Equilibrium



Summary of material in FIRST YEAR lectures (skeleton notes)



You must put 'flesh' on these 'bare bones' (...not everything is covered)

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equilibrium

For reactions:

aA + bB ← xX + yY

Reaction quotients:

 $Q = [X]^{x}[Y]^{y}/[A]^{a}[B]^{b}$

(pure liquids/solids do not affect

an equilibrium and are omitted)

Q = K system is at equilibrium (K is the equilibrium constant)

Q < K reaction to produce more products

Q > K reaction to produce more reactants

Equilibrium constants (K):

Reverse a reaction: new K' = 1/KMultiply a reaction by "n": new $K'' = K^n$

Relationship between K_c and K_p :

 $K_p = K_c (RT/p^{\circ})^{\Delta n^{gas}}$

If there is no temperature change, then \underline{K} is CONSTANT.

equilibrium problems

General method for solving equilibrium problems...

- 1. balance the reaction equation
- 2. concentration table
 - write initial concentrations (or partial pressures)
 - write changes required to reach equilibrium concentrations
 (if unknown, choose one change as x; express others in terms of x; increases in concentration are positive, decreases are negative)
 - write equilibrium concentrations(= initial concentrations + changes)
- 3. substitute equilibrium concentrations into the equilibrium constant expression
- 4. solve unknown quantity
- 5. answer the question !!

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How should I study for this topic?



Ask yourself: Do I understand everything presented? Can I do all the problems... from lectures, worksheets & tutes?

Try to <u>understand</u> the material... (use the syllabus & lectures as a guide)

Attend lectures, do worksheets...

Not available for this course

" repeat till you <u>understand</u> it all!!

Read lecture notes & textbook ...

Do some more problems ... (from tutorials, textbook & sample exams)

Do some more problems ...

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