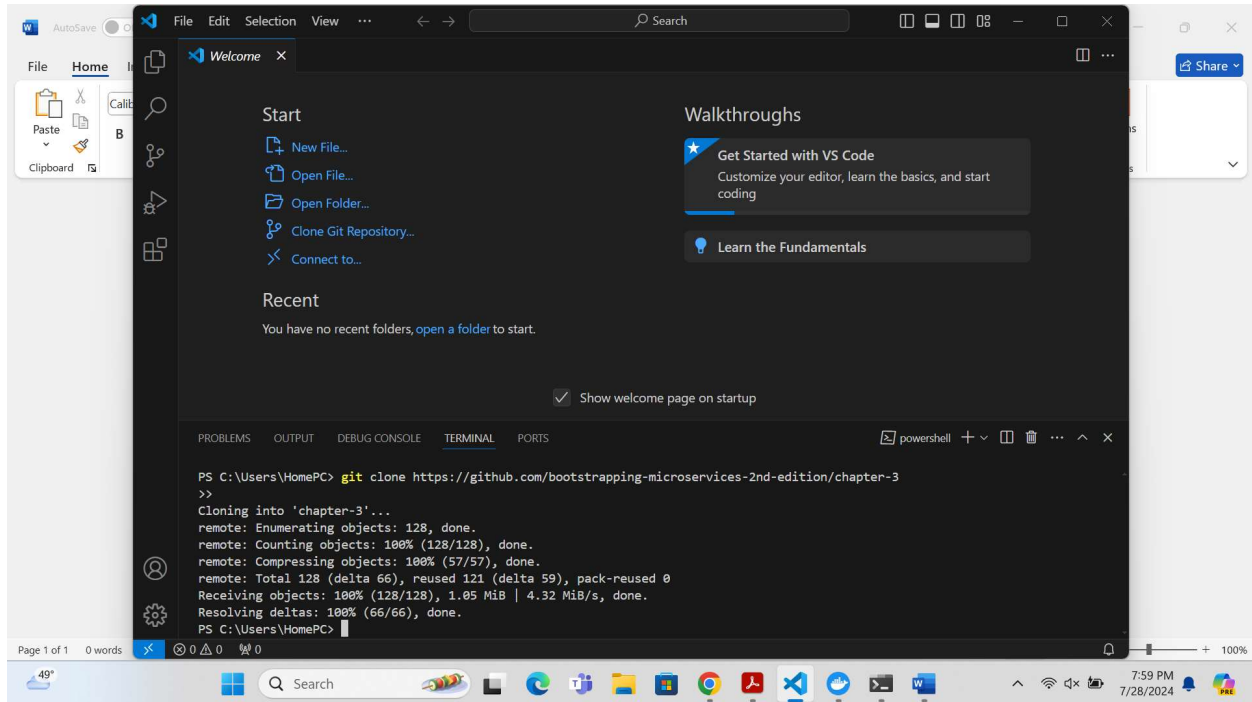
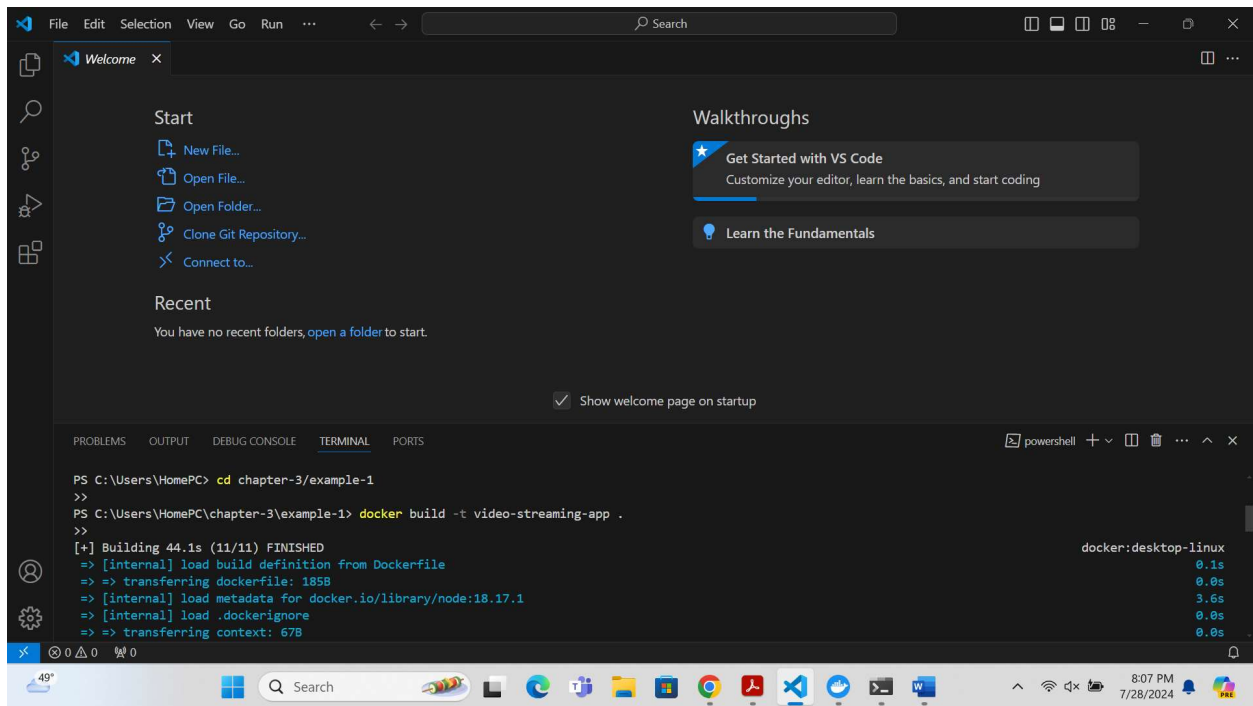
