Weather Station POV documentation

References used:

https://microsoft.github.io/azure-iot-developer-kit/

https://github.com/AzureArchitecture

https://www.c-sharpcorner.com/topics/azure-function

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-create-your-first-function-visual-studio

https://microsoft.github.io/azure-iot-developer-kit/docs/get-started/

https://www.10thmagnitude.com/step-step-guide-creating-functions-within-azures-iot-hub/

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-hub/iot-hub-arduino-iot-devkit-az3166-get-started

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-with-azure-functions

https://microsoft.github.io/azure-iot-developer-kit/versions/

https://github.com/microsoft/vscode-iot-workbench/blob/master/docs/iot-devkit/devkit-get-started.md

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-troubleshoot-input

https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/samples/azureiotlabs/

https://cosmosdb.github.io/labs/

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-documentdb-output

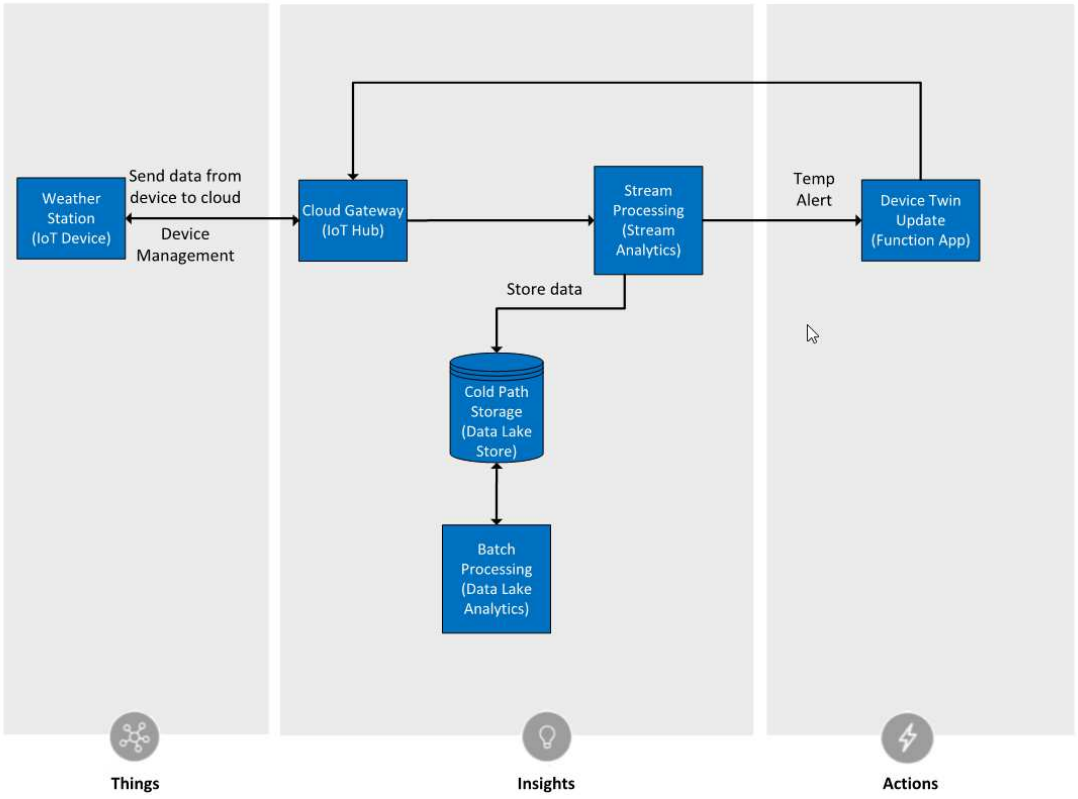
http://azurefabric.com/cosmosdb-some-setup-and-quick-get-started-tips/

https://darenmay.com/

https://www.axonize.com/blog/iot-technology/the-advantages-and-disadvantages-of-using-azure-stream-analytics-for-iot-applications/

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-create-first-function-vs-code

1. Create an Architecture Diagram for a solution that satisfies the requirements (use PowerPoint or Visio)



2. Create a threat model and note any key factors that drive configuration of the solution

Reference:

Course: DEV301x IoT Architecture Design and Business Planning

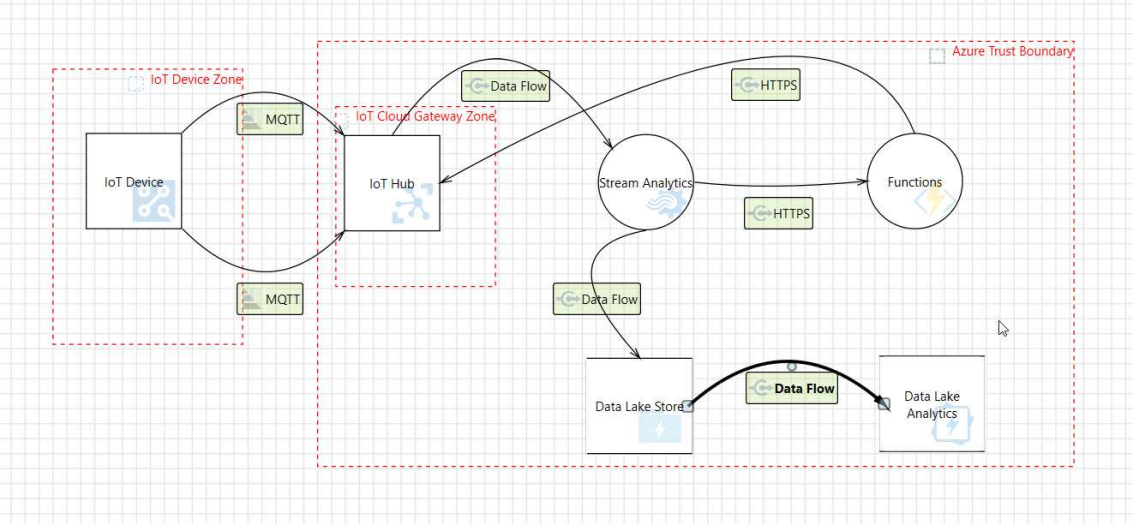
Module: Understanding the Azure IoT Reference Architecture

Lab: Reference Architecture SubSystems and Security

Topics: Threat Modeling the Azure IoT Reference Architecture and Microsoft Threat Modeling Tool 2016 Review

Threat Modeling Tool 2016 Getting Started Guide.docx

2a. Install 2016 version and link the Azure template v3.



Design View

Plan of Attack

a) Create resources based on design from left to right

b) Configure MX Chip but leave the flashing device.ino file later

c) Create IOT Hub

d) Create Azure Stream Analytics

e) Create Azure Functions

f) Test output with stream analytics

g) Create Azure Data Lake Store

h) Test output with stream analytics

i) Create Azure Data Lake Analytics

3. Preparing the Device and Connecting to Azure

Course: DEV325x Introduction to Device Programming for IoT: C Edition

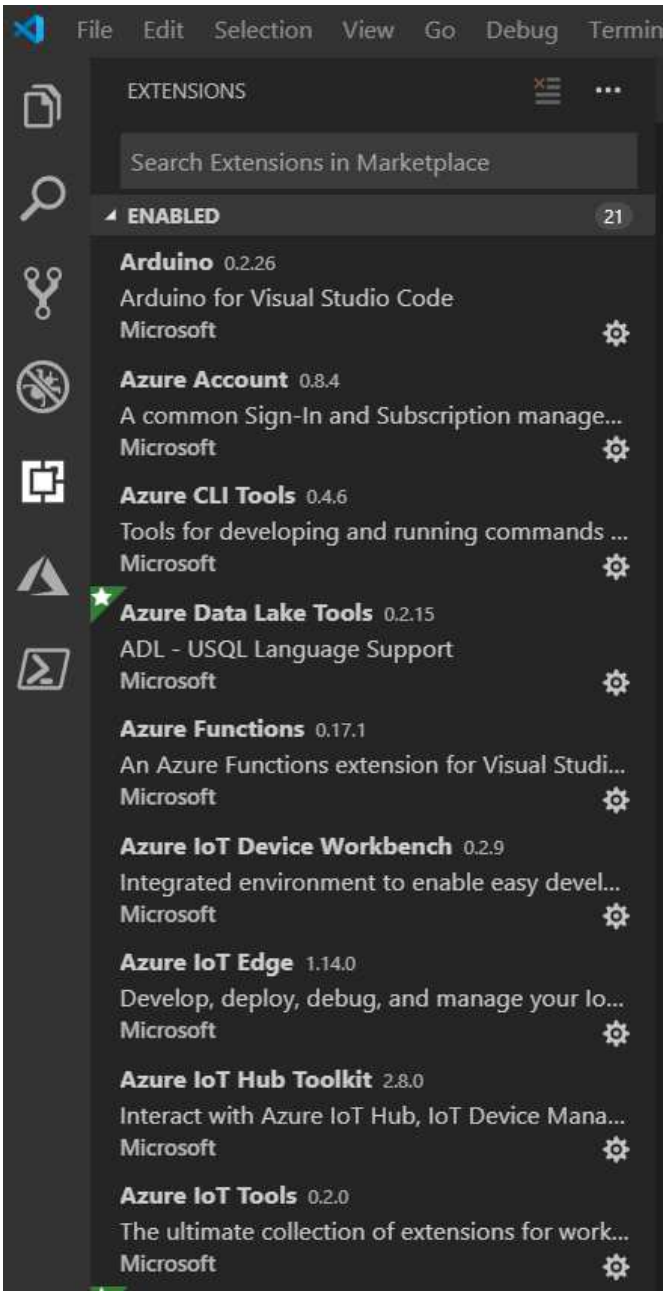
Module: Data and Device Inputs

Lab: Configure the MXChip Development Environment

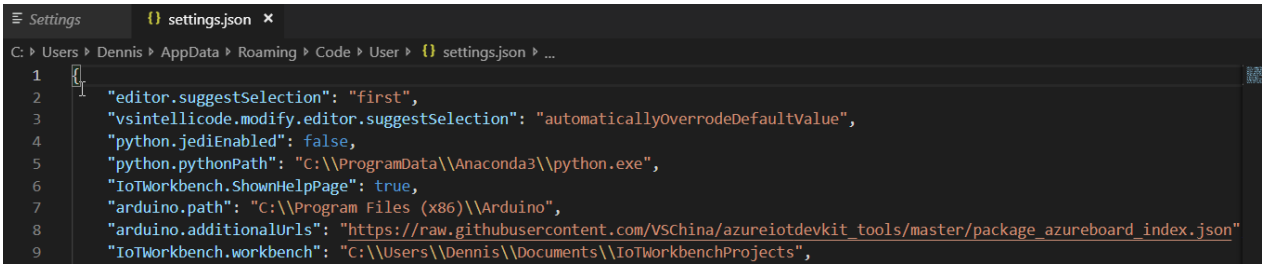
4. Setup Your MXChip Device

5. Configure Your Environment

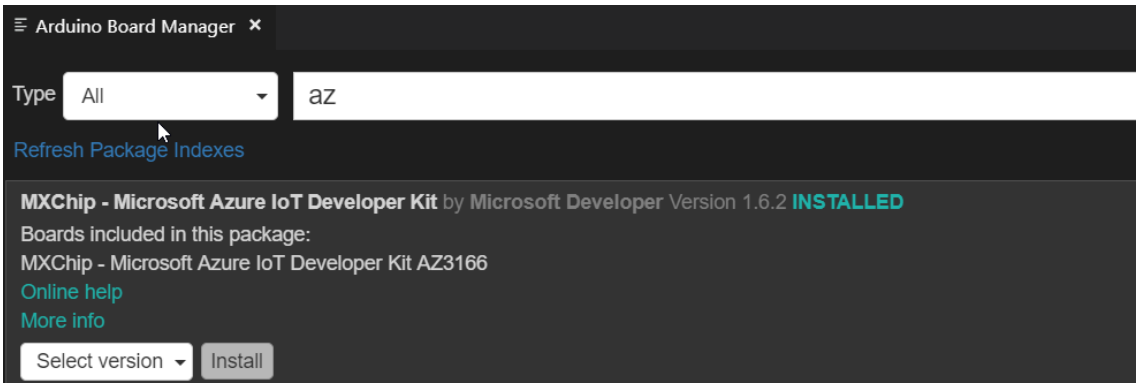
6. Ensure have proper VS Studio extensions installed:



7. The following JSON to your settings file.



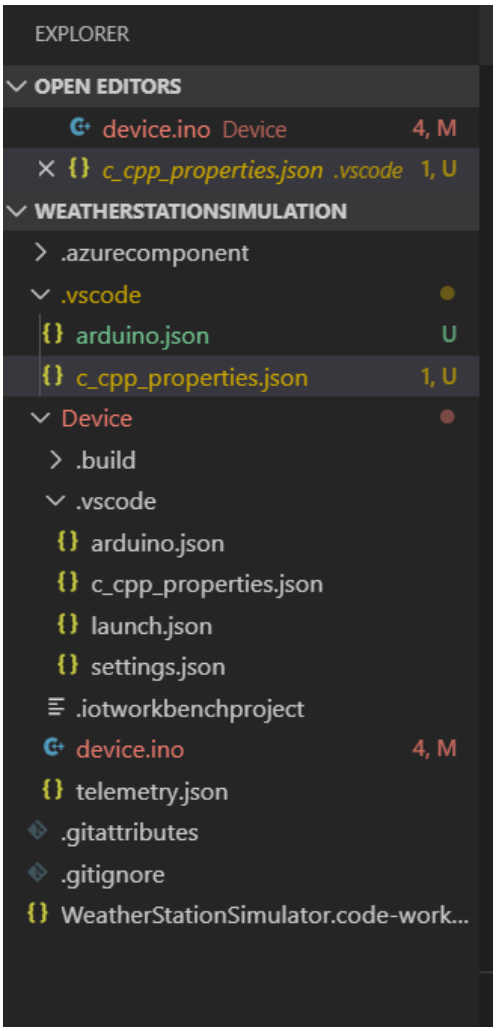
8. Arduino: Board Manager – **Make sure Board version must match the MXChip firmware**



9. The USB interface used to communicate with your MXChip is **ST-Link.**

Sample Code for cppproperties.json (There are 2 c_cpp_properties.json)

```
{
    "configurations": [
        {
            "name": "Win32",
            "defines": [
                "ARDUINO=10800"
            ],
            "includePath": [
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\Documents\\Arduino\\libraries\\MXChip.IoT.Capstone.Library\\src",
                "${workspaceFolder}",
                "${workspaceFolder}/device",
                "${workspaceFolder}/device/**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\AppData\\Local\\Arduino15\\packages\\AZ3166\\hardware\\stm32f4\\1.6.2\\**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\AppData\\Local\\Arduino15\\packages\\AZ3166\\tools\\**",
                "C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Arduino\\hardware\\tools\\**",
                "C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Arduino\\libraries\\**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\Documents\\Arduino\\hardware\\tools\\**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\Documents\\Arduino\\libraries\\**"
            ],
            "forcedInclude": [
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\AppData\\Local\\Arduino15\\packages\\AZ3166\\hardware\\stm32f4\\1.6.2\\cores\\arduino\\Arduino.h"
            ],
            "intelliSenseMode": "clang-x64",
            "cStandard": "c11",
            "cppStandard": "c++17"
        }
    ],
    "version": 4
}
```



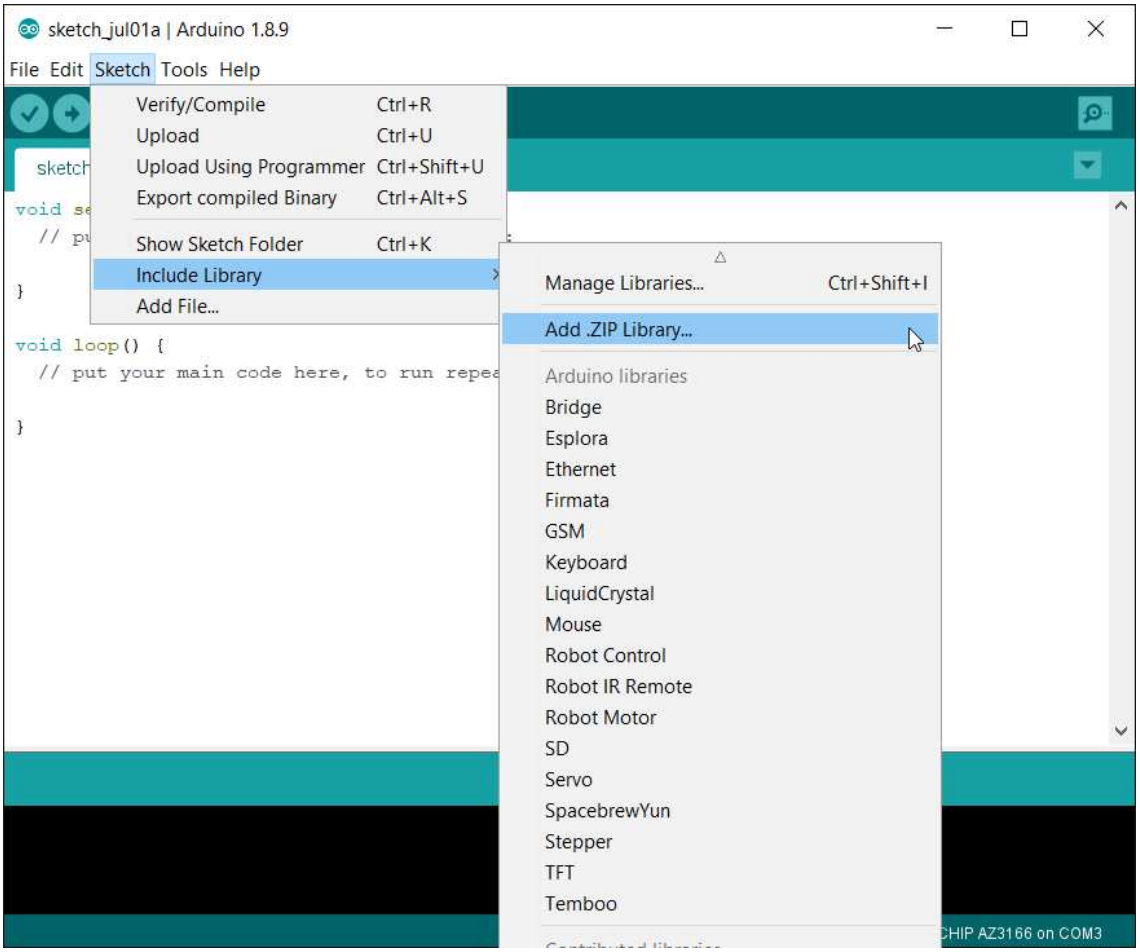
10. Reference (NOT USED YET):

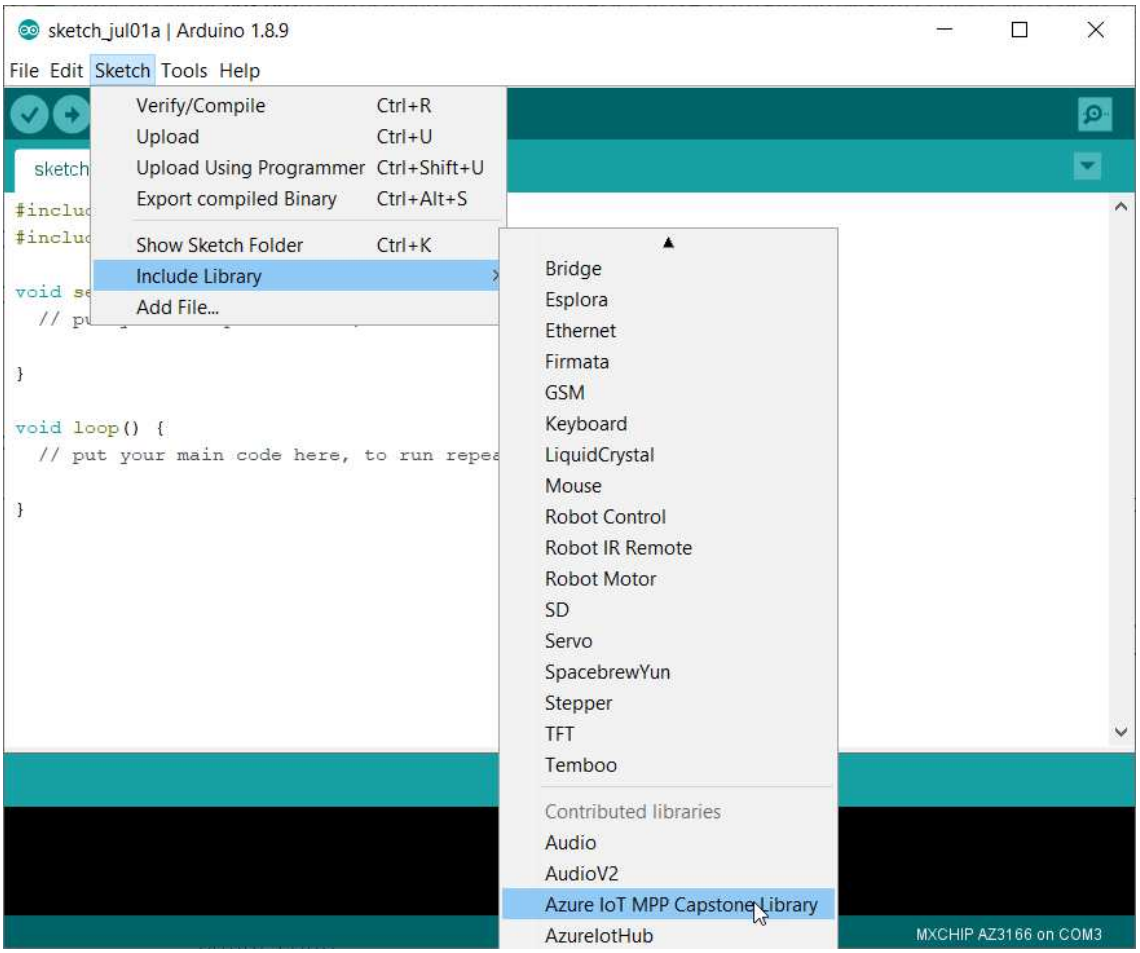
    Course: DEV297x IoT Device Configuration and Communication: C Edition

