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# DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL

The DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL package simplifies migration from Oracle Database Advanced Queuing (AQ) to Transactional Event Queue (TxEventQ) with orchestration automation, source and target compatibility diagnostics and remediation, and a unified user experience. Migration scenarios can be short or long-lived and be performed with or without AQ downtime, eliminating operational disruption.



Migrating from AQ to TxEventQ in Oracle Database Advanced Queuing User's Guide for detailed information about DBMS AQMIGTOOL

This chapter contains the following topics:

- Security Model
- DBMS AQMIGTOOL Constants
- Summary of DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Subprograms

# DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Security Model

All DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL subprograms require the user to have EXECUTE privilege over the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL package. If the invoker of the package is the owner of the queue, then only EXECUTE privilege on the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL package is sufficient, But if the invoker is non-owner, then it also needs to have MANAGE\_ANY queue system privilege, which can be granted through DBMS\_AQADM.GRANT\_SYSTEM\_PRIVILEGE.

# DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Constants

The DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL package defines several constants that can be used for specifying parameter values.

When using enumerated constants, such as AUTOMATIC, INTERACTIVE, or ENABLE\_EVALUATION, the symbol must be specified with the scope of the packages defining it. All types associated with the administrative interfaces must be prepended with DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL. For example, DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.AUTOMATIC.

Table 30-1 DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Constants

Paramater	Options	Value	
mig_mode	AUTOMATIC	1	
	INTERACTIVE	2	
	OFFLINE	3	
	ONLY_DEFINITION	4	
ordering	GLOBAL	1	
	SESSION	2	
checkmode	CURRENT	1	
	ENABLE_EVALUATION	2	
cancelmode	RESTORE	1	
	NORESTORE	2	
	Q_EMPTY	3	
purge_option	ONLY_CQ	1	
	ONLY_TXEVENTQ	2	
	BOTH_Q	3	

# Summary of DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Subprograms

This section lists and briefly describes the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL subprograms.

Table 30-2 DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Package Subprograms

Subprogram	Description
CANCEL_MIGRATION Procedure	Cancels an ongoing migration by dropping the interim TxEventQ
CHECK_MIGRATED_MESSA GES Procedure	Provides a count of messages in the ${\tt READY}$ state within the AQ and the interim ${\tt TxEventQ}$
CHECK_MIGRATION_TO_TX EVENTQ Procedure	Analyzes the AQ's definition and data and report any features unsupported in TxEventQ
CHECK_STATUS Procedure	Returns the current status of the ongoing migration process
CLEAR_UNSUPPORTED_FE ATURE_TABLE Procedure	Clears entries from the <code>USER_TXEVENTQ_MIGRATION_STATUS</code> view
COMMIT_MIGRATION Procedure	Completes the migration process by dropping AQ, renaming the interim TxEventQ to match AQ's name, and enabling TxEventQ for all operations
DISABLE_MIGRATION_CHEC K Procedure	Disables the internal AQ monitoring for detecting unsupported features and stops event insertion in the <code>USER_TXEVENTQ_MIGRATION_STATUS</code> view
INIT_MIGRATION Procedure	Analyzes the AQ's definition and data for unsupported features and then starts the migration process by creating an interim TxEventQ copying the AQ's configuration
PURGE_QUEUE_MESSAGE S Procedure	Purges messages from the queue



Table 30-2 (Cont.) DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL Package Subprograms

Subprogram	Description
RECOVER_MIGRATION Procedure	Helps recovery from any failures during execution of migration procedures such as DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.INIT_MIGRATION, DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT_MIGRATION, or DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL_MIGRATION
RENAME_QUEUE Procedure	Renames the TxEventQ along with its default exception queue if present

# CANCEL\_MIGRATION Procedure

This procedure serves the purpose of canceling an ongoing migration. It involves dropping the interim TxEventQ, which was created during the execution of

DBMS AQMIGTOOL.INIT MIGRATION.

### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 30-3 CANCEL\_MIGRATION Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the queue name for which the migration needs to be canceled
cancelmode	Specifies the mode in which the user wants to cancel the migration. The following are the possible values:
	DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.RESTORE (default): This option restores the messages from the interim TxEventQ into the AQ, including their message state. New MSGID will get populated for restored messages.
	Note:

The priority behavior of restored messages may change as AQ and TxEventQ default

values are different.