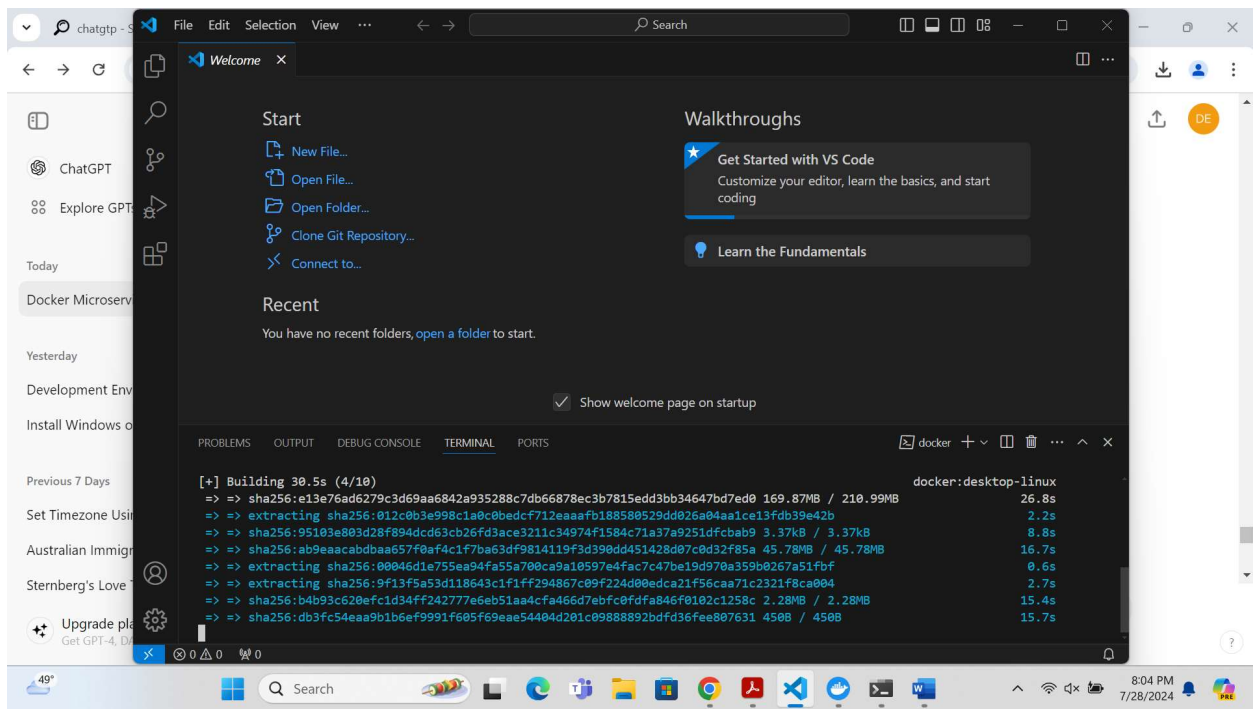


