

Modular abstract syntax trees (MAST): substitution tensors with second-class sorts

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Call-by-Value λ -calculus

$A, B, C ::=$	type	$V, W ::=$	value
β	base	x	variable
$ A \rightarrow B$	function	$ \lambda x : A. M$	function abst.
$ \langle C_i : A_i \mid i \in I \rangle$	record (I finite)	$ \langle C_i : V_i \mid i \in I \rangle$	record c'tor
$ \{ C_i : A_i \mid i \in I \}$	variant (I finite)	$ A. C_i V$	variant c'tor
\vdots		\vdots	

$M, N, K, L ::=$	term
$\text{val } V$	value
$ \text{let } x_1 = M_1; \dots; x_n = M_n \text{ in } N$	sequencing
$ M @ N$	function application
$ (C_1 : M_1, \dots, C_n : M_n)$	record constructor
$ \text{case } M \text{ of } (C_1 x_1, \dots, C_n x_n) \Rightarrow N$	record pattern match
$ A. C_i M$	variant constructor
$ \text{case } M \text{ of } \{ C_i x_i \Rightarrow M_i \mid i \in I \} N$	variant pattern match
\vdots	

Semantic perspective

Initial Algebra Semantics Programme

[Goguen and Thatcher'74]

Denotational semantics á la carte

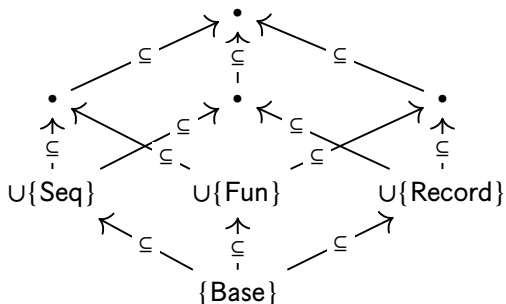
homage to [Swierstra'08, Forster and Stark'20]

CBV customisation menu

fragment	syntactic constructs	types	semantics
base	returning a value: val		strong monad over a Cartesian category
sequential	sequencing: let		
functions	abst., app. $(\lambda x. : A), (@)$	function (\rightarrow)	Kleisli exponentials
variants	c'tors, pattern match $A.C_i -, \text{ case - of }$ $\{ C_i x_i \Rightarrow - \mid i \in I \}$	variant $\{ C_i : - \mid i \in I \}$	distributive category
:			

Iterative semantic development

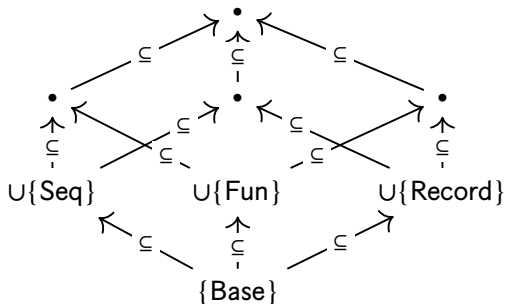
- ▶ Add syntax
- ▶ Add semantics



- ▶ Profit!

Iterative semantic development

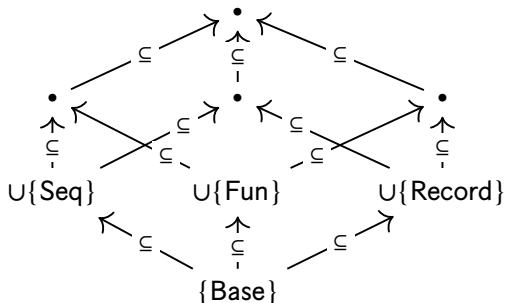
- ▶ Add syntax
- ▶ Add semantics
- ▶ Develop meta-theory:
 - ▶ Substitution lemma
 - ▶ Compositionality
 - ▶ Soundness
 - ▶ Adequacy
- ▶ Profit!



Dream vs. **Bleak** Reality

Iterative semantic development

- ▶ Add syntax
- ▶ Add semantics
- ▶ Develop meta-theory:
 - ▶ Substitution lemma
Tedious and boring
 - ▶ Compositionality
Tedious and boring
 - ▶ Soundness
 - ▶ Adequacy
- ▶ Profit!