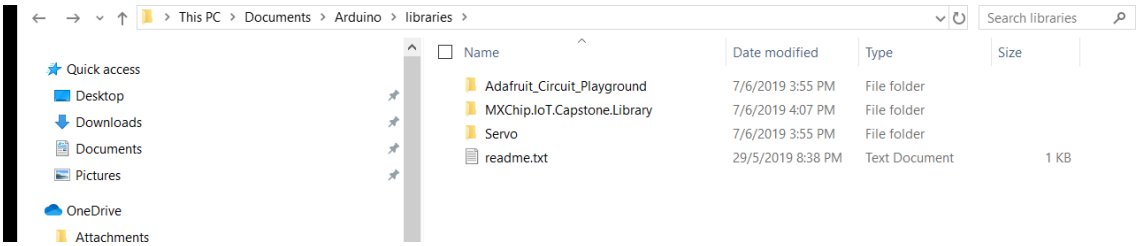
    Module: Manage Your Devices

    Lab: Automating Device Configuration and Management

11. Import the MXChip.IoT.Capstone.Library into the Arduino development environment


sketch_jul01a | Arduino 1.8.9
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
Verify/Compile Ctrl+R
Upload Ctrl+U
Upload Using Programmer Ctrl+Shift+U
Export compiled Binary Ctrl+Alt+S
Show Sketch Folder Ctrl+K
Include Library
Add File...
Manage Libraries... Ctrl+Shift+I
Add .ZIP Library...
Arduino libraries
Bridge
Esplora
Ethernet
Firmata
GSM
Keyboard
LiquidCrystal
Mouse
Robot Control
Robot IR Remote
Robot Motor
SD
Servo
SpacebrewYun
Stepper
TFT
Temboo
void loop() {
// put your main code here, to run repea
}
CHIP AZ3166 on COM3





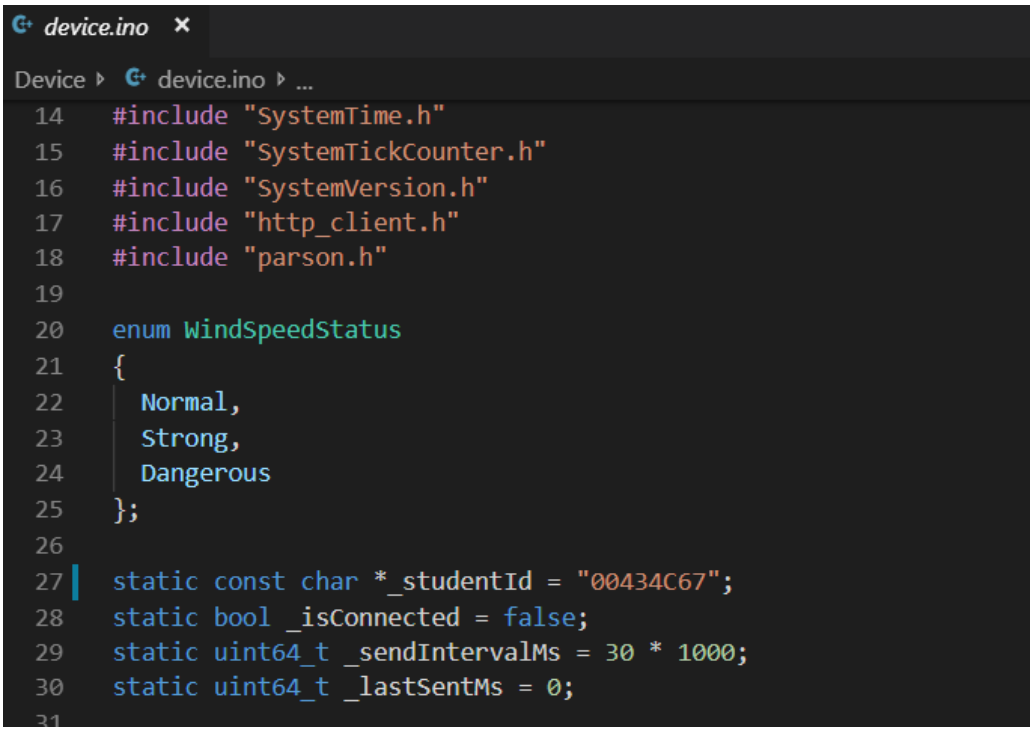
12. Extract the Weather Station Simulator source code from the WeatherStationSimulator.zip file

13. Update the paths in the `includePath` property within the **c_cpp_properties.json** file to your local paths

```
{} c_cpp_properties.json ×
.vscode ▸ {} c_cpp_properties.json ▸ [ ]configurations ▸ {}0 ▸ [ ]forcedInclude
{
    "configurations": [
        {
            "name": "Win32",
            "includePath": [
                "C:\\\\Users\\\\Dennis\\\\AppData\\\\Local\\\\Arduino15\\\\packages\\\\AZ3166\\\\tools\\\\**",
                "C:\\\\Users\\\\Dennis\\\\AppData\\\\Local\\\\Arduino15\\\\packages\\\\AZ3166\\\\hardware\\\\stm32f4\\\\1.6.2\\\\**"
            ],
            "forcedInclude": [
                "C:\\\\Users\\\\Dennis\\\\AppData\\\\Local\\\\Arduino15\\\\packages\\\\AZ3166\\\\hardware\\\\stm32f4\\\\1.6.2\\\\cores\\\\arduino\\\\Arduino.h"
            ],
            "intelliSenseMode": "msvc-x64",
            "compilerPath": "E:\\MinGW\\bin\\gcc.exe",
            "cStandard": "c11",
            "cppStandard": "c++17"
        }
    ],
    "version": 4
}
```

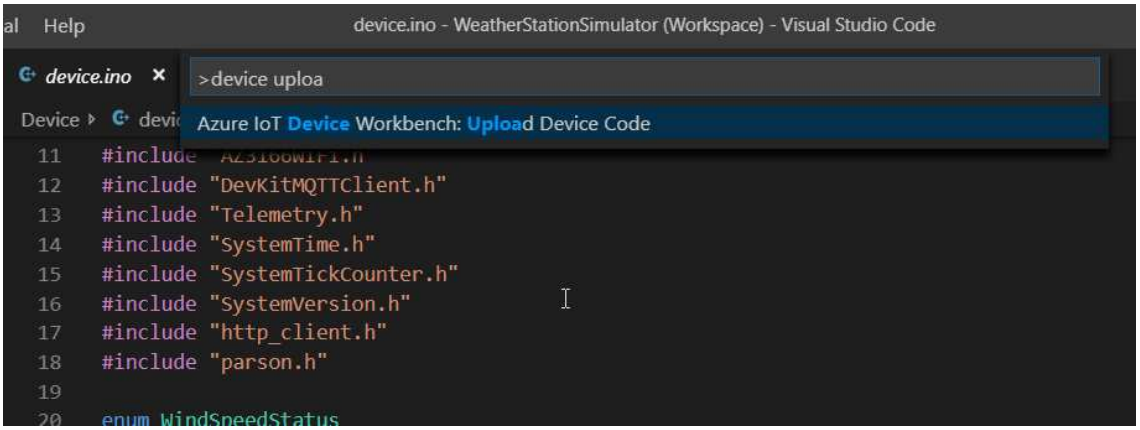
```
{
    "configurations": [
        {
            "name": "Win32",
            "defines": [
                "ARDUINO=10800"
            ],
            "includePath": [
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\Documents\\Arduino\\libraries\\MXChip.IoT.Capstone.Library\\src",
                "${workspaceFolder}",
                "${workspaceFolder}/device",
                "${workspaceFolder}/device/**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\AppData\\Local\\Arduino15\\packages\\AZ3166\\hardware\\stm32f4\\1.6.2\\**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\AppData\\Local\\Arduino15\\packages\\AZ3166\\tools\\**",
                "C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Arduino\\hardware\\tools\\**",
                "C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Arduino\\libraries\\**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\Documents\\Arduino\\hardware\\tools\\**",
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\Documents\\Arduino\\libraries\\**"
            ],
            "forcedInclude": [
                "C:\\Users\\Dennis\\AppData\\Local\\Arduino15\\packages\\AZ3166\\hardware\\stm32f4\\1.6.2\\cores\\arduino\\Arduino.h"
            ],
            "intelliSenseMode": "clang-x64",
            "cStandard": "c11",
            "cppStandard": "c++17"
        }
    ],
    "version": 4
}
```

14. Update the Student ID constant value with your ID in **device.ino**

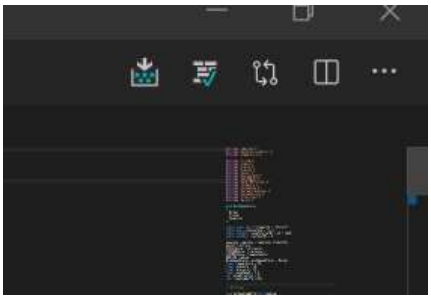


15. Upload device code to AZ3166. Note this may be repeated after device is registered with IOT Hub

(DO NOT DO THIS FIRST) – Must Config Device Connection String see sections below



Another method:



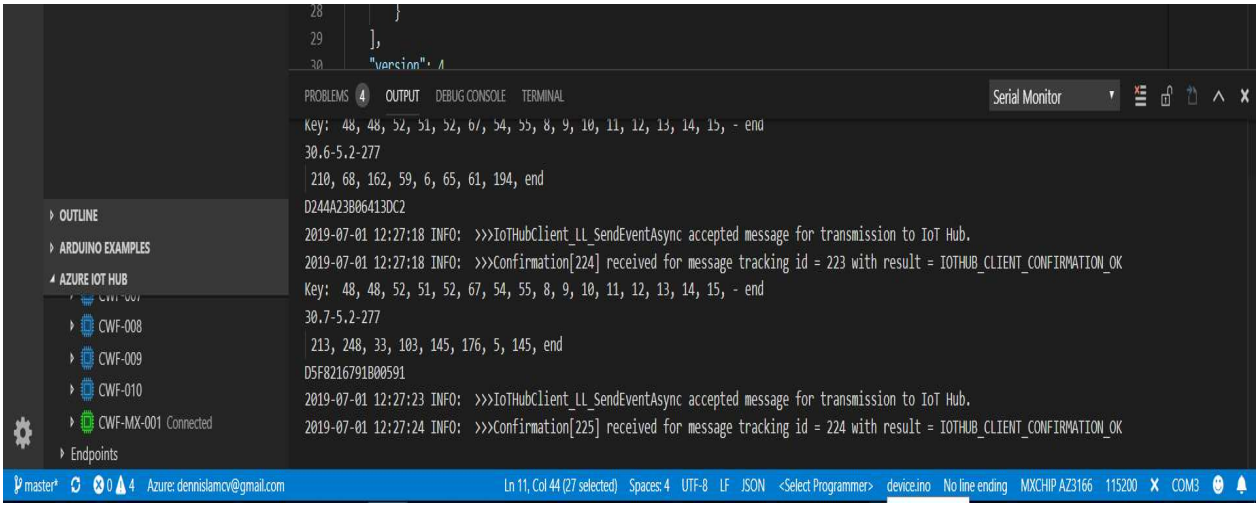
16. In the Visual Studio Code terminal window, notice that (after a few seconds) you are prompted to set your AZ3166 device into configuration mode.

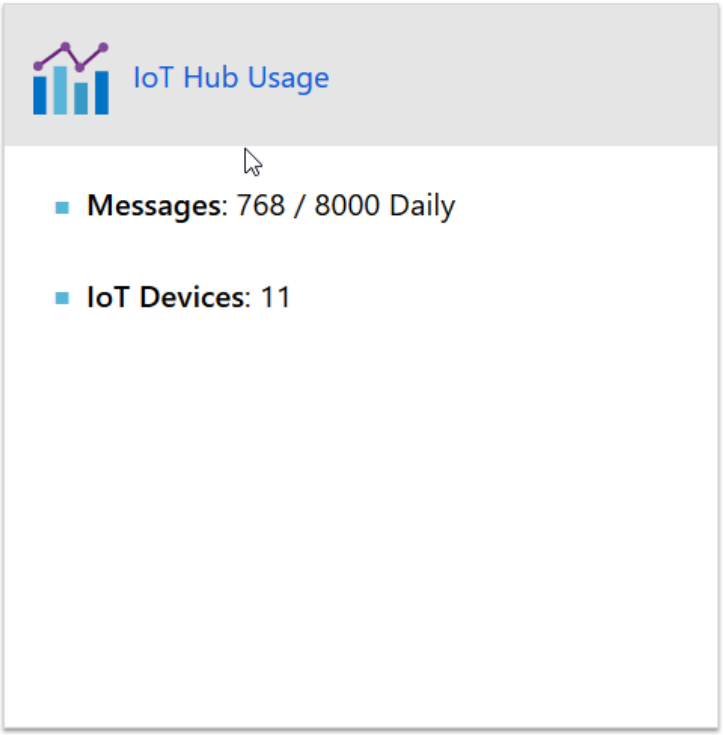
17. On your device, press and hold the A button, and then push and release the Reset button.

18. The task completes a number of Arduino and MXChip AZ3166 verification steps and then begins the process of building and uploading your Arduino sketch.

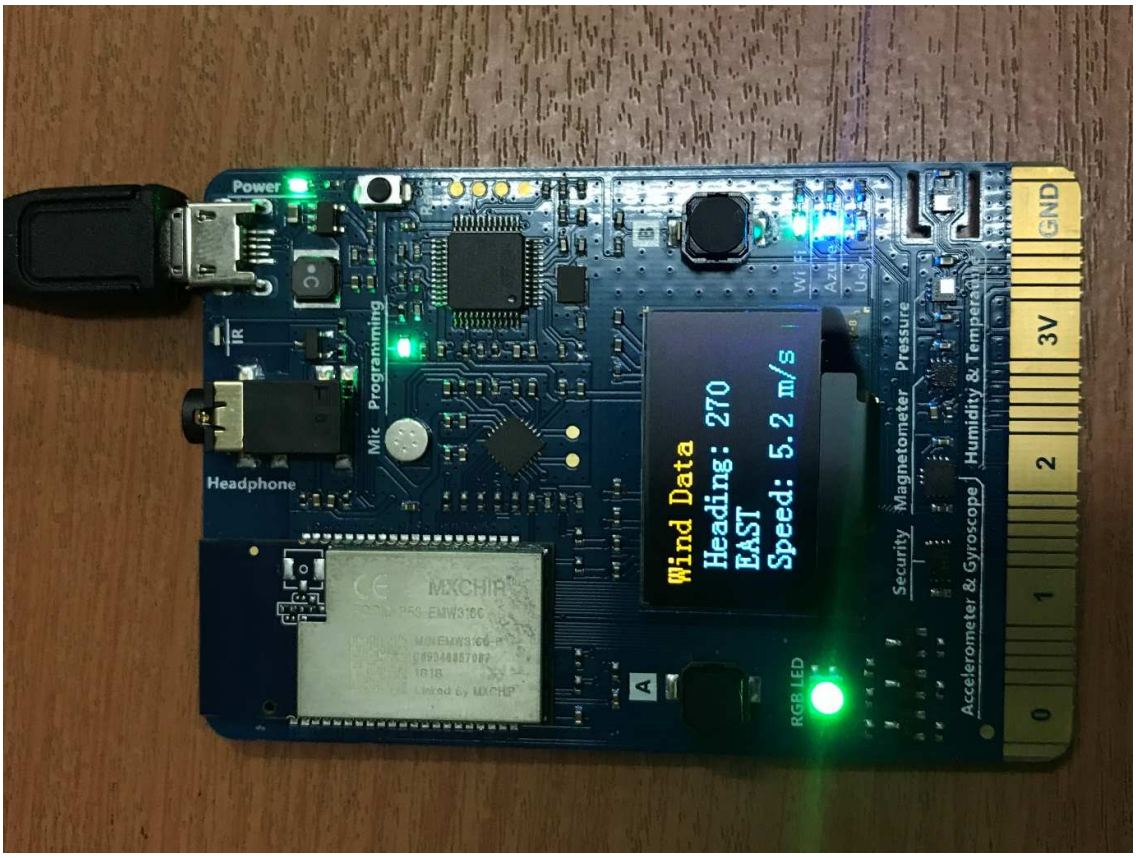
19. After 15-20 seconds, your device will reboot and you should see a message indicating that the Build and Upload process for your Arduino sketch completed successfully.

20. Verify that device-to-cloud communication is taking place by using the Serial Monitor in Visual Studio Code and checking your Azure Portal.





Working Device after update with A and B can change windspeed



21. Create **standard S1** IOT Hub in Azure

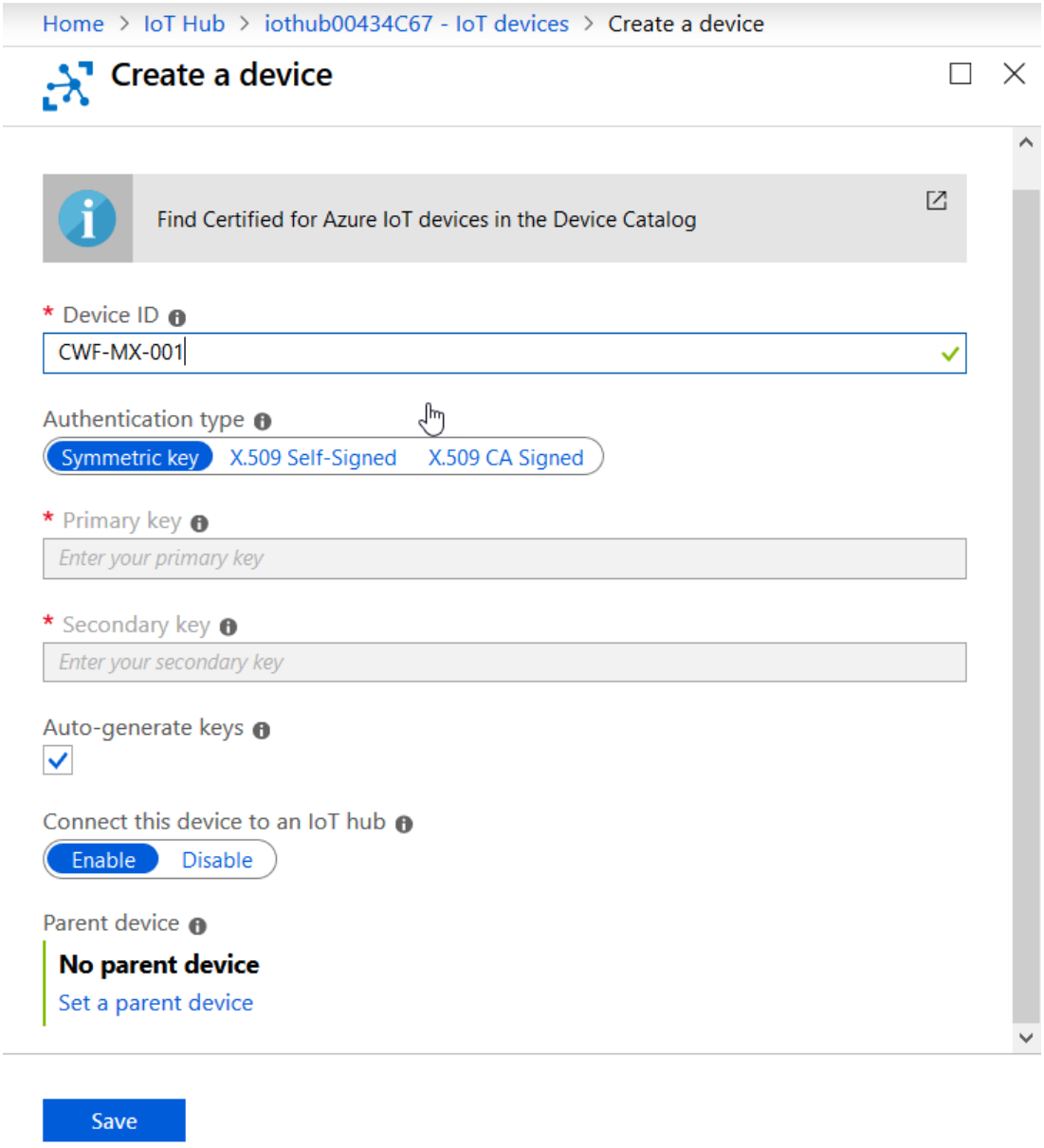
22. Register your MXChip AZ3166 device with your IoT Hub

23. Ensure that you have the Example sample open in Visual Studio Code and that your MXChip AZ3166 device is connected to your PC

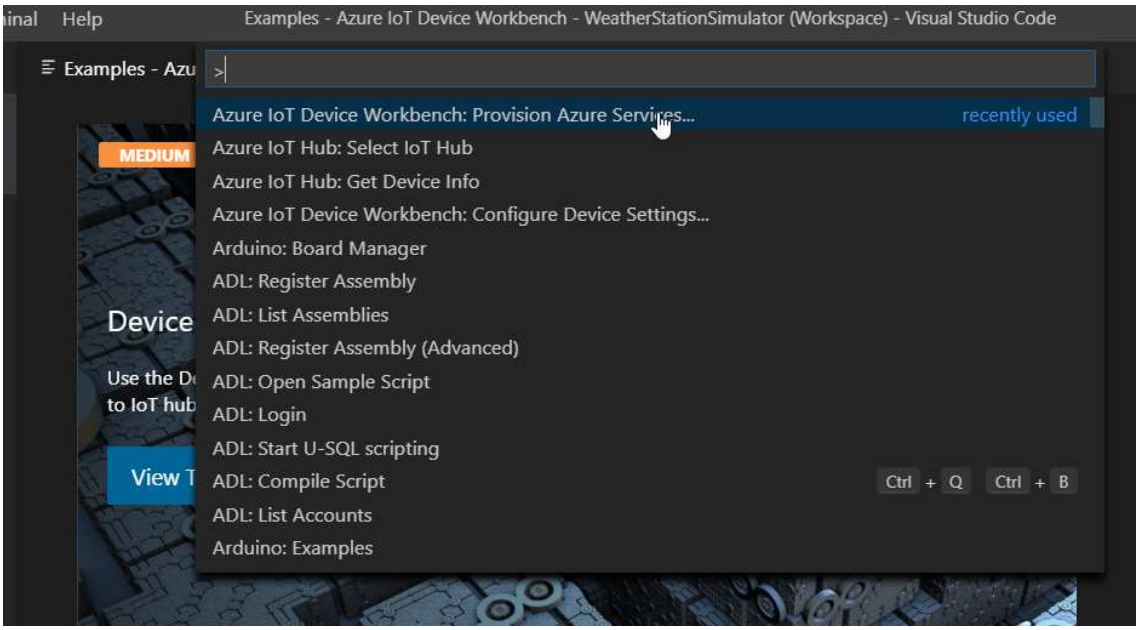
24. Provision Azure IoT Hub and device

24a. Add a new Device. Click **IoT Devices** on the left pane under **Explorers**