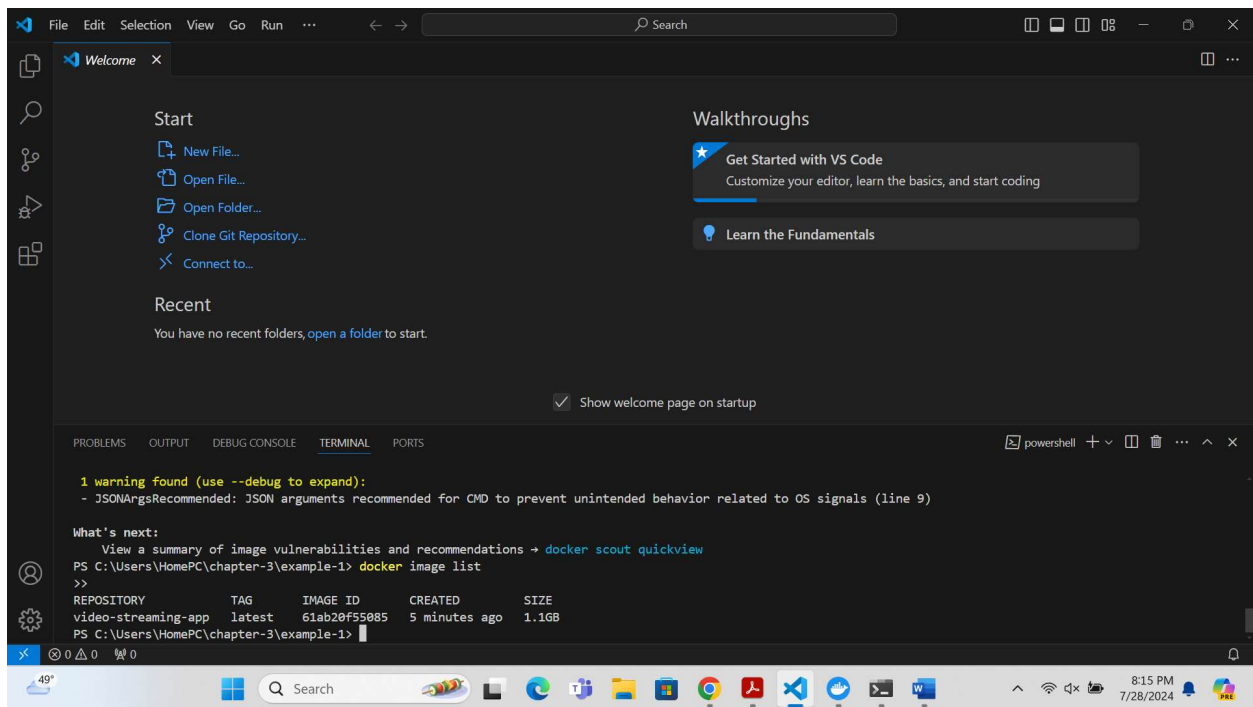
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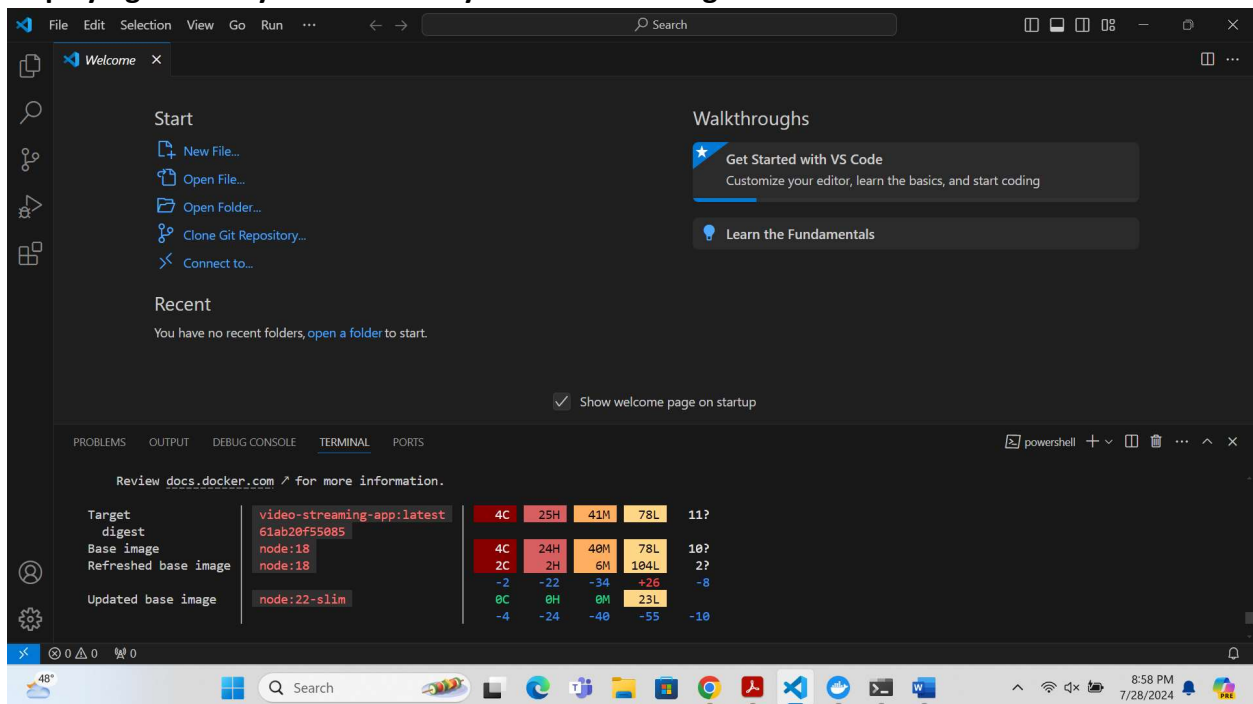
A screenshot of your VS Code console executing the appropriate git clone <https://github.com/bootstrapping-microservices-2nd-edition/chapter-3> command to obtain a copy of the source code folder.