Meta-theory: the tedious parts

Lemma (substitution)

Syntactic substitution corresponds to semantic composition:

$$\llbracket M [\theta] \rrbracket = \llbracket M \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \theta \rrbracket$$

Lemma (compositionality)

Composite semantics is independent of component syntax:

$$\llbracket C[M] \rrbracket = \text{plug}(\llbracket C[-] \rrbracket, \llbracket M \rrbracket)$$

Meta-theory: the tedious parts

Lemma (substitution)

Syntactic substitution corresponds to semantic composition:

$$\llbracket M [\theta] \rrbracket = \llbracket M \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \theta \rrbracket$$

Proof.

Presupposes a syntactic substitution lemma. Typically several inductions over all constructs. □

Lemma (compositionality)

Composite semantics is independent of component syntax:

$$\llbracket C[M] \rrbracket = \text{plug}(\llbracket C[-] \rrbracket, \llbracket M \rrbracket)$$

Proof.

Tediously define terms with holes, plugging holes syntactically, carefully capturing some variables but not others. Then induction over semantics. □

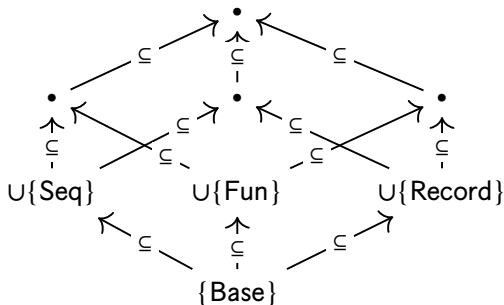
It would be nice if tedious bits were...
... free

Dream vs. Reality

It would be nice if tedious bits were...

... free

... syntactically scaleable: additive syntactic work per new feature



SOAS: Second-Order Abstract Syntax

[Fiore, Plotkin, and Turi '99]

- ▶ CBN works smoothly.
 - ▶ Robust to extensions:
 - polymorphism [Fiore and Hamana'13]
 - mechanisation [Crole'11, Allais et al.'18,
Fiore and Szamoszvincev'22]
 - substructurality [Fiore and Ranchod'25]
 - ▶ Doesn't cover CBV.
Technical reasons later:
 - ▶ Substitute **in**: values and terms
 - ▶ Substitute for variables: values only
- Slogan [cf. Levy's CBPV, '04]:
- values are 1st-class

but

terms are 2nd-class

Modular Abstract Syntax Trees (MAST)

- ▶ SOAS $\overset{\text{generalise}}{\rightsquigarrow}$ 2nd-class sorts
Using **skew** bicategories/monoidal categories, and:
 - ▶ Kleisli bicategories [Gambino, Fiore, Hyland, and Winskel'19]
 - ▶ Familial theory of SOAS [Fiore and Szamoszvincev'25]
- ▶ MAST tutorial
- ▶ Case-study: CBV semantics á la carte
(128 substitution lemmata)

WIP

- ▶ Idris 2 implementation of computational fragment
[cf. Fiore and Szamoszvincev'22]
- ▶ Replace skew monoidal structure and monoids with
monoidal structure and actions
[cf. Fiore and Turi'01]

Capstone: abstract syntax and substitution universality

Thm (representation)

*abstract syntax with operators in \mathbf{O} and holes in \mathbf{H}
amounts to
free substitution \mathbf{O} -monoid over \mathbf{H} :*

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathbf{H} & \\ & \downarrow \text{?} - [\text{id}] & \\ \$\mathbf{H} \otimes \$\mathbf{H} & \xrightarrow{-[-]} & \$\mathbf{H} \quad \xleftarrow[\text{var}]{\mathbb{I}} \\ & \uparrow [-] & \\ & \mathbf{O}(\$ \mathbf{H}) & \end{array}$$

Key propaganda

compositional, binding-respecting denotational semantics
amounts to
substitution **O**-monoid:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{M} \otimes \mathbf{M} & \xrightarrow{-[-]} & \mathbf{M} \\ & \llbracket - \rrbracket \uparrow & \longleftarrow \mathbb{I} \\ & \mathbf{OM} & \text{var} \end{array}$$

The denotational semantics for terms with holes in **H** is the unique substitution **O**-monoid homomorphism over **H**:

$$(\$ \mathbf{H}, -[-], \text{var}, \llbracket - \rrbracket, ?-[\text{id}]) \xrightarrow{\llbracket - \rrbracket} (\mathbf{M}, -[-], \text{var}, \llbracket - \rrbracket, \text{menv})$$
$$(\mathbf{H} \xrightarrow{\text{menv}} \mathbf{M})$$

