

TRIAL HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION 200

MATHEMATICS EXTENSION 1

YEAR 12

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

(Plus 5 minutes reading time)

DIRECTIONS

- Attempt ALL questions.
- Show all working clearly and neatly.
- Marks will be deducted for untidy and careless work.
- > Board approved calculator may be used for this exam.
- > All questions are of equal value.
- > A table of integrals is provided.

MARKS

QUESTION 1

Evaluate lim sin 3x

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MARKS

The polynomial $P(x) = px^{-1} + 5x^{2} - 3p$ has a factor (x - 2). Find the value of p.

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Differentiate x tan -1 x

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Find the size of the acute angle between the tangents of $y = \ln(2x + 1)$ at the point where x = 0 and $x = \frac{1}{2}$ ÷

Evaluate ÷

Solve the inequation $\frac{1}{x} > \frac{1}{x+2}$ **=**

OUESTION 2

Solve the inequality $\frac{2x-3}{1} > 1$

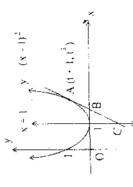
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Solve the equation $\sin 2\theta = 2\cos^2\theta \ \text{ for } 0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$. â

Use the substitution u + 3sin x to evaluate 0

cos x 1 /1 + 3 sin x

parabola $y=(x+1)^2$. The tangent at A muets the x axis The point $A(t+1,t^{\frac{1}{2}}),\,t_{\frac{1}{2}},0,$ is a variable point on the at B and the line x 1 at C. (p



i) Find the equation of the langent at A.

(i) Show that B is the undpoint of AC.

QUESTION 3

Consider the function $y = 2\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{3}$ æ

i) State its domain.

ii) Sketch the graph of the function.

iii) Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve at the point where it crosses the y axis.

The velocity of a particle moving along the $V^2 = ...7 + 8x - x^2$ x axis is given by â

i) Find the acceleration of the particle.

ii) Explain why the motion of the particle is simple harmonic and find its amplitude.

iii) Find the maximum speed.

Find the coefficient of x 2 in the expansion of G

MARKS

OUESTION 4

MARKS

NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral with AD parallel to BC. The tangent at A meet CB produced at $\mathbb R$.

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i) Show that AABE is similar to AADC.

ii) Hence, show that $AE \times DC = AC \times BE$.

The polynomial $P(x) = A x^3 + B x^2 + 2 A x + C$ has real roots ã

i) Explain why $\alpha = -$

ii) Show that $A^2 + C^2 = BC$

Let f(x) re and g(x) logex 5 i) Draw the graphs of f(x) and g(x) on the same set of axes for $x \geq 0$

ii) Use your graph to show that the equation $e^{-N} = \log \sqrt{s} \times \pm 0$ has only one root near x = 1.4

approximation of the root of the equation $|e|^{-N} - \log_{|e|} x = 0$ iii) Use one application of Newton's method to find a better

QUESTION 5

a) Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{e^x - 1}$

ii) Show that
$$f'(x) \le 0$$
 for all x in the domain.

iv) Sketch the graph of
$$y = f(x)$$
.

$$v$$
) Explain why $f(x)$ has an inverse function.

vi) Find the inverse function
$$y = f^{-1}(x)$$
.

(b) Newton's law of cooling states that the rate of change of the temperature T of a body at any time t is proportional to the difference in the temperature of the body and the temperature D of the surrounding medium.

i.e.
$$\frac{df}{dt} = k(T - M)$$
, where k is a constant

- (i) Show that $T = M + Ae^{xx}$, where A is a constant, satisfies this equation.
- (11) A freezer is maintained at a constant temperature of "-8" C. When water at 25 C is placed in the freezer, the temperature of the water falls to 15 C in 10 minutes. Find the temperature of the water after 10 more minutes, correct to the nearest degree.

QUESTION 6

MARKS

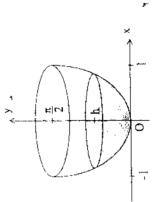
Use mathematical induction to prove that, for all integers n with $n \ge 1$

$$3.21 + 7.31 + 13.4! + ... + (n^2 + n + 1)(n + 1)! = n (n + 2)!$$

b) The acceleration a of particle P moving along the x axis is given by
a = -e^{-x}(1+e^{-x}) where x is the displacement of the particle from the origin in metres.

Initially, the particle is at the origin and its velocity is 2m/s.

- i) Show that the velocity V m/s of the particle can be expressed by V = 1 + e $^{\circ x}$
- ii) Find the time taken by the particle to reach a velocity of $1\frac{1}{2}m/s$.
- c) A vessel is formed by rotating a part of the curve $y = \sin^{-1}x$, $0 \le x \le 1$ about the y axis. The vessel is being filled with water at constant rate of $2 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}$



i) Show that the volume of the water in cubic centimeters when the depth is hion can be expressed by

$$V = \frac{\pi}{4} (2h - \sin 2h)$$

ii) Calculate the rate at which the water is rising when the depth is $\frac{\pi}{4} \, \mathrm{cm}.$

An enemy fighter plane is flying horizontally at height h metres with a speed U ms $^{-1}\,$

When it is at point P a ground rocket is fired towards it from the origin O with speed V ms $^{-1}$ and angle of elevation $\alpha_{\rm c}$

The rocket misses the plane, passing too late through point P. However, it goes on to reach a maximum height of 3h metres and then on its descent strikes the plane at Q. With the axes shown in the diagram above, you may assume that the position of the rocket is given by

 $x + V t \cos \alpha$ and $\|y\|_{L^{\infty}} + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 + V t \sin \alpha$ where t is the time in seconds after firing and g is the acceleration due to gravity.

i) Show that initially the vertical component of the rocket's speed is ii) If the rocket had not struck the fighter plane at Q, it would have returned to the x axis at a distance d from O. Show that the horizontal component of the speed of the rocket is $V\sin\alpha=\sqrt{6g\,h}$

iii) Show that the equation of the path of the rocket is

$$y + \frac{12hx}{d} \left(1 - \frac{x}{d}\right)$$

OUESTION 7 (continued)

MARKS

 $100(3+\sqrt{6})m/s$, find the time taken by the projectile iv) If the horizontal component of the rocket's speed is to strike the plane at Q in terms of d.

v) Find U ms 1, the speed of the fighter plane.

i) Simplify

$$(n-2)t^{-2n+1}C_1^- + (n-2)t^{-2n+1}C_2^- + \ldots + (n-2)t^{-2n+1}C_n^-$$

ii) Find the smallest positive integer n such that :

$$(n-2)(^{-2n+1}C_1+(n-2)(^{-2n+1}C_2+...+(n-2))(^{-2n+1}C_1>1600|000|$$

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A particle mayes with simple hamisonic motion and has a speed of 5 contractes perveced. when passing through the centre O of its path. The period is π seconds, foulthe spect of the particle when it is 1.5 continuetres from O.