**Data Analysis and Interpretation Capstone** Report on Net Migration causing factors (population, industry, urbanization ) in year 2012 Introduction This report is examining factors that cause human migration in year 2012. We will examine and check any relationships between predictor variables (FDIs, Health, Facilities, Populations) in regards to target variable which is Net Migration. The dataset is provided by World Bank. **Data Dictionary** Description **Field** x131\_2012 FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT, NET INFLOWS (% OF GDP) x142\_2012 GDP PER CAPITA (CURRENT US\$) x150\_2012 HEALTH EXPENDITURE, TOTAL (% OF GDP) x155\_2012 IMPROVED SANITATION FACILITIES (% OF POPULATION WITH ACCESS) x156\_2012 IMPROVED WATER SOURCE (% OF POPULATION WITH ACCESS) x1\_2012 ACCESS TO ELECTRICITY (% OF POPULATION) x258\_2012 RURAL POPULATION (% OF TOTAL POPULATION) x283\_2012 URBAN POPULATION (% OF TOTAL) AGRICULTURAL LAND (% OF LAND AREA) x195\_2012 NET MIGRATION **Data Preparation** import pandas as pd df = pd.read csv("worldbank.csv") df.head() x9\_2012 x11\_2012 x12\_2012 x14\_2012 x15\_2012 x16\_2012 x18\_2012 ... x244\_2013 x1\_2012 x2\_2012 country 0 AFGHANISTAN 43.00000 19.480962 1.852684e+10 623.236804 0.677345 8.965464 1.833022e+09 1.600000 0.125552 0.0 **ALBANIA** 100.00000 62.086412 1.037147e+10 3575.766967 0.386039 12.381013 1.521033e+09 2.842804 2.730370 13.1 2 100.00000 99.990000 1.480000e+11 3942.202841 ALGERIA 0.620760 7.019903 1.417333e+10 4.467196 19.550386 2.4 **AMERICAN** 3 59.32891 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN SAMOA ANDORRA 100.00000 100.000000 0.152983 9.237132 2.919443e+08 NaN NaN 3.100000 0.000000 NaN 5 rows × 163 columns df2 = df[["x131 2012", "x142 2012", "x150 2012", "x155 2012", "x156 2012", "x1 2012", "x258 2012", "x283 2012", "x31 2012", "x In [4]: df2.head() x131\_2012 x142\_2012 x150\_2012 x155\_2012 x156\_2012 x1\_2012 x258\_2012 x283\_2012 x31\_2012 x195\_2012 0 0.299592 690.842629 8.479199 30.5 51.6 43.00000 74.532 25.468 58.067580 473007.0 5.627439 7.468318 4247.485437 92.1 95.4 100.00000 45.670 54.330 43.843066 -91750.0 84.9 100.00000 0.717733 5583.616160 2 6.007278 87.0 31.130 68.870 17.381700 -143268.0 3 NaN NaN 62.5 100.0 59.32891 12.587 87.413 24.500000 NaN NaN 13.292 NaN 39666.369210 8.302019 100.0 100.0 100.00000 86.708 42.978723 NaN df2.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 248 entries, 0 to 247 Data columns (total 10 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype 0 x131 2012 219 non-null float64 1 x142\_2012 225 non-null float64 x150\_2012 221 non-null float64 x155\_2012 226 non-null float64 x156\_2012 227 non-null float64 x1\_2012 245 non-null float64 6 x258 2012 245 non-null float64 7 x283\_2012 245 non-null float64  $8 \times 31_{2012} 240 \text{ non-null}$  float64 9 x195 2012 227 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(10) memory usage: 19.5 KB df2.columns = ["fdi", "gdp", "health", "sanitation", "water", "electricity", "ruralpop", "urbanpop", "agri", "migration' df2 health sanitation gdp water electricity ruralpop urbanpop agri migration **0** 0.299592 690.842629 8.479199 30.50000 51.600000 43.000000 74.532000 25.468000 58.067580 473007.0 **1** 7.468318 4247.485437 5.627439 92.10000 95.400000 100.000000 45.670000 54.330000 43.843066 -91750.0 0.717733 5583.616160 6.007278 87.00000 84.900000 100.000000 31.130000 68.870000 17.381700 -143268.0 3 NaN NaN NaN 62.50000 100.000000 59.328910 12.587000 87.413000 24.500000 NaN NaN 39666.369210 8.302019 100.00000 100.000000 13.292000 86.708000 42.978723 NaN 0.559266 243 2782.905026 NaN 92.20000 65.100000 97.697830 25.423000 74.577000 43.355482 -43750.0 2.537712 10460.113770 9.940811 65.93004 89.487651 84.583874 47.551252 52.448806 37.785216 0.0 **245** -0.044394 1289.034078 5.553370 53.30000 54.900000 48.406710 67.126000 32.874000 44.604807 -50000.0 6.942853 1686.618024 4.754491 246 43.20000 63.000000 22.062560 60.413000 39.587000 32.063923 -34490.0 **247** 3.223668 850.827694 NaN 37.30000 77.500000 40.462560 67.166000 32.834000 