Meta-theory in one line

Lemma (substitution)

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Syntactic substitution corresponds to semantic composition:

substitution monoid homomorphism

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \llbracket M [\theta] \rrbracket = \llbracket -[-] [M, \theta] \rrbracket = -[-] [\llbracket M \rrbracket, \llbracket \theta \rrbracket] := \llbracket M \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \theta \rrbracket \end{array}$$

Lemma (compositionality)

Composite semantics is independent of component syntax:

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket C[M] \rrbracket = \\ \text{plug}(\llbracket C[-] \rrbracket, \llbracket M \rrbracket) \end{aligned}$$

Meta-theory in one line

Lemma (substitution)

Syntactic substitution corresponds to semantic composition:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{substitution monoid homomorphism} \\ \downarrow \\ \llbracket M [\theta] \rrbracket = \llbracket -[-] [M, \theta] \rrbracket = -[-] [\llbracket M \rrbracket, \llbracket \theta \rrbracket] := \llbracket M \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \theta \rrbracket \end{array}$$

Lemma (compositionality)

Composite semantics is independent of component syntax:

$$\begin{array}{l} \llbracket C[M] \rrbracket = \llbracket (?m [M]) \gg (m \mapsto C[-]) \rrbracket = \llbracket ?m [M] \rrbracket \gg (m \mapsto \llbracket C[-] \rrbracket) \\ =: \text{plug}(\llbracket C[-] \rrbracket, \llbracket M \rrbracket) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \gg \text{ is} \\ \text{homomorphic} \\ \text{extension} \end{array}$$

Sorting signature \mathbf{R}

- ▶ set sort

partitioned into

- ▶ bindable/ 1^{st} -class sorts
 $s \in \text{Bind}$
- ▶ non-bindable/ 2^{st} -class sorts

Example

CBV sorting signature

- ▶ $\text{sort} := \{A, \text{comp } A \mid A \in \text{Type}\}$
- ▶ $\text{Bind} := \text{Type}$

MAST taster: semantic domain for syntax and semantics

MAST provides ($\mathbf{R} = (\text{sort}, \text{Bind})$ sorting system)

► Contexts $\text{sort}_\perp \ni \Gamma ::= [x_1 : s_1, \dots, x_n : s_n]$

► Renamings $\text{sort}_\perp(\Gamma, \Delta) \ni \Gamma \vdash \rho : \Delta$

► \mathbf{R} -structures: $\mathbf{PSh}(\text{sort} \times \text{sort}_\perp) \ni P : \text{sort} \times \text{sort}_\perp^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$

$P_s \Gamma \ni p :$ sort s element with variables in Γ

► Variables structure: $\mathbf{R}\text{-Struct} \ni \mathbb{I}_s \Gamma := \{x | (x : s) \in \Gamma\}$

► substitution tensors: $\mathbf{R}\text{-Struct} \ni P \otimes Q, P \otimes \cdot \left(\text{var} \begin{array}{c} \mathbb{I} \\ \downarrow \\ A \end{array} \right)$

$(P \otimes Q)_s \Gamma \ni [p, \theta]_\Delta :$
 P -element: $p \in P_s \Gamma$
 Q -closure : $\theta \in \prod_{(y:r) \in \Delta} Q_r \Gamma$

identifying, e.g.:

$$[p[\text{weaken}], \theta]_{\Delta_1 + \Delta_2} = [p, \theta \circ \rho]_{\Delta_1} \quad [p[x', x'' \mapsto x]_{x \in \Delta}, \theta]_\Delta = [p, \theta \# \theta]_{\Delta + \Delta}$$

Allow us to define:

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Allow us to define:

Scope-change as tensorial strength

$$\text{str}^{\mathbf{O}} : (\mathbf{O}P) \otimes_\bullet \left(\text{var} \begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{I} \\ \downarrow \\ A \end{smallmatrix} \right) \rightarrow \mathbf{O} \left(P \otimes_\bullet \left(\text{var} \begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{I} \\ \downarrow \\ A \end{smallmatrix} \right) \right)$$

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Substitution monoids

$$\mathbf{M} \otimes \mathbf{M} \xrightarrow{-[-]} \mathbf{M} \xleftarrow{\text{var}} \mathbb{I}$$

