



SCEGGS Darlinghurst

Trial Higher School Certificate Examination, 1997

Mathematics

3 Unit

TIME ALLOWED: TWO HOURS

(An additional five minutes reading time is allowed)
No writing or marking of paper is permitted during this time.

This is a TRIAL PAPER only and does not necessarily reflect the content or format of the Higher School Certificate Examination for this subject.

DIRECTION TO STUDENTS:

- Start each question on a new page.
- All questions may be attempted.
- All questions are of equal value.
- All necessary working should be shown in every question. Marks may not be awarded for careless or badly arranged work.
- A sheet of standard integrals is provided.

Question 1

€ The point P(10, -5) divides the interval joining A(6, 1) and B(12, -8) in the ratio m: n. Find values for m and n.

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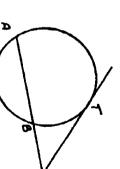
3 $P\left(z\right)$ is a monic cubic polynomial with zeroes 1, $1+\sqrt{2}$ and $1-\sqrt{2}$. Find P(z) in the form:

$$ax^3 + bx^3 + cx + d$$

(c) Find
$$\int_{1+x^2}^{2x} dx$$
. You may use the substitution $u = x^2$, if you wish.

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PT is a tangent to the circle at the point of contact T.

$$PT = 4\sqrt{3}$$
 units
 $PB = x$ units

$$AB = 8$$
 units

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 units

Find the value of x.

Example (c) with
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{2} V^2 \right)$$

Ξ The velocity of a particle is given by V=2-x, where x is the displacement. Find the acceleration of the particle in terms of x.

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Question 2

(a) Sketch the function
$$y = \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{2}$$
, showing its domain and range.

(b) Prove that
$$24^{\circ} + 6^{\circ} = 2^{\circ}3^{\circ}(4^{\circ} + 1)$$

$$P(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 4$$

(i) Show that it has a zero between
$$x = 3$$
 and $x = 4$.

(d) Evaluate exactly:
$$2\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - 3\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{3}\right)$$

(i) On the same diagram, sketch graphs of
$$y = x$$
 and $y = |x + 1|$.

$$mx = |x + 1|$$
 has two distinct solutions

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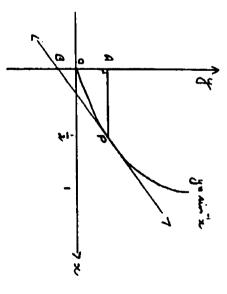
Question 3

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- (a) A class consists of 12 boys and 8 girls. A committee of 5 is chosen from the class. Find the probability that it contains at least 4 girls.
 (Provided working is clear it is not necessary to calculate the answer).
- (b) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{x(1+\log_{\theta}x)^2}$ using the substitution $u = \log_{\theta}x$

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The curve shown is $y = \sin^{-1} x$ for the domain $0 \le x \le 1$. The straight line is the tangent to the curve at the point P where $x = \frac{1}{2}$. A and B are points on the y axis as shown.

- (i) Find the equation of the tangent at P.
- (ii) Find the coordinates of A and B.
- (iii) Prove that the area of the triangle APB (which is right angled at A) is:

- Ē Given $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 1}{x^3}$
- $\mathbf{\Xi}$ Find L such that

$$L = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^{3} + 1}{x^{3}}$$

- Ξ Find values of x such that f(x) = L < 0.001
- 3 Prove that

$$\tan 2A \cot A - 1 = \sec 2A$$

A particle moves in a straight line such that its displacement x centimetres at any time t seconds is given by

<u>c</u>

 $x = 2\sin\left(2t - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

Prove that the motion is Simple Harmonic.

Ξ Find the initial position of the particle. 9

E Find the velocity of the particle when it passes through the centre of motion for the first time.

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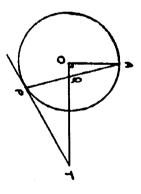
Question 5

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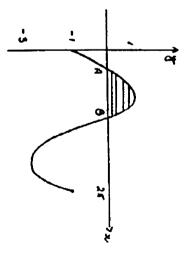
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- Ξ Find the greatest term in the expansion of $(1 + 4x)^2$ when x has the value of $\frac{1}{3}$
- 3 In the figure below, O is the centre of the circle, $<\!AOT$ is a right angle and TP is a tangent at the point P. AP meets OT at Q.

Prove that TP = TQ.



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The sketch above is of the curve

$$y = 2\sin x - 1$$
 for $0 \le x \le 2\pi$

- Ξ Find the coordinates of A and B on the x axis.
- Ξ Find the volume formed when the shaded area is rotated about the x axis.

Question 6

ê At any time, t, the rate of cooling of the temperature T of a body, when the surrounding air temperature is P, is given by:

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -k(T - P) \text{ for some constant } k.$$

- Ξ Show that $T = P + Ae^{-tt}$, for some constant A, satisfies this equation.
- Ξ A metal ingot has a temperature of 750°C and cools to 500°C in how much longer it will take to cool to 250°C. (Answer to the nearest second). 10 minutes when placed in an air temperature of 21°C. Find
- 9 The parametric equations of a curve are:

$$x = 2 + 3\cos\theta$$
$$y = -3 + 3\sin\theta$$

- Ξ Eliminate θ in order to find the Cartesian equation of the curve.
- Ξ Describe the nature of the curve.
- 8 m/s position H m above ground level. The acceleration due to gravity is A projectile is fired horizontally with an initial velocity of V m/s from a
- Ξ Find the equations of motion for this projectile.
- $\widehat{\Xi}$ Find the time taken to reach the ground
- Ξ Show that the horizontal range is $V\sqrt{\frac{2H}{g}}$

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Question 7

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A container is in the shape of a vertical cone whose height is double the radius,



Show that the volume of the cone is given by $V = \frac{\pi H^3}{12}$.

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 Ξ cone is 50mm. the depth, Hmm, is increasing when the depth of water in the Water is poured in at a rate of 10mm 1/s. Find the rate at which

The cone is filled to a depth of 100mm and pouring then stops. A hole is then opened at the vertex of the cone and water flows out at a rate of πH²mm³/s.

(iii) Show that
$$\frac{dH}{dt} = -4$$
.

- 3 Hence show that it take 25 seconds to empty the cone.
- 3 Ξ Sketch the curve $y = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$, finding any asymptotes and stationary points.

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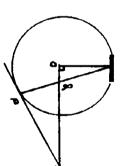
- Ξ x = -1 and x = 1. Find the area bounded by this curve, the x axis and the values
- $\widehat{\Xi}$ Prove that the area between this curve and the x axis is always less than a units'

END OF PAPER

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Ler COAP : COPA : x". 409T = 90° (sadino para . 15

In a Aod, < 40A.go" (dara) .. <Ado= 160-40-1

· AABO= CPAT (vert. opp.)

: TB = TP(opp. squal angles
in A TBP)

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c)(1) if dains-1:0

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= T (St wain x - uninx ... ad

Proof: 04-08 (soulis) Construction: goin OP : LOAP & LOPA (opp. squal

: <8PT = 90°-x".

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