17

QUESTION 27 (Continued)

Discuss, using relevant chemical equations, the effect of chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's) on ozone levels in the upper atmosphere. છ

END OF PART B

STUDENT NUMBER:

QUESTION 20 (Continued)

Define the term "buffer" in relation to acid-base systems and describe ONE example of buffer action in a natural system. Include equations. **e**

Marks

Analyse the graph above and describe the changes observed.

e

Marks

Question 25 (6 marks)

As the demand for drinking water increases, it has become necessary to monitor levels of contaminants and to develop new technologies for treating impure water sources.

- To measure the concentration of chloride ions in a sample of water, $20.0~\mathrm{mL}$ of this water was titrated with $0.0050~\mathrm{mol}~\mathrm{L}^{-1}$ silver nitrate using a suitable indicator such as potassium chromate. The volume of the titre was $8.0~\mathrm{mL}$. (a)
- Write an ionic equation for the precipitation reaction. Ξ
- Calculate the concentration of the chloride ions in ppm (mg L⁻¹). Ξ
- **@**

Describe the design and composition of microscopic membrane filters and explain how they purify contaminated water.

Question 26 (5 marks)

| 1,1-dichloro-1,1-difluoro methane | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Describe, using equations, how the compound 1 | contributes to ozone denletion |
| (a) | |

During your study of ozone depletion you gathered secondary information to evaluate the Describe how you processed and analysed the gathered information. State how you assessed the reliability of the data obtained. effectiveness of alternative chemicals to replace CFC's. **@**

7

| ② | Propanoic acid is monoprotic. Determine the concentration of the acid from the titration 2 results | Question 23 (5 marks) | |
|----------|--|--|---------------------------------|
| | | Explain why monitoring of the reaction vessel used in the Haber process is crucial, and describe the monitoring required. | al, and describe |
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| (q | Is propanoic acid a strong or weak acid? Justify your response using two different pieces 2 of evidence from the data and responses above. | | |
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| One | Question 22 (5 marks) | | |
| (a) | Write an equation for the esterification reaction used to prepare propyl butanoate. | | |
| | | Question 24 (4 marks) | |
| 9 | 2 Describe the effect of using concentrated sulfuric acid on the yield and rate in this process. | Some students measured the sulfate content of lawn fertiliser. The value they obtained was 68.4 % and the value quoted on the packet was 72.7 %. Explain the chemistry involved in this analysis and one possible cause for the inaccurate result. | stained was accurate result. |
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| 3 | Identify one use of esters in processed food. | | |
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Question 20 (7 marks)

An environmental officer measured the pH of a lake near a zinc mine and smelter. The zinc sulfide mined was roasted in air to produce crude zinc. The pH of the lake was 5.5.

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| What volume of gas (at SLC) would be released per tonne (1000kg) of zinc sulfide refined? | |
| (e) | |

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| aluate reasons for concern about the release of this gas into the environment. | | |
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Question 21 (8 marks)

A data logger with a pH probe attached was used in the titration of 30mL of dilute propanoic acid with 0.010 mol L^{-1} sodium hydroxide to determine its concentration. The following results were obtained.

| Volume of NaOH | Hd | Volume of NaOH | Hd |
|----------------|-----|----------------|------|
| added (mL) | | added (mL) | |
| | 5.0 | 14 | 7.7 |
| | 5.5 | 15 | 0.6 |
| | 5.9 | 16 | 10.3 |
| | 6.1 | 18 | 10.6 |
| | 6.3 | 20 | 10.9 |
| | 6.4 | 22 | 11.0 |
| | 6.7 | 24 | 11.1 |
| | 7.0 | 26 | 11.2 |

Draw a graph of pH versus volume of NaOH added on the grid supplied. (a)

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Use the graph to determine the volume of NaOH used to reach the equivalence point **(P**)

12

| Question 17 (3 marks) | Question 19 (8 marks) |
|--|---|
| Using specific examples, compare addition and condensation polymerisation reactions. | A gaivant ceil operating under standard conditions and using nickel as the camode, produced an emf of 1.44 volts. |
| | (a) Identify the element reacting as the anode and justify your choice. |
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| | (b) Draw a labelled diagram of this galvanic cell. |
| Question 18 (5 marks) | |
| Discuss one recent development in polymer science that alleviates the uncertainty about future sources of raw materials for current polymers. Refer to one specific polymer and include details of how it can be made. | |
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| | (c) Explain what is meant by standard conditions. |
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| | (d) Identify the oxidising agent in this cell. |
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| Φ. | 10 |

7

Which of the following procedures would be most useful to identify some unknown anions in a sample of water?

14

- Flame tests AAS <u>4</u>900
- IR spectroscopy Precipitation reactions

A simple way of detecting ozone in polluted air is to bubble the air through potassium iodide solution. 15

 $O_3(g) + 2H^+(aq) + 2\Gamma(aq) \rightarrow I_2(aq) + H_2O(1) + O_2(g)$

What mass of iodine (in g) would be produced from 0.02g of ozone?

- 0.79 1.06 1.59 3.17

| 2006 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE TRIAL EXAMINATION | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|-----|------|-----|-----|
| Chemistry | | | | | | |
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Section I (continued)

Part B – 60 marks Attempt Questions 16 – 26 Allow about 1 hour and 45 minutes for this part.

Answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Show all relevant working in questions involving calculations.

Marks

Question 16 (4 marks)

Explain why the chemical properties of alkanes and alkenes are very different. Outline an experiment you performed to demonstrate this difference.

