

## ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY: HOMEWORK 1

The homework is due on Friday, August 2 by 5pm.

- (1) Let  $U \subset \mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{C}}^1$  be the unit circle; that is,  $U = \{z \mid |z| = 1\}$ . Is  $U$  an affine algebraic subset of  $\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{C}}^1$ ? Why or why not?
- (2) Let  $I$  be an ideal of a ring  $R$ . The radical of  $I$ , denoted  $\sqrt{I}$ , is defined as the subset of  $R$  consisting of elements  $a$  such that  $a^n \in I$  for some positive integer  $n$ . Show that  $\sqrt{I}$  is an ideal of  $R$ , and  $\sqrt{\sqrt{I}} = I$ .
- (3) Let  $k = \mathbb{C}$ . Consider the map  $f: \mathbb{A}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^2$  given by  $(x, y) \mapsto (x, xy)$ . Is the image of  $f$  closed? Open? Dense?

Often, we can identify the points of an affine space with some other objects of interest. With such an identification, we can ask if a subset of the set of objects forms a closed or open set in the Zariski topology. The next problem is an example.

- (4) Let  $n$  be a positive integer. You may take  $k = \mathbb{C}$  if that helps. Identify the set  $M_n(k)$  of  $k$ -valued  $n \times n$  matrices with  $\mathbb{A}_k^{n^2}$  by writing the  $n^2$  entries of an  $n \times n$  matrix as a  $n^2$ -tuple. With this identification, determine whether the following subsets of  $\mathbb{A}_k^{n^2}$  are Zariski closed, open, or neither.
  - (a) The set of invertible matrices.
  - (b) The set of nilpotent matrices.
  - (c) For every  $r$ , the set of matrices of rank at most  $r$ .
  - (d) The set of diagonalisable matrices.