COMP1531

7.2 Property-based testing

Testing: what's the problem?

- Good testing gives us strong guarantees about our software, but...
 - Tests take a lot of time to write
 - It's easy to miss edge cases (even with coverage checking)
 - These problems only get worse with larger and more complicated systems

Can the machines do it for us?

- To write a program that generates tests for us requires:
 - A means of generating test data
 - Knowing what behaviour is correct?
 - Some way for the computer to report test failures to us in an understandable way

Example: Bubblesort

Property-based testing

- A method of testing where tests are defined as general properties (i.e. parameterised predicates)
- Test input is generated automatically by supplying a strategy for generating that input
- The testing framework runs the test many times to ensure the properties are true for each input
- In the event of a test failure, the framework will shrink the generated input to find the smallest value that still fails the test

Hypothesis

- Hypothesis is the name of property-based testing framework for python
- Can be installed via: pip3 hypothesis
- Parameterised tests are decorated with @given to supply strategies for generating test input
- See bubblesort.py

What properties to test?

- It's not always easy to find testable properties
- Can you think of one for the Zune bug example?
- Software designs with testable properties tend to be good designs...