41.876696 248 rows × 10 columns df2.to csv("wbresearch.csv", index=False) In [9]: import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt df = pd.read csv("wbresearch.csv") df.head() Out[9]: health sanitation water electricity ruralpop urbanpop gdp agri migration **0** 0.299592 690.842629 8.479199 30.5 51.6 43.00000 74.532 25.468 58.067580 473007.0 95.4 100.00000 54.330 43.843066 -91750.0 **1** 7.468318 4247.485437 5.627439 92.1 45.670 **2** 0.717733 68.870 17.381700 5583.616160 6.007278 87.0 84.9 100.00000 31.130 -143268.0 87.413 24.500000 3 NaN 100.0 59.32891 12.587 NaN 62.5 NaN NaN 4 39666.369210 8.302019 100.0 100.0 100.00000 13.292 86.708 42.978723 NaN NaN Sample The World Bank dataset has 248 observations with 163 columns. For this research, I chose 9 features to predict the net migration of people based on these factors. Measures There are six features measured in percentages. All the data is numeric type. **Analysis** I will use Pearson correlation to check the strength of collinearity with the target variable. df.corr() fdi gdp health sanitation electricity ruralpop urbanpop agri migration water 0.008043 0.250559 0.016223 0.005692 0.011989 fdi 1.000000 0.023753 -0.121705 0.121705 -0.013489 gdp 0.250559 1.000000 0.334146 0.533179 0.451355 0.411777 -0.508069 0.508069 -0.237129 0.266345 0.332993 0.016223 0.334146 1.000000 0.276713 0.307054 0.165047 -0.271735 0.271734 0.194480 health 0.023753 0.276713 1.000000 0.804177 0.858107 -0.631365 sanitation 0.533179 0.631364 -0.244808 0.202127 0.008043 0.307054 1.000000 0.781008 -0.581884 0.581884 -0.170557 0.134436 water 0.451355 0.804177 electricity 0.005692 0.411777 0.165047 0.858107 0.781008 1.000000 -0.585040 0.585039 -0.149063 0.107798 -0.228288 -0.121705 -0.508069 -0.271735 -0.631365 -0.581884 -0.585040 1.000000 -1.000000 0.197438 0.508069 0.581884 0.585039 -1.000000 1.000000 0.228288 urbanpop 0.121705 0.271734 0.631364 -0.197438 -0.085710 -0.013489 -0.237129 0.194480 -0.244808 -0.170557 -0.149063 0.197438 -0.197438 1.000000 0.011989 0.266345 0.332993 0.202127 0.134436 0.107798 -0.228288 0.228288 -0.085710 1.000000 migration df.corr()["migration"].sort values() Out[11]: ruralpop -0.228288 -0.085710 agri fdi 0.011989 electricity 0.107798 0.134436 0.202127 sanitation urbanpop 0.228288 gdp 0.266345 health 0.332993 migration 1.000000 Name: migration, dtype: float64 plt.figure(figsize=(16,9)) sns.heatmap(df.corr(),cmap="coolwarm",annot=True,fmt='.2f',linewidths=2) plt.title("", fontsize=20) plt.show() 1.00 0.01 -0.01 0.01 1.00 0.25 0.02 0.02 0.01 -0.120.12 - 0.75 0.45 0.41 0.51 0.25 1.00 0.33 -0.51-0.240.27 gdp 0.02 0.33 1.00 0.28 0.31 0.17 -0.270.27 0.19 0.33 health - 0.50 0.02 0.28 1.00 -0.24 0.20 sanitation -- 0.25 0.01 0.45 0.31 1.00 -0.170.13 water - 0.00 1.00 0.01 0.41 0.17 -0.150.11 electricity · - -0.25 -0.12-0.51-0.27-1.00 0.20 -0.231.00 ruralpop --1.00 0.12 0.51 0.27 1.00 -0.20 0.23 - -0.50 urbanpop -0.01 -0.24-0.150.20 -0.20 1.00 -0.09 -0.240.19 -0.17agri - -0.75 0.01 -0.23-0.091.00 0.27 0.33 0.20 0.13 0.11 0.23 migration migration sanitation fdi health water electricity ruralpop urbanpop gdp agri **Import Libraries** import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import plotly.express as px import random import sklearn import statsmodels.api as sm import datetime from datetime import datetime, timedelta import scipy.stats #import xgboost as xgb #from xgboost import XGBClassifier, XGBRegressor #from xgboost import to\_graphviz, plot\_importance #from sklearn.experimental import enable hist gradient boosting #from sklearn.linear model import ElasticNet, Lasso, LinearRegression, LogisticRegression, Ridge #from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, RandomForestRegressor, ExtraTreesClassifier, ExtraTreesRe #from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier, GradientBoostingRegressor, HistGradientBoostingClass %matplotlib inline #sets the default autosave frequency in seconds %autosave 60 sns.set style('dark') sns.set(font\_scale=1.2) plt.rc('axes', labelsize=14) plt.rc('xtick', labelsize=12) plt.rc('ytick', labelsize=12) from