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A student tested household cleaning substances with litmus and recorded the following results:

| Red litmus | red | plue | red |
|-------------------|------|------|-----|
| Blue litmus | blue | plue | red |
| Cleaning solution | × | Y | Z |

Which of the solutions is most likely to contain ammonia?

- X and Y X and Z
- Y only <u>(a)</u>
 - Z only
- Which of the following equations shows water behaving as an amphiprotic species? ∞
- $H_3O^+(aq)$ $H_3O^+(aq) + O^2(aq)$ $H_2O(1) + H^{\dagger}(aq) \square H_3O^{\dagger}(aq) + H_2O(1) + OH'(aq) \square H_3O^{\dagger}(aq) + 2H_2O(1) \square 2H^{\dagger}(aq) + 2OH'(aq) + 2H_2O(1) \square H_3O^{\dagger}(aq) + OH'(aq)$
- **(4)** (1) (2) (2) (3)
- Select the most accurate value for the pH of a 0.04 M solution of H₂SO₄. 6
- €£0£
- 1.1 1.4 2.5 3.2
- Polluting nitrogen oxides are produced by petrol fuelled cars in the endothermic reaction 10

$$N_2(g) + O_2(g)$$
 \square 2NO(g)

Select, from the alternatives provided, the most effective method to minimise this pollution.

- Increase the pressure of the system. <u>3</u>900
- Decrease the pressure of the system. Increase the amount of available oxygen. Decrease the temperature of the system.

- In a particular titration, acid is measured by the pipette and alkali by the burette. Which of the following should be used to rinse the conical flask used in this titration? Ξ
- The acid solution €@0@
- The alkali solution
- The standard solution
 - Distilled water
- Select the substance which contains a coordinate covalent bond. 12
- 0::0: $\overline{\mathsf{A}}$
- Z <u>@</u>
- 0::0

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- H:C::N: 9
- The following measurements have been made at different stages in a river as it flows from the mountains, through farms, cleared land and a city, and then to the ocean. 13

| Sample | Γ | Σ | z | 0 |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| pH | 6.5 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 7.6 |
| DO (ppm) | 5.7 | 8.7 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| TDS (ppm) | 400 | 50 | 200 | 250 |
| Turbidity (NTU) | 90 | 4 | 30 | 65 |

Which of the measurements is most likely to be the clean mountain stream?

- JZZO

Which of the following substances can be cracked as the industrial source of ethylene?

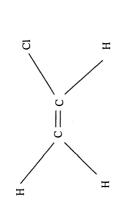
- **3000**
- Cellulose Alkanols
- Carbohydrates
 - Alkanes

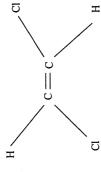
Select the correct structure of the monomer used to prepare poly(vinyl chloride).

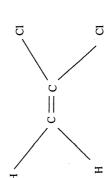
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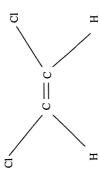
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(B)









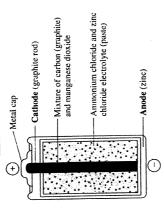
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<u>O</u>

- Select the correct value for the oxidation number of sulfur in $\mathrm{S}_2\mathrm{O}_3^{2}$ m
- **4000**
- 4444

- Which of the following would be the most appropriate risk management strategy for the testing of bond saturation in hydrocarbons.
- Ensure you do not touch the equipment in the experiment. Pour wastes carefully down the sink so that they do not splash.
- €£0£
 - Use chemicals in a fume cupboard if practicable.
- Heat all substances on an electric stove and not with a naked flame.
- Select the correct alternative statement about the dry cell battery shown below.

S



- Oxidation of Mn⁴⁺ occurs on the surface of the graphite rod. Graphite acts as a catalyst for the oxidation of the Mn⁴⁺.
- Oxidation of the zinc chloride occurs on the surface of the zinc anode. Oxidation of the zinc casing occurs at the anode.
- Which of the following statements about the aqueous solutions of the oxides of Group 1 elements is valid? 9
- They are acidic. <u>3</u>909
 - They are basic.
- Their pH is less than 7. Their pH is equal to 7.



Sydney Girls High School

2006

HSC TRIAL EXAMINATION

Chemistry

General Instructions

- Reading time 5 minutes
- Working time 3 hours
- Write using blue or black pen
- Board-approved calculators may be used
- A data sheet and Periodic Table are provided at the back of this
- Draw diagrams using pencil

Total marks - 100

Pages 3-16 Section I

75 marks

This section has two parts, Part A and Part B

Part A - 15 marks

- Attempt questions 1–15
 Allow about 30 minutes for this part

Part B - 60 marks

- Attempt questions 16–26
- Allow about 1 hour and 45 minutes for this part

| Page |
|------------|
| Section II |

25 marks

- Attempt question 27
 Allow about 45 minutes for this section

Section I 75 marks

Allow about 30 minutes for this part Attempt questions 1-15 Part A - 15 marks

Use the multiple-choice answer sheet

Select the alternative A, B, C or D that best answers the question. Fill in the response oval completely.

(B) 6 **A Sample** 2 + 4 = (A) 2

ОО

6 (Q)

(C) **8**

If you think you have made a mistake, put a cross through the incorrect answer and fill in the new

If you change your mind and have crossed out what you consider to be the correct answer, then indicate this by writing the word *correct* and drawing an arrow as follows:

0

X