



```
knitr::knit_exit()
```