Voluntary temporal attention improves perception even in the absence of temporal competition

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Background

- Perception can be impaired when successive stimuli appear close together in time, demonstrating **temporal competition** for representational resources[1-2]
- **Voluntary temporal attention** can enhance the perception of a stimulus at a relevant moment in time at the expense of earlier and later stimuli[3-5]
- Determining whether these perceptual trade-offs require temporal competition would provide insight into the mechanisms of selection by voluntary temporal attention

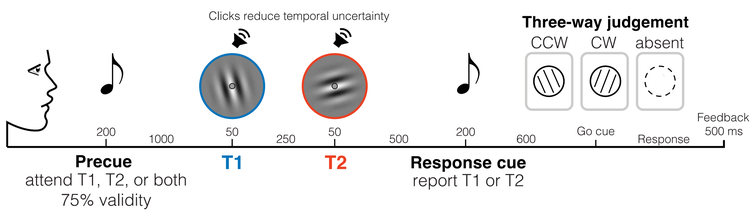
Question

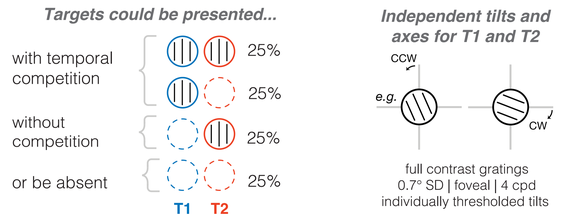
Does voluntary temporal attention enhance performance even without temporal competition?

Temporal cueing task

Independent manipulation of voluntary temporal attention and temporal competition

n =15 | 2-3 sessions |1280 trials per observer
online fixation monitoring





References

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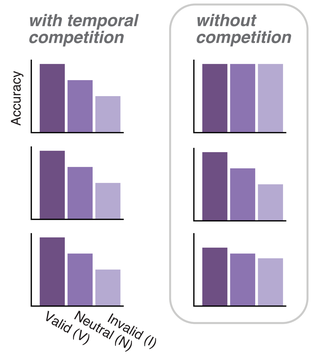
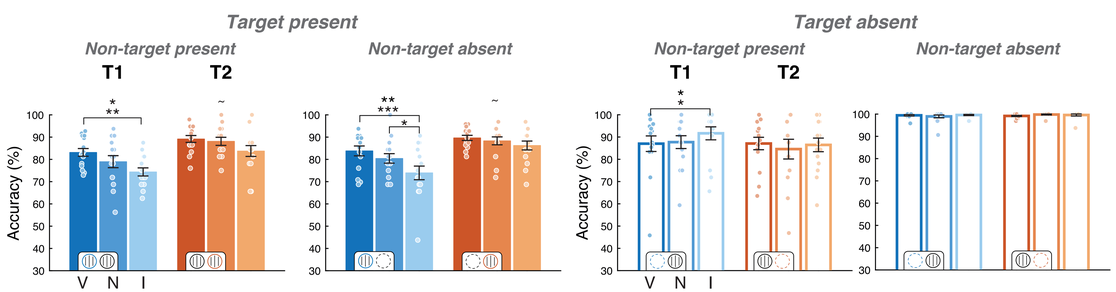
Hypotheses

If voluntary temporal attention...	*then attention should affect performance...*
① selects among *actively* competing stimulus representations[6]	only when there is temporal competition
② biases stimulus representations *prior* to a competitive stage[4,5]	even without temporal competition
③ interacts with temporal competition[3]	more with than without temporal competition



Results

Voluntary temporal attention enhanced performance even without temporal competition

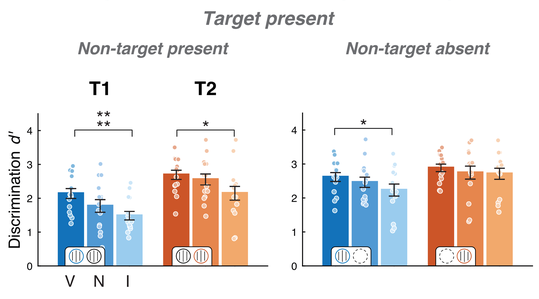


Temporal attention improved performance similarly with and without temporal competition

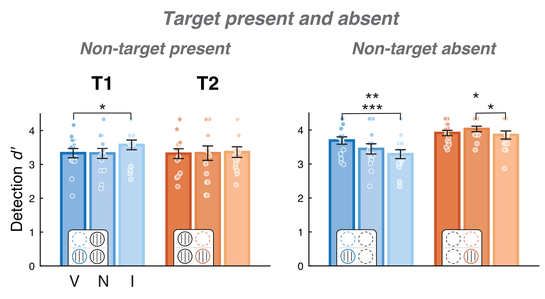
Performance was high when the target was absent, with no further attentional improvement

Signal detection theory analysis

Temporal attention enhanced T1 tilt discrimination sensitivity with and without temporal competition

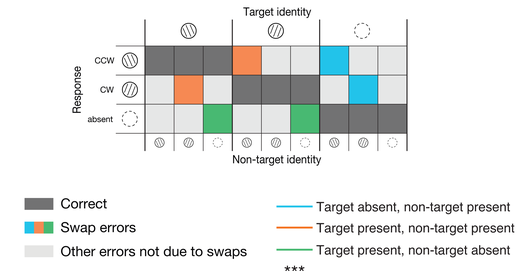


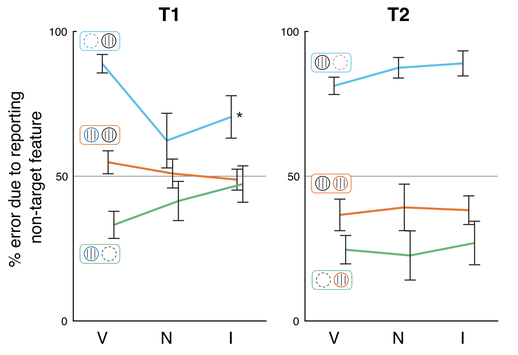
As expected, suprathreshold detection sensitivity was high



Error bars indicate ± 1 SEM. ~p<0.1, *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001.

Temporal competition affected sensitivity to the non-target





Conclusions

- Voluntary temporal attention enhanced performance even without temporal competition
- The attentional improvement was similar whether a target was presented with or without competition
- **These results suggest that temporal attention biases stimulus information prior to a competitive stage**

Funding: BU startup to R.D., NDSEG to K.T.

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