24b. Use the name **CWF-MX-001**

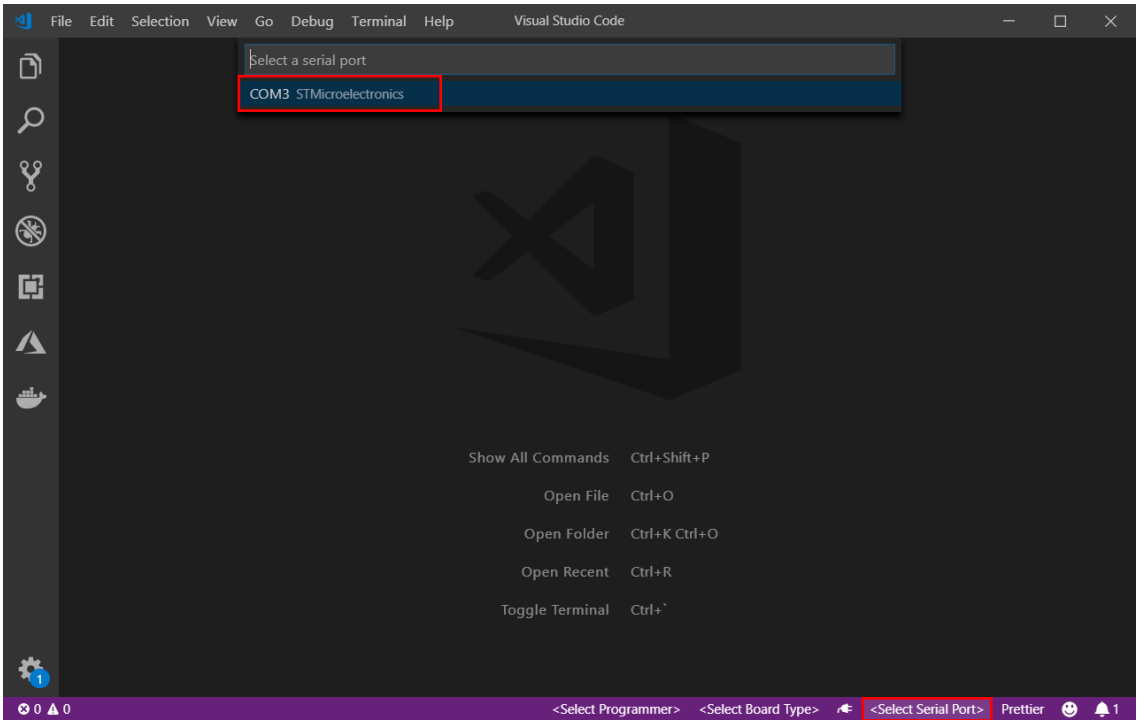


25. In the new opened project window, click `F1` to open the command palette, type and select **Azure IoT Device Workbench: Provision Azure Services...**. Follow the step by step guide to finish provisioning your Azure IoT Hub and creating the IoT Hub device

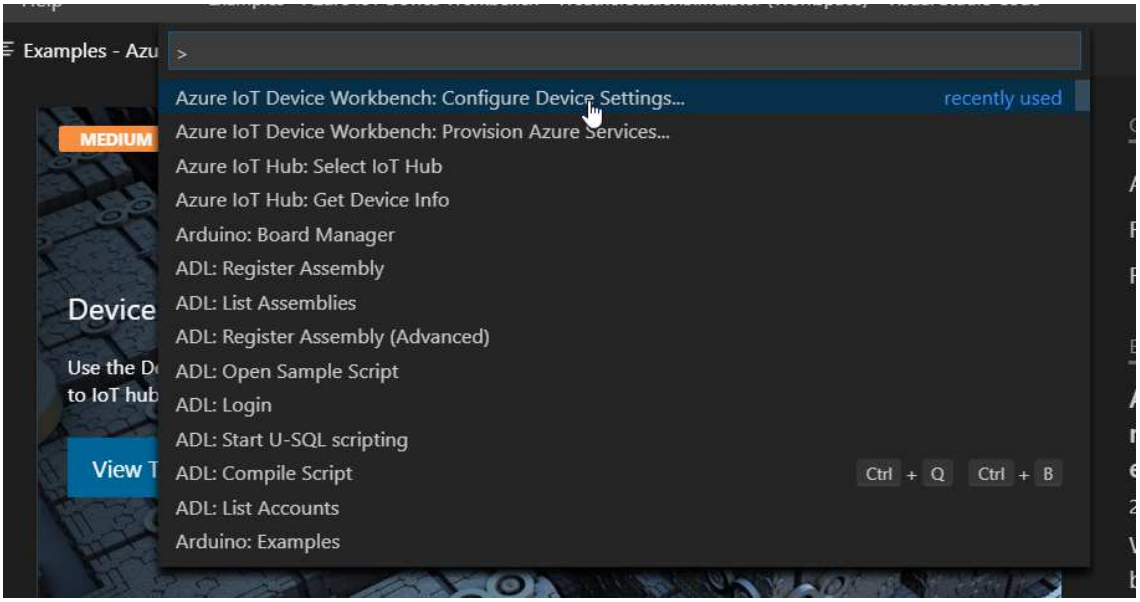


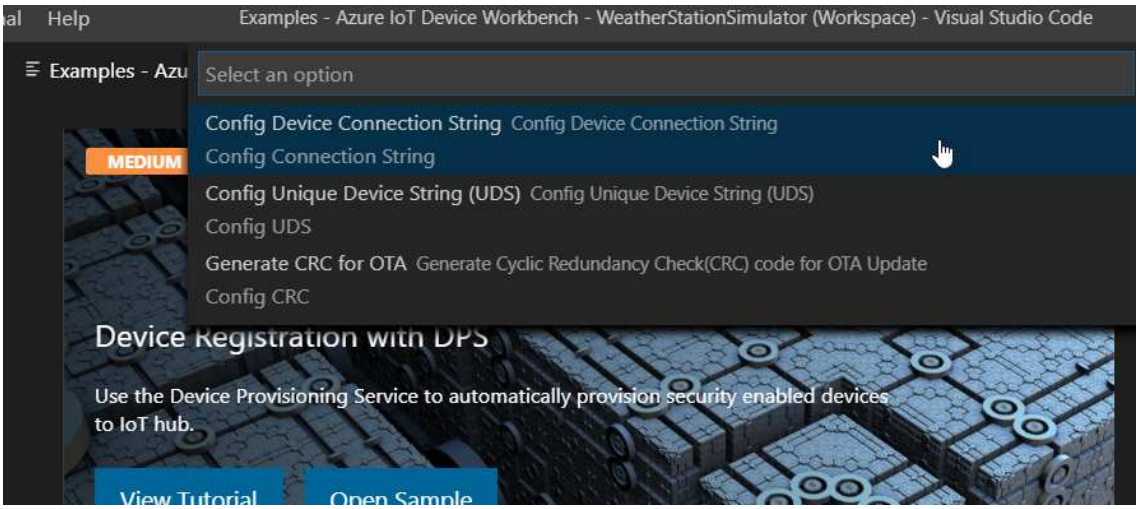
26. Now you have Azure IoT Hub provisioned and device created in it. Also the device connection string will be saved in VS Code for configuring the IoT DevKit later.

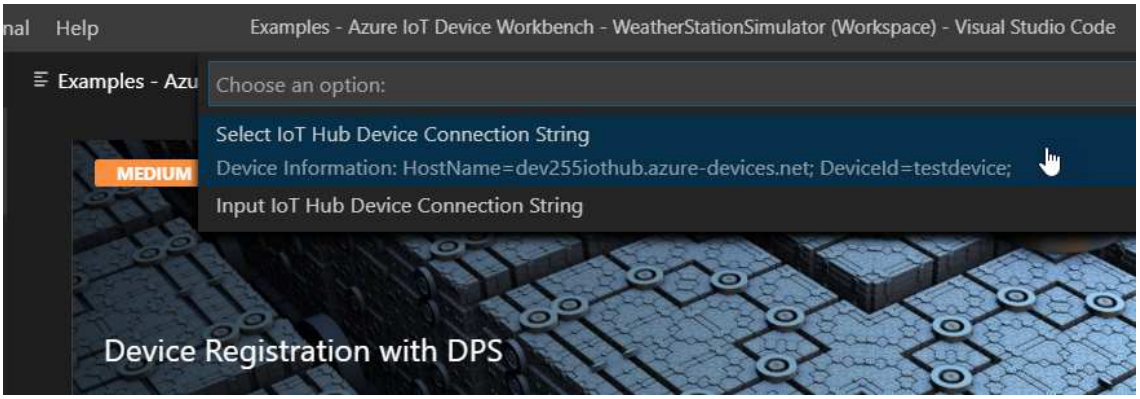
27. In the bottom-right status bar, check the **MXCHIP AZ3166** is shown as selected board and serial port with **STMicroelectronics** is used.



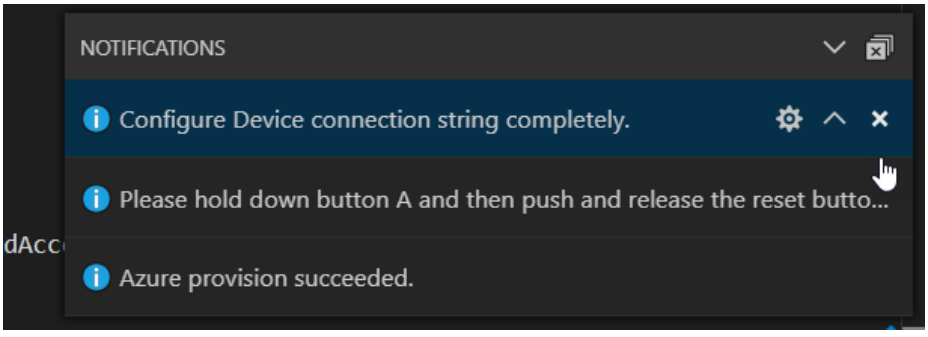
28. Click `F1` to open the command palette, type and select **Azure IoT Device Workbench: Configure Device Settings...**, then select **Config Device Connection String > Select IoT Hub Device Connection String**.



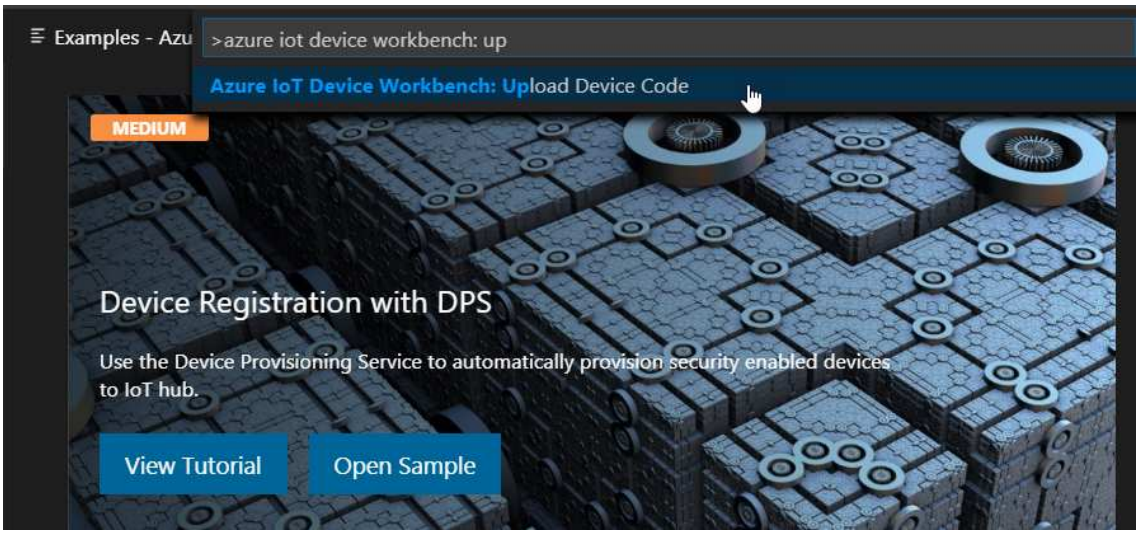




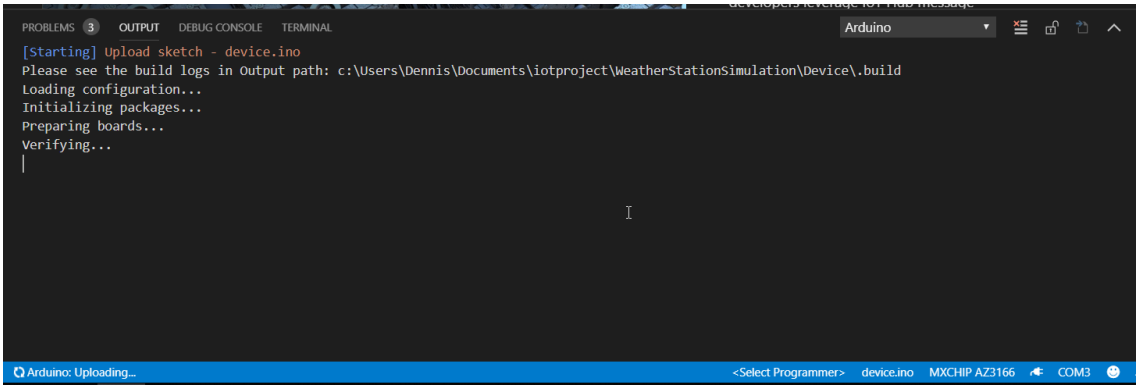
29. On DevKit, hold down **button A**, push and release the **reset** button, and then release **button A**. Your DevKit enters configuration mode and saves the connection string.

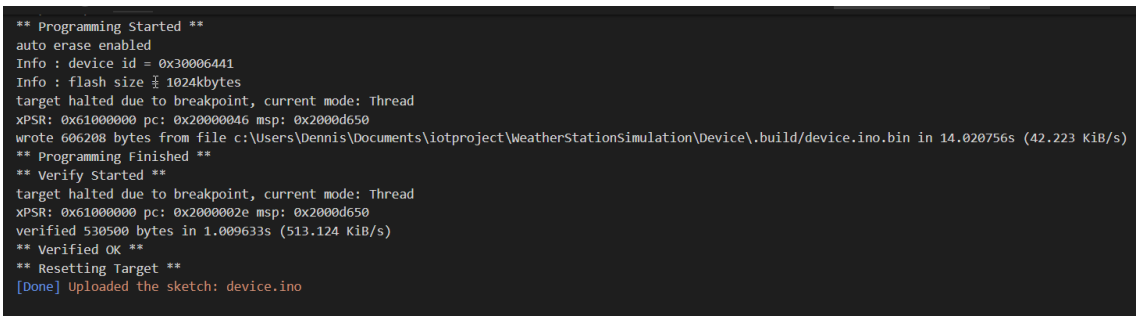


30. Click `F1` again, type and select **Azure IoT Device Workbench: Upload Device Code**. It starts compile and upload the code to DevKit.

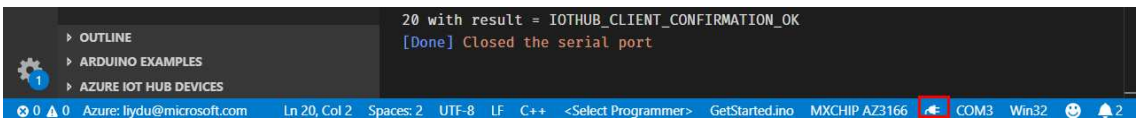


The DevKit reboots and starts running the code.





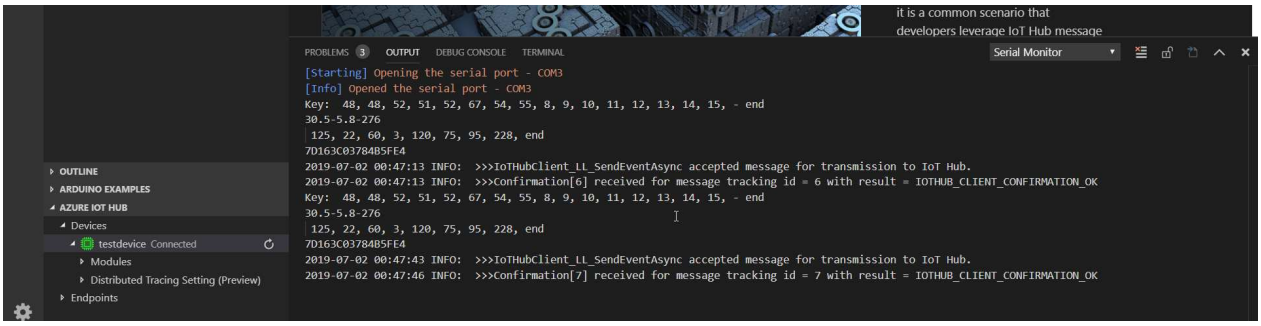
31. Click the power plug icon on the status bar to open the Serial Monitor:



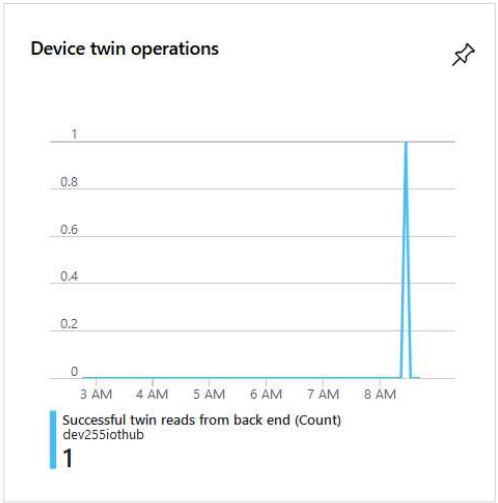
32. The application is running successfully when you see the following results:

The Serial Monitor displays the message sent to the IoT Hub.

The LED on the MXChip IoT DevKit is blinking.

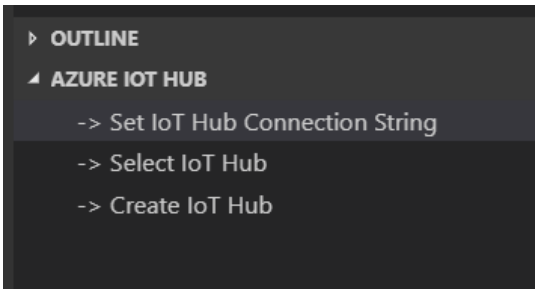


33. Go to IOT Hub overview to double check

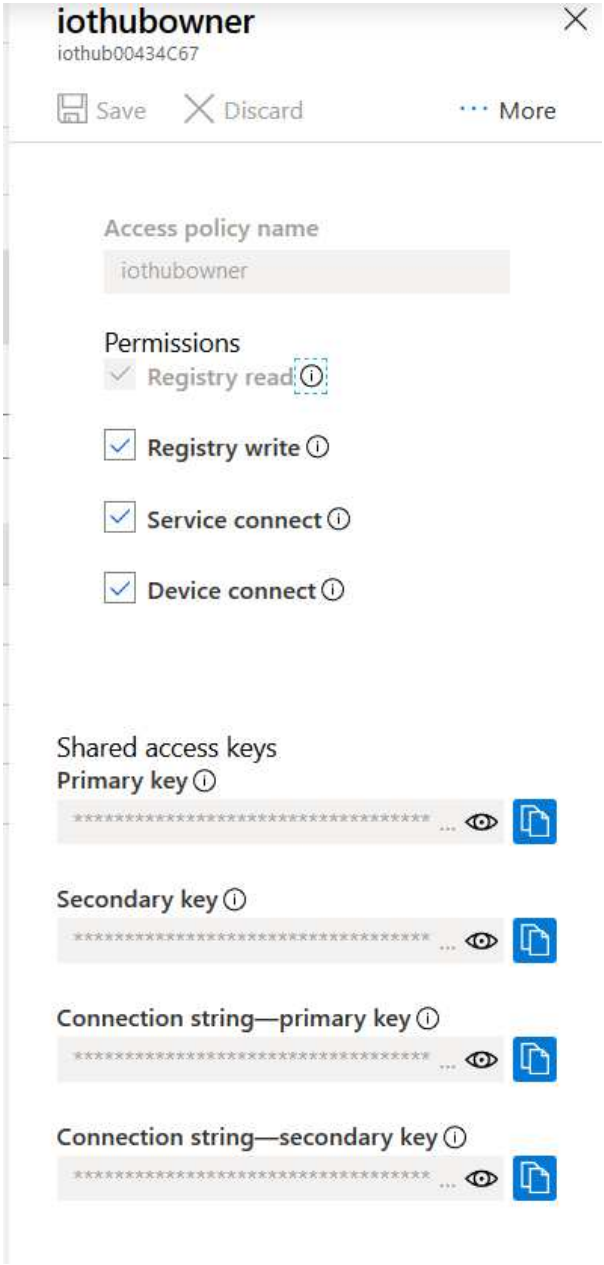


Update Nov 2019

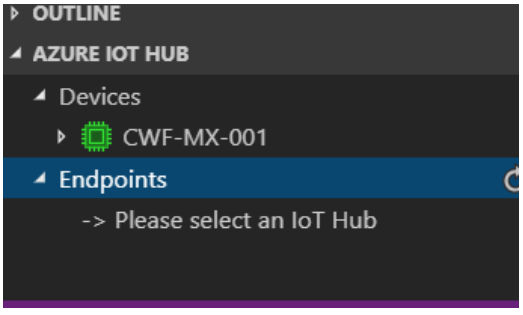
We need to link the device to proper IOT Hub in VS Code here:



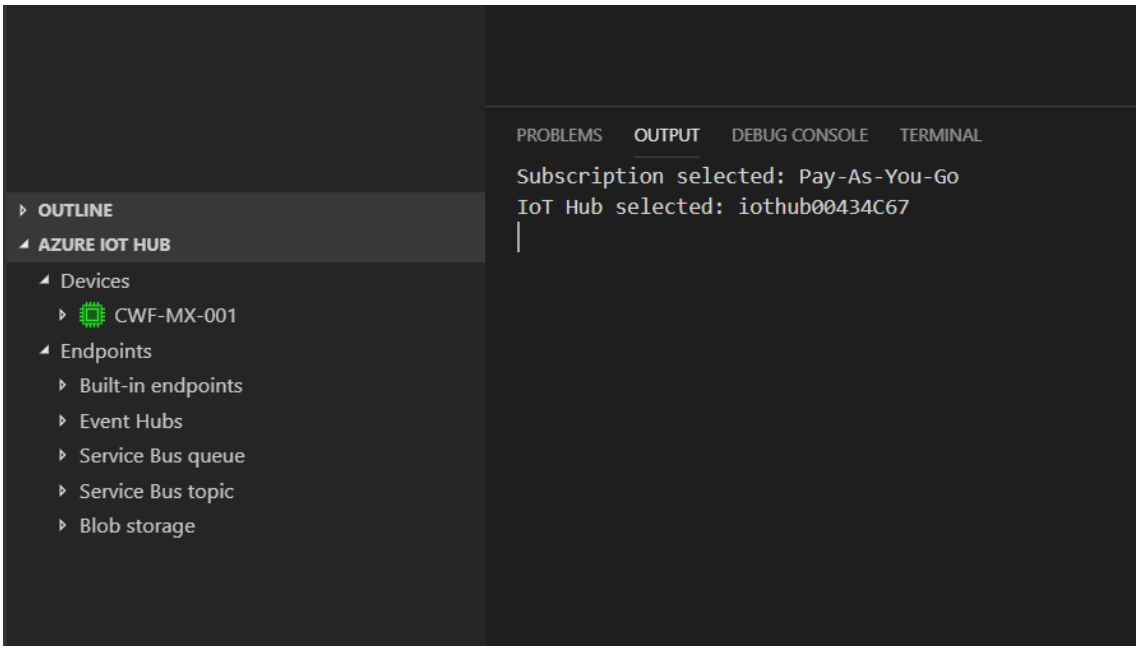
Set IOT Hub Connection String:



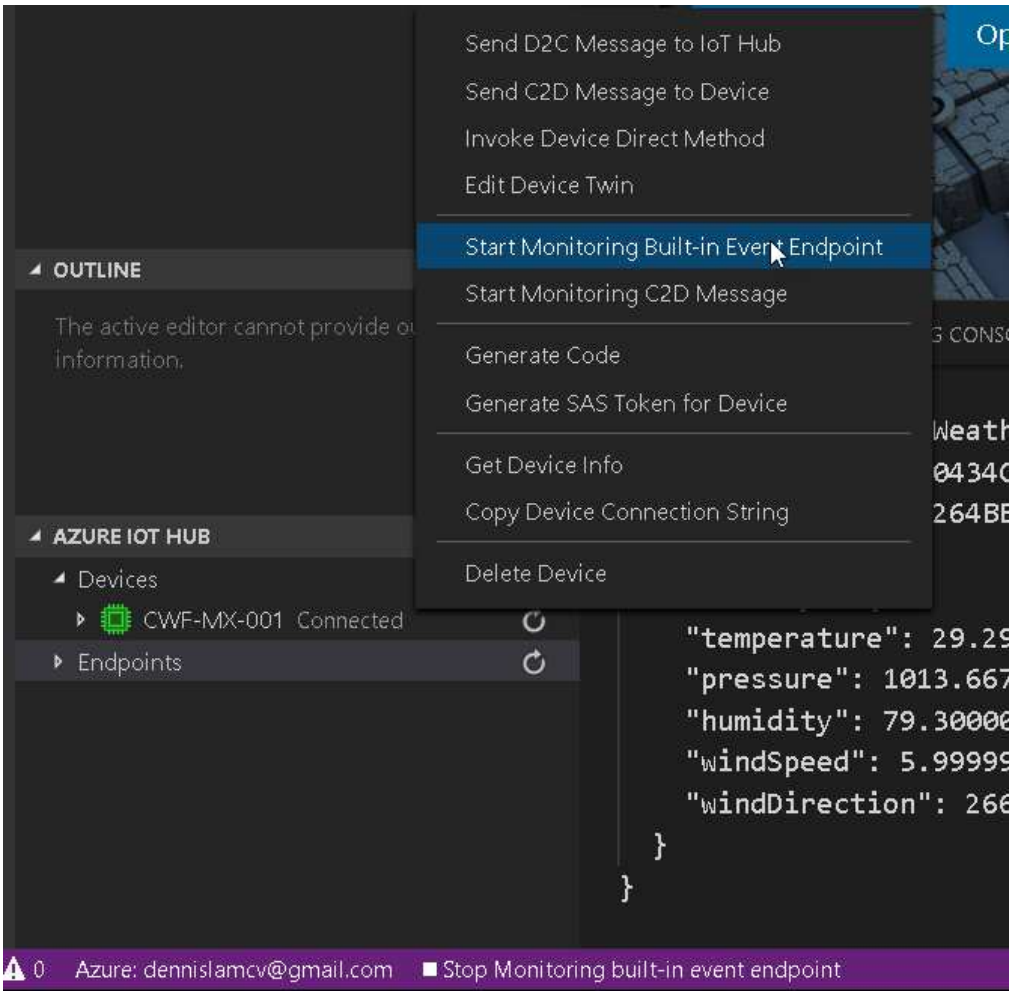
We get a Green icon



Select IOT Hub



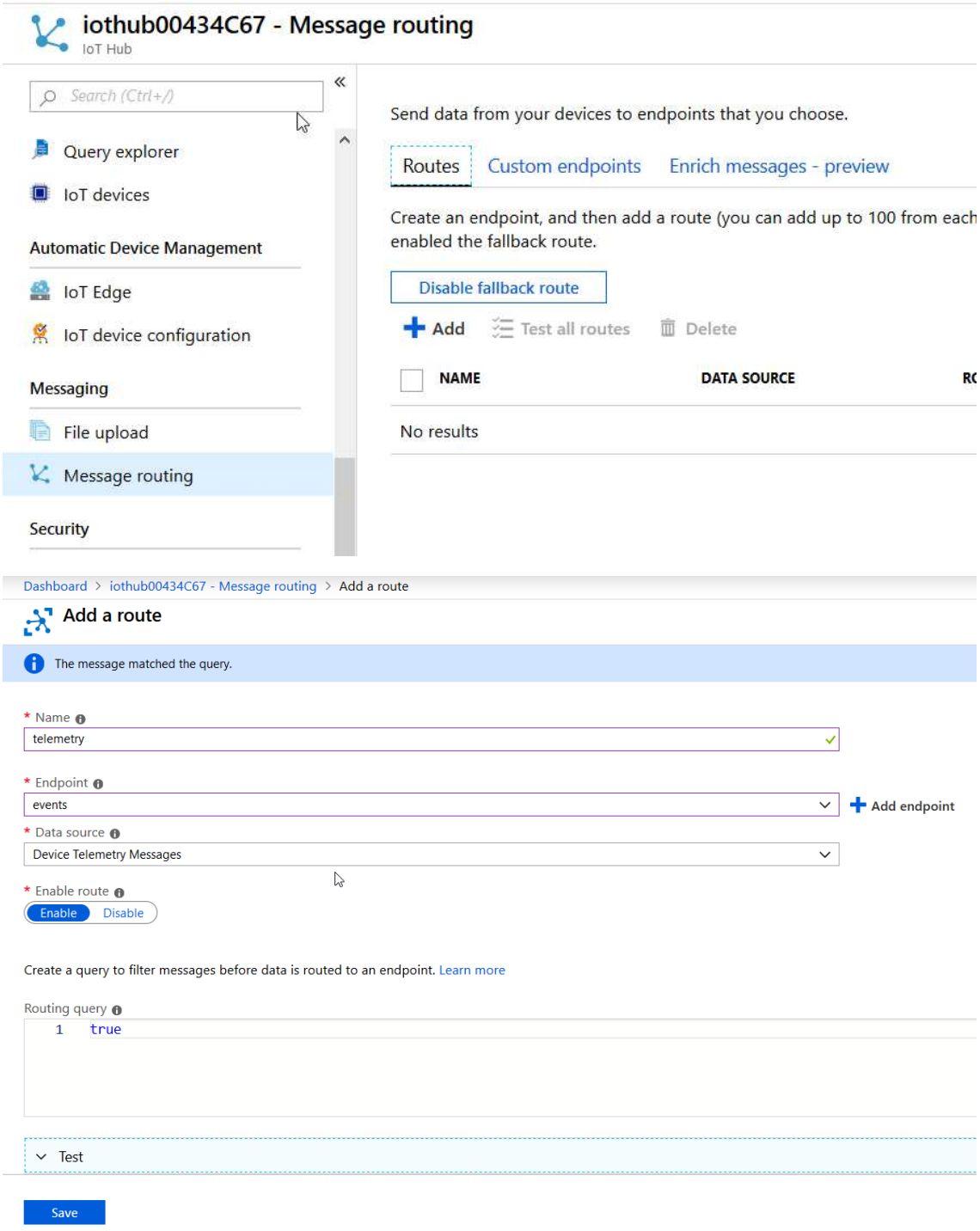
You can also check by using VS Studio Code. Under CWF-MX-001, right click and select Start monitoring built in event.



On the output you will see telemetry being sent as per in the requirements,

You can use Send D2C messages to IOT Hub to check connectivity.

33a: Configure Message Routing in IOT Hub



Do a test to verify its working.

34. On the IoT Hub device settings, configure the device twin by adding `windSpeedStatus` and `sendFrequencySeconds` to the **desired** properties.

Review the following materials:

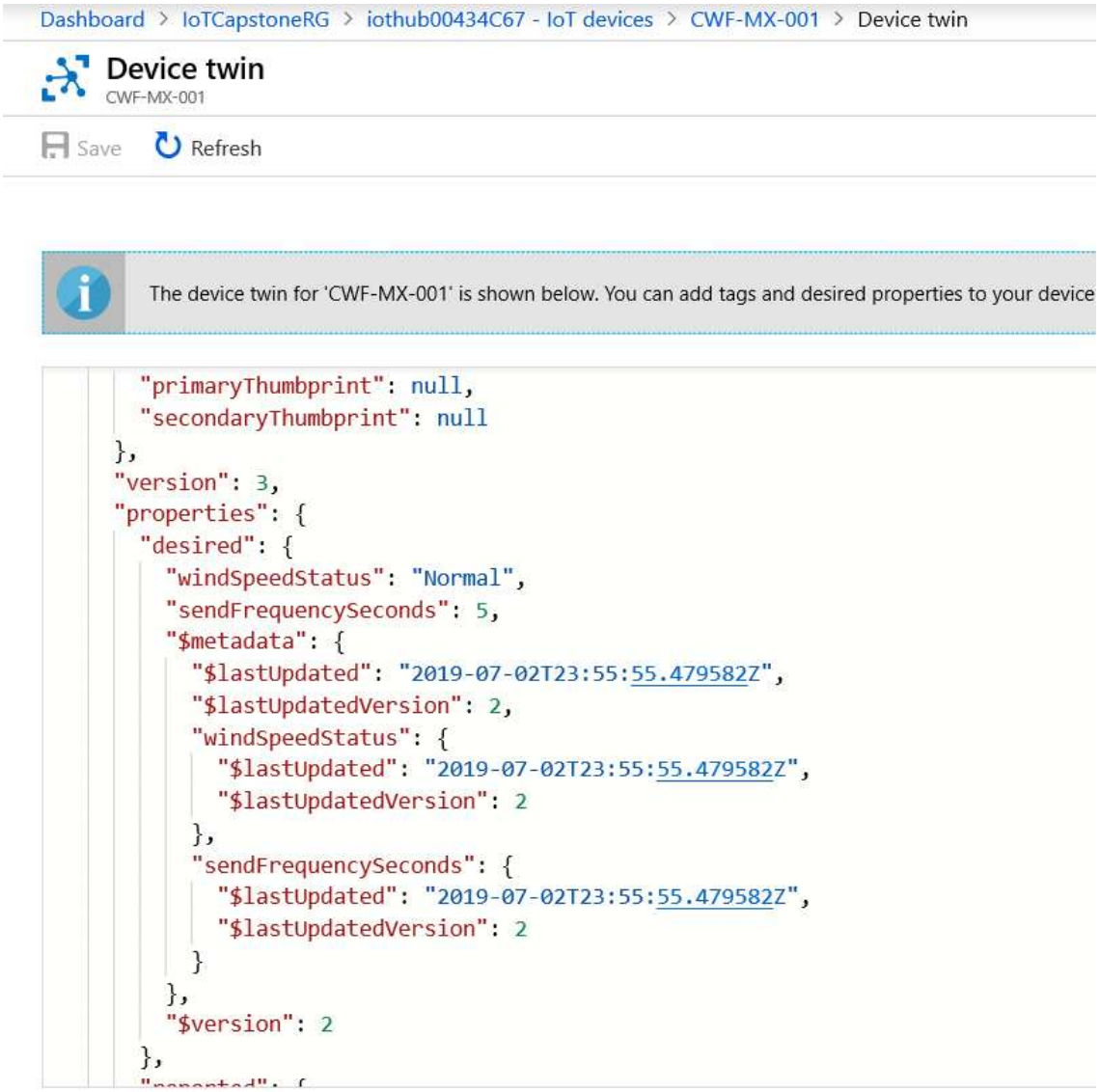
Course: DEV297x IoT Device Configuration and Communication: C Edition

Module Implement Device Communications

Lab: Configuring and Securing IoT Hub Devices

Topic: Access Device Twin Properties from the Back End

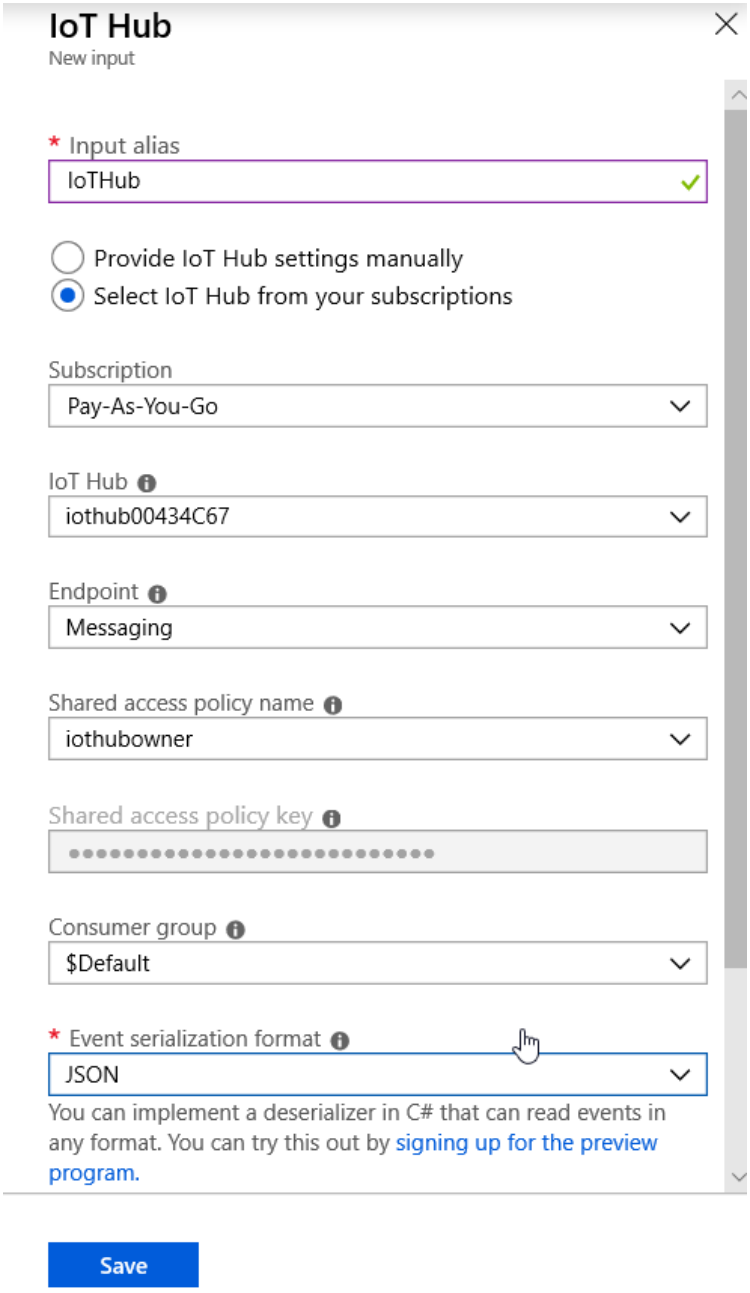
35. On Device Twin in IOT Hub, add the properties, desired



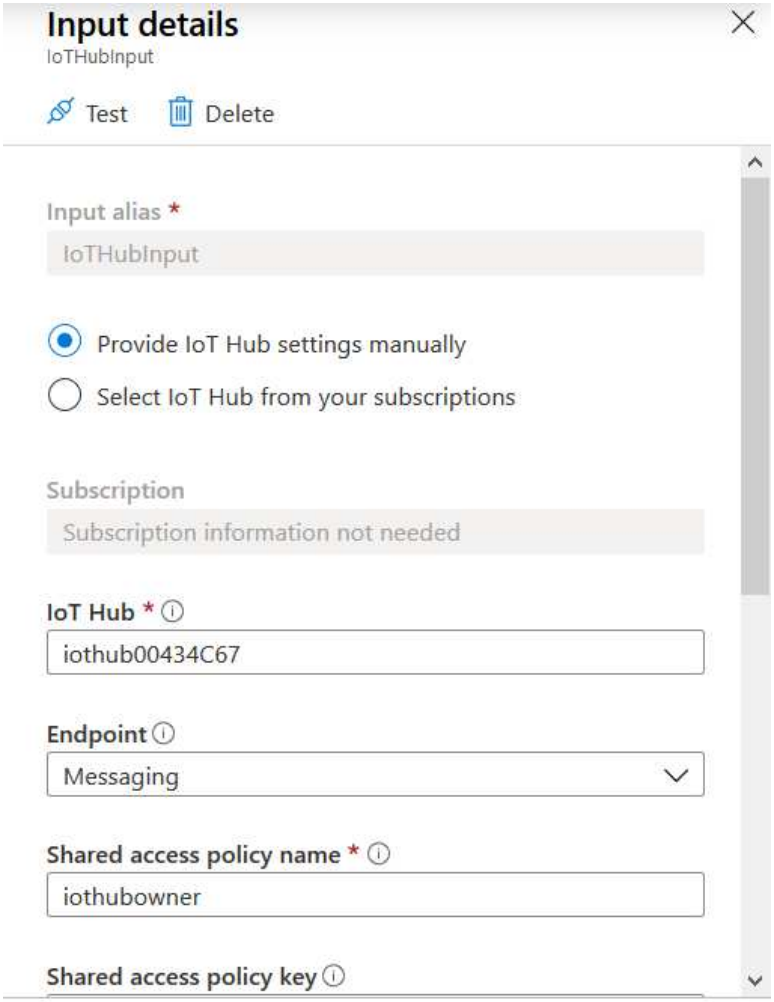
36. Set up Azure Stream Analytics. Under Hosting environment, select Cloud. Under Streaming units, change the setting to 1.

37. On the Stream Analytics job blade in the left hand nav area, under Job topology, click Inputs.

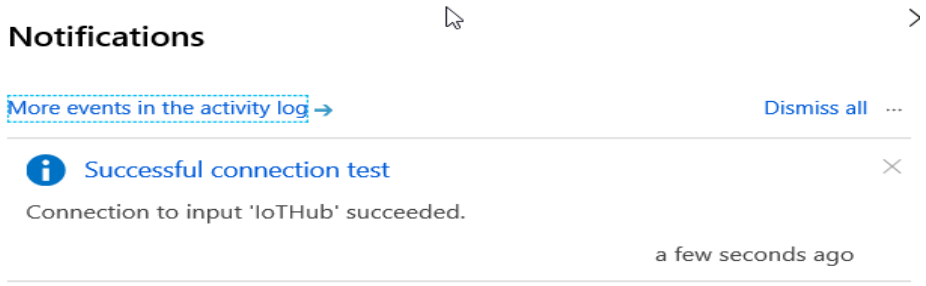
38. In the Inputs pane, click Add stream input and then select IoT Hub.



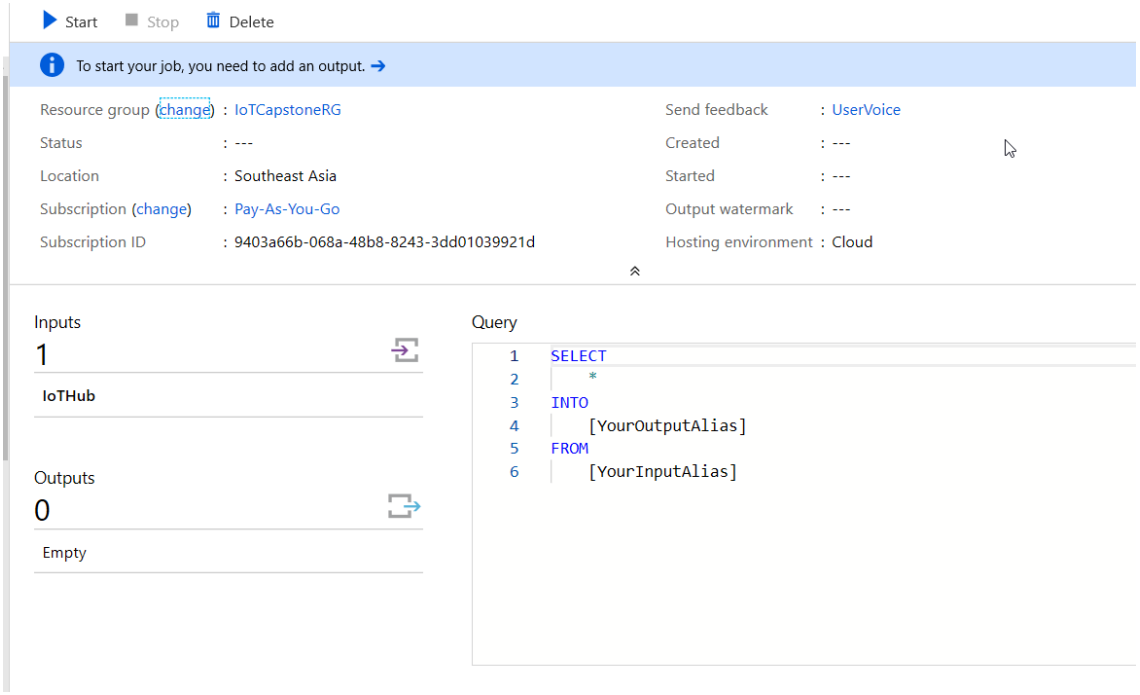
NOV Update: Changed to IoTHubInput to prevent clash.



39. Make sure connection test successful.



At this point we have only Input.



40. Create an Azure Function

The source for the Azure function can be found here - CapstoneAzFunctions.zip

Review the following materials:

Course: DEV301x IoT Architecture Design and Business Planning

Module PoV and Rollout

Lab: Planning a PoV

Topic: Stream Analytics and Azure Functions (particularly the sections "Create an Azure Function" and "Create a Stream Analytics Job Output" in this topic)

NOV Capstone Changes

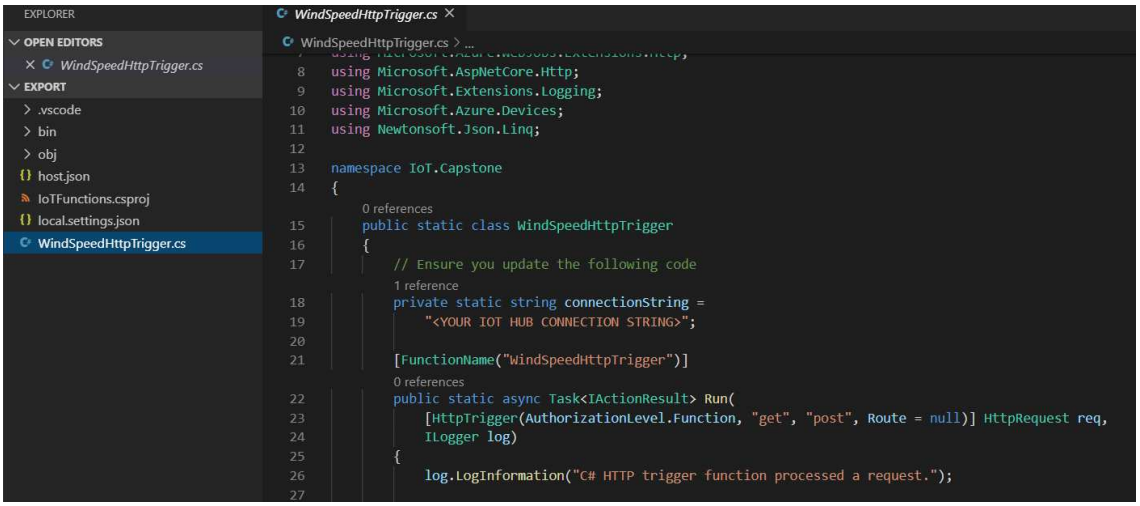
Tip: The supplied Azure function should be deployed via **Visual Studio Code**, not via the built-in method available in the Azure Portal. If you are unclear how to perform this, complete the following steps:

Configure your Visual Studio Code environment as detailed here: **https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-create-first-function-vs-code**.