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.NORESTORE: Messages within interim TxEventQ will be discarded.

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.EMPTY: If the interim TxEventQ is not empty, selecting this option will trigger an exception, prompting the user to dequeue all messages from the interim TxEventQ. This mode is useful if the user wishes to prevent message migration while transitioning to the AQ.



### **Usage Notes**

A prerequisite for this procedure is that the migration must already be started on the queue, that is, <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.INIT\_MIGRATION</code> should be invoked before executing this procedure. For <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.RESTORE</code> mode, the <code>TxEventQ</code>'s exception queue messages are not restored to AQ or its exception queue.

# CHECK\_MIGRATED\_MESSAGES Procedure

This procedure calculates the count of messages in the READY state within both the AQ and the interim TxEventQ. This count provides valuable insight before using

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION or DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL\_MIGRATION. The calculated count is independent of the number of subscribers.

### **Syntax**

```
PROCEDURE SYS.DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK_MIGRATED_MESSAGES (
cqschema IN VARCHAR2,
cqname IN VARCHAR2,
txeventq_migrated_message IN OUT NUMBER,
cq_pending_messages IN OUT NUMBER);
```

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 30-4 CHECK\_MIGRATED\_MESSAGES Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue on which the migration process has started
<pre>txeventq_migrated_me ssage</pre>	Represents the count of messages in the READY state within the interim TxEventQ. The count helps estimate the potential fallback time if the user opts to execute <code>DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL_MIGRATION</code> .
cq_pending_messages	Represents the count of messages in the READY state within the AQ. The count helps determine the remaining number of READY state messages until the AQ is empty, which is a prerequisite for using the DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT_MIGRATION procedure.

#### **Usage Notes**

A prerequisite for this procedure is that the migration must already be started on the queue, meaning DBMS AQMIGTOOL.INIT MIGRATION should be invoked before executing this procedure.

# CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ Procedure

This procedure examines the AQ's definition and data and reports any features that are unsupported in TxEventQ. If no unsupported features are detected, then migration\_report will be empty.

## **Syntax**



#### **Parameters**

Table 30-5 CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the queue name for which unsupported features need to be checked
migration_report	A Varray containing details of unsupported events and their corresponding descriptions. It holds the most recent 20 unsupported features.
checkmode	Specifies the mode in which the user wants to check. The following are the possible values:
	${\tt DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL}$ . CURRENT: This mode generates a report using the current definition of the AQ and its data.
	DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.ENABLE_EVALUATION (Default): This mode, along with the CURRENT option report, will enable the monitoring of the AQ. It helps the capturing runtime-specific unsupported features. As more workload is applied to the AQ, the unsupported features, if found any, are recorded in an internal table accessible through the USER_TXEVENTQ_MIGRATION_STATUS view. Users can disable monitoring using DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.DISABLE_MIGRATION_CHECK.

### **Usage Notes**

Several features like relative message identifier, sequence deviation, and transformation are not supported in TxEventQ. If the queue uses any of them, they will be recorded in the migration report.

It is recommended to use the <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ</code> procedure to detect unsupported features before beginning the migration process.

# See Also:

- Limitations and Workarounds in Oracle Database Transactional Event Queues and Advanced Queuing User's Guide
- ENQUEUE\_OPTIONS\_T Type in Oracle Database PL/SQL Packages and Types Reference

# CHECK\_STATUS Procedure

This procedure returns the status of the migration process. In case any unsupported features are detected, the procedure will return details about the most recent unsupported feature,

including its description. On the other hand, if no unsupported features are detected, it will return a status of 'No Compatibility Error'.

### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

Table 30-6 CHECK STATUS Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue for which the migration process status needs to be checked
status	Return the compatibility status. In case of incompatibility, that is, detection of unsupported features; the most recent unsupported event will be returned, and the status return format will be: "Compatibility Error: <feature_name> Unsupported Feature".</feature_name>
migration_comment	If the status is incompatible, the description of the unsupported event will be provided

## **Usage Notes**

A prerequisite for this procedure is that the migration must already be started on the queue, meaning DBMS AQMIGTOOL.INIT MIGRATION should be invoked before executing this procedure.