sklearn.model selection import cross val score, train test split, GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV from sklearn.model selection import cross validate, KFold, RepeatedStratifiedKFold from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder #from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline #from sklearn.feature selection import RFE, RFECV, SelectKBest, f classif, f regression, chi2 #from sklearn.inspection import permutation\_importance from sklearn.tree import export graphviz, plot tree from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report, mean absolute error, mean squared error, r2 from sklearn.metrics import plot\_confusion\_matrix, plot\_precision\_recall\_curve, plot\_roc\_curve, accuracy\_score from sklearn.metrics import auc, f1\_score, precision\_score, recall\_score, roc\_auc\_score import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore') # Use Feature-Engine library #import feature engine.missing data imputers as mdi #from feature engine.outlier removers import Winsorizer #from feature engine import categorical encoders as ce #from pycaret.classification import \* #from pycaret.clustering import \* #from pycaret.regression import \* pd.set option('display.max columns', None) #pd.set option('display.max rows',100) pd.set\_option('display.width', 1000) pd.set\_option('display.float\_format','{:.2f}'.format) random.seed(0) np.random.seed(0) np.set\_printoptions(suppress=True) Autosaving every 60 seconds **Exploratory Data Analysis** In [14]: df = pd.read csv("wbresearch.csv") fdi gdp health sanitation water electricity ruralpop urbanpop agri migration 0.30 690.84 30.50 51.60 43.00 25.47 58.07 473007.00 4247.49 7.47 5.63 92.10 95.40 100.00 54.33 43.84 -91750.00 5583.62 **2** 0.72 87.00 84.90 100.00 68.87 17.38 -143268.00 NaN 62.50 100.00 59.33 87.41 24.50 NaN NaN **4** NaN 39666.37 8.30 100.00 100.00 100.00 13.29 86.71 42.98 NaN -43750.00 243 0.56 2782.91 92.20 65.10 97.70 74.58 43.36 2.54 10460.11 65.93 89.49 52.45 37.79 0.00 53.30 54.90 **245** -0.04 1289.03 48.41 32.87 44.60 -50000.00 246 6.94 1686.62 43.20 63.00 22.06 60.41 39.59 32.06 -34490.00 32.83 41.88 -219922.00 **247** 3.22 850.83 37.30 77.50 40.46 67.17 248 rows × 10 columns df.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 248 entries, 0 to 247 Data columns (total 10 columns): Non-Null Count 0 float64 fdi 219 non-null 1 225 non-null float64 gdp health 221 non-null 226 non-null sanitation float64 227 non-null float64 water electricity 245 non-null float64 245 non-null ruralpop urbanpop 245 non-null float64 240 non-null float64 agri 227 non-null float64 migration dtypes: float64(10) memory usage: 19.5 KB df.describe(include='all') fdi gdp health sanitation water electricity ruralpop urbanpop migration **count** 219.00 225.00 221.00 226.00 227.00 245.00 245.00 240.00 227.00 245.00 6.81 88.26 5.74 14751.38 72.49 78.44 42.16 57.84 38.14 -98189.77 mean 21611.52 2.79 14.54 29.21 23.50 2705600.34 11.78 28.58 23.50 21.15 std -5.50 244.20 1.41 39.90 5.06 0.00 8.79 -16449428.00 6.60 0.47 min 25% 1719.04 4.82 84.75 59.33 22.88 22.10 -138149.50 1.64 49.49 38.49 50% 2.90 94.10 96.12 42.29 38.58 -10000.00 5967.00 6.23 84.10 57.71 5.70 99.25 100.00 77.12 **75**% 15317.14 8.59 97.00 61.51 53.33 29999.00 max 142.26 149160.76 17.05 100.00 100.00 100.00 91.20 100.00 81.30 16458326.00 df.shape (248, 10)In [19]: df.columns Out[19]: Index(['fdi', 'gdp', 'health', 'sanitation', 'water', 'electricity', 'ruralpop', 'urbanpop', 'agri', 'migratio n'], dtype='object') **Data Visualization Univariate Data Exploration** df.hist(bins=50, figsize=(20,10)) plt.suptitle('Histogram Feature Distribution', x=0.5, y=1.02, ha='center', fontsize=20) plt.tight layout() plt.show() Histogram Feature Distribution 60 50 20 80000 100000 120000 140000 electricity sanitation water 40 ruralpop urbanpop agri migration 50 df.boxplot(figsize=(20,10)) plt.suptitle('BoxPlots Feature Distribution', x=0.5, y=1.02, ha='center', fontsize=20) plt.show() **BoxPlots Feature Distribution** 1.5 0.5 0.0 -0.5 -1.5 8 electricity migration df.columns Out[22]: Index(['fdi', 'gdp', 'health', 'sanitation', 'water', 'electricity', 'ruralpop', 'urbanpop', 'agri', 'migratio n'], dtype='object') #Plot 4 by 2 subplots fig, ((ax1, ax2), (ax3, ax4), (ax5, ax6), (ax7, ax8)) = plt.subplots(4,2, sharex=False, figsize=(15,30))#fig.suptitle('Scatterplots', y=1.0) sns.regplot(x="fdi", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax1) #ax1.set title('Title of the first chart') #ax1.