

Question 1:

① Shannon entropy of target variable (edible) is calculated as follows:

$$H(\text{edible}) = - \left(\frac{16}{24} \times \log_2 \left(\frac{16}{24} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{8}{24} \times \log_2 \left(\frac{8}{24} \right) \right) = 0.92 \text{ bits}$$

② Each feature white, tall, shiny's entropies & information gains are calculated as follows:

a) White:

		True	False
white	0	9	5
	1	7	3

$$H(\text{white, edible}) = P(\text{white}=0) \times H(\text{white}=0) + P(\text{white}=1) \times H(\text{white}=1)$$

$$P(\text{white}=0) = \frac{14}{24}, E(9, 5) = - \left(\frac{9}{14} \times \log_2 \left(\frac{9}{14} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{5}{14} \times \log_2 \left(\frac{5}{14} \right) \right) = 0.94$$

$$P(\text{white}=1) = \frac{10}{24}, E(7, 3) = - \left(\frac{7}{10} \times \log_2 \left(\frac{7}{10} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{3}{10} \times \log_2 \left(\frac{3}{10} \right) \right) = 0.88$$

$$H(\text{white, edible}) = \frac{14}{24} \times 0.94 + \frac{10}{24} \times 0.88 = 0.915$$

$$\text{Information gain} = H(\text{edible}) - H(\text{white, edible}) = 0.92 - 0.915 = 0.005$$

b) Tall :

		edible	True	False
		Tall		
tall	0	6	4	
	1	10	14	

$tall = 0$

$$E(b, 4) = -\left(\frac{6}{10} \times \log_2 \frac{6}{10}\right) - \left(\frac{4}{10} \times \log_2 \frac{4}{10}\right) = 0,97$$

$$E(10, 4) = -\left(\frac{10}{14} \times \log_2 \frac{10}{14}\right) - \left(\frac{4}{14} \times \log_2 \frac{4}{14}\right) = 0,861$$

$$P(tall = 0) = 10/24$$

$$P(tall = 1) = 14/24$$

$$U(tall, edible) = 0,906$$

$$\text{Info gain} = U(\text{edible}) - U(tall, \text{edible}) = 0,92 - 0,906 = 0,014$$

c) Frilly :

		edible	True	False
		Frilly		
frilly	0	13	3	
	1	3	5	

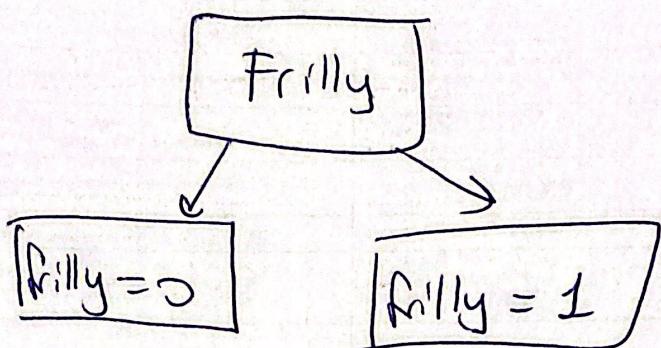
$$P(frilly = 0) = 16/24$$

$$P(frilly = 1) = 8/24$$

$$H(\text{frilly, edible}) = 0,78228 \rightarrow \text{Info gain} = 0,92 - 0,78228 = 0,1377$$

1 - 0,81

③ Comparing information gains feature 'Frilly' should be next Node with max info gain.



$\Rightarrow \text{Frilly} = 0$, consider attribute white's entropy.

