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DBMS_ROWID

The DBMS_ROWID package lets you create ROWIDs and obtain information about ROWIDs from PL/SQL programs and SQL statements. You can find the data block number, the object number, and other ROWID components without writing code to interpret the base-64 character external ROWID. DBMS_ROWID is intended for upgrading from Oracle database version 7 to Oracle database version 8.X.

> **Note:**
>
> DBMS_ROWID is not to be used with universal ROWIDs (UROWIDs).

This chapter contains the following topics:

DBMS_ROWID Security Model

This package runs with the privileges of calling user, rather than the package owner SYS.

DBMS_ROWID Types

There are four DBMS_ROWID types.

These are:

- Extension and restriction types
- Verification types
- Object types
- Conversion types

Extension and Restriction Type

The types are as follows:

- RESTRICTED—restricted ROWID
- EXTENDED—extended ROWID

For example:

```
rowid_type_restricted constant integer := 0;
rowid_type_extended   constant integer := 1;
```

> **Note:**
>
> Extended ROWIDs are only used in Oracle database version 8.X*i* and higher.

Verification Types

Table 170-1 Verification Types

Result	Description
VALID	Valid ROWID
INVALID	Invalid ROWID

For example:

```
rowid_is_valid   constant integer := 0;
rowid_is_invalid constant integer := 1;
```

Object Types

Table 170-2 Object Types

Result	Description
UNDEFINED	Object Number not defined (for restricted ROWIDs)

For example:

```
rowid_object_undefined constant integer := 0;
```

Conversion Types

Table 170-3 Conversion Types

Result	Description
INTERNAL	Convert to/from column of ROWID type
EXTERNAL	Convert to/from string format

For example:

```
rowid_convert_internal constant integer := 0;
rowid_convert_external constant integer := 1;
```

DBMS_ROWID Exceptions

This table describes the Exceptions raised by DBMS_ROWID subprograms.

Table 170-4 Exceptions

Exception	Description
ROWID_INVALID	Invalid rowid format
ROWID_BAD_BLOCK	Block is beyond end of file

For example:

```
ROWID_INVALID exception;
   pragma exception_init(ROWID_INVALID, -1410);

ROWID_BAD_BLOCK exception;
   pragma exception_init(ROWID_BAD_BLOCK, -28516);
```

DBMS_ROWID Operational Notes

These operation notes apply to DBMS_ROWID.

- Some of the functions in this package take a single parameter, such as a ROWID. This can be a character or a PL/SQL ROWID, either restricted or extended, as required.
- You can call the DBMS_ROWID functions and procedures from PL/SQL code, and you can also use the functions in SQL statements.

> **Note:**
>
> ROWID_INFO is a procedure. It can only be used in PL/SQL code.

- You can use functions from the DBMS_ROWID package just like built-in SQL functions; in other words, you can use them wherever you can use an expression. In this example, the ROWID_BLOCK_NUMBER function is used to return just the block number of a single row in the EMP table:

```
SELECT DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_BLOCK_NUMBER(rowid)
   FROM emp
   WHERE ename = 'KING';
```

- If Oracle returns the error "ORA:452, 0, 'Subprogram '%s' violates its associated pragma' for pragma restrict_references, it could mean the violation is due to:
  - A problem with the current procedure or function
  - Calling a procedure or function without a pragma or due to calling one with a less restrictive pragma
  - Calling a package procedure or function that touches the initialization code in a package or that sets the default values

DBMS_ROWID Examples

This example returns the ROWID for a row in the EMP table, extracts the data object number from the ROWID, using the ROWID_OBJECT function in the DBMS_ROWID package, then displays the object number:

```
DECLARE
  object_no   INTEGER;
  row_id      ROWID;
  ...
BEGIN
  SELECT ROWID INTO row_id FROM emp
    WHERE empno = 7499;
  object_no := DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_OBJECT(row_id);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The obj. # is '|| object_no);
  ...
```

Summary of DBMS_ROWID Subprograms

This table lists the DBMS_ROWID subprograms and briefly describes them.