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax1.set xlabel("fdi") ax1.set ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="gdp", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax2) #ax2.set title('Title of the second chart') #ax2.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax2.set xlabel("gdp") ax2.set ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="health", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax3) #ax3.set title('Title of the third chart') #ax3.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax3.set xlabel("health") ax3.set\_ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="sanitation", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax4) #ax4.set title('Title of the fourth chart') #ax4.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax4.set xlabel("sanitation") ax4.set ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="water", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax5) #ax5.set title('Title of the fourth chart') #ax5.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax5.set xlabel("water") ax5.set ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="electricity", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax6) #ax6.set title('Title of the fourth chart') #ax6.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax6.set xlabel("electricity") ax6.set ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="ruralpop", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax7) #ax7.set title('Title of the fourth chart') #ax7.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax7.set xlabel("ruralpop") ax7.set ylabel("migration") sns.regplot(x="urbanpop", y="migration", data=df, ax=ax8) #ax8.set title('Title of the fourth chart') #ax8.tick params('x', labelrotation=45) ax8.set xlabel("urbanpop") ax8.set ylabel("migration") plt.show() 1e7 1e7 1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 migration 0.0 -0.5-0.5-1.540000 80000 0 20 20000 60000 100000 gdp 1e7 1e7 1.5 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.5 migration 0.0 -1.0 -1.0 -1.5-1.5 2 health sanitation 1e7 1e7 1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 migration 0.0 0.0 -0.5 -0.5 -1.0-1.0-1.5-1.540 water electricity 1e7 1e7 1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 migration 0.0 0.0 -0.5 -0.5 -1.0-1.0-1.5 -1.5 20 ruralpop urbanpop **Pairplots** In [24]: sns.pairplot(df) plt.suptitle('Pairplots of features', x=0.5, y=1.02, ha='center', fontsize=20) plt.show() Pairplots of features File "<ipython-input-25-f9c020b672ea>", line 1 SyntaxError: invalid syntax **Data Preprocessing Feature Engineering** Drop unwanted features df.columns df.drop() **Treat Missing Values** df.isnull().sum() df[''] = df[''].replace(np.nan,df.mean()) #imputer = mdi.MeanMedianImputer(imputation method='median',variables=None) #imputer.fit(df) #df = imputer.transform(df) df.isnull().sum() Replacing values df.replace() **Rounding Values** ###pandas.DataFrame.round df[['internetuserate']] = df[['internetuserate']].round(decimals=0) **Treat Duplicate Values** df.duplicated(keep='first').sum() df[df.duplicated(keep=False)] #Check duplicate values df.drop\_duplicates(ignore\_index=True, inplace=True) **Treat Outliers** df.columns df.describe() #windsorizer = Winsorizer(distribution='skewed',tail='both',fold=1.5, variables=[]) #windsorizer.fit(df) #df2 = windsorizer.transform(df) #df2 #df2.describe() #windsorizer.left\_tail\_caps\_ #windsorizer.right tail caps **Treat Data Types** df.info() df["breastcancerper100th"] = df["breastcancerper100th"].astype('int') df.info() **Perform