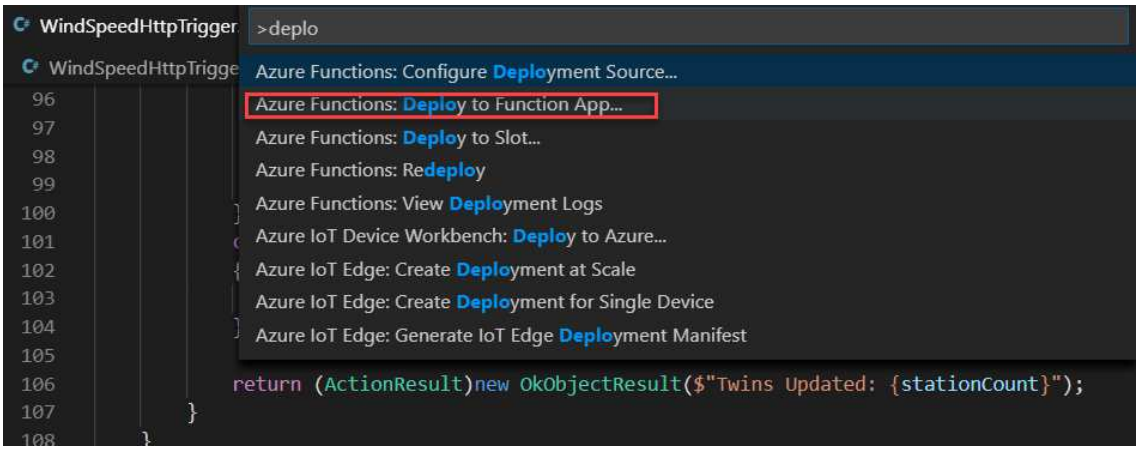
Extract CapstoneAzFunctions.zip to a local folder.

In Visual Studio Code, open the folder you created above.

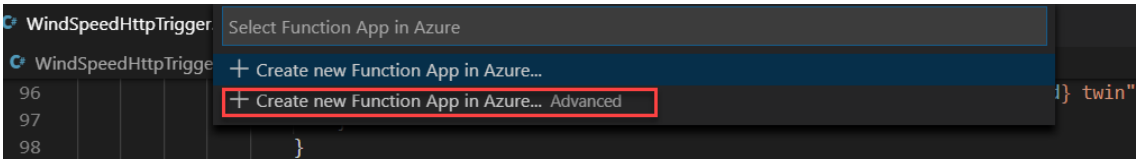
Update the connectionString value in WindSpeedHttpTrigger.cs.

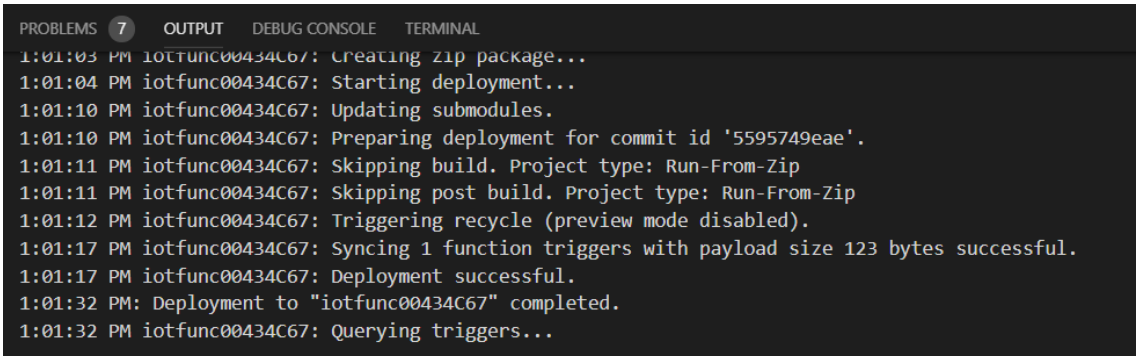


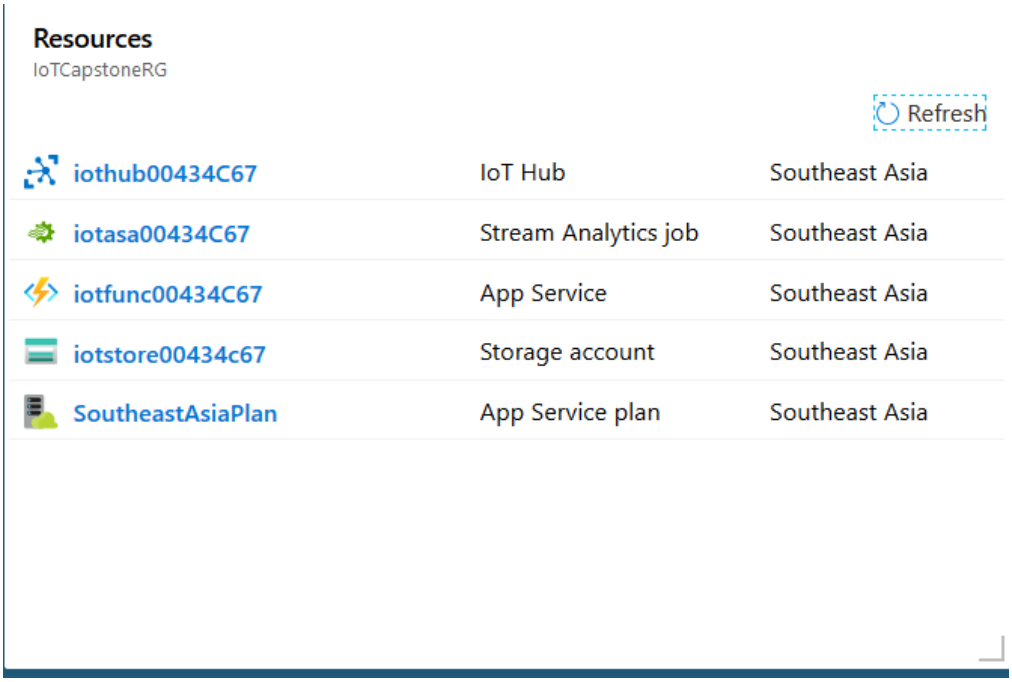
Press F1 to open the Command Palette, then type Azure Functions: Deploy to a function app and select the command.

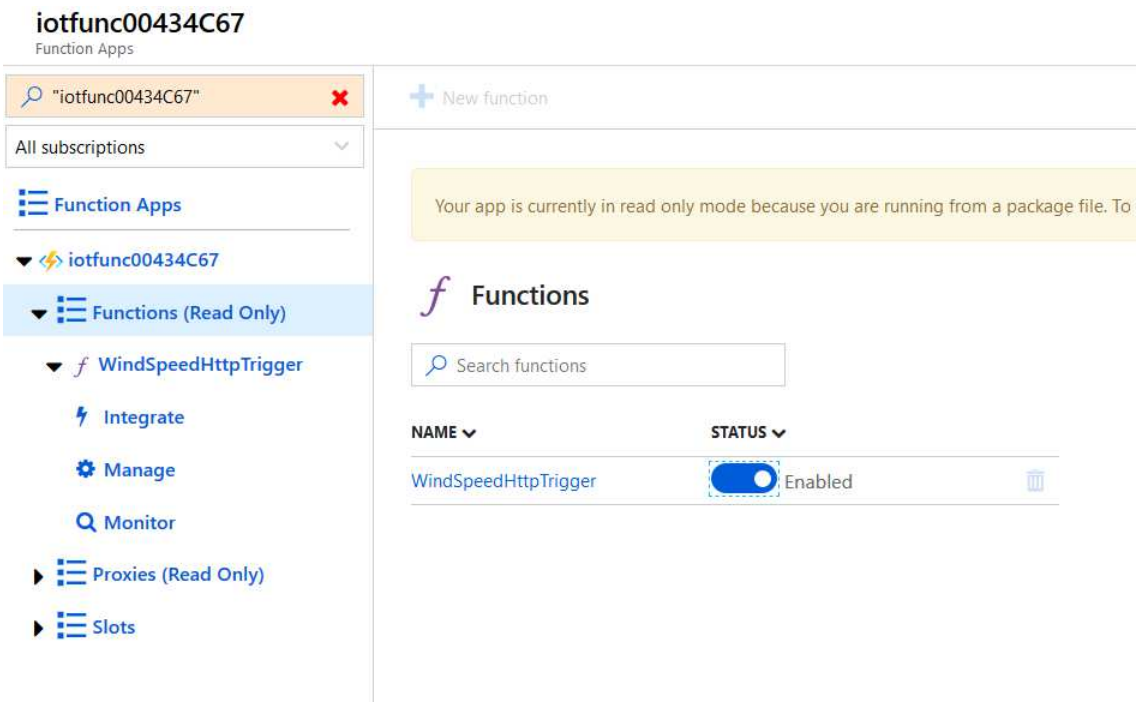


Follow the steps to deploy the function - ensure you choose Create new function app advanced so you can specify the Resource Group, etc.









---

41. In the Search the Marketplace field, enter Function App and select Function App.

42. Under OS, select Windows.

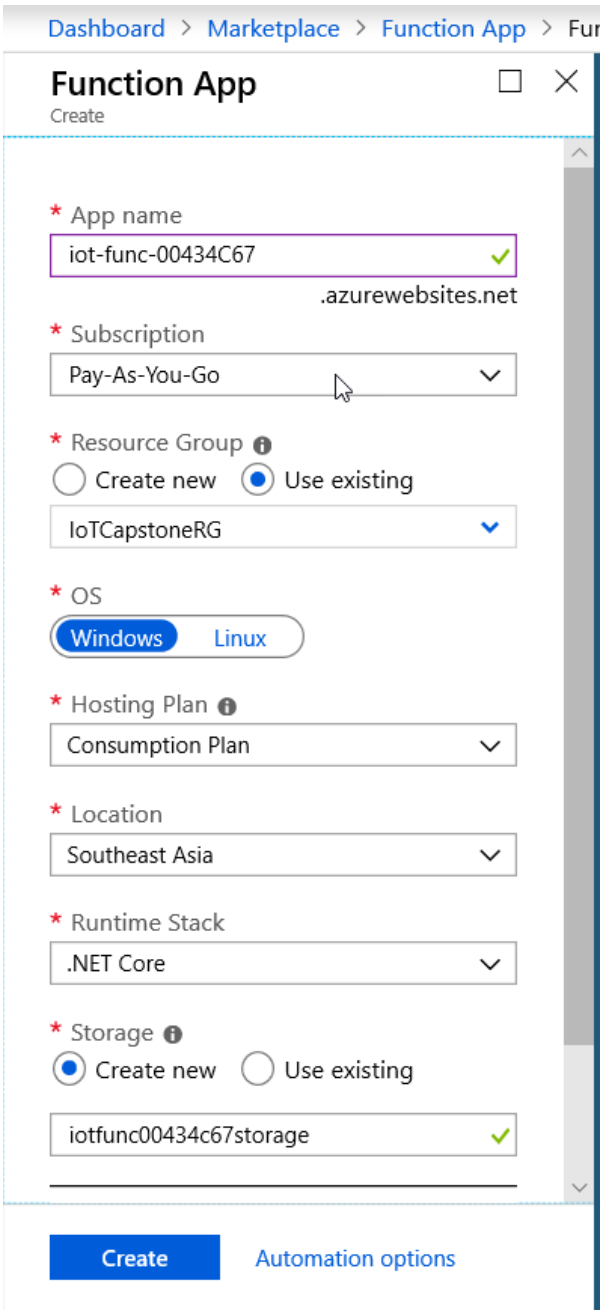
43. Under Hosting Plan, choose Consumption Plan.

44. Under Location, choose a location close to you.

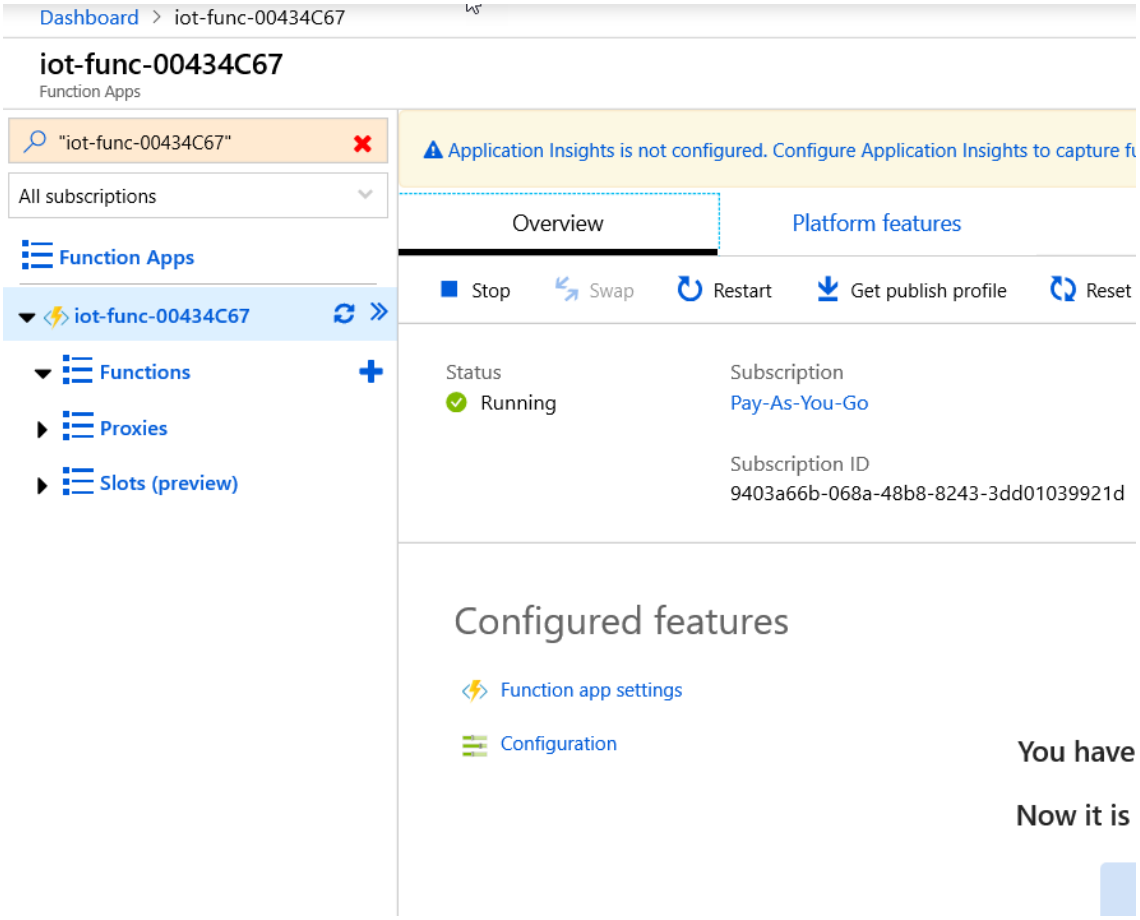
45. Under Runtime Stack, choose .NET.

46. Under Storage, create New.

47. Under Application Insights, select Off.

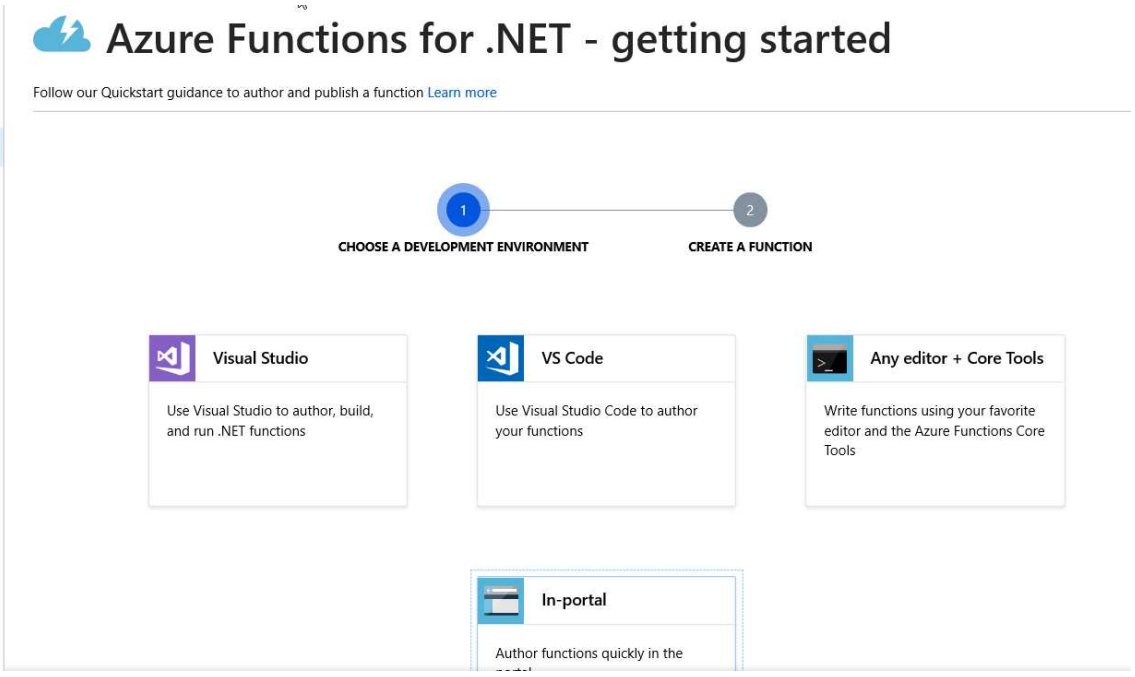


48. After function deployment it look something like this:



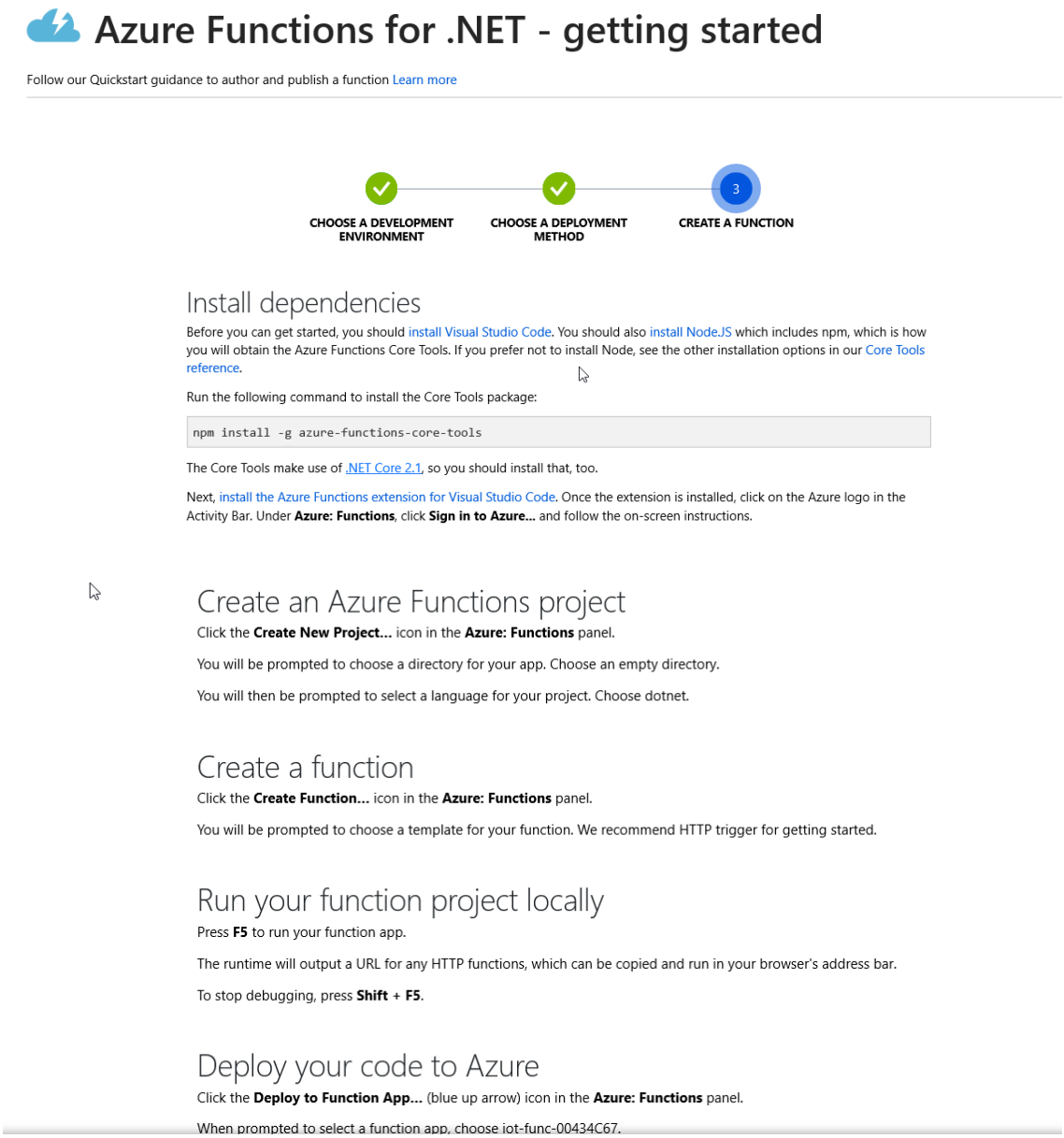
49. On the Function Apps blade, in the left hand nav area, you will see the Function App we just created listed in a tree view. To the right of the Functions node, click + to add a new function.

50. Choose In-Portal (**Confirm Not Working**)



51. From the template list, choose HTTP trigger.

51a: Use VS Code to deploy the function.