MAST taster: semantic domain for syntax

Signature functors

Scope-change as tensorial strength

 **R-Struct**

$$\text{str}^{\mathbf{O}} : (\mathbf{O}P) \otimes_{\bullet} \left(\text{var} \begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{I} \\ \downarrow \\ A \end{smallmatrix} \right) \rightarrow \mathbf{O} \left(P \otimes_{\bullet} \left(\text{var} \begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{I} \\ \downarrow \\ A \end{smallmatrix} \right) \right)$$

Example

Sequential fragment signature functor:

$$(\text{Seq } X)_{\text{comp } B} \Gamma := \coprod_{A \in \text{Type}} \left(\begin{array}{c} (\text{let } x : A = _ \text{ in } _) : \\ (X_{\text{comp } A} \Gamma \times X_{\text{comp } B} (\Gamma, x : A)) \end{array} \right)$$

$$(\text{Seq } X)_A \Gamma := \emptyset$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{str}^{\text{Seq}} \left[\text{let } x : A = (p \in P_{\text{comp } A} \Delta) \text{ in } (q \in P_{\text{comp } B} (\Delta, x : A)), \theta \right]_{\Delta} \\ := \left(\text{let } x : A = [p, \theta]_{\Delta} \text{ in } [q, (\theta, x : \text{var } x)]_{\Delta, x : A} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Takeaway

Modular spec. for binding, renaming, and substitution structure

MAST taster: semantic domain for syntax

Abstract syntax: inductive representation

Every initial algebra:

$$\mathcal{S}^{\mathbf{O}}\mathbf{H} := \mu X.(\mathbf{O}X) \sqcup \mathbb{I} \sqcup \mathbf{H} \otimes X$$

Supports standard definitions:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \mathbf{H} \\ & & \downarrow \text{?} -[-] \\ \mathcal{S}\mathbf{H} \otimes \mathcal{S}\mathbf{H} & \xrightarrow{-[-]} & \mathcal{S}\mathbf{H} \quad \longleftarrow \mathbb{I} \\ & & \uparrow \text{var} \\ & & \mathbf{O}(\mathcal{S}\mathbf{H}) \end{array}$$

Independently of concrete representation, e.g.,:

- ▶ De-Bruijn
- ▶ Locally nameless
- ▶ Co-de Bruijn
- ▶ Nominal
- ▶ Graphical

Example

$\mathbf{M} = (\mathcal{C}, \mathbf{T}, \text{return}, \gg=, \llbracket - \rrbracket)$:

- ▶ \mathcal{C} : Cartesian category with chosen finite products
- ▶ $(\mathbf{T}, \text{return}, \gg=)$ strong monad over \mathcal{C}
- ▶ $\llbracket - \rrbracket : \text{Type} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ type interpretation

induces:

- ▶ A CBV-structure: $\text{CBV-Struct} \ni \mathbf{M}_s \Gamma := \mathcal{C}(\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket, \llbracket s \rrbracket)$
- ▶ Standard interpretation of contexts, computations, renaming:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{C} \ni \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket &:= \prod_{(x:A) \in \Gamma} \llbracket A \rrbracket & \mathcal{C} \ni \llbracket \text{comp } A \rrbracket &:= \mathbf{T} \llbracket A \rrbracket \\ \llbracket \rho \rrbracket : \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket &\xrightarrow{(\pi_{x[\rho]} : \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \rightarrow \llbracket A \rrbracket)_{(x:A) \in \Delta}} \prod_{(x:A) \in \Delta} \llbracket A \rrbracket = \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \end{aligned}$$

MAST taster: common structure for substitution

Syntactic substitution monoid

$$\mathcal{S}^0 \mathbf{H} \otimes \mathcal{S}^0 \mathbf{H} \xrightarrow{-[-]} \mathcal{S}^0 \mathbf{H} \xleftarrow{\text{var}} \mathbb{I}$$

Monoid axioms amounts to syntactic substitution lemma

Example

Semantic substitution monoid:

$$\mathbf{M} \otimes \mathbf{M} \xrightarrow{-[-]} \mathbf{M} \xleftarrow{\text{var}} \mathbb{I}$$

- Substitution via composition:

$$\left(\llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \xrightarrow{f} \llbracket s \rrbracket \right) \left[\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \xrightarrow{\theta} \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \right] : \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \xrightarrow{\theta} \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \xrightarrow{f} \llbracket s \rrbracket$$