One-Hot Encoding** pd.get\_dummies(df\_category) df["has gas"] = pd.get dummies(data=df["has\_gas"],drop\_first=True) Visualize pairplots for multi-classification #Must convert all strings to numbers sns.pairplot(df2, vars=df2.columns[:-1], hue='logo') plt.show() Create and save processed dataset df.to\_csv("",index=False)

**Train Test Split** 

| ]:                         | <pre>X_train, X_val = train_test_split(X_df, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)  X_train.shape, X_val.shape</pre> Feature Selection                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ]:                         | X_new[0:5]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:             | <pre>select_feature = SelectRbest(chi2, k=10).fit(x_train,y_train)  select_feature.scores_  Recursive Feature Elimination  rfe = RFE(estimator=XGBRegressor(),n_features_to_select=10,verbose=1, step=1)  rfe.fit(X_train,y_train)  selected_rfe_features = pd.DataFrame({'Feature':list(X_train.columns),'Ranking':rfe.ranking_})</pre>                                                          |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:             | <pre>rfecv = KFECV(estimator=XdRegressor(), cv=5,scoring= neg_nean_squared_effor ,verbose=1, step=1)  rfecv.fit(X_train,y_train)  print("Optimal no of features:", rfecv.n_features_)  print("Best features:", rfecv.support_)  Feature Scaling  X_train  encoder = LabelEncoder()</pre>                                                                                                          |
| ]:<br>]:                   | <pre>ohe = OneHotEncoder()  X_train_scaled = minmax.fit_transform(X_train)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:             | X_test_scaled  X_test_scaled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ]:                         | Model Training Using PyCaret  exp_reg = setup(data = df, target = '', session_id=0, normalize=True)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ]:                         | <pre>compare_models(exclude=['omp','br','ard','par','ransac','tr','huber','kr','svm','knn','dt','rf',</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ]:                         | <pre>print(tuned_model)  plot_model(tuned_model)  plot_model(tuned_model, plot = 'error')</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ]::                        | <pre>interpret_model(tuned_model)  evaluate_model(tuned_model)  predict_model(tuned_model)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ]:                         | <pre>unseen_predictions = predict_model(final_model, data=data_unseen) unseen_predictions.head()  Using Regression or Classification Models  reg_model</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ]:                         | <pre>K-Fold Cross-Validation (Generalization Performance)  lasso = Lasso(random_state=0)  kf = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=0)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ]::<br>]::<br>]::          | <pre>cv=kf, n_jobs=-1,return_train_score=True)  lasso_cv  np.mean(lasso_cv["train_score"]), np.std(lasso_cv["train_score"])  np.mean(lasso_cv["test_score"]), np.std(lasso_cv["test_score"])</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ]:                         | <pre>Using TPOT  # tpot = TPOTClassifier(generations=3,population_size=10,scoring='accuracy', cv=5, verbosity=2, random_s</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ]:                         | # tpot.score(X_test, y_test)  Using XGBoost (Scikit-Learn)  Using RandomSearchCV                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ]:                         | <pre>parameters = {'max_depth': np.arange(3,10,1),</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| ]:                         | randm.best_estimator_  randm.best_score_  randm.best_params_                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ]:                         | <pre>Final Model  xgbmodel = XGBRegressor(random_state=0, n_estimators=100, objective='reg:squarederror')</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:             | <pre>xgbmodel = xgbclassifier(fandom_state=0, m_estimators=100, objective= sortmax.mutt) xgbmodel.fit(X_train_scaled,y_train,eval_set=[(X_test_scaled,y_test)],eval_metric='rmse',early_stopping_ xgbmodel.fit(X_train_scaled,y_train,eval_set=[(X_test_scaled,y_test)],eval_metric='error',early_stopping_</pre>                                                                                 |
