Claire Voisin on the question of rationality

February 27, 2019

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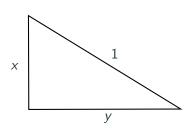
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Can you recognise these numbers?

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These are solutions (x, y) of

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1.$$

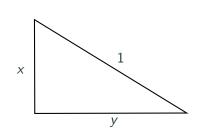


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All the solutions:

$$x = \frac{1 - t^2}{1 + t^2} \qquad y = \frac{2t}{1 + t^2}.$$

Two systems of equations \dots

Variables: x, y Variables: t

Equations: $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. Equations: None.

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...are equivalent by

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$$x, y \qquad \longrightarrow \qquad \frac{y+t}{y+t}$$

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Variables: t

Equations: None.

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$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

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Examples



$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

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A Kummer K3

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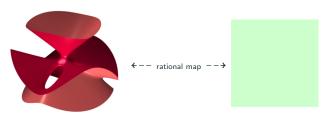


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System of equations ←-- Coördinate change --> No equations!

Which varieties are rational?

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- Varieties defined by one quadratic equation are rational (over C).
- 4. Varieties defined by one cubic?
 - 4.1 Cubic curves: not rational (ancient)
 - 4.2 Cubic surfaces: rational (Castelnuovo, Enriques: Early 1900s)
 - 4.3 Cubic threefolds: not rational (Clemens-Griffiths: 1972)
 - 4.4 Cubic fourfolds and higher: ???

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But $H^3(X, \mathbf{Z})_{\text{tors}} = 0$ for all interesting examples.



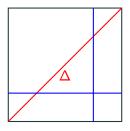
Photo credit: CNRS News Article "Claire Voisin, 2016 CNRS Gold Medal"

Definition (Voisin, 2015)

X admits a decomposition of the diagonal if in $Chow(X \times X)$,

$$[\Delta] \sim \{x\} \times X + \alpha$$

for some α supported on $X \times Z$ for $Z \subsetneq X$.



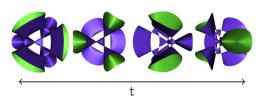
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- 1. X rational $\implies X$ admits a decomp. of the diagonal.
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- 1. X rational $\implies X$ admits a decomp. of the diagonal.
- 2. X admits decomp. of the diagonal $\implies H^3(X, \mathbf{Z})_{tors} = 0$.
- 3. If X_t is a family of varieties such that some X_{t_0} does not admit a decomp. of the diagonal, then neither does X_t for almost all t.

For example, $X_t = \{x^4 + y^4 + z^4 + w^4 - txyzw = 0\}.$



New technique for non-rationality theorems:

- 1. Consider a family X_t .
- 2. Find a t_0 such that X_{t_0} does not admit a decomposition of the diagonal (for example, show $H^3(X_{t_0}, \mathbf{Z})_{\mathrm{tors}} \neq 0$).
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- Quartic double solids (Voisin, 2015),
- Rationality is not deformation invariant (Hassett-Pirutka-Tschinkel, 2016).
- Hypersurfaces in \mathbf{P}^{n+1} of degree $d \ge \log_2 n + 2$ (Schreieder, 2018)

There's a lot more...

- 1. Kodaira problem,
- 2. Green's conjecture for canonical curves,
- 3. Chow rings of K3 surfaces,
- 4. Many questions related to the Hodge conjecture.