Open the function using VS Code

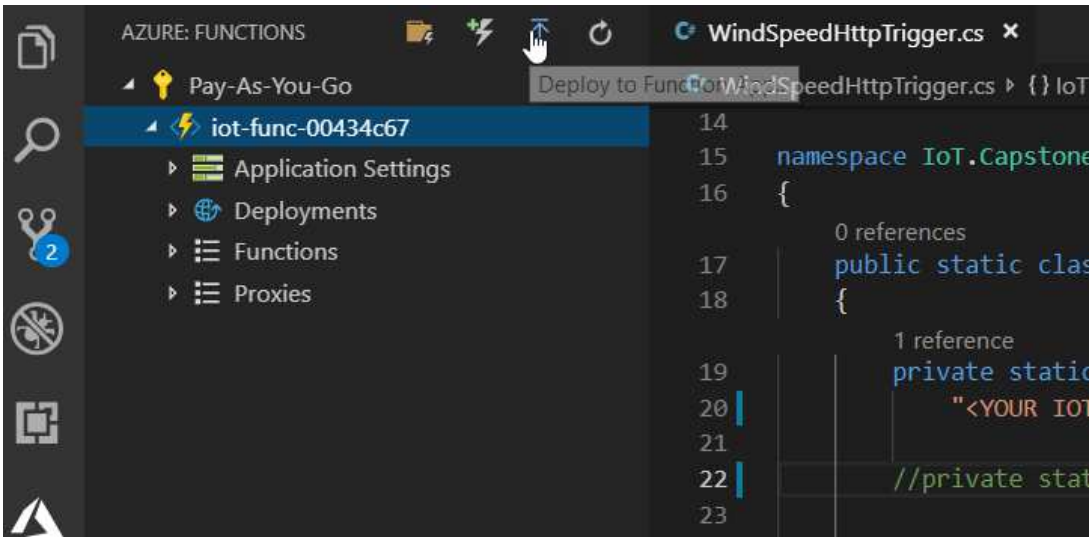
Update **c_cpp_properties.json** with your include files, with your appropriate paths used.

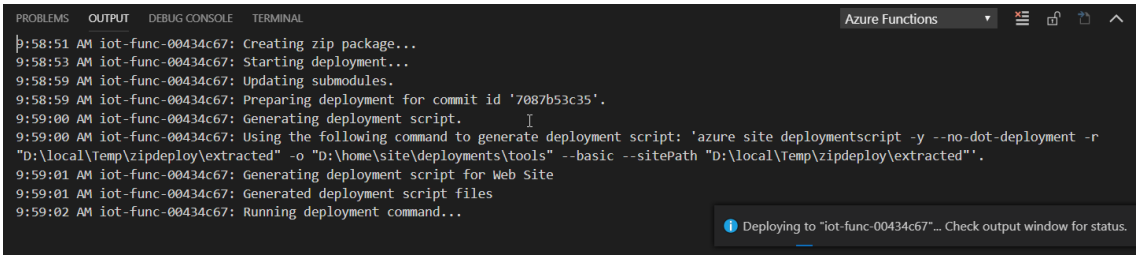
Comment out: "**using System.Text;**"

Comment out: "**private static TransportType transportType = TransportType.Amqp**;"

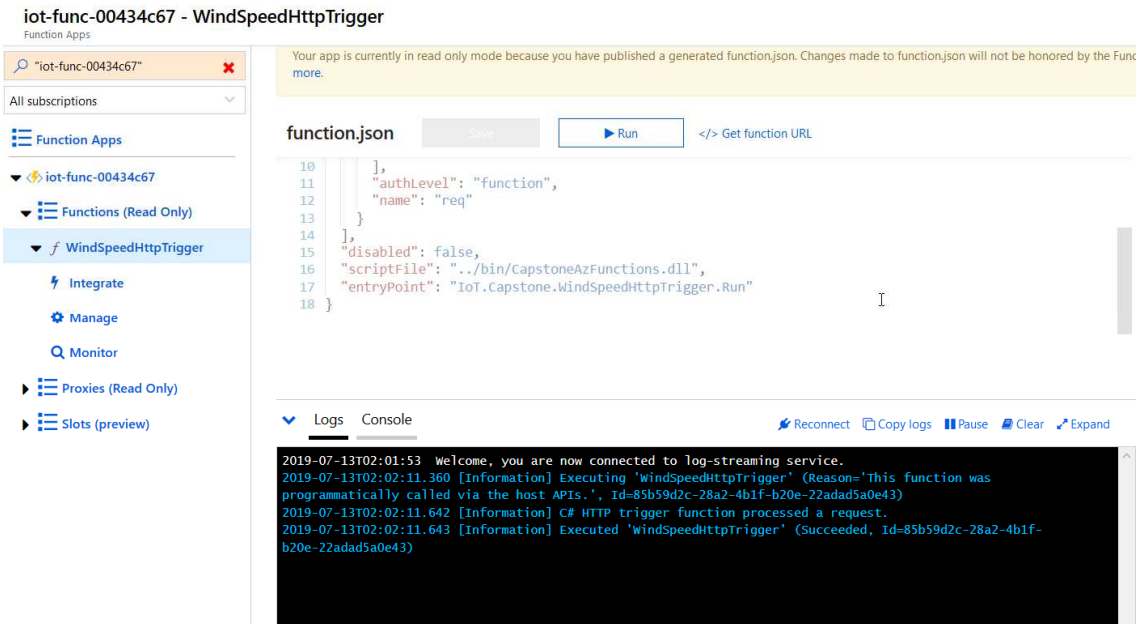
(Not needed, and besides, the MXChip uses MQTT, not Amqp, so not sure what this line of code is doing here. (not needed)

Make sure Azure Function extension is installed and select **Deploy to Function App.**





On Azure Portal, it is read-only mode



To get the Function-Device Twins-Stream Analytics Query-MXChip to all handshake correctly, you need to:

. have correct data telemetry names (expected by the Function) and correct JSON format

The ASA query is where you confirm names are all correct prior to sending to output sources.

(“ConnectionDeviceId" must be renamed to "deviceId").

. data sent to Function via ASA must not be nested (like it is when sent from MXChip)

. When testing with code snippets in the "Request body" in the Test tab, you must include

square brackets. The ASA query, of course, will not include square brackets.

. Test your output for the Function by first sending to either a Blob or Data Lake store and

Inspect the telemetry JSON data to confirm it meets the naming and format requirements.

. Using the VS Code approach means you will not be able to edit the

WindSpeedHttpTrigger.cs in the Portal. Each change (but there really shouldn't be any

after doing the 3 changes above) must be done back in VS Code, with a new deployment

to Azure, using the Command Palette.

. While testing the code snippet inputs to the Function, you might have to toggle in and out

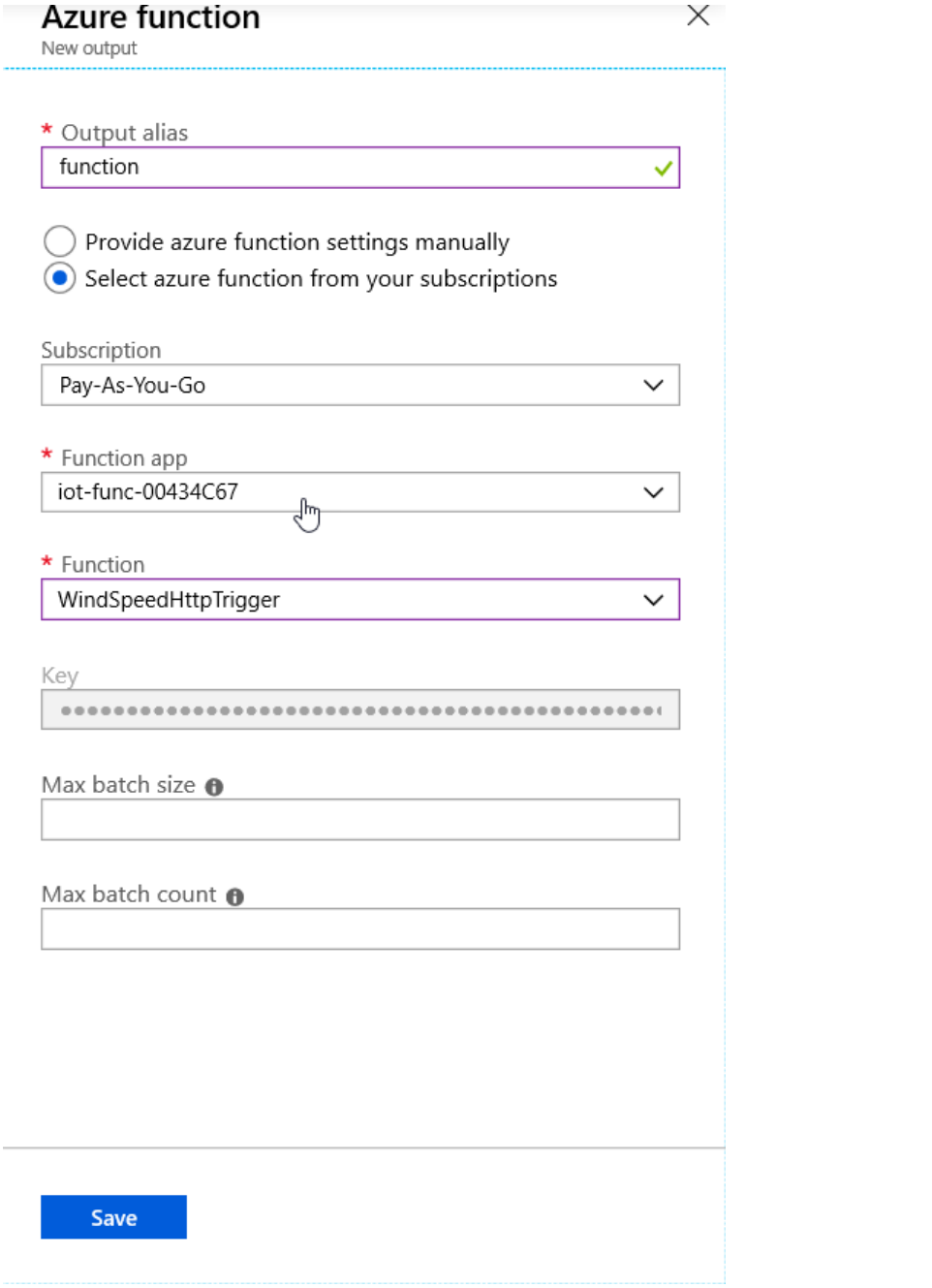
of the Function from time to time – it seems to suspend sometimes.

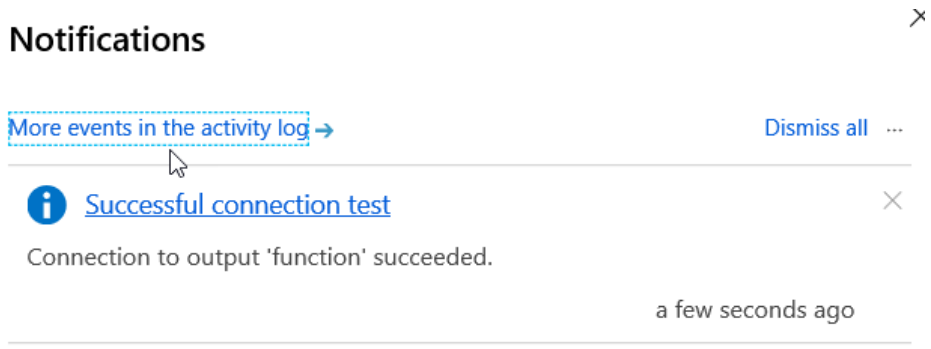
52. Create a Stream Analytics Job Output

53. In the Stream Analytics Job blade left hand nav area, under Job topology, click Outputs.

54. At the top of the Outputs pane, click Add and select Azure Function

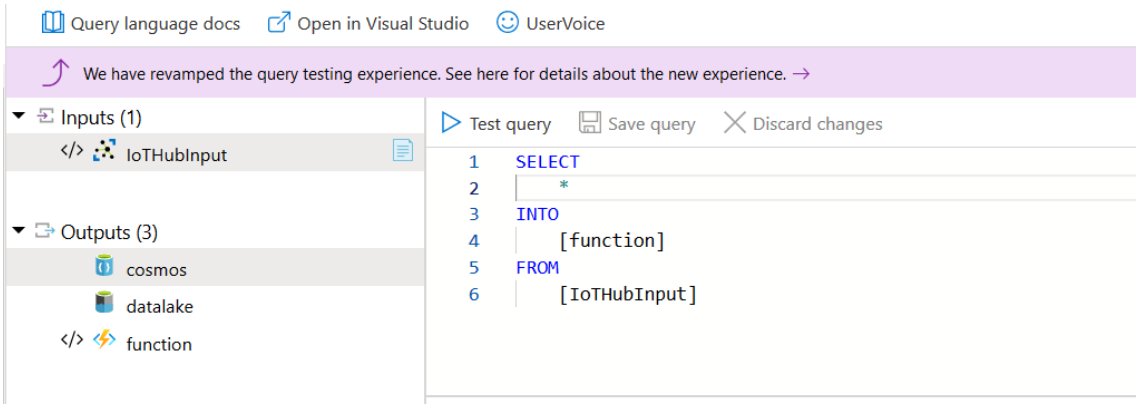
55. Leave Max batch size and Max batch count empty so that the default values are used.


Azure function
New output
* Output alias
function
Provide azure function settings manually
Select azure function from your subscriptions
Subscription
Pay-As-You-Go
* Function app
iot-func-00434C67
* Function
WindSpeedHttpTrigger
Key
Max batch size
Max batch count
Save


Notifications
More events in the activity log
Dismiss all
Successful connection test
Connection to output 'function' succeeded.
a few seconds ago

56. In the Stream Analytics Job blade left hand nav area, under Job topology, click Query.

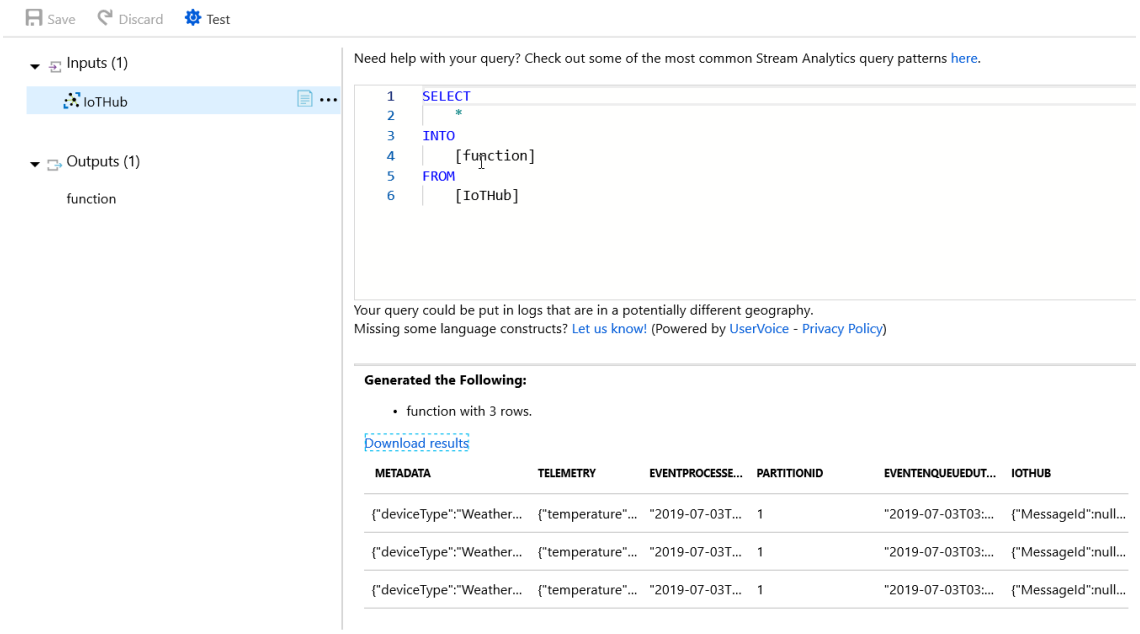
57. In the Query pane, replace the default query with the following:



58. To capture test data, in the Query pane, under Inputs click the ellipsis (...) to the right of IoTHubInput and select Sample data from input.

59. The sample data displays. Accept the default values and click OK.

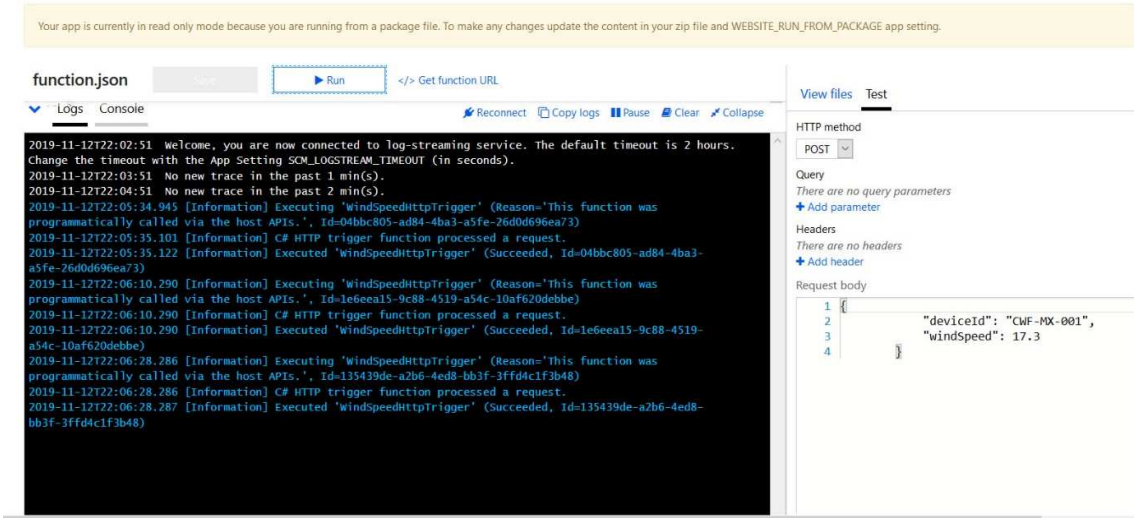
60. Once the sampling has completed, click Test in the toolbar.



----------Nov Update----------

We need to do a query test to make sure function works.

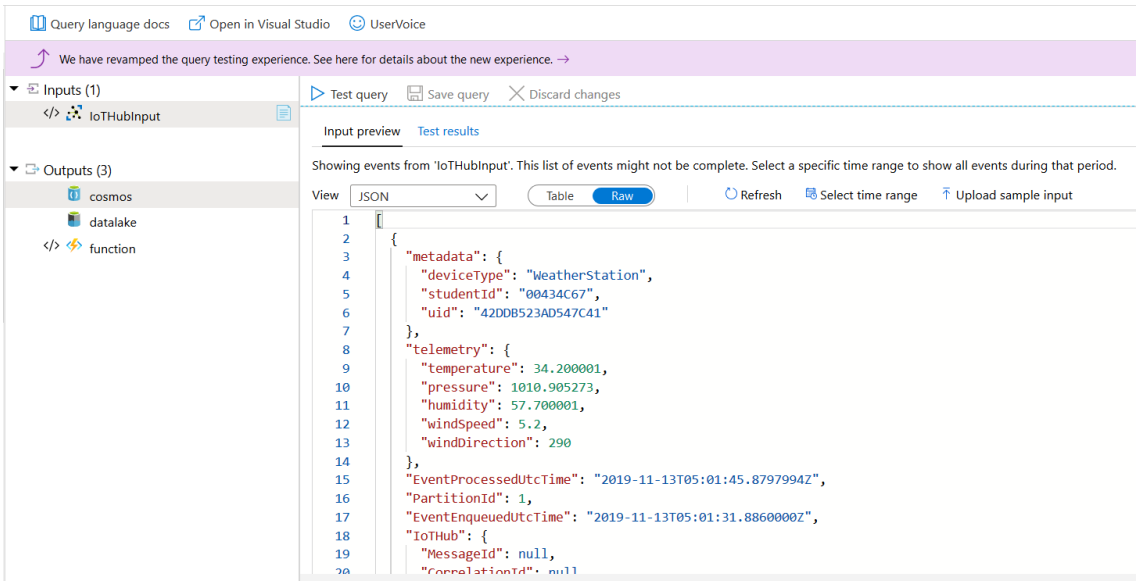
Under Function, go to function.json and click Run with the simple test POST command: It will trigger the azure function if successful.



