# DBMS\_MONITOR

The DBMS\_MONITOR package enables you to use PL/SQL for controlling additional tracing and statistics gathering.

The chapter contains the following topics:

Summary of DBMS\_MONITOR Subprograms

## Summary of DBMS\_MONITOR Subprograms

This table lists the  ${\tt DBMS\_MONITOR}$  subprograms and briefly describes them.

Table 134-1 DBMS\_MONITOR Package Subprograms

Subprogram	Description
CLIENT_ID_STAT_DISABLE Procedure	Disables statistic gathering previously enabled for a given Client Identifier
CLIENT_ID_STAT_ENABLE Procedure	Enables statistic gathering for a given Client Identifier
CLIENT_ID_TRACE_DISABLE Procedure	Disables the trace previously enabled for a given Client Identifier globally for the database
CLIENT_ID_TRACE_ENABLE Procedure	Enables the trace for a given Client Identifier globally for the database
DATABASE_TRACE_DISABLE Procedure	Disables SQL trace for the whole database or a specific instance
DATABASE_TRACE_ENABLE Procedure	Enables SQL trace for the whole database or a specific instance
SERV_MOD_ACT_STAT_DISABLE Procedure	Disables statistic gathering enabled for a given combination of Service Name, MODULE and ACTION
SERV_MOD_ACT_STAT_ENABLE Procedure	Enables statistic gathering for a given combination of Service Name, MODULE and ACTION
SERV_MOD_ACT_TRACE_DISABL E Procedure	Disables the trace for ALL enabled instances for a or a given combination of Service Name, MODULE and ACTION name globally
SERV_MOD_ACT_TRACE_ENABLE Procedure	Enables SQL tracing for a given combination of Service Name, MODULE and ACTION globally unless an instance_name is specified
SESSION_TRACE_DISABLE Procedure	Disables the previously enabled trace for a given database session identifier (SID) on the local instance
SESSION_TRACE_ENABLE Procedure	Enables the trace for a given database session identifier (SID) on the local instance

### CLIENT\_ID\_STAT\_DISABLE Procedure

This procedure will disable statistics accumulation for all instances and remove the accumulated results from V\$CLIENT\_STATS view enabled by the CLIENT\_ID\_STAT\_ENABLE Procedure.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-2 CLIENT ID STAT DISABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
client_id	Client Identifier for which statistic aggregation is disabled

#### **Examples**

#### To disable accumulation:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.CLIENT_ID_STAT_DISABLE('janedoe');
```

### CLIENT\_ID\_STAT\_ENABLE Procedure

This procedure enables statistic gathering for a given Client Identifier.

Statistics gathering is global for the database and persistent across instance starts and restarts. That is, statistics are enabled for all instances of the same database, including restarts. Statistics are viewable through V\$CLIENT STATS views.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-3 CLIENT ID STAT ENABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
client_id	Client Identifier for which statistic aggregation is enabled

#### **Examples**

To enable statistic accumulation for a client with a given client ID:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.CLIENT_ID_STAT_ENABLE('janedoe');
```

### CLIENT\_ID\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure

This procedure will disable tracing enabled by the CLIENT ID TRACE ENABLE Procedure.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-4 CLIENT\_ID\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
client_id	Client Identifier for which SQL tracing is disabled

#### **Examples**

```
EXECUTE DBMS MONITOR.CLIENT ID TRACE DISABLE ('janedoe');
```

### CLIENT\_ID\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure

This procedure will enable the trace for a given client identifier globally for the database.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-5 CLIENT\_ID\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
client_id	Database Session Identifier for which SQL tracing is enabled
waits	If TRUE, wait information is present in the trace
binds	If TRUE, bind information is present in the trace
plan_stat	Frequency at which we dump row source statistics. Value should be 'NEVER', 'FIRST_EXECUTION' (equivalent to NULL) or 'ALL_EXECUTIONS'.

#### **Usage Notes**

- The trace will be written to multiple trace files because more than one Oracle shadow process can work on behalf of a given client identifier.
- The tracing is enabled for all instances and persistent across restarts.

#### **Examples**

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.CLIENT_ID_TRACE_ENABLE('janedoe', TRUE,
FALSE);
```

### DATABASE\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure

This procedure disables SQL trace for the whole database or a specific instance.

#### **Syntax**