Entropy ($\text{Frilly} = 0$) = 0,696205 \rightarrow calculated below.

when $\text{frilly} = 0$ & $\text{white} = 0$, there are 6 True's & 3 False's.

$$\text{entropy}(\text{white} = 0) = -\frac{6}{9} \log_2\left(\frac{6}{9}\right) - \frac{3}{9} \log_2\left(\frac{3}{9}\right) = 0,92$$

entropy ($\text{white} = 1$) = 0 since all target values are True's.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Information gain} (\text{frilly} = 0, \text{white}) &= 0,696205 - \underbrace{\frac{9}{16} \times 0,92}_{\substack{\text{entropy} \\ \text{white} \\ = 0}} \\ \text{Information gain} &= 0,696205 - 0,5175 \\ &= 0,178 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Information gain} (\text{frilly} = 0, \text{white}) = 0,178$$

$\Rightarrow \text{Frilly} = 0$, consider attribute tall's entropy.

$$\text{Entropy}(\text{Frilly} = 0) = 0.696205$$

when $\text{Frilly} = 0 \& \text{tall} = 0$ there are
→ 4 True
→ 3 False

when $\text{Frilly} = 0 \& \text{tall} = 1$ there are
→ 9 True
→ 0 False

$$\text{Entropy}(\text{tall} = 0) = -\frac{4}{7} \left(\log_2 \left(\frac{4}{7} \right) \right) - \frac{3}{7} \left(\log_2 \left(\frac{3}{7} \right) \right) = 0.981$$

$$\text{Entropy}(\text{tall} = 1) = 0$$

Information gain ($\text{Frilly} = 0, \text{tall}$) = ~~$P(\text{tall})$~~

$$= 0.696205 - \underbrace{\left(P(\text{tall} = 0) \cdot E(\text{tall} = 0) \right)}_{\frac{7}{16} \quad 0.981} - 0$$

$$= 0.2672$$

$$0.429$$

④ Therefore, $\text{Gain}(\text{white}) = 0.178$) for $\text{Frilly} = 0$
 $\text{Gain}(\text{tall}) = 0.2672$

⑤ Now consider the branch $\text{Frilly} = 1$

	<u>white</u>	<u>tall</u>	<u>frilly</u>
0	0	0	T
0	1	0	F
0	1	1	F
1	0	0	F
1	1	1	F
1	1	1	F
0	1	1	F

$$\text{entropy} (\text{frilly} = 1) = 0,9544$$

a) Consider white:

(white=0) & frilly=1 there are $\rightarrow 2T$
 $\rightarrow 3F$

$$\text{entropy} (\text{white} = 0) = -\frac{2}{5} \log_2 \left(\frac{2}{5} \right) - \frac{3}{5} \cdot \log_2 \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) = -0,4 \times -1,32$$

$$-0,6 \times -0,74 \\ = 0,97 \leftarrow$$

$$\text{entropy} (\text{white} = 1) = 0$$

$$\text{Info gain} (\text{frilly} = 1, \text{white} = 0) = 0,9544 - \underbrace{\left(P(\text{white} = 0), E(\text{white} = 0) \right)}_{0,97} \underbrace{-}_{0,35}$$

b) Consider tall:

tall=0 & frilly=1 there are $\rightarrow 2T$
 $\rightarrow 1F$

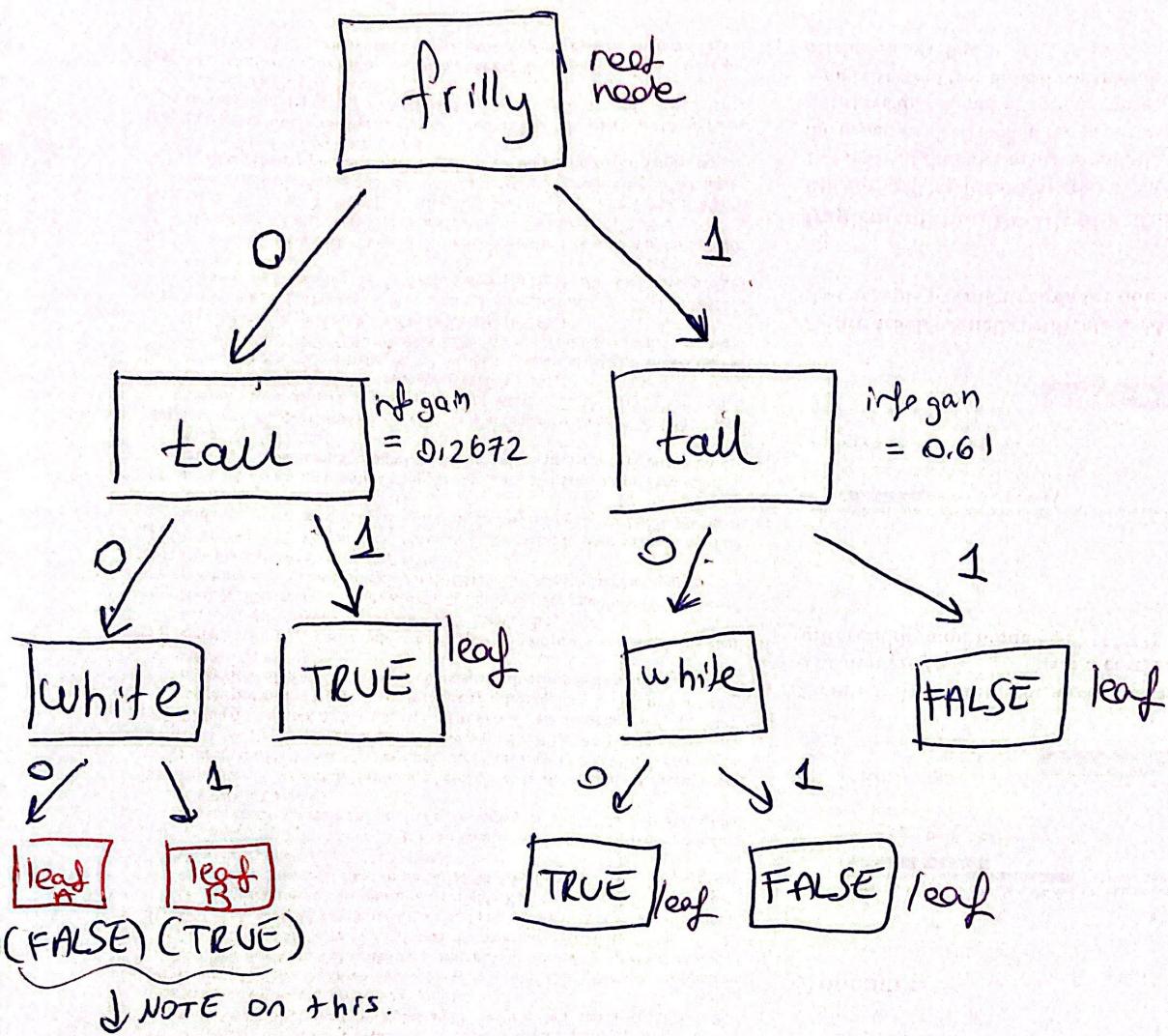
tall=1 & frilly=1 there are $\rightarrow 5F$
 $\rightarrow 0T$

$$\text{entropy} (\text{tall} = 0) = -\frac{2}{3} \log_2 \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log_2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) = 0,9182 \quad 0,344$$

$$\text{entropy} (\text{tall} = 1) = 0 \quad / \quad \text{inf gain} (\text{frilly} = 1, \text{tall}) = 0,9544 - 0,9182 \times \frac{3}{8}$$

$$= 0,61 \quad \cancel{0,344}$$

Therefore the tree structure is?



① When $\text{frilly} = 0, \text{tall} = 0, \text{white} = 0$ then we get 1T

② " " " , $\text{white} = 1$ " " get 3F

In the raw data table case ① some entries point to different classifications. In this case my opinion is to classify $\text{frilly} = 0, \text{tall} = 0, \text{white} = 0$ (leaf A) as false and leaf B as True. So we are ignoring the false entries in case ①.