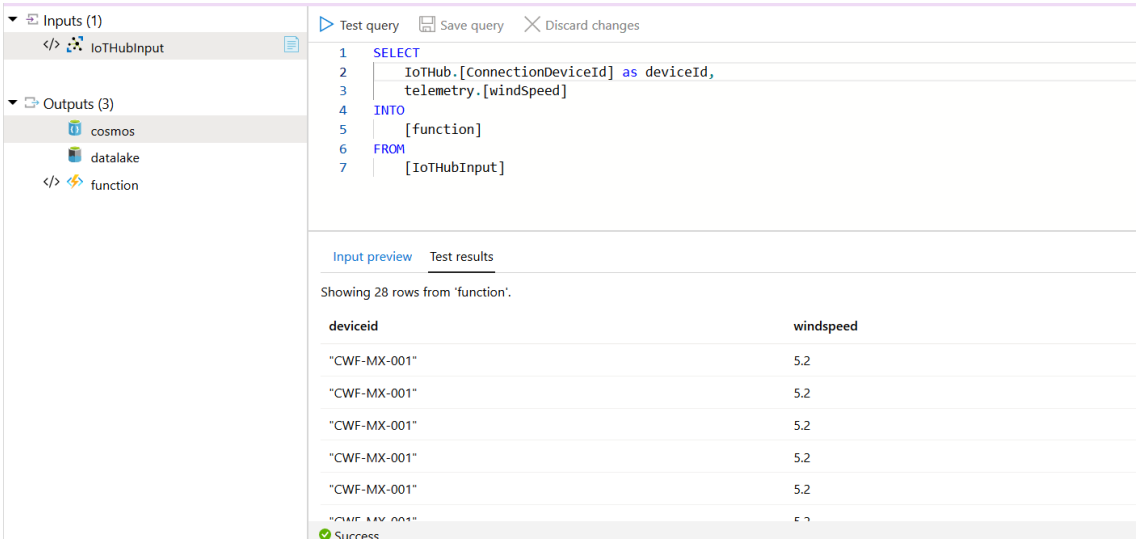
Under Query In ASA: in JSON format, make sure telemetry is sent to IoTHubInput

- The Azure Function expects to receive JSON data in the following format:

```
{
        "deviceId": "CWF-MX-001",
        "windSpeed": 17.3
    }
```



The query language for function will be this:



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61. Send data to Data Lake Storage Gen 1. Review the following materials:

Course: DEV326x IoT Data Analytics and Storage

Module Getting Started with Data Lake Storage and Analytics

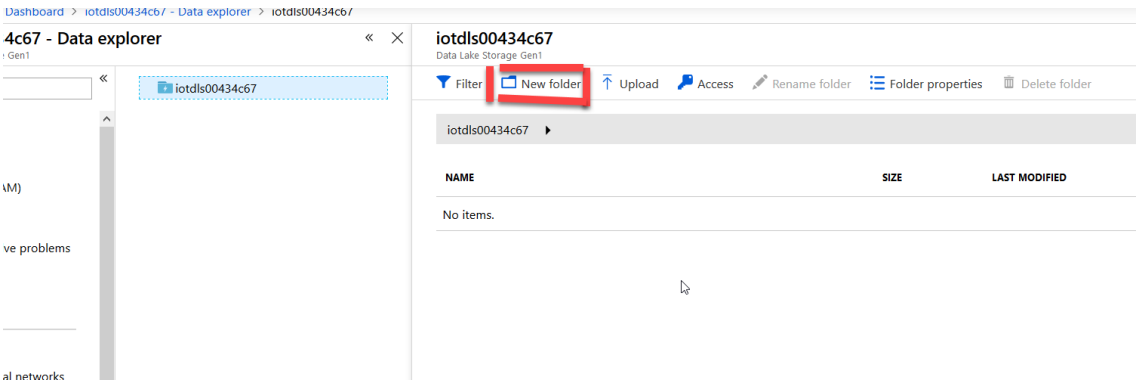
Lab: IoT Analytics and Cold Storage

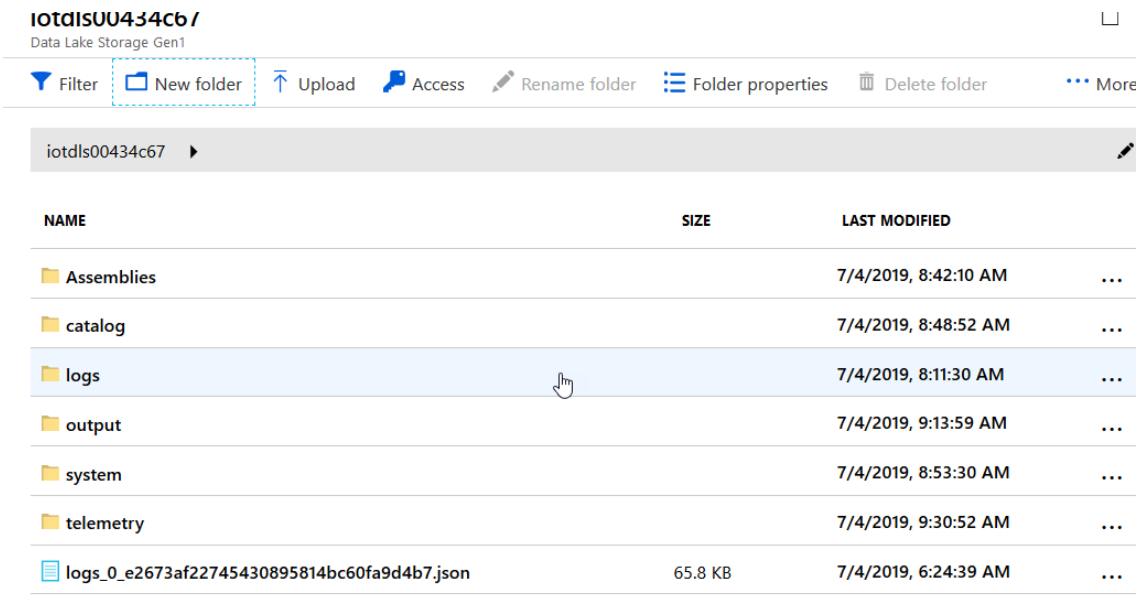
Topic: Set up a Cold Storage Repository with Azure Data Lake Storage

Tip: The default data format for JSON data from Azure Streaming Analytics is LineSeparated - ensure you update the format to use Array.

Tip: Use the following Path prefix pattern for the Data Lake Gen 1 output in stream analytics: telemetry/{date}

61a. Create **telemetry** folder to store Streaming data coming from your device through IoTHub using Stream Analytics Job

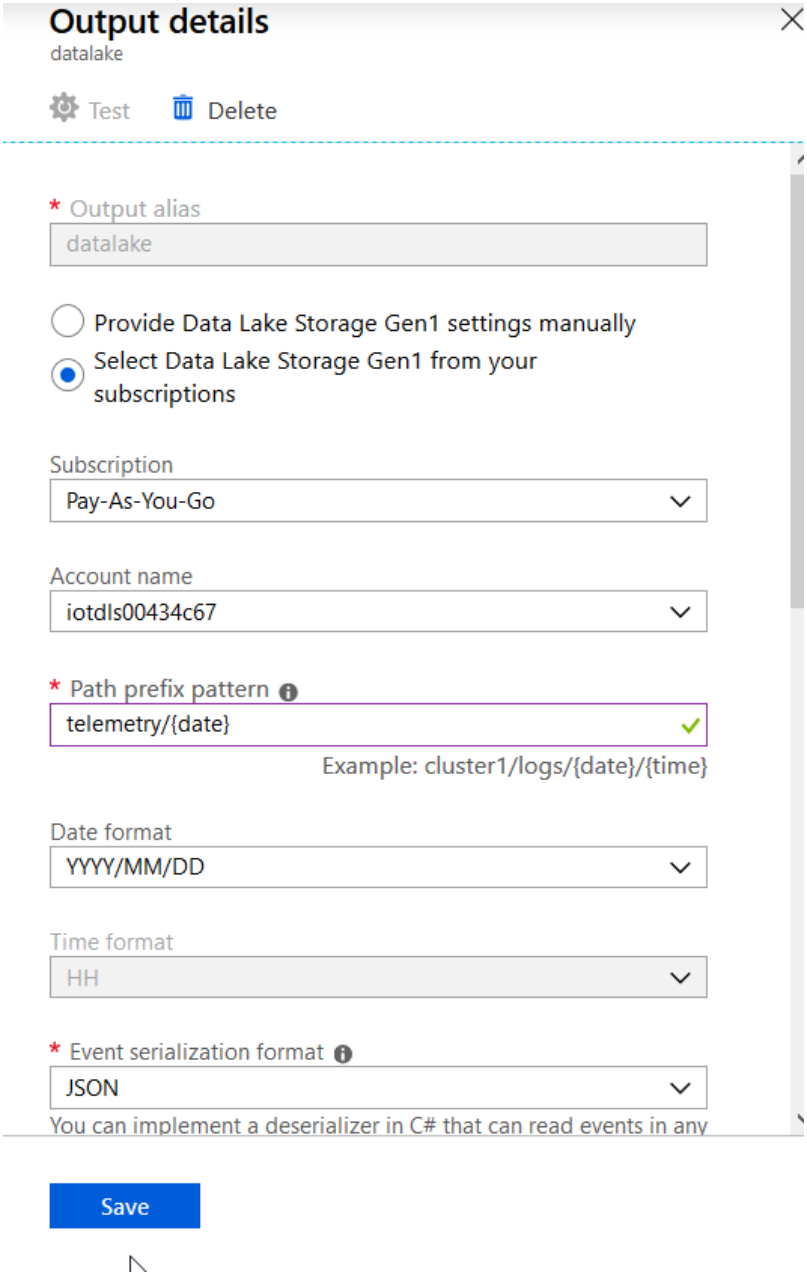


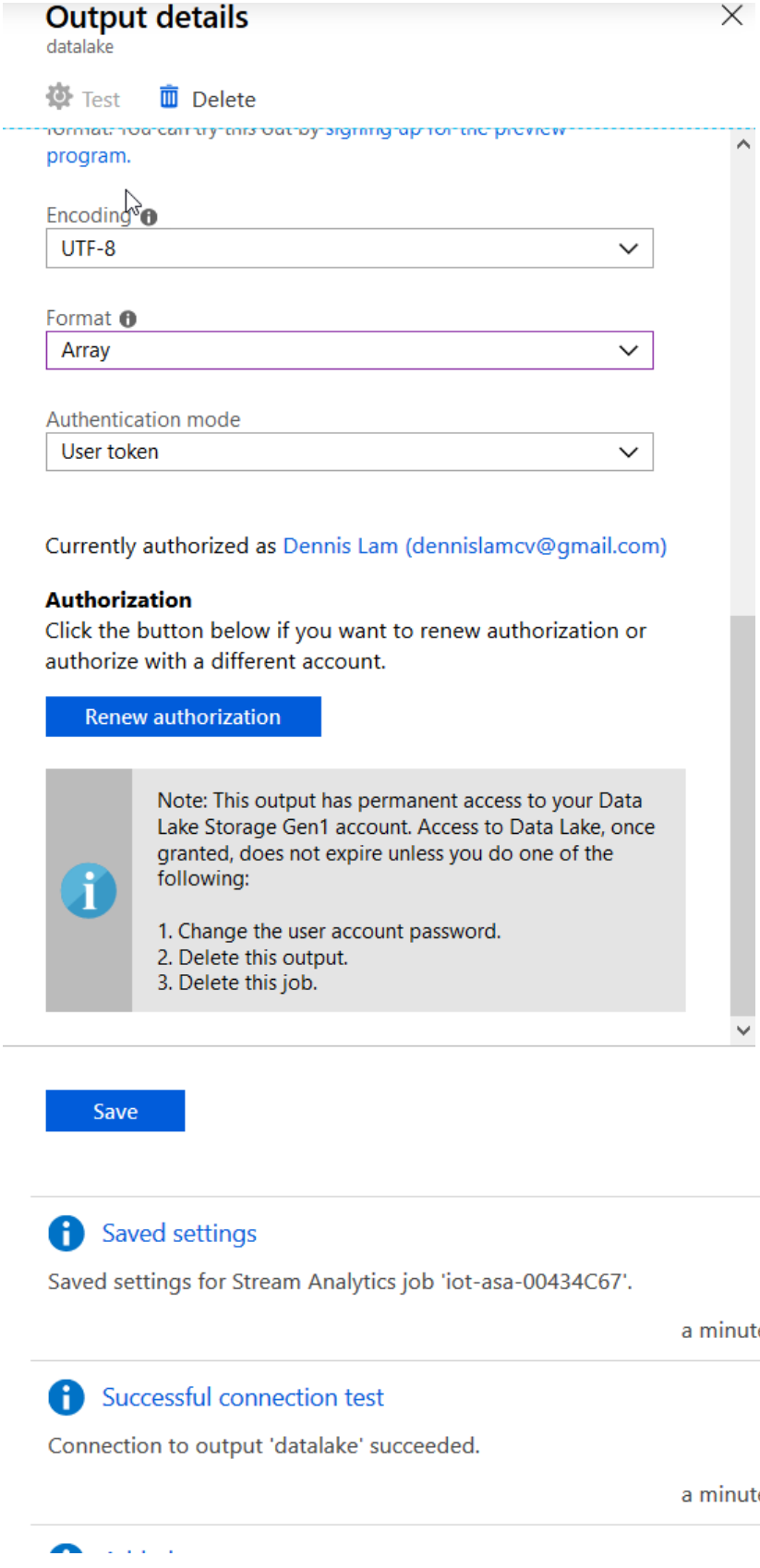


62. Once the deployment has complete, navigate to the Stream Analytics job that you created.

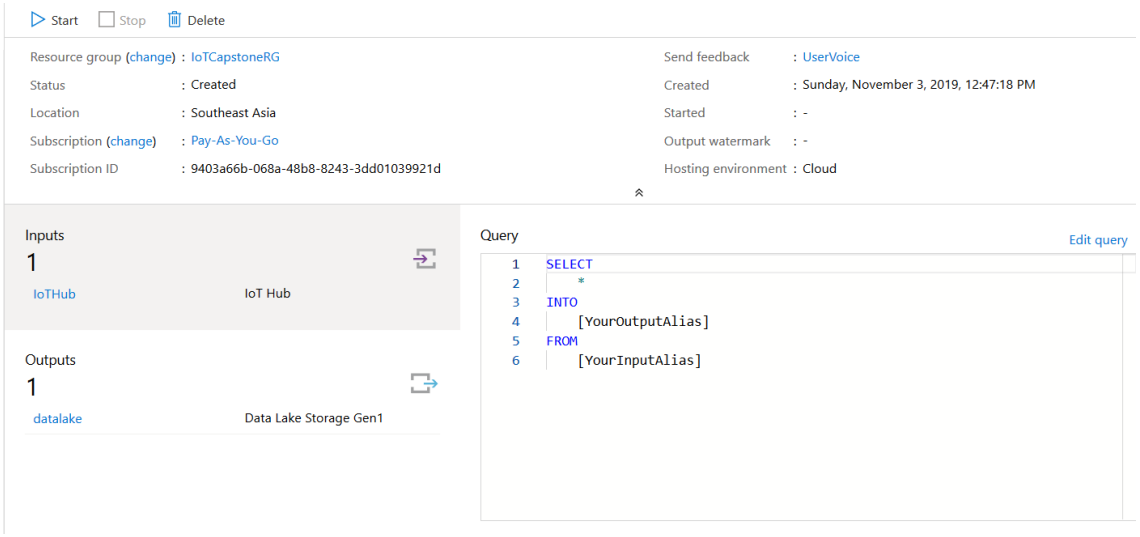
63. On the Overview blade of your Stream Analytics job, click **Outputs**

64. In the upper left corner of the Outputs blade, click + Add., click **Data Lake Store**

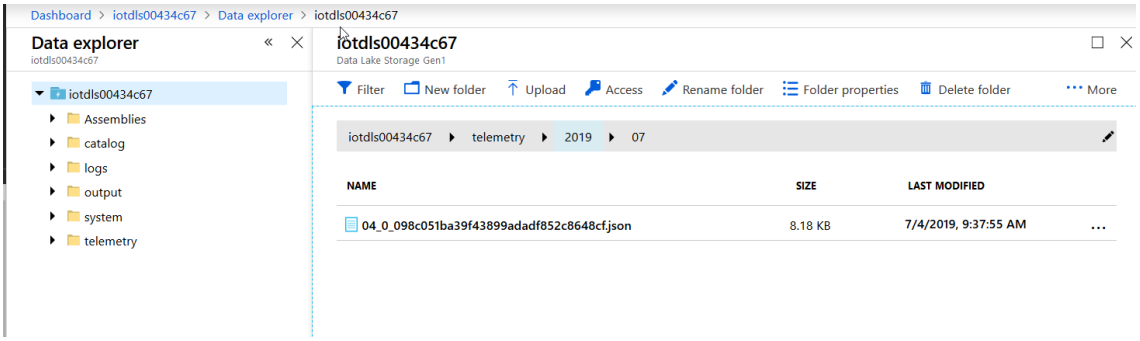

Output details
datalake
Test
Delete
* Output alias
datalake
Provide Data Lake Storage Gen1 settings manually
Select Data Lake Storage Gen1 from your subscriptions
Subscription
Pay-As-You-Go
Account name
iotdls00434c67
* Path prefix pattern
telemetry/{date}
Example: cluster1/logs/{date}/{time}
Date format
YYYY/MM/DD
Time format
HH
* Event serialization format
JSON
You can implement a deserializer in C# that can read events in any
Save


Output details
datalake
Test
Delete
program.
Encoding
UTF-8
Format
Array
Authentication mode
User token
Currently authorized as Dennis Lam (dennislamcv@gmail.com)
Authorization
Click the button below if you want to renew authorization or authorize with a different account.
Renew authorization
Note: This output has permanent access to your Data Lake Storage Gen1 account. Access to Data Lake, once granted, does not expire unless you do one of the following:
1. Change the user account password.
2. Delete this output.
3. Delete this job.
Save
Saved settings
Saved settings for Stream Analytics job 'iot-asa-00434C67'.
a minute ago
Successful connection test
Connection to output 'datalake' succeeded.
a minute ago

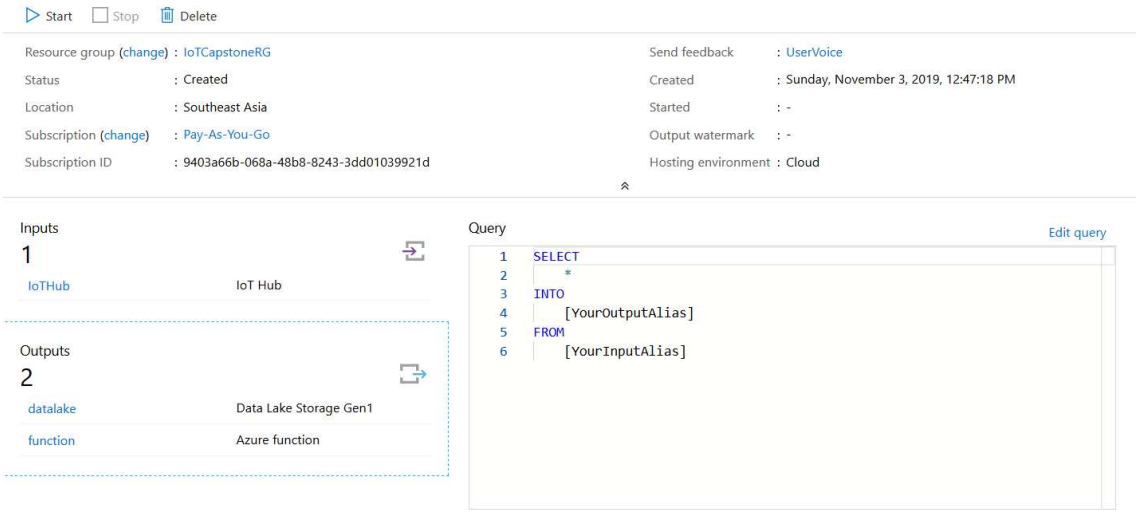
Connected Data Lake Store:

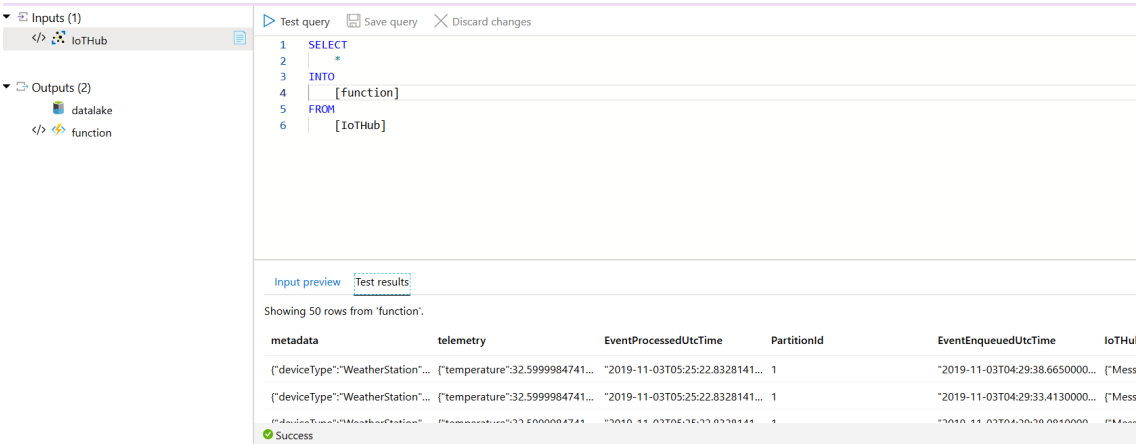


The json file appears here:

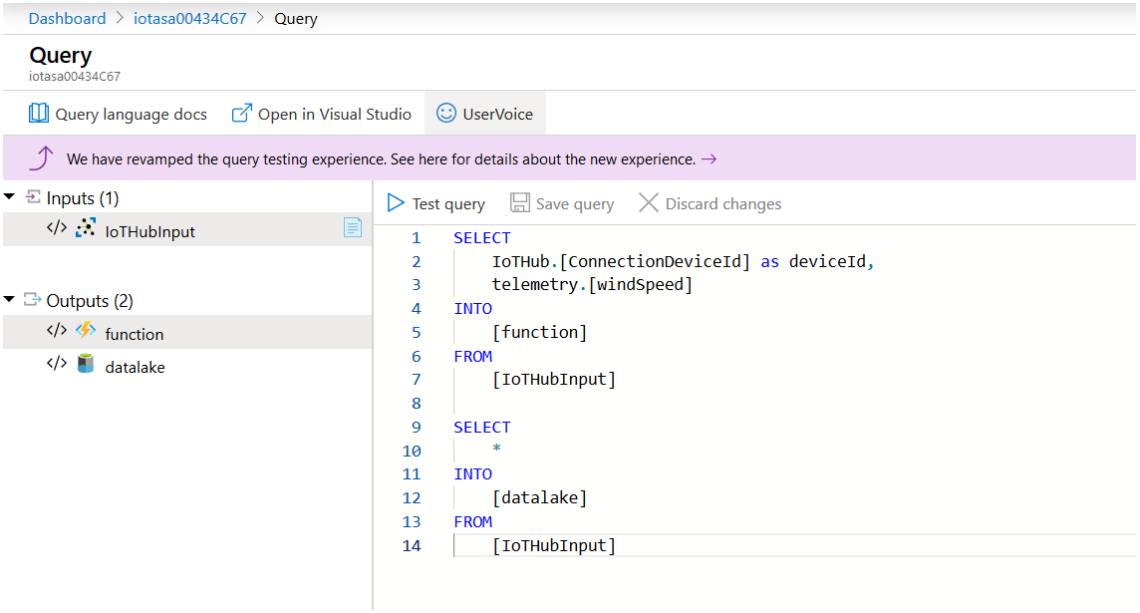


Add Azure Function as Stream Analytics Output:





----------**Nov Update**----------

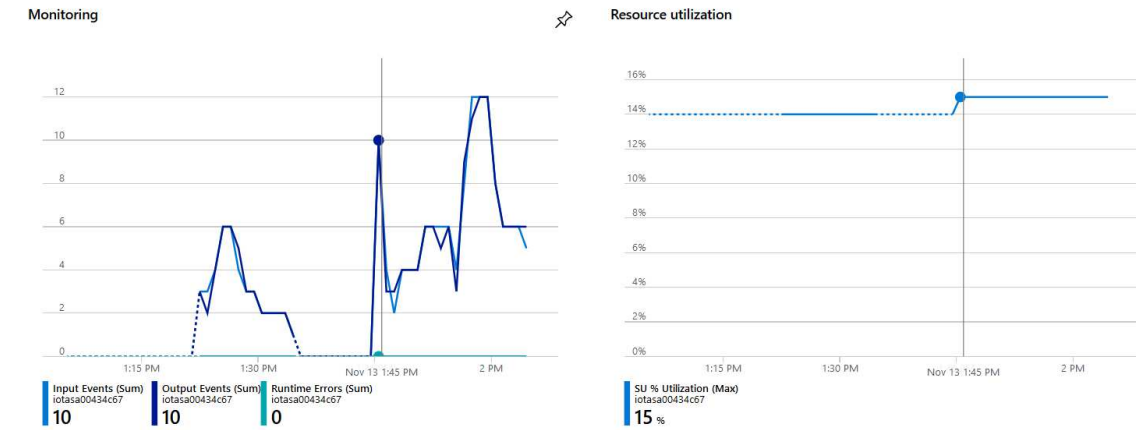


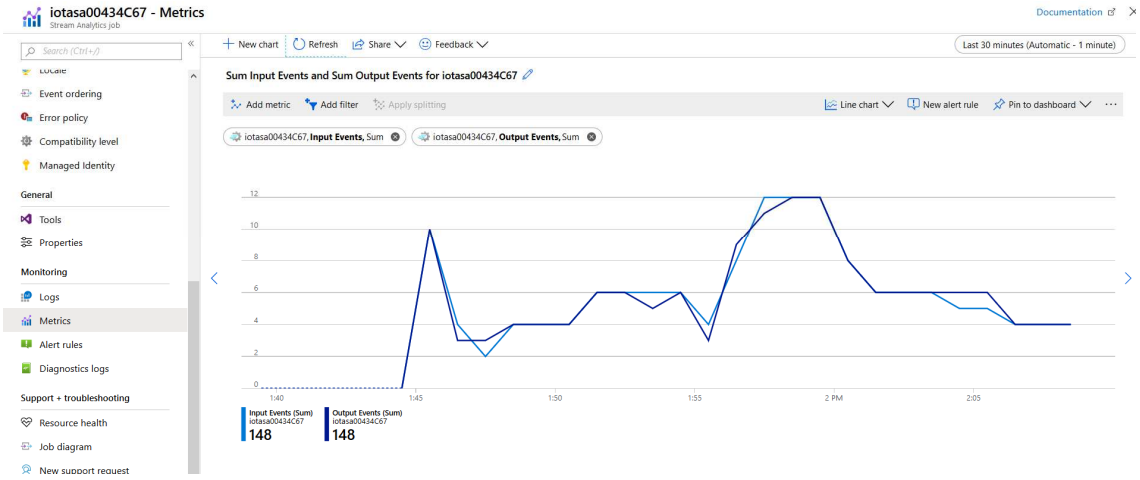
Need to combine 2 outputs.

