Linux Practical 2

1. write a command to create new folder

We can create new file using 'touch' command and if we want to create new folder then use 'mkdir' command.

For example,

```
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ mkdir this
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ ls -l
total 4
drwxrwsr-x 2 denis installation 4096 Mar 27 09:57 this
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ touch file1.txt
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ ls -l
total 4
-rw-rw-r-- 1 denis installation 0 Mar 27 10:02 file1.txt
drwxrwsr-x 2 denis installation 4096 Mar 27 09:57 this
```

2. write a command to find the current path of the folder

For that we can use 'pwd' command.

For example,

```
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ pwd
/home/denis/Denis Shingala/Linux
```

3. write a command to move into new created folder

```
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ mkdir this
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ ls
file.txt this
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ mv file.txt ./this
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ ls
this
denis@sf-cpu-387:~/Denis Shingala/Linux$ ls -R
.:
this
./this:
file.txt
```

4. write a command to create new file

touch {file name}

5. write a command to add some content in a file

> cat >> {file name}

6. write a command to find a specific word from a file

- First of we have to go vim editor using below command: vim {file name}
- Then write below command: /{target pattern}

7. write a command to find the size of a file

> Is-s

8. write a command to rename that file

mv {target file path} {new name}

9. write a command to make a copy of a file with another name

> cp {target file path} {new path with another name}

10. write a command to show the list of files in folder

➤ Is -IR

11. write a command to move that file to desktop

mv {target file path} ~/desktop/

12. write a command to change permissions of the file

- > chmod {person -/+ permission} {file path}
- here, person might be u(user)/ o(other)/ a(all)/ g(group) and 'r' stand for read, 'w' stand for write, 'x' stand for executable.

13. write a command to delete file

> rm {file path}

14. write a command to delete created folder

➤ rm -r {folder name}

15. write a command to command to find a any file on local machine

find ~/ -type f -name {file name}

16. write a command to create a zip of files from specific path on local machine

> zip {target file path} {zip file name}

17. write a command to unzip

> unzip {zip file path}

18. write a command to download file from specific location on the internet

➤ wget {url}

19. Write command to see last 10 lines of a file.

➤ head -n10 {file path}

20. Write command to see history of a file.

➤ stat {file path}