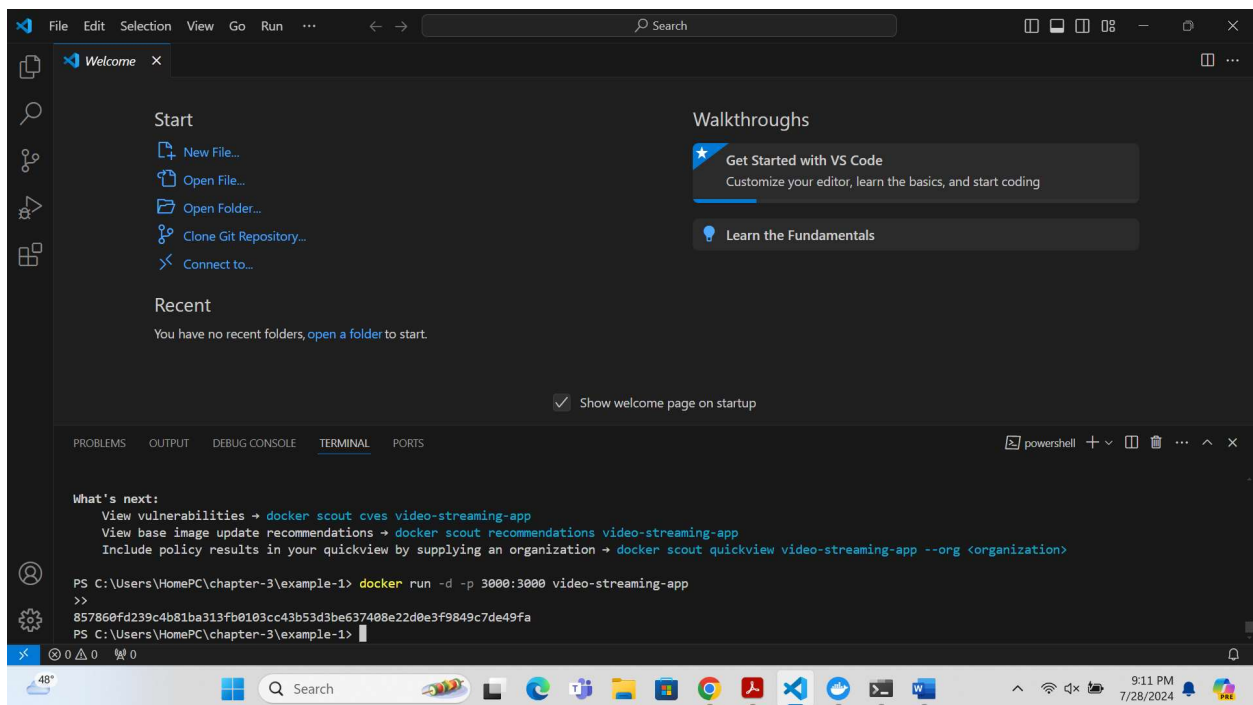
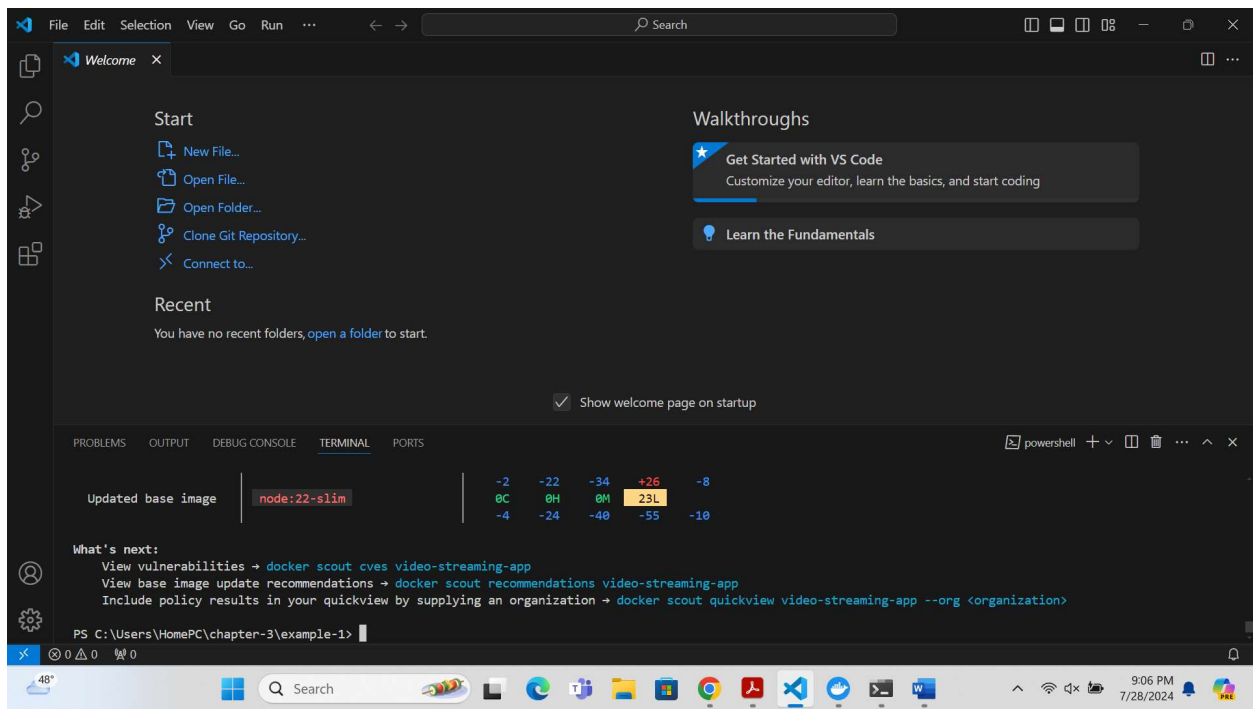




