## MATH 8320: ALGEBRAIC CURVES AND RIEMANN SURFACES — HOMEWORK $_3$

- (1) Compute the cohomology groups  $H^i(X,\mathbb{Z})$  using Cech cohomology for  $X=\mathbb{P}^1$ .
- (2) Let L be a vector bundle on X. Establish a bijection between (a) the set of sections of L, and (b) the set of maps of vector bundles from the trivial bundle  $\mathbb{C} \times X$  to L. Conclude that a line bundle is trivial if and only if it has a nowhere vanishing section.
- (3) Let D be a divisor of degree 0 on a compact Riemann surface X. Show that

$$\dim H^0(X, \mathfrak{G}(D)) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } D \sim 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(4) Let D be a non-zero effective divisor on a compact Riemann surface X such that

$$\dim H^0(X, \mathfrak{G}(D)) = \deg D + 1.$$

Show that  $X \cong \mathbb{P}^1$ 

*Hint:* Show that there exists  $p \in X$  such that dim  $H^0(X, \mathcal{O}(p)) = 2$ .

- (5) Let X be a compact Riemann surface and  $U = X \setminus S$ , where S is a finite set. Show that a every holomorphic map  $U \to \mathbb{P}^n$  given by homogeneous coordinates which are meromorphic functions on X extends to a holomorphic map  $X \to \mathbb{P}^n$ .
- (6) Let D be a very ample divisor on X. Show that the meromorphic functions in  $H^0(X, \mathfrak{G}(D))$  separate the points and tangent vectors on X. Conclude that they generate  $\mathcal{M}_X$ .
- (7) Let X be a compact Riemann surface and  $S \subset X$  a finite set. Use the Riemann-Roch theorem to show that there exists a meromorphic function on X that is holomorphic on  $X \setminus S$ .
- (8) (Counts as 2 problems) Let U be the Riemann surface in  $\mathbb{C}^2$  defined by  $y^3 = x^5 1$ . We know that there exists a compact Riemann surface X that contains U, and the complement  $X \setminus U$  consists of a finite set of points. Let  $\pi \colon X \to \mathbb{P}^1$  be the extension of the projection  $(x, y) \mapsto x$ .
  - (a) Show that there is a unique point in  $X \setminus U$ , call it  $\infty$ .
  - (b) Find the ramification divisor of  $\pi$  and hence the genus of X.
  - (c) Write down the canonical series  $H^0(X, K)$ .
  - (d) Show that the canonical map yields an embedding  $X \to \mathbb{P}^3$ .
  - (e) Show that the canonical image of Xlies on a singular quadric hypersurface.
- (9) Let D be a divisor on a smooth algebraic curve X of genus g such that  $\deg D = 2g 2$  and  $\dim H^0(X, \mathcal{O}(D)) = g$ . Show that D is a canonical divisor (that is,  $\mathcal{O}_X(D) \cong K_X$ ).