

CATHOLIC SECONDARY SCHOOLS ASSOCIATION OF NEW SOUTH WALES

2002

TRIAL HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

Mathematics

Morning Session Monday 12 August 2002

General Instructions

- Reading time 5 minutes
- Working time 3 hours
- Write using blue or black pen
- Board-approved calculators may be used
- A table of standard integrals is provided on page 15
- All necessary working should be shown in every question

Total marks - 120

- Attempt Questions 1–10
- All questions are of equal value

Disclaimer

Every effort has been made to prepare these 'Trial' Higher School Certificate Examinations in accordance with the Board of Studies document Principles for Setting HSC Examinations in a Standards-Referenced Framework (BOS Bulletin, Vol 8, No 9, Nov/Dec 1999), and Principles for Developing Marking Guidelines Examinations in a Standards Referenced Framework (BOS Bulletin, Vol 9, No 3, May 2000). No guarantee warranty is made or implied that the 'Trial' Examination papers mirror in every respect the actual HSC Examination question paper in any or a courses to be examined. These papers do not constitute 'advice' nor can they be construed as authoritative interpretations of Board of Studie intentions. The CSSA accepts no liability for any reliance use or purpose related to these 'Trial' question papers. Advice on HSC examination issues only to be obtained from the NSW Board of Studies.

Total marks (120) Attempt Questions 1 – 10 All questions are of equal value

Answer each question in a SEPARATE writing booklet.

Question 1 (12 marks) Use a SEPARATE writing booklet.

Marks

(a) Evaluate
$$\frac{x^3 + y^4}{y^2}$$
 if $x = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ and $y = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

2

Give your answer in fractional form.

(b) Express 0.23 as a fraction in simplest form.

2

(c) Factorise $40 - 5y^3$

2

(d) Solve $x^2 + 4x - 1 = 0$ leaving your answer in simplest surd form.

3

(e) (i) Solve $4^x = 32$.

2

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, write down the value of log 432.

1

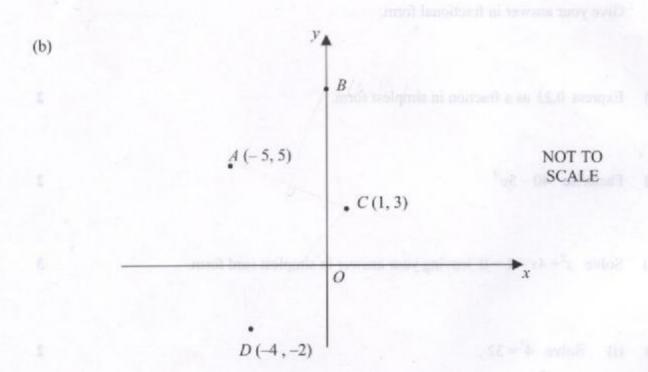
34. To released urland

Show that the equation

Show that #BCD is a shambon

1

- (a) Differentiate with respect to x:
 - (i) $5x + \frac{3}{x^2}$
 - (ii) e^{2x²+3} Daldood gniinw HTANAHH e sell (asham 51) 1 nottesu 1
 - (iii) $\frac{3x}{\sin x}$ 2



The diagram shows the points A (-5, 5) and C (1, 3) and D (-4, -2). B is a point on the y axis.

- (i) Find the gradient of AC.
- (ii) Find the midpoint of AC.
- (iii) Show that the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AC is 3x y + 10 = 0.
- (iv) Find the coordinates of B given that B lies on 3x y + 10 = 0.
- (v) Show that the point D(-4, -2) lies on 3x y + 10 = 0.
- (vi) Show that ABCD is a rhombus. 2

Question 3 (12 marks) Use a SEPARATE writing booklet. Marks

 $\int \frac{x_{11}}{x^2+5} dx$ must differ the fifth term of a geometric series in 120 and the fifth term of a Find (a)

Evaluate $\int \sec^2 2x \, dx$ is the last of reward and gaining arms the soft of to 2 (b)

Find the limiting sum of the series

Find the equation of the normal to the curve $y = x \log_e x$ at the point (e, e).

32 cm 30° B NOT TO 42 SCALE 38 cm D 26 cm

In the diagram AB is 32 cm, AD is 38 cm and CD is 26 cm. $\angle BAD$ is 30° and $\angle CBD$ is 42°

- 2 (i) Use the cosine rule to find the length of BD.
- Hence, find the size of ∠BCD to the nearest degree. 2 (ii)

Question 4 (12 marks) Use a SEPARATE writing booklet. Marks

The second term of a geometric series is 120 and the fifth term is 50.625. (a)

> (i) Find the common ratio and the first term of the series.

