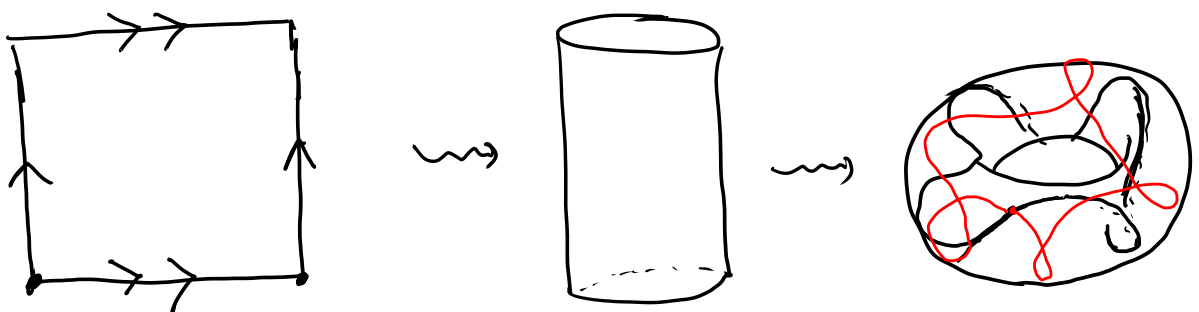
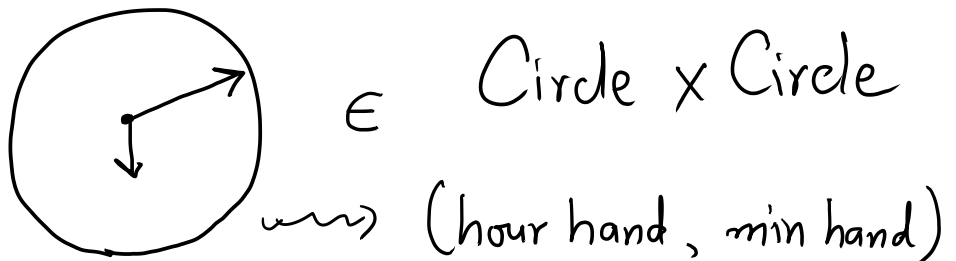


How to count using topology

Q: How many valid clock positions remain valid when the hand positions are switched?



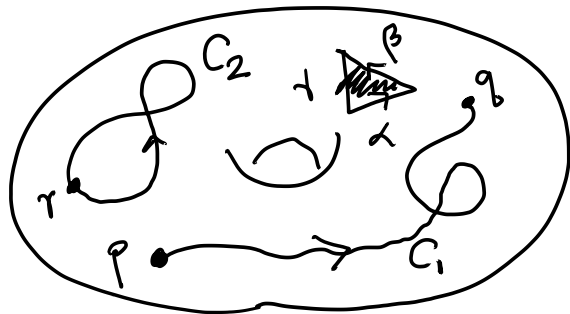
$$C^{\text{lock}} = \{ (\text{hour}, \text{min}) \} \subset T_{\text{orus}}$$

$$A^{\text{anti-clock}} = \{ (\text{min}, \text{hour}) \} \subset T_{\text{orus}}$$

Q: Find $\#(C \cap A)$

More generally, (quickly) find the $\#$ intersection points of two curves.

Curves on T :



"Curve" is a map
 $[0,1] \rightarrow T$

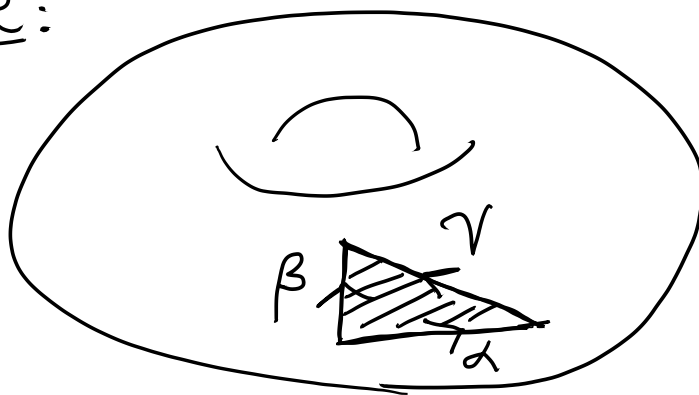
$$C_1 + C_2 = C_1 + C_2, \quad C_1 + C_2 + C_2 = C_1 + 2C_2$$

$$C_1 - C_2 = C_1 - C_2$$

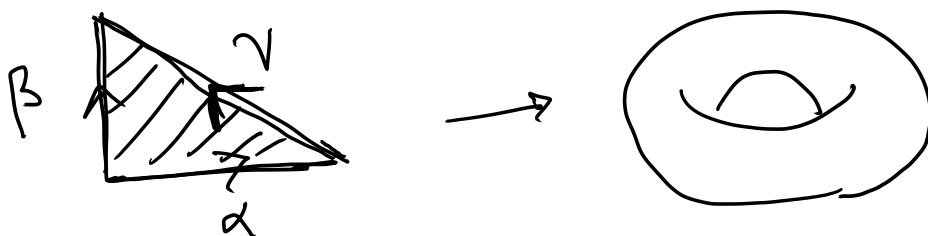
$$C_1 - C_2 + C_2 = C_1$$

$\mathcal{C}' = \left\{ \text{Set of expressions } \sum a_i C_i \quad \begin{array}{l} a_i \in \mathbb{Z} \\ C_i \text{ curves} \end{array} \right\}$

Extra rule:



allowed to "cancel" $\alpha + \gamma - \beta$.



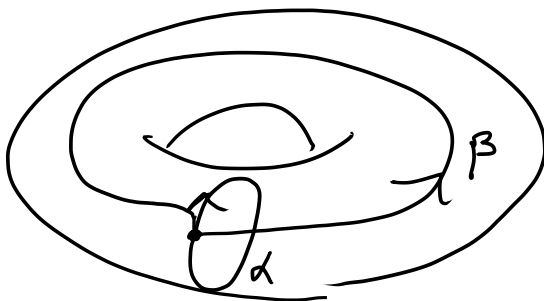
Ex.



Then $a + b = c$.

(why? $a+b-c=0$)

Key Result:



Let C be any closed curve on T . Then

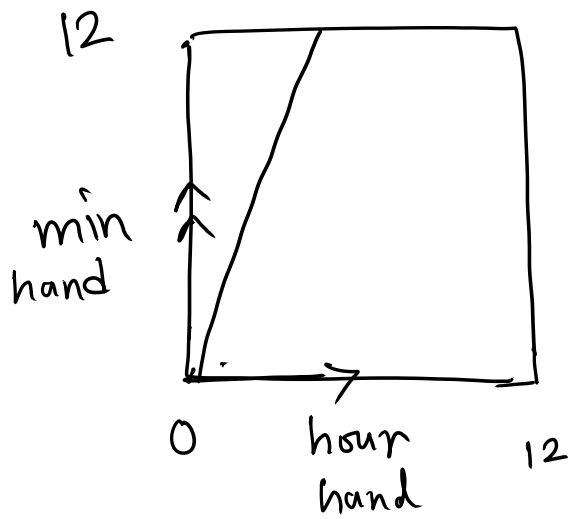
$$C = m\alpha + n\beta$$

for some $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$



$$C = m\alpha + n\beta$$

Clock:



$$C = 12\beta + \alpha$$

$$A = \beta + 12\alpha$$

Intersecting