

OMIS 30: Intro to Programming

(with Python)

Week 2, Class 1

Introduction to Programming Instructor: Denis Vrdoljak





Primitive (Atomic) Variables in Python

- Integer (int)
- Float
- String (str)
- Boolean (bool)



Integer

Positive or negative whole numbers with no decimal point

Examples: -1001, 0, 6

Python does not have a 'limit' on how small or large the number can be (min/max is only limited by the memory size of your machine)



Float

- Represent real numbers and are written with a decimal point dividing the integer and fractional parts.
- Floats may also be in scientific notation

Examples: -2.5, 3.1415, 7.67, 1e6



Bool (boolean type)

True or False

- Equivalent to [1,0] (respectively):
- False == 0
 - #evaluates to True; they are logically equal
- True == 1
 - # also evaluates to True; they are also logically equal
- Can also add: 2 + True = 3