2

(ii) Find the limiting sum of the series.

- 1
- (iii) Hence, find the difference between the limiting sum and the sum of the first 40 terms giving your answer in scientific notation correct to 2 significant figures.

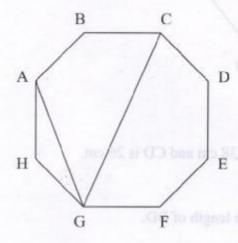
2

For the quadratic equation $x^2 + kx - 3x + 2 - k = 0$,

(i) find the value of the discriminant in terms of k,

(ii) explain why the roots of this quadratic equation are real for all values of k. 2

(c)



NOT TO SCALE

ABCDEFGH is a regular octagon.

Explain clearly why ∠ABC is 135°. (i)

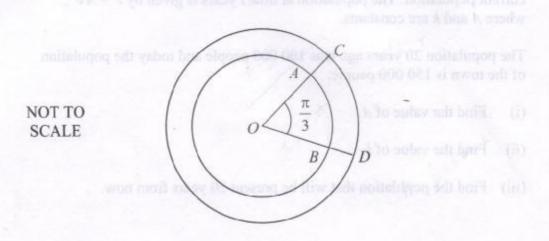
1

Calculate the size of ∠GAH. (ii)

(iii) Using (i), or otherwise, calculate the size of ∠CGF.

(iv) Hence, calculate the size of ∠AGC.

(a)



The diagram shows two concentric circles with centre O. The radius of the larger circle is 8.2 cm.

(i) Calculate the area of sector COD.

- 1
- (ii) The area of the sector AOB is 18.4 cm². Calculate the radius of this sector AOB.

2

(iii) Calculate the area of triangle COB.

2

(b) Let
$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 1$$
.

(i) Copy the following table and supply the missing values.

1

x	0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1
f(x)	1					4

 (ii) Use these six values of the function and the trapezoidal rule to find the approximate value of

2

$$\int_0^1 (3x^2+1) dx$$
.

Question 5 continues on page 8

Ouestion 5 (continued)

salded pains TANATE and I know [1] - Marks

(c) The population P of a town is growing at a rate proportional to the town's current population. The population at time t years is given by $P - A e^{kt}$, where A and k are constants.

The population 20 years ago was 100 000 people and today the population of the town is 150 000 people.

(i) Find the value of A.

1

(ii) Find the value of k.

1

(iii) Find the population that will be present 20 years from now.

2

End of Question 5

no disagram shows two concentric circles with centre (

CIVI annua to some advantation of

the area of the sector 408 is 18.4 cm2. Culculate the

Calculate the sizes of transele COR.

ay the following table and supply the missing values

0.0 0.4 0.8 0.8

Use these six values of the function and the improvidul rule to find the

Question 6 (12 marks) Use a SEPARATE writing booklet. Marks

- Consider the curve given by $y = x^3 + 3x^2 9x 5$. (a)
 - Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. (i)

1

Find the coordinates of the two stationary points. (ii)

2

Determine the nature of the stationary points. (iii)

2

Sketch the curve for the domain $-5 \le x \le 3$. (iv)

2

By drawing an appropriate line on your graph, or otherwise, solve (v)

2

$$x^3 + 3x^2 - 9x + 5 = 0 .$$

Calculate the exact volume generated when the region enclosed by the curve (b)

3

$$y = 1 + 2e^{-x}$$
 for $0 \le x \le 1$,

is rotated about the x axis.

Question 7 (12 marks) Use a SEPARATE writing booklet. Marks

1

- A bag contains 5 blue balls, 4 red balls, 2 yellow balls and 1 green ball. (a) Three balls are selected at random without replacement from the bag. Calculate the probability that
 - (i) the three balls drawn are blue,
 - (ii) the three balls drawn are of the same colour. 2
 - (iii) exactly two of the balls drawn are blue. 2
- A particle is projected vertically upwards from a point 2 metres above (b) horizontal ground. The displacement at time t seconds is given by

$$x = 24.5t - 4.9t^2$$
, $t \ge 0$.