```
DBMS_MONITOR.DATABASE_TRACE_DISABLE(
   instance name IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT NULL);
```

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-6 DATABASE\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter Description	
Parameter	Description
instance_name	Disables tracing for the named instance

### DATABASE\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure

This procedure enables SQL trace for the whole database or a specific instance.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-7 DATABASE\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
waits	If TRUE, wait information will be present in the trace
binds	If $\mathtt{TRUE},$ bind information will be present in the trace
instance_name	If set, restricts tracing to the named instance
plan_stat	Frequency at which we dump row source statistics. Value should be 'NEVER', 'FIRST_EXECUTION' (equivalent to NULL) or 'ALL_EXECUTIONS'.

### SERV\_MOD\_ACT\_STAT\_DISABLE Procedure

This procedure will disable statistics accumulation and remove the accumulated results from V\$SERV MOD ACT STATS view.

Statistics disabling is persistent for the database. That is, service statistics are disabled for instances of the same database (plus dblinks that have been activated as a result of the enable).

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

Table 134-8 SERV\_MOD\_ACT\_STAT\_DISABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
service_name	Name of the service for which statistic aggregation is disabled
module_name	Name of the MODULE. An additional qualifier for the service. It is a required parameter.
action_name	Name of the ACTION. An additional qualifier for the Service and MODULE name. Omitting the parameter (or supplying ALL_ACTIONS constant) means enabling aggregation for all Actions for a given Service/MODULE combination. In this case, statistics are aggregated on the module level.

#### **Usage Notes**

Regarding statistics gathering, when you change the module or action, the change takes effect when the next user call is executed in the session. For example, if a module is set to 'module 1' in a session, and the module is reset to 'module 2' in a user call in the session, then the module remains 'module 1' during this user call. The module is changed to 'module 2' in the next user call in the session.

### SERV MOD ACT STAT ENABLE Procedure

This procedure enables statistic gathering for a given combination of Service Name, MODULE and ACTION.

Calling this procedure enables statistic gathering for a hierarchical combination of Service name, MODULE name, and ACTION name on all instances for the same database. Statistics are accessible by means of the V\$SERV MOD ACT STATS view.

#### **Syntax**



#### **Parameters**

Table 134-9 SERV MOD ACT STAT ENABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
service name	Name of the service for which statistic aggregation is enabled
module_name	Name of the MODULE. An additional qualifier for the service. It is a required parameter.
action_name	Name of the ACTION. An additional qualifier for the Service and MODULE name. Omitting the parameter (or supplying ALL_ACTIONS constant) means enabling aggregation for all Actions for a given Service/MODULE combination. In this case, statistics are aggregated on the module level.

#### **Usage Notes**

Enabling statistic aggregation for the given combination of Service/Module/Action names is slightly complicated by the fact that the Module/Action values can be empty strings which are indistinguishable from NULLs. For this reason, we adopt the following conventions:

A special constant (unlikely to be a real action names) is defined:

```
ALL ACTIONS constant VARCHAR2 := '###ALL ACTIONS';
```

Using  $ALL\_ACTIONS$  for an action specification means that aggregation is enabled for all actions with a given module name, while using NULL (or empty string) means that aggregation is enabled for an action whose name is an empty string.

Regarding statistics gathering, when you change the module or action, the change takes effect when the next user call is executed in the session. For example, if a module is set to 'module 1' in a session, and the module is reset to 'module 2' in a user call in the session, then the module remains 'module 1' during this user call. The module is changed to 'module 2' in the next user call in the session.

#### **Examples**

To enable statistic accumulation for a given combination of Service name and MODULE:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_STAT_ENABLE( 'APPS1', 'PAYROLL');
```

To enable statistic accumulation for a given combination of Service name, MODULE and ACTION:

```
EXECUTE
DBMS MONITOR.SERV MOD ACT STAT ENABLE('APPS1','GLEDGER','DEBIT ENTRY');
```

If both of the preceding commands are issued, statistics are accumulated as follows:

- For the APPS1 service, because accumulation for each Service Name is the default.
- For all actions in the PAYROLL Module.
- For the DEBIT ENTRY Action within the GLEDGER Module.



### SERV\_MOD\_ACT\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure

This procedure will disable the trace at ALL enabled instances for a given combination of Service Name, MODULE, and ACTION name globally.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-10 SERV\_MOD\_ACT\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
service_name	Name of the service for which tracing is disabled.
module_name	Name of the MODULE. An additional qualifier for the service
action_name	Name of the ${\tt ACTION}.$ An additional qualifier for the Service and ${\tt MODULE}$ name.
instance_name	If set, this restricts tracing to the named instance_name

#### **Usage Notes**

Specifying NULL for the module\_name parameter means that statistics will no longer be accumulated for the sessions which do not set the MODULE attribute.

#### **Examples**

#### To enable tracing for a Service named APPS1:

#### To disable tracing specified in the previous step:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_TRACE_DISABLE('APPS1');
```

#### To enable tracing for a given combination of Service and MODULE (all ACTIONS):

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_TRACE_ENABLE('APPS1','PAYROLL', DBMS_MONITOR.ALL_ACTIONS,TRUE,FALSE,NULL);
```

