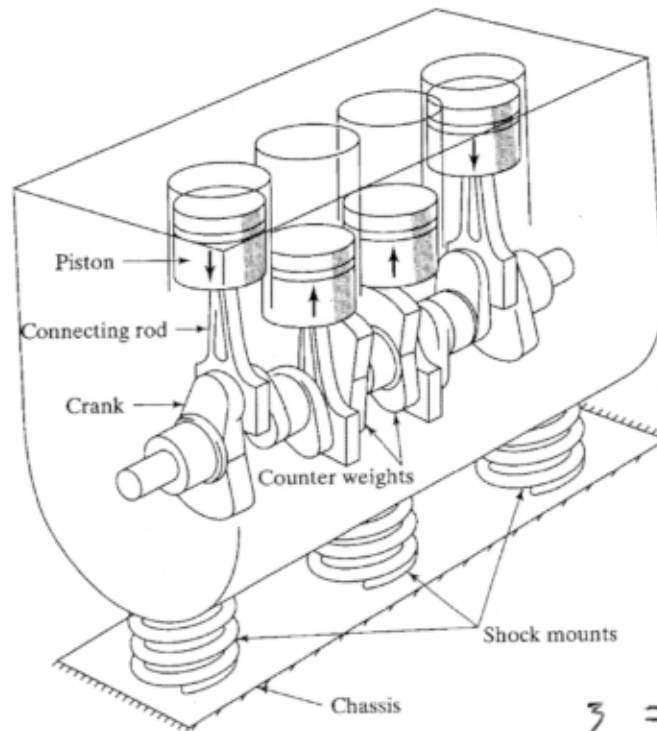


## Question 2 [10 marks]

A four cylinder automobile engine is to be supported on three shock mounts as shown in the figure below. The engine block assembly has a mass of 225 kg. If the unbalanced force generated by the engine is given by  $900\sin 100\pi t$  N, design the three shock mounts (each of stiffness  $k$  and viscous damping constant  $c$ ) such that the amplitude of vibration is less than 2.5 mm. Assume a damping ratio of 0.01.

3 springs



$$M = 225 \text{ kg}$$

$$F_0 = 900 \sin 100\pi t \text{ N}$$

$$\omega = 100\pi \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

$$L = ?$$

$$c = ?$$

Engine block

$$X < 2.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\zeta = 0.01$$

$$\zeta = \frac{c}{2\sqrt{km}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$r = \frac{\omega}{\omega_n}$$

$$F_0 = m e \omega^2 = 900$$

$$225 e \times (100\pi)^2 = 900$$

$$e = \frac{1}{2500\pi^2} \text{ m}$$

$$m e = \frac{F_0}{\omega^2} = \frac{900}{(100\pi)^2} = \frac{9}{100\pi^2}$$

$$\frac{M}{m e} = \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{(1-r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}}$$

$$\frac{225 \times}{\frac{9}{100\pi^2}} = \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{(1-r^2)^2 + (2 \times 0.01 r)^2}}$$



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$$\frac{r^2}{\sqrt{1-2r^2+r^4+0.0004r^2}} < \frac{225 \times 2.5 \times 10^{-3}}{\left(\frac{9}{100\pi^2}\right)}$$

$$\frac{r^4}{r^4 + 1.9996r^2 + 1} < \cancel{\frac{6.25^2 r^4}{16}} 6.25^2 r^4$$

$$\cancel{\frac{6.25^2 r^4}{16} (r^4 - 1.9996r^2 + 1)}$$

$$\text{let } r^2 = s: s^2 < \frac{6.25^2}{16} (s^2 - 1.9996s + 1)$$

$$\left(\frac{6.25^2}{16} - 1\right)s^2 - 1.9996s + A > 0$$

$$s = \frac{1.9996A \pm \sqrt{1.9996^2 - 4'A'A}}{2'A'}$$



$$\text{let } r^2 = s: s^2 < \frac{6.25^2}{16} (s^2 - 1.9996s + 1)$$

$$s^2 < 6.25^2 r^4 s^2 - 1.9996 \times 6.25^2 r^4 + 6.25^2 r^4$$

$$0 < (6.25^2 r^4 - 1)s^2 - \dots$$

let coefficients be 'A', 'B', 'C'

$$s = \frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - 4AC}}{2A}$$

=



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Given system is under forced response  
with  $F_0 = 900 \sin(100\pi t)$  N

Assume ~~the system is~~,  $\omega = \omega_d$

i.e. ~~the system is~~  $r = \frac{\omega_d}{\omega_n}$ ,  $\frac{\omega_d}{\omega_n} = \sqrt{1-\zeta^2}$

$$\therefore r = \sqrt{1-\zeta^2}$$

$$\frac{MX}{m} = \frac{1-\zeta^2}{r^4}$$

$$r^4$$

$$< (6.25\pi^2)^2$$

$$r^4 - 1.9996r^2 + 1$$

$$((6.25\pi^2)^2 - 1)r^4 - (6.25\pi^2)^2 1.9996r^2 + (6.25\pi^2)^2 = 0$$