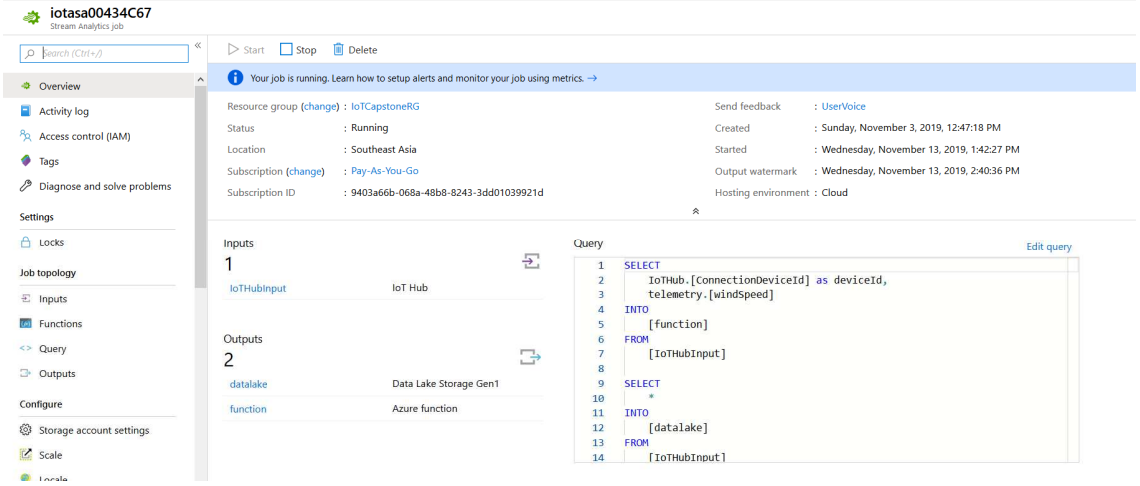
65. Leave it run at least 1 hour. During streaming press buttons A and B to check if Azure Function and RGB LED is working.

You can monitor the streaming in ASA main panel:

```
13  FROM
14      [IoTHubInput]
```



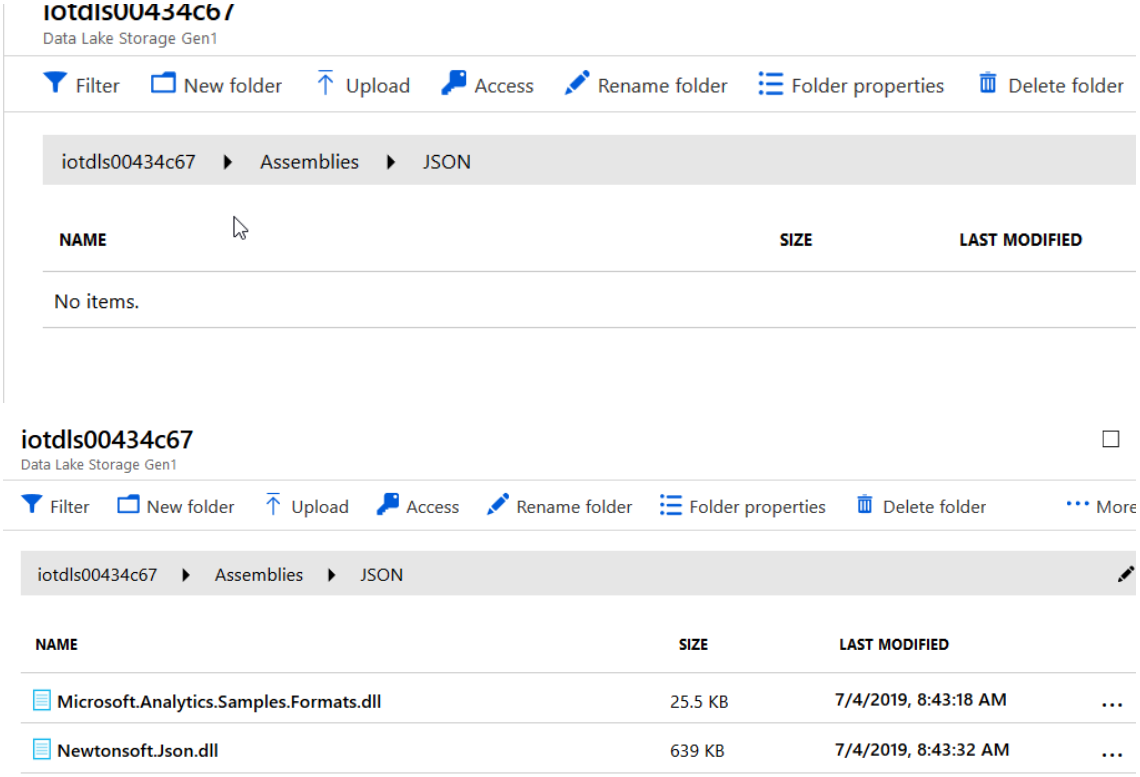




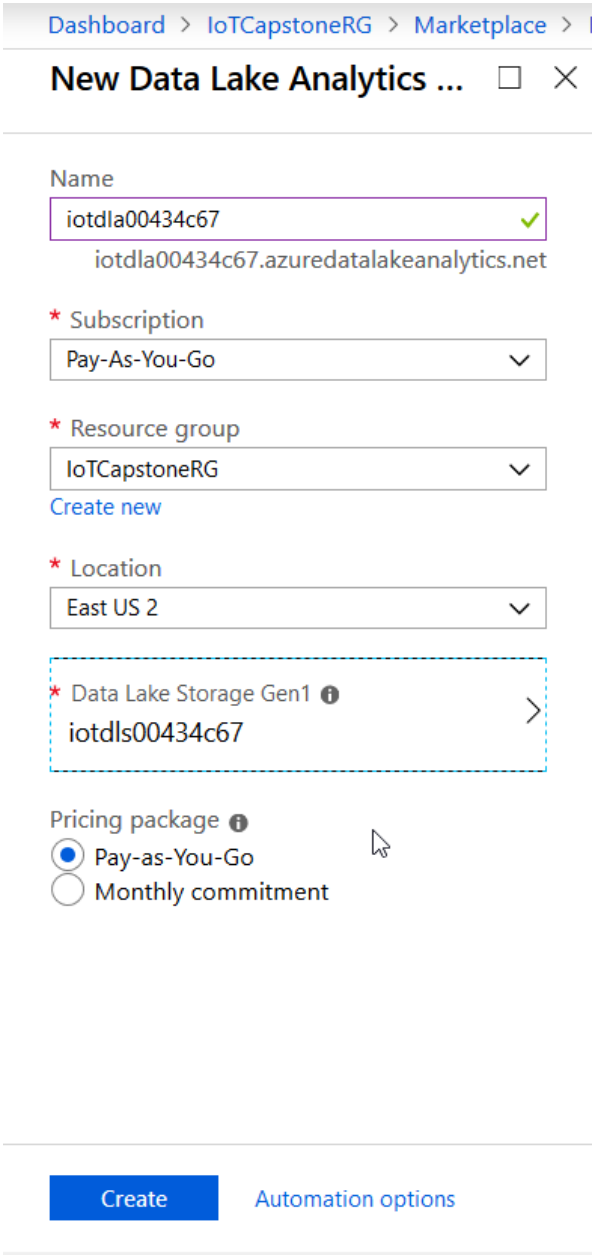
66. Create a Database in Azure Data Lake

Create a U-SQL database called IoTCapstoneDB and register the Newtonsoft.Json.dll and Microsoft.Analytics.Samples.Formats.dll assemblies in order to be able to query the JSON telemetry.

67. Upload your two DLLs from the bin folder above to your desired location in Azure Data Lake Store. You'll need to create a folder for them first. I used the following path: **\Assemblies\JSON.**

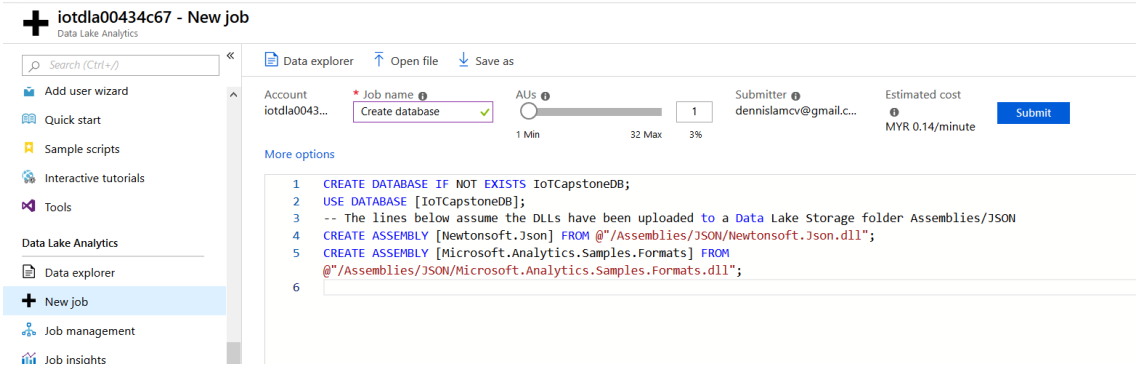


68. Create Azure Data Lake Analytics (Take note same location as Data Lake Store.

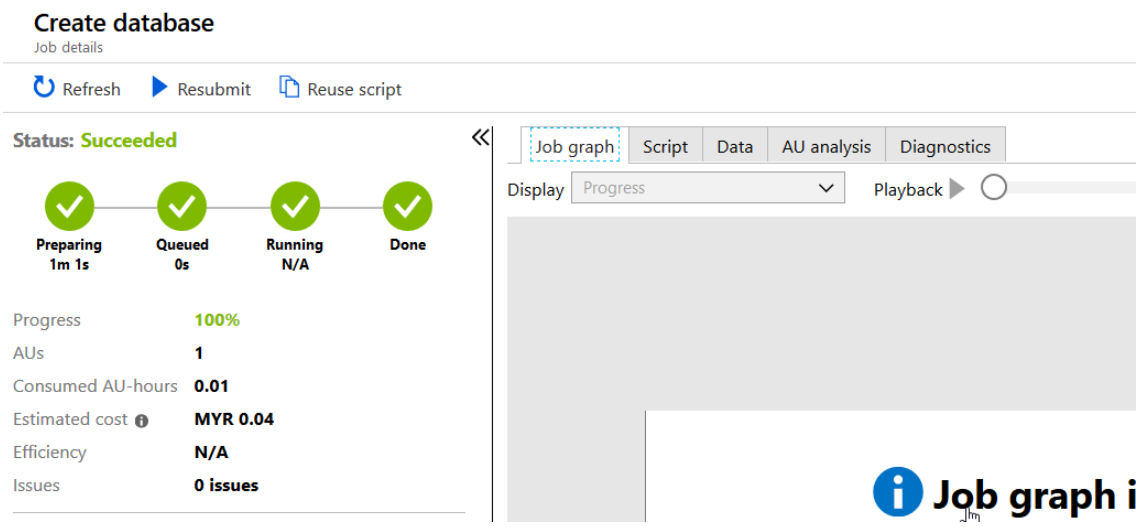


69. Create and run the following U-SQL job:

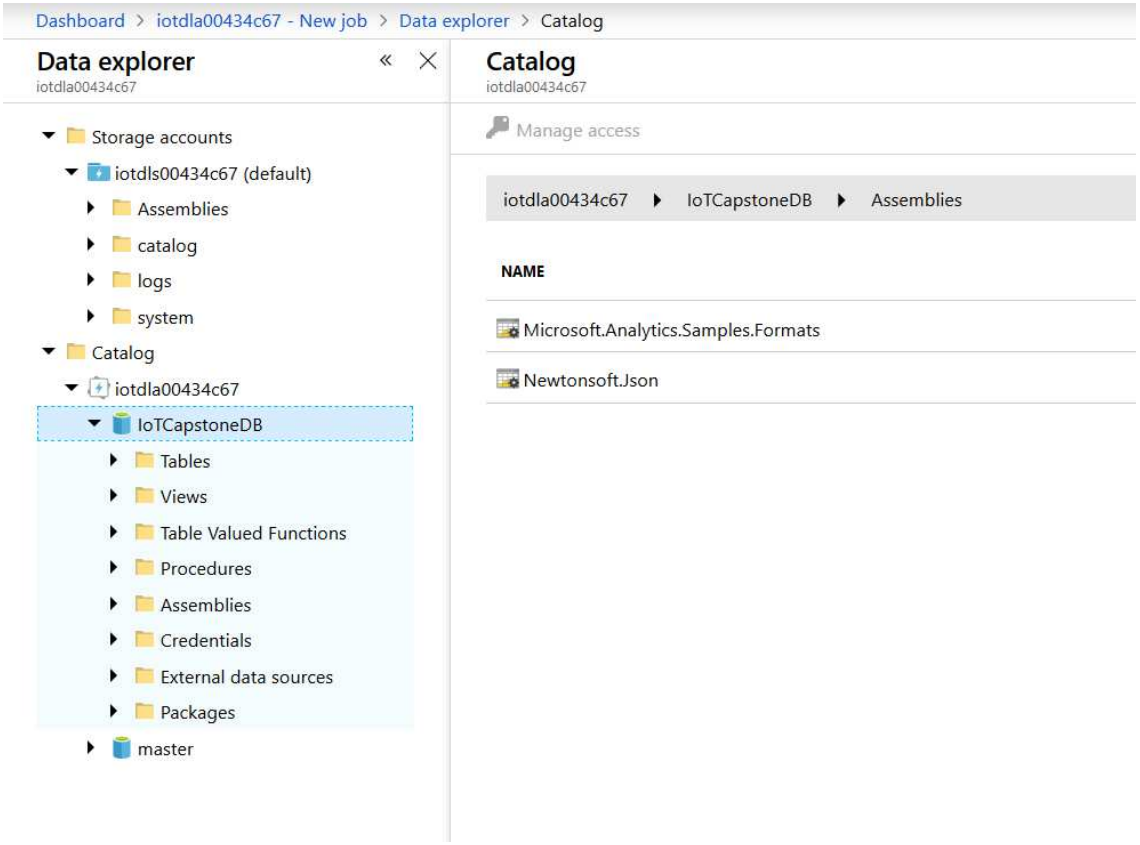
```
CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS IoTCapstoneDB;
USE DATABASE [IoTCapstoneDB];
// The lines below assume the DLLs have been uploaded to a Data Lake
Storage folder Assemblies/JSON
CREATE ASSEMBLY [Newtonsoft.Json] FROM
@"/Assemblies/JSON/Newtonsoft.Json.dll";
CREATE ASSEMBLY [Microsoft.Analytics.Samples.Formats] FROM
@"/Assemblies/JSON/Microsoft.Analytics.Samples.Formats.dll";
```



Note: Remove line 3 completely else error.



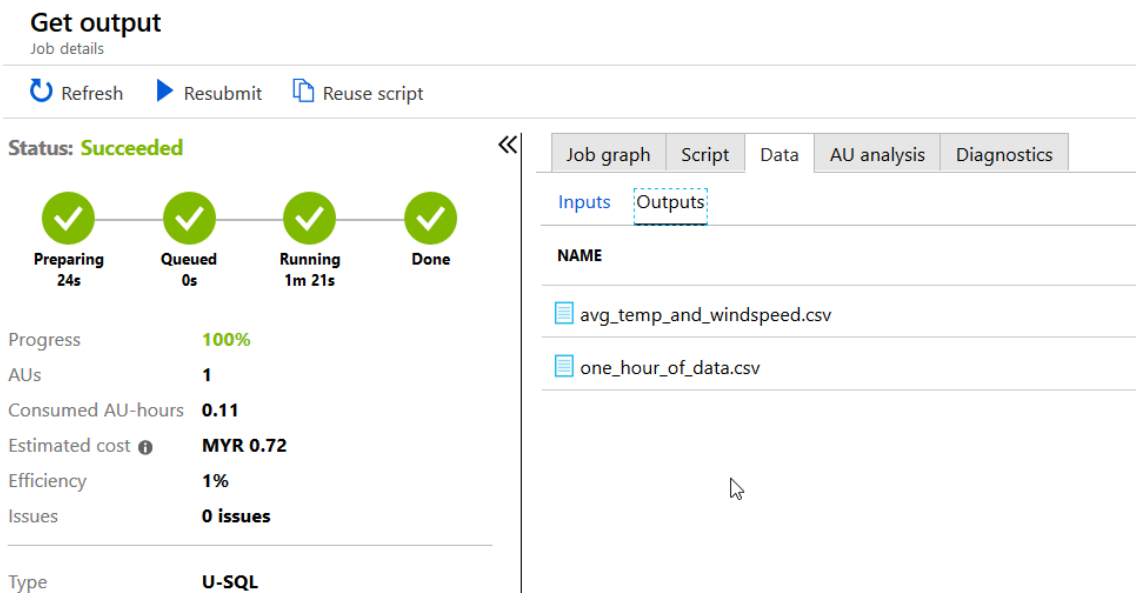
70. If you now browse under **IOTCapstoneDB** database in the **Data Explorer** in Data Lake Analytics, you should see the two assemblies are now listed under **Assemblies**.



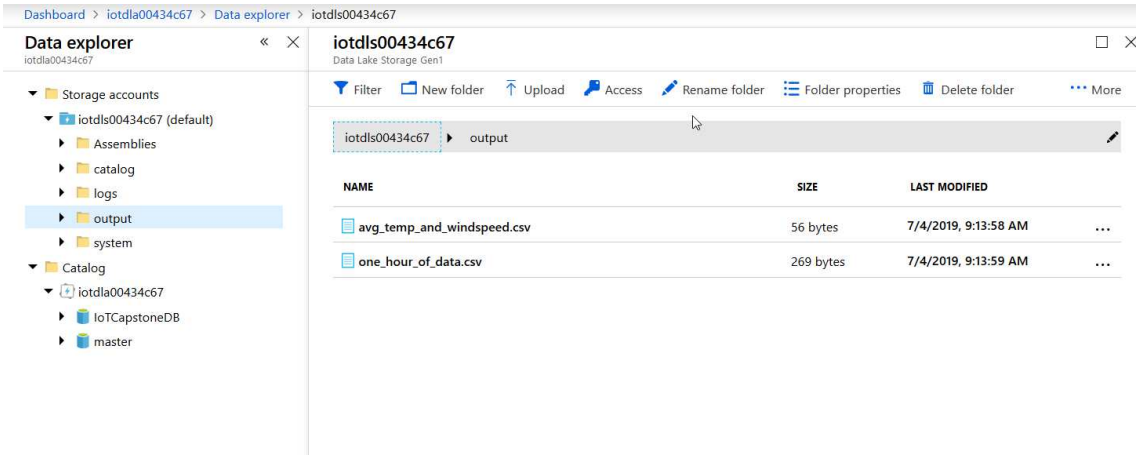
71. Write a query in **Data Lake Analytics** that calculates the average wind speed and temperature for the last hour of telemetry received from the weather station.

```
REFERENCE ASSEMBLY IoTCapstoneDB.[Newtonsoft.Json];
REFERENCE ASSEMBLY IoTCapstoneDB.[Microsoft.Analytics.Samples.Formats];

USING Microsoft.Analytics.Samples.Formats.Json;

DECLARE @InputPath string =
"/telemetry/{date:yyyy}/{date:MM}/{date:dd}_{*}.json";

DECLARE @OutputOneHourFile string = "/output/one_hour_of_data.csv";
DECLARE @OutputAvgFile string = "/output/avg_temp_and_windspeed.csv";

// Extract all data and convert from JSON
@json =
EXTRACT
    date DateTime,
    EventProcessedUtcTime DateTime,
    PartitionId int,
    EventEnqueuedUtcTime DateTime,
    metadata_deviceType string,
    metadata_studentId string,
    metadata_uid string,
    telemetry_temperature double,
    telemetry_pressure double,
    telemetry_humidity double,
    telemetry_windSpeed double,
    telemetry_windDirection double,
```

```
    IoTHub_ConnectionDeviceId string
FROM
    @InputPath
USING new MultiLevelJsonExtractor(null,
    true,
    "EventProcessedUtcTime",
    "PartitionId",
    "EventEnqueuedUtcTime",
    "metadata.deviceType",
    "metadata.studentId",
    "metadata.uid",
    "telemetry.temperature",
    "telemetry.pressure",
    "telemetry.humidity",
    "telemetry.windSpeed",
    "telemetry.windDirection",
    "IoTHub.ConnectionDeviceId"
     );

// Restrict data to last hour
@lastHour =
    SELECT
        *
    FROM
        @json
    WHERE
        EventProcessedUtcTime > (DateTime.UtcNow - TimeSpan.FromHours(1));

// Output intermediate data set for grading
OUTPUT @lastHour
TO @OutputOneHourFile
USING Outputters.Csv(outputHeader:true);

// Determine the average temperature and windspeed for each
IoTHub_ConnectionDeviceId
// Output should be 3 columns:
//      IoTHub_ConnectionDeviceId
//      avg_temp
//      avg_windspeed

@avgdata =
    SELECT
        IoTHub_ConnectionDeviceId,
        AVG(telemetry_temperature) AS avg_temp,
        AVG(telemetry_windSpeed) AS avg_windspeed
    FROM @lastHour
    GROUP BY IoTHub_ConnectionDeviceId;

// Output averaged values for assessment
OUTPUT @avgdata
TO @OutputAvgFile
USING Outputters.Csv(outputHeader:true);
```



72. Download the csv files and open in excel or notepad to check



73. Finally export the whole setup as a Azure template for grading.