#### To disable tracing specified in the previous step:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_TRACE_DISABLE('APPS1', 'PAYROLL');
```



### SERV\_MOD\_ACT\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure

This procedure will enable SQL tracing for a given combination of Service Name, MODULE and ACTION globally unless an instance name is specified.

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

Table 134-11 SERV\_MOD\_ACT\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
service name	Name of the service for which SQL trace is enabled
module_name	Name of the MODULE for which SQL trace is enabled. An optional additional qualifier for the service. If omitted, SQL trace is enabled or all modules and actions in a given service.
action_name	Name of the ACTION for which SQL trace is enabled. An optional additional qualifier for the Service and MODULE name. If omitted, SQL trace is enabled for all actions in a given module.
waits	If TRUE, wait information is present in the trace
binds	If TRUE, bind information is present in the trace
instance_name	If set, this restricts tracing to the named instance_name
plan_stat	Frequency at which we dump row source statistics. Value should be 'NEVER', 'FIRST_EXECUTION' (equivalent to NULL) or 'ALL_EXECUTIONS'.

#### **Usage Notes**

- The procedure enables a trace for a given combination of Service, MODULE and ACTION name. The specification is strictly hierarchical: Service Name or Service Name/MODULE, or Service Name, MODULE, and ACTION name must be specified. Omitting a qualifier behaves like a wild-card, so that not specifying an ACTION means all ACTIONS. Using the ALL\_ACTIONS constant achieves the same purpose.
- This tracing is useful when an application MODULE and optionally known ACTION is experiencing poor service levels.
- By default, tracing is enabled globally for the database. The instance\_name parameter is
  provided to restrict tracing to named instances that are known, for example, to exhibit poor
  service levels.
- Tracing information is present in multiple trace files and you must use the trcsess tool to collect it into a single file.

Specifying NULL for the module\_name parameter means that statistics will be accumulated
for the sessions which do not set the MODULE attribute.

#### **Examples**

To enable tracing for a Service named APPS1:

To enable tracing for a given combination of Service and MODULE (all ACTIONS):

### SESSION\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure

This procedure will disable the trace for a given database session at the local instance.

#### **Syntax**

```
DBMS_MONITOR.SESSION_TRACE_DISABLE(
session_id IN BINARY_INTEGER DEFAULT NULL,
serial_num IN BINARY_INTEGER DEFAULT NULL);
```

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-12 SESSION\_TRACE\_DISABLE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
session_id	Database Session Identifier for which SQL trace is disabled
serial_num	Serial number for this session

#### **Usage Notes**

If serial\_num is NULL but session\_id is specified, a session with a given session\_id is no longer traced irrespective of its serial number. If both session\_id and serial\_num are NULL, the current user session is no longer traced. It is illegal to specify NULL session\_id and non-NULL serial num. In addition, the NULL values are default and can be omitted.

#### **Examples**

To enable tracing for a client with a given client session ID:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.SESSION_TRACE_ENABLE(7,4634, TRUE, FALSE);
```

To disable tracing specified in the previous step:

```
EXECUTE DBMS MONITOR.SESSION TRACE DISABLE(7,4634);;
```



### SESSION\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure

This procedure enables a SQL trace for the given Session ID on the local instance

#### **Syntax**

#### **Parameters**

#### Table 134-13 SESSION\_TRACE\_ENABLE Procedure Parameters

Developed	Description
Parameter	Description
session_id	Client Identifier for which SQL trace is enabled. If omitted (or ${\tt NULL}),$ the user's own session is assumed.
serial_num	Serial number for this session. If omitted (or ${\tt NULL}$ ), only the session ID is used to determine a session.
waits	If TRUE, wait information is present in the trace
binds	If TRUE, bind information is present in the trace
plan_stat	Frequency at which we dump row source statistics. Value should be 'NEVER', 'FIRST_EXECUTION' (equivalent to NULL) or 'ALL_EXECUTIONS'.

#### **Usage Notes**

The procedure enables a trace for a given database session, and is still useful for client/server applications. The trace is enabled only on the instance to which the caller is connected, since database sessions do not span instances. This tracing is strictly local to an instance.

If serial\_num is NULL but session\_id is specified, a session with a given session\_id is traced irrespective of its serial number. If both session\_id and serial\_num are NULL, the current user session is traced. It is illegal to specify NULL session\_id and non-NULL serial\_num. In addition, the NULL values are default and can be omitted.

#### **Examples**

To enable tracing for a client with a given client session ID:

```
EXECUTE DBMS MONITOR.SESSION TRACE ENABLE (7,4634, TRUE, FALSE);
```

#### To disable tracing specified in the previous step:

```
EXECUTE DBMS MONITOR.SESSION TRACE DISABLE(7,4634);
```

#### Either

```
EXECUTE DBMS MONITOR.SESSION TRACE ENABLE(5);
```

#### or

```
EXECUTE DBMS MONITOR.SESSION TRACE ENABLE(5, NULL);
```

#### traces the session with session ID of 5, while either

EXECUTE DBMS\_MONITOR.SESSION\_TRACE\_ENABLE();

or

EXECUTE DBMS\_MONITOR.SESSION\_TRACE\_ENABLE(NULL, NULL);

traces the current user session. Also,

EXECUTE DBMS\_MONITOR.SESSION\_TRACE\_ENABLE(NULL, NULL, TRUE, TRUE);

traces the current user session including waits and binds. The same can be also expressed using keyword syntax:

EXECUTE DBMS\_MONITOR.SESSION\_TRACE\_ENABLE(binds=>TRUE);