The following table will store the information regarding events during pre-init or post-init migration. Users can access this information through security views:

```
DBA_TXEVENTO_MIGRATION_STATUS, USER_TXEVENTO_MIGRATION_STATUS, and ALL TXEVENTO MIGRATION STATUS.
```

A unique migration id will be assigned to each initiated migration.



DBA\_TXEVENTQ\_MIGRATION\_STATUS in Oracle Database Reference
USER\_TXEVENTQ\_MIGRATION\_STATUS in Oracle Database Reference
ALL\_TXEVENTQ\_MIGRATION\_STATUS in Oracle Database Reference

# CLEAR UNSUPPORTED FEATURE TABLE Procedure

This procedure removes entries from the underlying table of the <code>USER\_TXEVENTQ\_MIGRATION\_STATUS</code> view. This view stores records related to unsupported features detected by the <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ</code> procedure and details of other migration procedure calls (<code>INIT\_MIGRATION/COMMIT\_MIGRATION/CANCEL\_MIGRATION)</code> used for internal purposes.

#### **Syntax**

```
PROCEDURE DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CLEAR_UNSUPPORTED_FEATURE_TABLE (
cqschema IN VARCHAR2,
cqname IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT NULL,
eraseall IN BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE);
```

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 30-7 CLEAR\_UNSUPPORTED\_FEATURE\_TABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue for which records need to be cleared
eraseall	TRUE erases all the records for the specified queue.
	Note:
	The TRUE value is intended solely for internal purposes and should not be used without consulting Oracle support.

FALSE erases records related to unsupported features only.

#### **Usage Notes**

Users can use this procedure to erase the records generated by the <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ</code> procedure. Dropping the queue or the user will also erase records for that queue. However, executing <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION</code> or <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL\_MIGRATION</code> will not clear the records for the queue. Therefore, this procedure offers the flexibility to erase records for a queue at any point.



# COMMIT\_MIGRATION Procedure

This procedure completes the migration process. It drops AQ and renames the interim TxEventQ to the AQ's name, and enables the TxEventQ for all operations. It is important to note that an empty AQ (that is, with no messages in the READY state) is required to execute the procedure successfully; otherwise, an exception will be raised.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### **Table 30-8 COMMIT MIGRATION Procedure Parameters**

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the queue name for which the migration needs to be completed
ignore_warning	After DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.INIT_MIGRATION, all unsupported events are recorded as warnings. TRUE means the procedure will ignore the warnings and complete the migration. FALSE means the procedure will throw an error if there are any warnings.

# **Usage Notes**

A prerequisite for this procedure is that the migration must already be started on the queue. In other words, the <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.INIT\_MIGRATION</code> procedure should be invoked before executing this procedure. The messages from the AQ's exception queue will not be copied to the TxEventQ's exception queue.

# DISABLE\_MIGRATION\_CHECK Procedure

This procedure disables the internal monitoring of the AQ aimed at detecting unsupported features. It also stops the recording of events for the USER TXEVENTQ MIGRATION STATUS view.

## **Syntax**

## **Parameters**

#### Table 30-9 DISABLE\_MIGRATION\_CHECK Procedure Parameter

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue on which migration monitoring needs to be disabled



### **Usage Notes**

As a pre-migration step, the user can start recording unsupported features by invoking <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ</code> with <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.ENABLE\_EVALUATION</code> option. This can be followed by running a comprehensive workload on the AQ to detect potential issues and then stop recording unsupported features by calling <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.DISABLE\_MIGRATION\_CHECK</code>. The user can modify the workload if any migration issues are found before repeating the process. If no migration issues were found, migration of the AQ can be attempted.