- Variables: $\text{var} : \left((x : A) \in \Gamma \mapsto \left(\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \xrightarrow{\pi_x} \llbracket A \rrbracket \right) \right)$
(1st-class sorts only)

MAST taster: compatibility

Substitution-compatible algebra

$\llbracket - \rrbracket : \mathbf{OM} \rightarrow \mathbf{M}$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \text{str} \nearrow \underline{\mathbf{O}(\underline{\mathbf{M}} \otimes \underline{\mathbf{M}})} & \searrow \underline{\mathbf{O}(-\llbracket - \rrbracket_{\mathbf{M}})} \\
 (\underline{\mathbf{OM}}) \otimes \text{env}^{\mathbf{M}} & \text{compatibility} & \underline{\mathbf{OM}} \\
 \llbracket - \rrbracket \otimes \text{id} \searrow & = & \swarrow \llbracket - \rrbracket \\
 \underline{\mathbf{M}} \otimes \underline{\mathbf{M}} & \xrightarrow{-\llbracket - \rrbracket_{\mathbf{M}}} & \underline{\mathbf{M}}
 \end{array}$$

Example

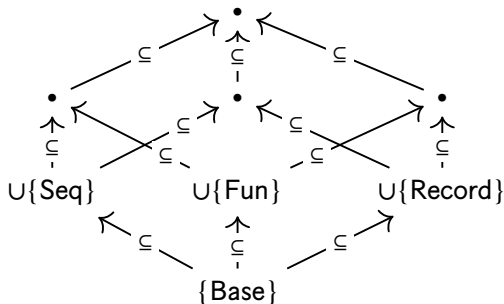
$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{let } x : A = (\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \xrightarrow{f} T \llbracket A \rrbracket) \\ \text{in } (\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \times \llbracket A \rrbracket \xrightarrow{g} T \llbracket B \rrbracket) \end{array} \right] : \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \xrightarrow{(\text{id}, f)} \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \times T \llbracket A \rrbracket \xrightarrow{\not\approx g} T \llbracket B \rrbracket$$

Compatibility:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket & \xrightarrow{(\text{id}, (f \circ \theta))} & \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \times T \llbracket A \rrbracket & \xrightarrow{\not\approx (g \circ (\theta \times \text{id}))} & T \llbracket B \rrbracket \\
 \theta \downarrow & \text{products} = & \downarrow \theta \times \text{id} & \text{strong monad laws} & \\
 \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket & \xrightarrow{(\text{id}, f)} & \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \times T \llbracket A \rrbracket & \xrightarrow{\not\approx g} & T \llbracket B \rrbracket \\
 & & & = &
 \end{array}$$

Substitution **O**-monoid

Substitution monoid with compatible **O**-algebra structure



Core contribution

classical theory (SOAS)

PSh (sort \times sort₊), \otimes
monoidal product

generalise
 \rightsquigarrow

this work (MAST)

PSh (sort \times -Bind₊) \otimes
right-unital associative
skew monoidal product

Skew tensor products

$$(P \otimes Q) \otimes L \cong P \otimes (Q \otimes L) \quad (\text{associative})$$

$$P \otimes \mathbb{I} \cong P \quad (\text{right-unital})$$

$$\mathbb{I} \otimes Q \xrightarrow{r'} Q \quad (\text{non-invertible!})$$

What breaks the unitor?

Substitution tensor

$$(P \otimes Q)_s \Gamma := \int^{\Delta} P_s \Gamma \times \prod_{(y:r) \in \Delta} Q_r \Gamma$$

for $s \notin \text{Bind}$, $Q = \mathbb{1}$, $\mathbb{I}_s \Delta = \emptyset$:

$$(\mathbb{I} \otimes Q)_s \Gamma := \int^{\Delta} \overbrace{\emptyset}^{\mathbb{I}_s \Delta} \times \prod_{(y:r) \in \Delta} Q_r \Gamma = \int^{\Delta} \emptyset = \emptyset \neq \mathbb{1} = Q_s \Gamma$$



Want more?

In the paper:

- ▶ All the details
- ▶ A CBV case-study (128 substitution lemmata)



In the future:

- ▶ Idris 2 implementation of computational fragment
[cf. Fiore and Szamoszvincev'22]
- ▶ Replace skew monoidal structure and monoids with
monoidal structure and actions

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 - ▶ Familial theory of SOAS [Fiore and Szamoszvincev'25]
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