Table 170-5 DBMS_ROWID Package Subprograms

Subprogram	Description
ROWID_BLOCK_NUMBER Function	Returns the block number of a ROWID
ROWID_CREATE Function	Creates a ROWID, for testing only
ROWID_INFO Procedure	Returns the type and components of a ROWID
ROWID_OBJECT Function	Returns the object number of the extended ROWID
ROWID_RELATIVE_FNO Function	Returns the file number of a ROWID
ROWID_ROW_NUMBER Function	Returns the row number
ROWID_TO_ABSOLUTE_FNO Function	Returns the absolute file number associated with the ROWID for a row in a specific table
ROWID_TO_EXTENDED Function	Converts a ROWID from restricted format to extended
ROWID_TO_RESTRICTED Function	Converts an extended ROWID to restricted format
ROWID_TYPE Function	Returns the ROWID type: 0 is restricted, 1 is extended
ROWID_VERIFY Function	Checks if a ROWID can be correctly extended by the ROWID_TO_EXTENDED function

ROWID_BLOCK_NUMBER Function

This function returns the database block number for the input ROWID.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_BLOCK_NUMBER (
   row_id      IN   ROWID,
   ts_type_in  IN   VARCHAR2 DEFAULT 'SMALLFILE')
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_block_number,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-6 ROWID_BLOCK_NUMBER Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
row_id	ROWID to be interpreted
ts_type_in	The type of the tablespace (bigfile/smallfile) to which the row belongs

Examples

The example SQL statement selects the block number from a ROWID and inserts it into another table:

```
INSERT INTO T2 (SELECT dbms_rowid.rowid_block_number(ROWID, 'BIGFILE')
   FROM some_table
   WHERE key_value = 42);
```

ROWID_CREATE Function

This function lets you create a ROWID, given the component parts as parameters.

This is useful for testing ROWID operations, because only the Oracle Server can create a valid ROWID that points to data in a database.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_CREATE (
   rowid_type    IN NUMBER,
   object_number IN NUMBER,
   relative_fno  IN NUMBER,
   block_number  IN NUMBER,
   row_number    IN NUMBER)
  RETURN ROWID;
```

Pragmas

```
pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_create,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-7 ROWID_CREATE Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
rowid_type	Type (restricted or extended) Set the rowid_type parameter to 0 for a restricted ROWID. Set it to 1 to create an extended ROWID. If you specify rowid_type as 0, then the required object_number parameter is ignored, and ROWID_CREATE returns a restricted ROWID.
object_number	Data object number (rowid_object_undefined for restricted)
relative_fno	Relative file number

Table 170-7 (Cont.) ROWID_CREATE Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
block_number	Block number in this file
row_number	Returns row number in this block

Examples

Create a dummy extended ROWID:

```
my_rowid := DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_CREATE(1, 9999, 12, 1000, 13);
```

Find out what the rowid_object function returns:

```
obj_number := DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_OBJECT(my_rowid);
```

The variable obj_number now contains 9999.

ROWID_INFO Procedure

This procedure returns information about a ROWID, including its type (restricted or extended), and the components of the ROWID.

This is a procedure, and it cannot be used in a SQL statement.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_INFO (
   rowid_in          IN   ROWID,
   rowid_type        OUT  NUMBER,
   object_number     OUT  NUMBER,
   relative_fno      OUT  NUMBER,
   block_number      OUT  NUMBER,
   row_number        OUT  NUMBER);
```

Pragmas

```
pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_info,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-8 ROWID_INFO Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
rowid_in	ROWID to be interpreted. This determines if the ROWID is a restricted (0) or extended (1) ROWID.
rowid_type	Returns type (restricted/extended)
object_number	Returns data object number (rowid_object_undefined for restricted)
relative_fno	Returns relative file number
block_number	Returns block number in this file
row_number	Returns row number in this block

> **See Also:**
>
> "ROWID_TYPE Function"

Examples

This example reads back the values for the ROWID that you created in the ROWID_CREATE:

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_INFO (
   my_rowid, rid_type, obj_num, file_num, block_num, row_num, 'BIGFILE');
```

ROWID_OBJECT Function

This function returns the data object number for an extended ROWID.

The function returns zero if the input ROWID is a restricted ROWID.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_OBJECT (
   rowid_id IN ROWID)
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_object,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-9 ROWID_OBJECT Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
row_id	ROWID to be interpreted

> **Note:**
>
> The ROWID_OBJECT_UNDEFINED constant is returned for restricted ROWIDs.

Examples

```
SELECT dbms_rowid.rowid_object(ROWID)
   FROM emp
   WHERE empno = 7499;
```

ROWID_RELATIVE_FNO Function

This function returns the relative file number of the `ROWID` specified as the `IN` parameter. (The file number is relative to the tablespace.)

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_RELATIVE_FNO (
   rowid_id      IN   ROWID,
   ts_type_in    IN   VARCHAR2 DEFAULT 'SMALLFILE')
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_relative_fno,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-10 ROWID_RELATIVE_FNO Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
`row_id`	`ROWID` to be interpreted
`ts_type_in`	Type of the tablespace (bigfile/smallfile) to which the row belongs

Examples

The example PL/SQL code fragment returns the relative file number:

```
DECLARE
   file_number    INTEGER;
   rowid_val      ROWID;
BEGIN
   SELECT ROWID INTO rowid_val
     FROM dept
     WHERE loc = 'Boston';
   file_number :=
     dbms_rowid.rowid_relative_fno(rowid_val, 'SMALLFILE');
    ...
```

ROWID_ROW_NUMBER Function

This function extracts the row number from the `ROWID IN` parameter.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_ROW_NUMBER (
   row_id IN ROWID)
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
   PRAGMA RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_row_number,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-11 ROWID_ROW_NUMBER Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
row_id	ROWID to be interpreted.

Examples

Select a row number:

```
SELECT dbms_rowid.rowid_row_number(ROWID)
   FROM emp
   WHERE ename = 'ALLEN';
```

ROWID_TO_ABSOLUTE_FNO Function

This function extracts the absolute file number from a ROWID, where the file number is absolute for a row in a given schema and table.

The schema name and the name of the schema object (such as a table name) are provided as IN parameters for this function.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_TO_ABSOLUTE_FNO (
   row_id      IN ROWID,
   schema_name IN VARCHAR2,
   object_name IN VARCHAR2)
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_to_absolute_fno,WNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-12 ROWID_TO_ABSOLUTE_FNO Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
row_id	ROWID to be interpreted
schema_name	Name of the schema which contains the table
object_name	Table name

Examples

```
DECLARE
   abs_fno        INTEGER;
   rowid_val      CHAR(18);
   object_name    VARCHAR2(20) := 'EMP';
BEGIN
    SELECT ROWID INTO rowid_val
     FROM emp
     WHERE empno = 9999;
```

```
abs_fno := dbms_rowid.rowid_to_absolute_fno(
rowid_val, 'SCOTT', object_name);
```

> **Note:**
>
> For partitioned objects, the name must be a table name, not a partition or a sub/partition name.

ROWID_TO_EXTENDED Function

This function translates a restricted `ROWID` that addresses a row in a schema and table that you specify to the extended `ROWID` format.

Later, it may be removed from this package into a different place.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_TO_EXTENDED (
   old_rowid       IN ROWID,
   schema_name     IN VARCHAR2,
   object_name     IN VARCHAR2,
   conversion_type IN INTEGER)
  RETURN ROWID;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_to_extended,WNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-13 ROWID_TO_EXTENDED Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
`old_rowid`	`ROWID` to be converted
`schema_name`	Name of the schema which contains the table (optional)
`object_name`	Table name (optional).
`conversion_type`	The following constants are defined: `ROWID_CONVERT_INTERNAL` (:=0) `ROWID_CONVERT_EXTERNAL` (:=1)

Return Values

`ROWID_TO_EXTENDED` returns the `ROWID` in the extended character format. If the input `ROWID` is `NULL`, then the function returns `NULL`. If a zero-valued `ROWID` is supplied (00000000.0000.0000), then a zero-valued restricted `ROWID` is returned.

Examples

Assume that there is a table called `RIDS` in the schema `SCOTT`, and that the table contains a column `ROWID_COL` that holds `ROWIDs` (restricted), and a column `TABLE_COL` that point to other tables in the `SCOTT` schema. You can convert the `ROWIDs` to extended format with the statement:

```
UPDATE SCOTT.RIDS
   SET rowid_col =
   dbms_rowid.rowid_to_extended (
      rowid_col, 'SCOTT", TABLE_COL, 0);
```

Usage Notes

- If the schema and object names are provided as `IN` parameters, then this function verifies `SELECT` authority on the table named, and converts the restricted `ROWID` provided to an extended `ROWID`, using the data object number of the table. That `ROWID_TO_EXTENDED` returns a value, however, does not guarantee that the converted `ROWID` actually references a valid row in the table, either at the time that the function is called, or when the extended `ROWID` is actually used.
- If the schema and object name are not provided (are passed as `NULL`), then this function attempts to fetch the page specified by the restricted `ROWID` provided. It treats the file number stored in this `ROWID` as the absolute file number. This can cause problems if the file has been dropped, and its number has been reused prior to the migration. If the fetched page belongs to a valid table, then the data object number of this table is used in converting to an extended `ROWID` value. This is very inefficient, and Oracle recommends doing this only as a last resort, when the target table is not known. The user must still know the correct table name at the time of using the converted value.
- If an extended `ROWID` value is supplied, the data object number in the input extended `ROWID` is verified against the data object number computed from the table name parameter. If the two numbers do not match, the `INVALID_ROWID` exception is raised. If they do match, the input `ROWID` is returned.
- `ROWID_TO_EXTENDED` cannot be used with partition tables.

> **See Also:**
>
> The ROWID_VERIFY Function has a method to determine if a given `ROWID` can be converted to the extended format.

ROWID_TO_RESTRICTED Function

This function converts an extended `ROWID` into restricted `ROWID` format.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_TO_RESTRICTED (
   old_rowid       IN ROWID,
   conversion_type IN INTEGER)
  RETURN ROWID;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_to_restricted,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-14 ROWID_TO_RESTRICTED Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
old_rowid	ROWID to be converted
conversion_type	The following constants are defined: ROWID_CONVERT_INTERNAL (:=0) ROWID_CONVERT_EXTERNAL (:=1)

ROWID_TYPE Function

This function returns 0 if the ROWID is a restricted ROWID, and 1 if it is extended.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_TYPE (
   rowid_id IN ROWID)
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_type,WNDS,RNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-15 ROWID_TYPE Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
row_id	ROWID to be interpreted

Examples

```
IF DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_TYPE(my_rowid) = 1 THEN
   my_obj_num := DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_OBJECT(my_rowid);
```

ROWID_VERIFY Function

This function verifies the ROWID.

It returns 0 if the input restricted ROWID can be converted to extended format, given the input schema name and table name, and it returns 1 if the conversion is not possible.

> **Note:**
>
> You can use this function in a WHERE clause of a SQL statement, as shown in the example.

Syntax

```
DBMS_ROWID.ROWID_VERIFY (
   rowid_in        IN ROWID,
   schema_name     IN VARCHAR2,
   object_name     IN VARCHAR2,
   conversion_type IN INTEGER
  RETURN NUMBER;
```

Pragmas

```
   pragma RESTRICT_REFERENCES(rowid_verify,WNDS,WNPS,RNPS);
```

Parameters

Table 170-16 ROWID_VERIFY Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
rowid_in	ROWID to be verified
schema_name	Name of the schema which contains the table
object_name	Table name
conversion_type	The following constants are defined: ROWID_CONVERT_INTERNAL (:=0) ROWID_CONVERT_EXTERNAL (:=1)

Examples

Considering the schema in the example for the ROWID_TO_EXTENDED function, you can use the following statement to find bad ROWIDs prior to conversion. This enables you to fix them beforehand.

```
SELECT ROWID, rowid_col
   FROM SCOTT.RIDS
   WHERE dbms_rowid.rowid_verify(rowid_col, NULL, NULL, 0) =1;
```

See Also:

UTL_RAW , UTL_REF