# INIT\_MIGRATION Procedure

This procedure examines the definition and data of the AQ to detect any features that are not supported in TxEventQ. If any unsupported features are detected, an exception is raised. Otherwise, the procedure starts the migration process by creating an interim TxEventQ that copies the configuration of the AQ, which includes payload type, rules, subscribers, privileges, PL/SQL notifications, and more.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

## Table 30-10 INIT\_MIGRATION Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue (AQ) exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue (AQ) for which the migration process is to be started.
	If cqname is NULL, then migration initiates for all AQs in cqschema, ignoring queues with unsupported features. Execution displays the count of queues where DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.INIT_MIGRATION succeeded.
txeventqschema	Specifies the schema name where the target TxEventQ is intended to be created. Only provide this value for DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY_DEFINITION mode.
	If the invoker is on a different schema than txeventqschema, it needs MANAGE_ANY queue system privilege to execute this procedure successfully.
txeventqname	Specifies the name of the queue for the target TxEventQ to be created. Only provide this value for ${\tt DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY\_DEFINITION}$ mode.



Table 30-10 (Cont.) INIT\_MIGRATION Procedure Parameters

#### Parameter Description

mig mode

Specifies the migration mode. The following are the possible values: DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.AUTOMATIC: Enqueue and dequeue operations are allowed in this mode, but a background job will attempt to execute DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION once no messages are left in the READY state in AQ and no unsupported features are detected.

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.INTERACTIVE (Default): In this mode, both enqueue and dequeue operations are allowed.

 ${\tt DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.OFFLINE:} \ \ \textbf{Only dequeue operations are allowed in this mode, which helps in reducing the workload by restricting the new enqueue operations.}$ 

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY\_DEFINITION: This mode creates a separate TxEventQ with the same configuration as the AQ instead of an interim TxEventQ setup. This completes the migration process, with AQ and TxEventQ remaining in the system. The messages present in AQ will not be copied to the newly created TxEventQ.



For the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY\_DEFINITION mode, there is no need to call DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION or DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL\_MIGRATION to complete or cancel the migration; this DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.INIT\_MIGRATION call is sufficient. However, for other modes, the user must explicitly call other procedures in the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL package to proceed further.

ordering

Specifies the message level ordering the user wants to follow. The following are the possible values:

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.SESSION: This option imposes a message order only for a session. The number of event streams in the TxEventQ will be set based on the initialization parameter \_aq\_init\_shards. Oracle recommends using this option to achieve the full performance benefits of TxEventQ.

suffix

Specifies a single character suffix for naming the interim TxEventQ. The interim TxEventQ name will be in the format <cqname>\_<suffix>. The default value for the suffix is M.

#### **Usage Notes**

- This procedure will also create the default exception queue on the TxEventQ, following the naming format AQ\$\_<TxEventQ\_name>\_E.
- The following points are not relevant for DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY\_DEFINITION mode but apply to other modes:

- It restricts AQ from administrative operations to maintain interim TxEventQ configuration integrity until the migration is completed or canceled.
- The Engueue Dequeue operations are allowed on AQ:
  - Enqueue requests for new messages are directed to the interim TxEventQ.
  - \* Messages are first dequeued from AQ. If no messages are in the READY state, then messages are dequeued from the interim TxEventQ.
- Users are restricted from performing all direct operations on the interim TxEventQ.
   Enqueue and dequeue operations on interim TxEventQ will always be performed through AQ.
- If the procedure triggers an exception due to the detection of unsupported features, it is recommended to use the <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK\_MIGRATION\_TO\_TXEVENTQ</code> procedure to obtain a detailed list of the detected unsupported features.
- If there is a name conflict, such as when a queue (AQ) being migrated shares the same name as the queue table in which it resides, then only the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY\_DEFINITION mode is supported. For any other modes, attempting to proceed will result in an exception being raised.

# PURGE\_QUEUE\_MESSAGES Procedure

This procedure purges messages from the queue. It can perform message purging from the AQ, the interim TxEventQ, or both, depending on user input.

Specifically, one of the prerequisites for executing <code>DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION</code> is to ensure an empty AQ, meaning no messages in the <code>READY</code> state. This procedure allows users to efficiently purge all messages from the AQ to fulfill this requirement.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 30-11 PURGE\_QUEUE\_MESSAGES Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue where the migration process started
purge_option	Specifies the option from which queue messages need to be purged. The following options are available:
	DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY_CQ (Default): Purge messages only from the AQ.
	DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.ONLY_TXEVENTQ: Purge messages only from the interim TxEventQ.
	DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.BOTH_Q: Purge messages from both the AQ and the interim TxEventQ.