| ]:                         | <pre>y_pred = xgbMode1.predict(x_test_scared)  y_pred  Model Evaluation  cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred) cm</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ]:                         | <pre>sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='.4g', linewidths=2, cmap='viridis') plt.ylabel('True label') plt.xlabel('Predicted label') plt.show()  fig , ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,5)) plot_confusion_matrix(xgbmodel, X_test_scaled, y_test, values_format='.4g', ax=ax) plt.show()</pre>                                                                                                          |
| ]::                        | <pre>plot_loc_curve(xgbModel,x_test,y_test) plt.show()  mse = mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred) mse</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ]:                         | <pre>fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,8)) sns.regplot(x=y_test, y=y_pred, ax=ax) plt.title("Plot to compare actual vs predicted", fontsize=20) plt.ylabel("Predicted") plt.xlabel("Actual") plt.show()</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ]:<br>]:                   | <pre>feat_importances = pd.Series(rf.feature_importances_, index=X.columns)  feat_importances</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ]:                         | perm_importance = permutation_importance(if, x_test, y_test, random_state=0, scoring= neg_mean_squared_eff                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ]::                        | <pre>shap_values = explainer.shap_values(X_test)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ]:                         | Available importance_types = ['weight', 'gain', 'cover', 'total_gain', 'total_cover']  X.columns                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ]:                         | <pre>xgb.plot_importance(xgbmodel.get_booster(),ax=ax) plt.show()</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| ]:                         | <pre>plt.figure(figsize=(40,25)) plot_tree(treeclf, feature_names=X.columns,class_names=['0','1'], fontsize=14, filled=True) plt.show()</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ]:                         | <pre>Cross-Validation  cv = cross_val_score(xgbmodel, X, y, cv=5, verbose=1, scoring='')</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ]:                         | <pre>dtrain = xgb.DMatrix(data=X_train,label=y_train) dtest = xgb.DMatrix(data=X_test,label=y_test)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ]:                         | <pre>y_pred = xgbmodel.predict(dtest)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ]:                         | <pre>Cross-Validation (API)  cv = xgb.cv(params=params,</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ]:                         | <pre>fpreproc=None,     as_pandas=True,     verbose_eval=None,     show_stdv=True,     seed=0,     callbacks=None,     shuffle=True,)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ]:                         | cm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ]:                         | <pre>fig , ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,5)) plot_confusion_matrix(xgbmodel, X_test_scaled, y_test, values_format='.4g', ax=ax) plt.show()  print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ]:                         | <pre>rmse = np.sqrt(mse) rmse  r2score = r2_score(y_test,y_pred)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ]:                         | <pre>fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,8)) sns.regplot(x=y_test, y=y_pred, ax=ax) plt.title("Plot to compare actual vs predicted") plt.ylabel("Predicted") plt.xlabel("Actual") plt.show()</pre> Table Formatted View                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ]:<br>]:                   | <pre>table = x_test.copy()  table["True Value"] = y_test.copy()  table["Predicted"] = np.round(lr_pred,2)</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ]:                         | <pre>cv = cross_val_score(xgbmodel, X, y, cv=5, verbose=1, scoring='accuracy')  cv.mean()  Feature Selection  df.columns</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ]:<br>]:                   | df2  X = df2.iloc[:,0:7] y = df2.iloc[:,7]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ]::                        | <pre>x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_spire(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0) xgbmodel2 = XGBClassifier(random_state=0, n_estimators=100, objective='binary:logistic') xgbmodel2 = XGBRegressor(random_state=0, n_estimators=100, objective='reg:squarederror') xgbmodel2.fit(X_train, y_train, eval_set=[(X_test, y_test)], eval_metric='error', early_stopping_rounds=10)</pre> |
| ]:<br>]:                   | <pre>y_pred = xgbmodel2.predict(X_test)</pre> <pre>y_pred</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ]:                         | plot_roc_curve(xgbmodel2, X_test, y_test) plt.show()  Model Prediction                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ]:                         | answer = xgbmodel.predict(testdata)  answer  Model Tuning  Using RandomSearchCV                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ]:                         | <pre>model = XGBClassifier(random_state=0, n_estimators=100, objective='binary:logistic') model = XGBRegressor(random_state=0, n_estimators=100, objective='reg:squarederror')</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ]::                        | <pre>randm = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator=model, param_distributions = parameters, cv = 5, n_iter = 50,</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:             | <pre>randm.best_score_  randm.best_params_  Using GridSearchCV  model = XGBClassifier(random_state=0, n_estimators=100, objective='binary:logistic')  parameters = {'max_depth': np.arange(3,10,1),</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                            | <pre>grids = GridSearchCV(estimator=model,param_grid=parameters,scoring='accuracy',</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ]:                         | <pre>grids.it(X,y)  grids.best_estimator_  Final Model  xgbnew = XGBClassifier(random_state=0, n_estimators=, objective='binary:logistic',max_depth=,</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                            | <pre>y_pred = xgbnew.predict(X_test)  y_pred</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:             | <pre>plot_confusion_matrix(xgbnew, X_test, y_test, values_format='4g', ax=ax) plt.show()  print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:<br>]:       | <pre>plot_confusion_matrix(xgbnew,X_test,y_test,values_format='4g',ax=ax) plt.show()  print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))  plot_roc_curve(xgbnew,X_test,y_test) plt.show()  Save the Model  filename = 'model.sav' dump(xgbnew,open(filename,'wb'))  Load the Model  loaded_model = load(open(filename,'rb'))</pre>                                                                       |
| ]:<br>]:<br>]:<br>]:<br>]: | <pre>plot_confusion_matrix(xgbnew, X_test, y_test, values_format='4g', ax=ax) plt.show()  print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))  plot_roc_curve(xgbnew, X_test, y_test) plt.show()  Save the Model  filename = 'model.sav' dump(xgbnew, open(filename, 'wb'))  Load the Model  loaded_model = load(open(filename, 'rb'))  loaded_model  Python code done by Dennis Lam</pre>               |