

## Installation tutorial

### 1. Installation

The overall process is based on Python3

Highly recommend to use a virtual environment for the study.

### 2. Create the virtual environment

Before create the virth environment, make sure conda is installed.

(1) If not, install miniconda (<https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html>) for conda.

e.g. download Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86\_64.sh, and use the following command to install Miniconda3

```
$ sh Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh -b
```

```
$ ~/miniconda3/bin/conda init
```

(2) A virtual environment can be created and (de)activated as follows using conda

# create the virth environment prot\_study

```
$ conda create -n prot_study python==3.8 (>=3.6 should work)
```

# activate the virth environment prot\_study

```
$ conda activate prot_study
```

```
    # Install data analysis package
```

```
    $ conda install numpy pandas
```

### 3. Install bioinformatics tools

#### (1) Create a folder

```
$ mkdir protein_analysis
```

#### (2) Install ASAquick for solvent accessibility study. Please refer

<http://mamiris.com/software.html>

# Download and upload to server

```
$ ssh GENN+ASAquick2.tgz bullrocky@sc.rc.usf.edu:/home/b/bullrocky/protein_analysis
```

# Install ASAquick in SC

```
$ tar xvfz GENN+ASAquick2.tgz
```

```
$ cd GENN+ASAquick2
```

```
$ ./install
```

```
$ export PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin
```

#### (3) Install mmseqs2 for searching and clustering the protein or nucleotide sequence sets for sequence conservation

# install via conda

```
conda install -c conda-forge -c bioconda mmseqs2
```

or

# static build with AVX2

```
$ wget https://mmseqs.com/latest/mmseqs-linux-avx2.tar.gz
```

```
$ tar xvfz mmseqs-linux-avx2.tar.gz
```

```
$ export PATH=$(pwd)/mmseqs/bin/:$PATH
```