

# COVER PAGE

## CS323 Programming Assignments

1. Your Name: Dennis Wu

2. Assignment Number: 3

3. Due Date: May 11, 2016

4. Turn-In Date: May 11, 2016

5. Executable File Name: Project1.exe

6. Lab Room: CS-408

7. OS: Windows 10 64-bit

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GRADE:

COMMENTS:

## 2. Problem Statement

The third assignment uses code from both assignment 1: Lexer and assignment 2: Syntax to generate a symbol table and assembly code for the Rat16S. The program reads the Rat16S source code, calls the lexer function to create the tokens/lexeme, and then goes through the grammar rules using the syntax function. If the code contains no grammar error(s), the program then creates a text file containing a symbol table and assembly code.

## 3. How to use your program

Put the executable file (**Project1.exe**) and your Rat16S code (**code.txt**) into the same folder location. Double-click the exe file and the program will generate two files (**tokens.txt** and **assembly.txt**). If the Rat16S code contains any errors, the program will abort and the error message will be displayed inside the assembly.txt file. If there are no errors, the assembly.txt file will contain both the assembly code and the symbol table.

To run another test case, remove the current test case (**code.txt**) file and insert the next test case. Make sure to **rename** the new test case file to: **code.txt**. Running the program will override the existing output file.

Note: Please make sure that the end of the source code contains an additional <enter>, if not, tokens may be repeated.

## 4. Design of your program

```
// assignment 1: lexer function to generate token/lexeme
// assignment 2: syntax production rules
```

```
// assignment 3:
```

Function: Check Bool Math

Input: <nothing>

Output: <nothing>

This function is called whenever there is a math operation. The function checks the identifier's type (saved as 'x' and 'y') to see if either are type boolean. If so, an error is thrown and the parsing stops.

Pseudo:

Check for PushM

- save instruction table item into temp

- loop thru the entire symbol table

- if the matching item type is Boolean, return false

Function: Symbol Entry

Input: string lexeme, string token

Output: <nothing>

This function first calls check\_symbol\_table to see if the identifier name already exists or not. If the identifier is new, the function will store the identifier name, memory location, and type into the symbol table. If the item is already in the symbol table, an error will be thrown.

Pseudo:

Check if lexeme is already in the symbol table

    if not in table, then

        store lexeme, memory address, and type

        increment memory address

        increment symbol item count

If it is already in the symbol table

    output error

Function: Check Symbol Table

Input: string lexeme

Output: Boolean results

This function checks to see if the current identifier is already in the table.

Pseudo:

If symbol items > 0

    loop through entire symbol items table

        if input string matches a symbol table item

            return false.

Function: Print Tables

Input: <nothing>

Output: <nothing>

This function prints the assembly code and symbol table into the text file: assembly.txt.

Pseudo:

loop through instruction items

    output the instruction number, instruction

    check for 999999 inside table

if so, display blank  
if not, display integer

loop through symbol items  
output symbol identifier, memory location and type

## 5. Any Limitation

None

## 6. Any shortcomings

- Back\_patch function only stores one value and displays -999 for others
- an integer value could be assigned into a boolean variable
- parsing logic may not be 100% from 2<sup>nd</sup> assignment

## Test Case 1:

```
assembly.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

Assembly Code Listing

1      PUSHM      5001
2      PUSHM      5002
3      PUSHM      5003
4      MUL
5      ADD
6      POPM      5000

Symbol Table

Identifier      Memory Location      Type
x                5000                integer
a                5001                integer
b                5002                integer
c                5003                integer

"Error with parsing, see output file." << endl;
```

```
le << "Error with the syntax, " << errorMsg << endl << "Now quitting...\n";
'pause');
;
```