### **Usage Notes**

Suppose the count of messages in the READY state within the AQ is obtained from the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CHECK\_MIGRATED\_MESSAGE procedure is large, and the user wishes to speed up the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION process without waiting for dequeues to consume the messages, the DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.PURGE\_QUEUE\_MESSAGES procedure can be used.

A prerequisite for this procedure is that the migration must already be started on the queue, meaning DBMS AQMIGTOOL.INIT MIGRATION should be invoked before executing this procedure.

# RECOVER\_MIGRATION Procedure

This procedure restores the migration state to the nearest feasible and consistent point, either before or after the execution of DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL\_MIGRATION,

DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT\_MIGRATION, or DBMS\_AQMIGTOOL.INIT\_MIGRATION. The recovered state is then displayed to the user through the output parameter recovery\_message, providing guidance for further action. If migration procedures experience unexpected failures, such as instance crashes, then this procedure can be used to recover the migration to the nearest consistent state like before INIT\_MIGRATION, after INIT\_MIGRATION, after COMMIT\_MIRGATION, and after CANCEL MIGRATION.

### **Syntax**

```
PROCEDURE DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.RECOVER_MIGRATION (
cqschema IN VARCHAR2,
cqname IN VARCHAR2,
recovery_message OUT VARCHAR2);
```

#### **Parameters**

Table 30-12 RECOVER\_MIGRATION Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
cqschema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
cqname	Specifies the name of the queue where the migration procedure was attempted
recovery_message	Returns a descriptive message indicating the restored migration state's nearest feasible and consistent point

#### **Usage Notes**

The following table shows all the possible recovery\_message:

Table 30-13 Recommended action table according to recovery\_message

Error while executing migration procedure:	recovery_message	Recommended Action
DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.INIT_MIGRATION	State is restored to before INIT_MIGRATION call execution.	To start the migration, the user must explicitly call DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.INIT_MIGRAT ION again.



Table 30-13 (Cont.) Recommended action table according to recovery\_message

Error while executing migration procedure:	recovery_message	Recommended Action
DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.INIT_MIGRAT ION	State is restored to after INIT_MIGRATION call execution.	No further action is needed to start the migration, as this procedure has successfully started.
DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.COMMIT_MIGR ATION	State is restored to after COMMIT_MIGRATION call execution.	No further action is needed to complete the migration, as this procedure has successfully completed it.
DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL_MIGR ATION	State is restored to before CANCEL_MIGRATION call execution.	To proceed with canceling the migration, the user must explicitly call  DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL_MIGR  ATION again.
DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.CANCEL_MIGRATION	State is restored to after CANCEL_MIGRATION call execution.	No further action is needed to cancel the migration, as this procedure has successfully cancelled it.
No migration procedure	No need for recovery call.	Since no migration procedure execution is detected, restoring it to the nearest feasible and consistent point is not required.

# RENAME\_QUEUE Procedure

This procedure renames the TxEventQ along with its default exception queue if present.

## **Syntax**

```
PROCEDURE DBMS_AQMIGTOOL.RENAME_QUEUE (
schema IN VARCHAR2,
qname IN VARCHAR2,
new_qname IN VARCHAR2);
```

## **Parameters**

Table 30-14 RENAME\_QUEUE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
schema	Specifies the schema name where the queue exists
qname	Specifies the current name of the queue to be renamed
new_qname	Specify the new name to be given to the existing queue. The new name must be unique within a schema and must follow object name guidelines in Oracle Database SQL Language Reference with regard to reserved characters.

# **Usage Notes**

This procedure requires a prerequisite step: the user must perform <code>DBMS\_AQADM.STOP\_QUEUE</code> to ensure there are no concurrent enqueue and dequeue transactions.

If the default exception queue is present, it will be renamed from <code><schema>.AQ\$\_<qname>\_E</code> to <code><schema>.AQ\$\_<new\_qname>\_E</code>.