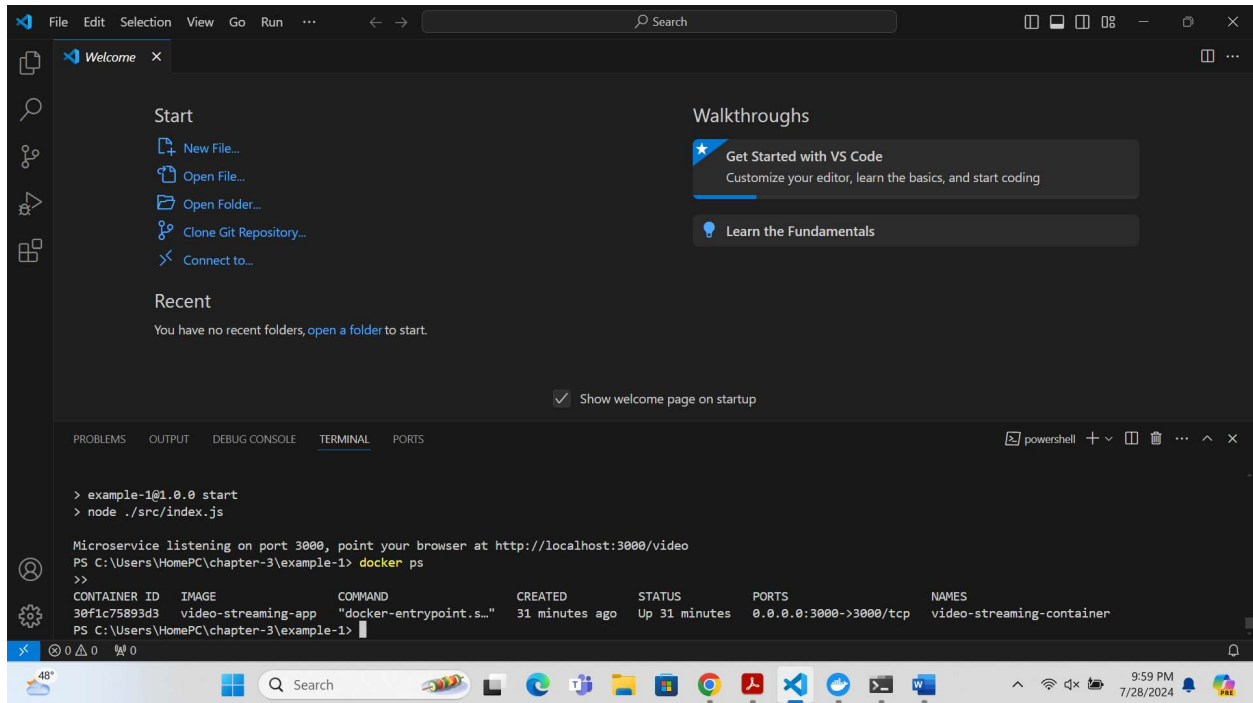


A screenshot showing the console with the output of `docker scout quickview` command displaying the analysis of the newly built Docker Image.

