

School of Mechanical and Manufacturing Engineering

MMAN1300 - ENGINEERING MECHANICS 1

2017 S2 Block Test 2

Instructions:

- Time allowed: 45 minutes
- Total number of questions: 3
- Answer all the questions in the test
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided
- The 6 marks allocations shown are worth 6% of the course overall
- Candidates may bring drawing instruments, rulers and UNSW approved calculators to the test
- Print your name, student ID and all other requested details above
- Record your answers (with appropriate units) in the ANSWER BOXES provided

Notes:

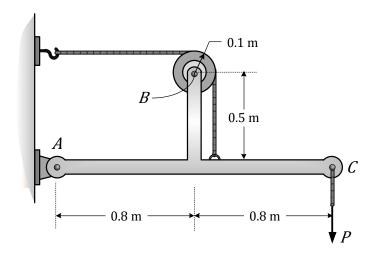
Your work must be complete, clear and logical

Do not skip steps, sign conventions, units and relevant diagrams and clearly state the final answers

No part of this paper is to be retained by candidates until handed back after marking

Question 1: (2 Marks)

Determine the greatest force P that can be applied to the frame if the largest force resultant acting at A can have a magnitude of 5 kN. Also find the tension (T) in the cable passing over the pulley.



Solution:

(a) Draw the free body diagram of your chosen system	

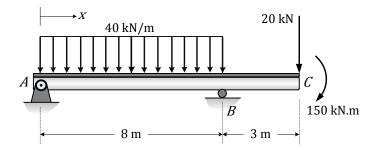
(b) Calculate T in terms of P

(c) Calculate the values of P and T	

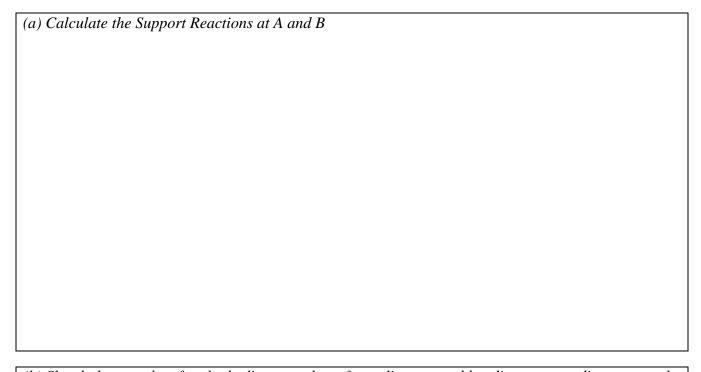
Answers to (c):

Question 2: (2 Marks)

Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams for the loaded beam shown below. Determine the location $(X_{M_{max}})$ and value of the maximum bending moment (M_{max}) .

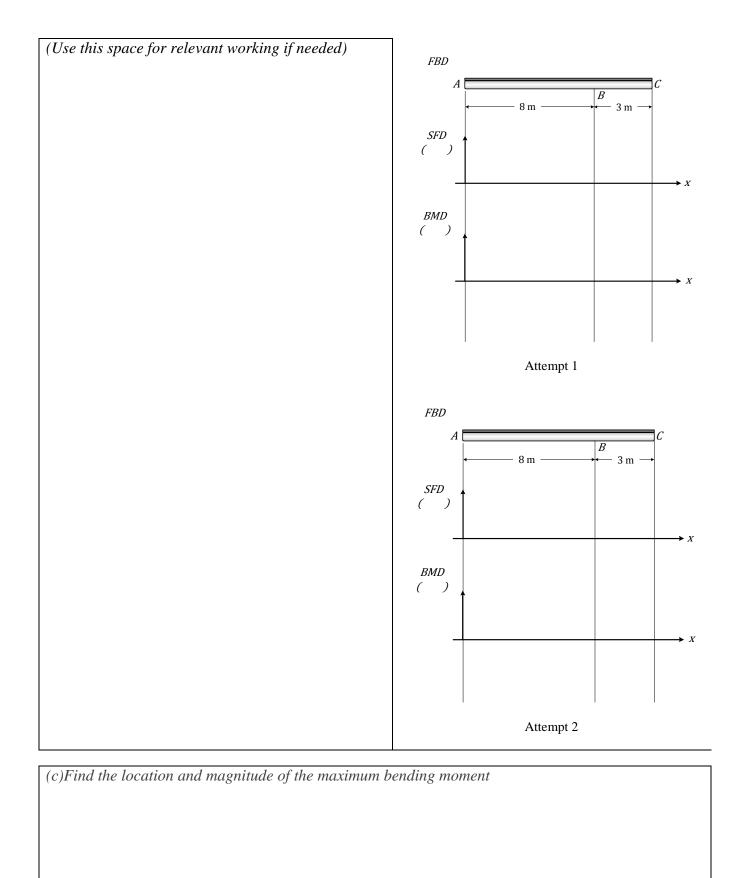


Solution:



(b) Sketch the complete free body diagram, shear force diagram and bending moment diagram, on the axes provided on the next page (cross the attempt you do not want to be marked):

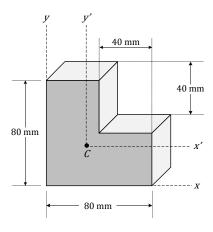
(Use this space for relevant working if needed)



Answers:	$x_{M_{max}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$M_{max} = $
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Question 3: (2 Marks)

For the cross-section shown, determine the following: (Proceed according to the steps in solution boxes).



Solution:

(a) Determine the coordinates \bar{x} and \bar{y} to the centroid C

(b) Calculate the moment of inertia $(I_{x'x'})$ and $(I_{y'y'})$ about the neutral axis:

Continue your	r working for part (b)	here:				
(c) Calculate	the product of inertia	(I _{rivi}) about C				
(e) concensive the presence of the that (-x/y/) decime						
(d) Draw the	Mohr's circle and det	ermine the maximum ;	principle moment of ine	rtia I11 and I22		
(-)						
	$\bar{x} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	$\bar{y} = $	$I_{x'x'} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	<i>I_{y'y'}</i> =		
Answers:	$\bar{x} = \underline{\qquad}$ $I_{xy} = \underline{\qquad}$	$\bar{y} = $	$I_{x'x'} = \phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	$I_{y'y'} = $		

Useful Formulas

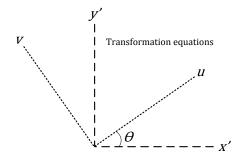
Transformation Equations

$$I_{uu} = \frac{I_{x\prime x\prime} + I_{y\prime y\prime}}{2} + \frac{I_{x\prime x\prime} - I_{y\prime y\prime}}{2} \cos 2\theta - I_{x\prime y\prime} \sin 2\theta$$

$$I_{vv} = \frac{I_{x'x'} + I_{y'y'}}{2} - \frac{I_{x'x'} - I_{y'y'}}{2} \cos 2\theta + I_{x'y'} \sin 2\theta$$

$$I_{uv} = \frac{I_{x'x'} - I_{y'y'}}{2} \sin 2\theta + I_{x'y'} \cos 2\theta$$

$$I_{11,22} = \frac{I_{x'x'} + I_{y'y'}}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{x'x'} - I_{y'y'}}{2}\right)^2 + {I_{x'y'}}^2}$$



Parallel Axis Theorem

$$I_{xx} = I_{x'x'} + Ad_{y}^{2}$$

$$I_{yy} = I_{y'y'} + Ad_x^2$$

$$I_{xy} = I_{xy} + Ad_x d_y$$

Rough work (Note: No working on this section will be marked)