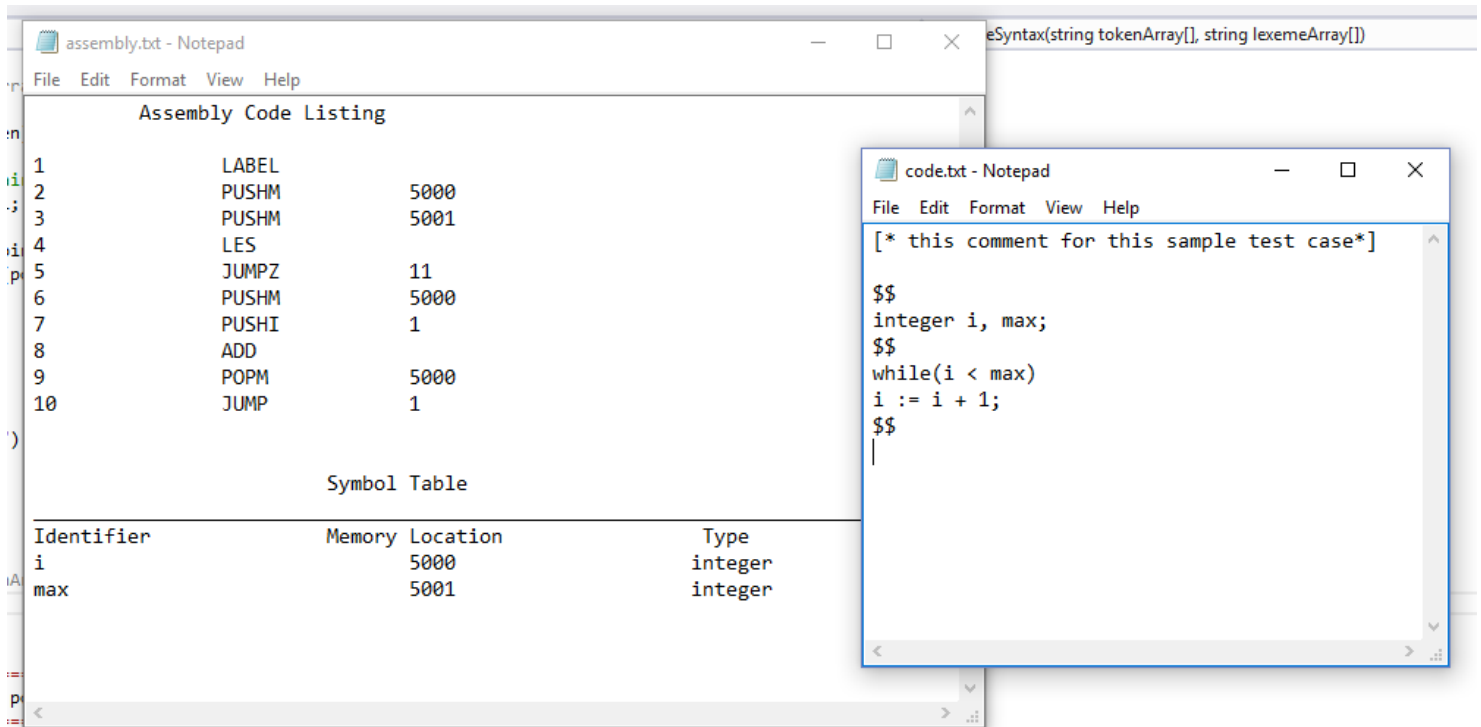
```
code.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

[* this comment for this sample test case*]

$$
integer x, a, b, c;
$$

x:= a + b * c;
$$
```

## Test Case 2:



The image shows two overlapping Notepad windows. The background window, titled 'assembly.txt - Notepad', displays an assembly code listing and a symbol table. The foreground window, titled 'code.txt - Notepad', contains a C-like code snippet with comments and control structures.

**assembly.txt - Notepad**

File Edit Format View Help

Assembly Code Listing

```
1 LABEL
2 PUSHM 5000
3 PUSHM 5001
4 LES
5 JUMPZ 11
6 PUSHM 5000
7 PUSHI 1
8 ADD
9 POPM 5000
10 JUMP 1
```

Symbol Table

| Identifier | Memory Location | Type    |
|------------|-----------------|---------|
| i          | 5000            | integer |
| max        | 5001            | integer |

**code.txt - Notepad**

File Edit Format View Help

```
/* this comment for this sample test case*]  
  
$$  
integer i, max;  
$$  
while(i < max)  
i := i + 1;  
$$  
|
```

### Test Case 3:

The image shows a Notepad window titled 'assembly.txt - Notepad' displaying assembly code. The code is listed line by line, with line numbers 1 through 24. The instructions are PUSHI, POPM, STDIN, PUSHM, LABEL, JUMPZ, LES, and STDOUT. Memory locations 0, 5000, 5001, and 5002 are associated with the instructions. A second Notepad window titled 'code.txt - Notepad' is overlaid on the first, showing C code. The C code includes a comment, variable declarations for i, max, and sum, and a while loop that increments i and adds it to sum until i reaches max. The main function calls scanf and printf. A Symbol Table is located at the bottom of the assembly.txt window, listing the identifiers i, max, and sum, their memory locations (5000, 5001, 5002), and their types (integer).

assembly.txt - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

Assembly Code Listing

```
1      PUSHI      0
2      POPM       5002
3      PUSHI      1
4      POPM       5000
5      STDIN
6      POPM       5001
7      LABEL
8      PUSHM      5000
9      PUSHM      5001
10     LES
11     JUMPZ      21
12     PUSHM      5002
13     PUSHM      5000
14     ADD
15     POPM       5002
16     PUSHM      5000
17     PUSHI      1
18     ADD
19     POPM       5000
20     JUMP       7
21     PUSHM      5002
22     PUSHM      5001
23     ADD
24     STDOUT
```

code.txt - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

```
/* this comment for this sample test case*  
  
$$  
integer i, max, sum;  
$$  
sum := 0;  
i := 1;  
  
scanf(max);  
  
while (i < max)  
{ sum := sum + i;  
  i := i + 1;  
}  
printf (sum+max);  
  
$$
```

Symbol Table

| Identifier | Memory | Location | Type    |
|------------|--------|----------|---------|
| i          |        | 5000     | integer |
| max        |        | 5001     | integer |
| sum        |        | 5002     | integer |