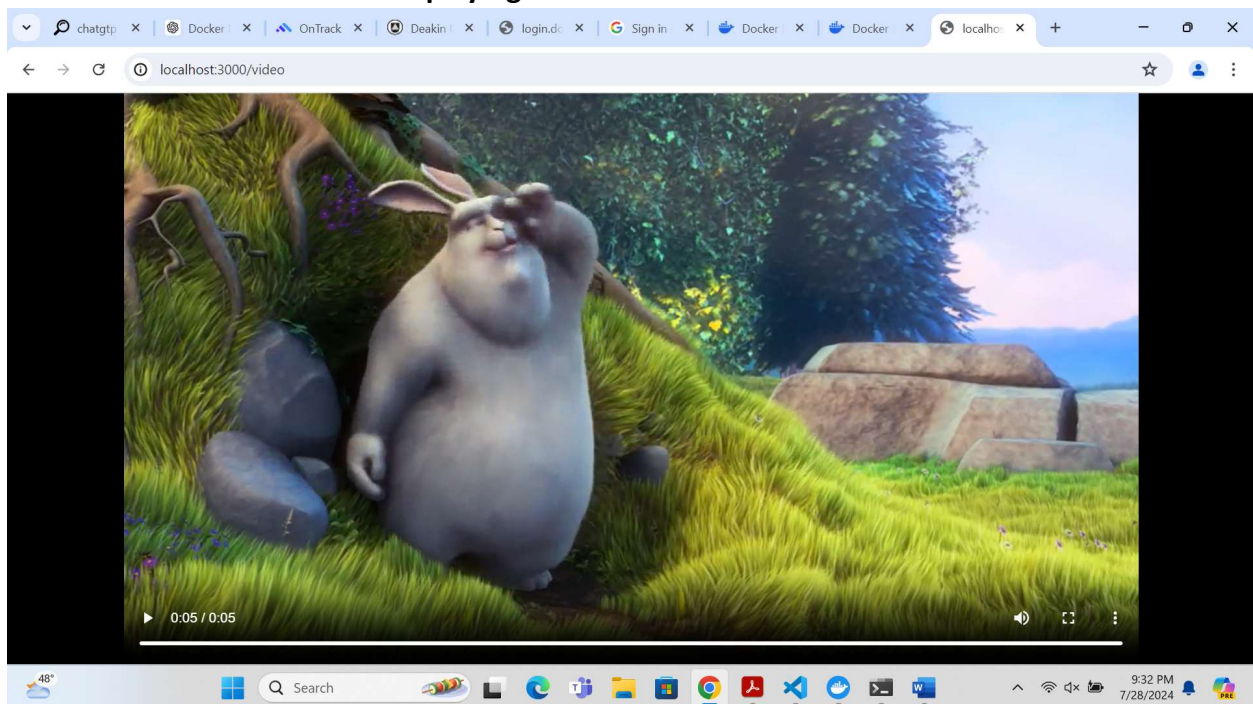




A screenshot showing the console with the output of docker container list command displaying the running Docker Container



A screenshot of the browser displaying the streamed video.



1. Describe in your own words what each of the lines in the Dockerfile do.

FROM node:16

This line sets the base image for our Docker image, which is the official Node.js image version 16. This base image includes Node.js and npm, which are necessary to run our application.

WORKDIR /usr/src/app

This line specifies the working directory inside the container. All subsequent commands will be run from this directory, /usr/src/app.

COPY package*.json ./

This line copies the package.json and package-lock.json files from the host system to the working directory in the container. These files list the project's dependencies.

RUN npm install

This line runs npm install inside the container to install the dependencies defined in the package.json file.

COPY . .

This line copies all the files from the current directory on the host machine to the working directory in the container, including the application code.

EXPOSE 3000

This line tells Docker that the container will use port 3000. This does not publish the port but provides a hint for users running the container.

CMD ["node", "src/index.js"]

This line specifies the command to run when the container starts. It runs the Node.js application located at src/index.js.

2. What does the -p argument in the docker run command do? What would happen if you changed this to -p 3001:3000?

The `-p` argument in the `docker run` command maps a port on the host machine to a port inside the container. For example, `-p 3000:3000` means that port 3000 on the host is forwarded to port 3000 in the container. This allows us to access the application running in the container via `http://localhost:3000`. If you change the argument to `-p 3001:3000`, the host's port 3001 will be mapped to the container's port 3000. Thus, to access the application, you would need to go to `http://localhost:3001` instead of `http://localhost:3000`.

3. Explain what the output from the `docker scout quickview` command is suggesting you should do and why.

The `docker scout quickview` command analyzes the Docker image for vulnerabilities and gives suggestions for improvements. The output typically includes:

Vulnerability Summary: Lists of detected vulnerabilities in the image, categorized by severity (e.g., critical, high, medium, low).

Base Image Update Recommendations: Advises updating the base image to a more secure version if available. This can reduce the number of vulnerabilities.

Policy Results: Checks against predefined security policies and indicates any violations.

Importance of These Suggestions:

- *Security:* Addressing vulnerabilities is crucial to prevent potential attacks that could exploit weaknesses in the application or container.
- *Performance and Stability:* Using an updated base image can provide performance improvements and bug fixes, leading to a more stable and efficient application.
- *Compliance:* Adhering to security policies helps in maintaining a secure environment, which is often a requirement in regulated industries.