- Find an expression for the velocity of the particle. (i)
- Find when the particle comes to rest. (ii)
- (iii) Hence, find the greatest height of the particle above the ground. 2
- (iv) Find the length of time for which the particle is at least 21.6 metres 2 above the ground.

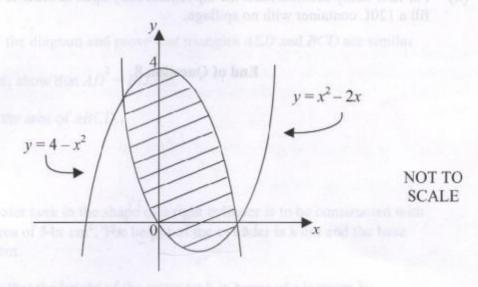
(a) A function y = f(x) is continuous for all values. After finding the first and second derivatives a student discovers the following, for all values of x.

2

When	x < 2,	f'(x) < 0	and	f''(x) > 0
When	x=2,	f'(x) = 0	and	f''(x) = 0
When	x > 2	f'(x) < 0	and	f''(x) < 0.

Draw a neat sketch of y = f(x), showing all the important characteristics of the function given that f(2) = 0.

(b) The graphs of the functions $y = 4 - x^2$ and $y = x^2 - 2x$.



(i) Describe, using inequalities, the shaded region.

1

(ii) By solving simultaneously, show that the points of intersection are at x = -1 and x = 2.

2

(iii) Calculate the area of the shaded region.

2

Question 8 continues on page 12

3

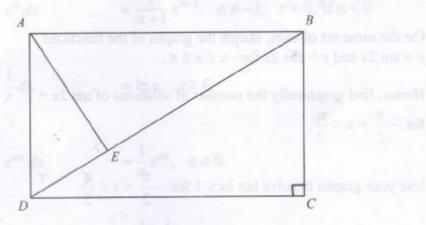
- On a factory production line a tap opens and closes to fill containers with liquid. (c) As the tap opens, the rate of flow increases for the first 10 seconds according to the relation $R = \frac{6t}{50}$, where R is measured in L/sec. The rate of flow then remains constant until the tap begins to close. As the tap closes, the rate of flow decreases at a constant rate for 10 seconds, after which time the tap is fully closed.
 - Show that, while the tap is fully open, the volume in the container at any time is given by

$$V = \frac{6}{5}(t-5).$$

For how many seconds must the tap remain fully open in order to exactly fill a 120L container with no spillage.

End of Question 8

ABCD is a rectangle and $AE \perp BD$. AE = 5 cm and DE = 2 cm. (a)



- Copy the diagram and prove that triangles AED and BCD are similar. (i)
- Hence, show that $AD^2 = BD DE$. 1 (ii)
- 3 (iii) Find the area of ABCD.
- A closed water tank in the shape of a right cylinder is to be constructed with (b) a surface area of 54π cm². The height of the cylinder is h cm and the base radius is r cm.
 - Show that the height of the water tank in terms of r is given by 2 (i)
 - Show that the volume V that can be contained in the tank is given by 1 (ii) $V = 27\pi r - \pi r^3$
 - (iii) Find the radius r cm which will give the cylinder its greatest possible 3 volume. Justify your answer.

Ouestion 10 (12 marks) Use a SEPARATE writing booklet. Marks

- Show that $x = \frac{\pi}{8}$ is a solution of $\sin 2x = \cos 2x$.
 - 2 On the same set of axes, sketch the graphs of the functions $y = \sin 2x$ and $y = \cos 2x$ for $-\pi \le x \le \pi$.
 - 1 (iii) Hence, find graphically the number of solutions of $\tan 2x = 1$ for $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.
 - (iv) Use your graphs to solve $\tan 2x \le 1$ for $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.
- Mr and Mrs Matthews decide to borrow \$250 000 to buy a house. Interest is (b) calculated monthly on the balance still owing, at a rate of 6.06% per annum. The loan is to be repaid at the end of 15 years with equal monthly repayments of \$M.

Let $\$A_n$ be the amount owing after the *n*th repayment.

- 1 Derive an expression for A_{60} . (i)
- Find the value of M. (ii)
- (iii) Hence, calculate the amount still owing after 5 years of payment at this 2 rate.
- (iv) At the end of five years, the interest rate is increased to 7.2% per annum and Mr and Mrs Matthews change their payments to \$1800 per month. How many more months are needed to pay off the remainder of the loan? 2

End of paper