


DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE

DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE contains subprograms for evaluating cube materialized views to support log-based fast refresh and query rewrite.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE Security Model](#)
- [Summary of DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE Subprograms](#)

 **See Also:**
Oracle OLAP User's Guide for information about cube materialized views

DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE Security Model

The MV_CUBE_ADVICE function requires the ADVISOR privilege.

Summary of DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE Subprograms

This table lists and describes the DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE subprograms.

Table 60-1 Summary of DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE Subprograms

Subprogram	Description
MV_CUBE_ADVICE Function	Evaluates the metadata of a cube materialized view and generates recommendations for constraints, SQL dimension objects, and materialized view logs to support a broad range of query rewrite and fast refresh opportunities.
SET_CNS_EXCEPTION_LOG Procedure	Identifies the name of an exception log used in validated constraints generated by MV_CUBE_ADVICE.
TRACE Procedure	Displays or suppresses diagnostic messages for MV_CUBE_ADVICE.

MV_CUBE_ADVICE Function

This table function evaluates the metadata for a specified cube materialized view. It generates recommendations and returns them as a SQL result set. These SQL statements can be used to create constraints, SQL dimension objects, and materialized view logs that allow the broadest range of query rewrite transformations and log-based fast refresh of the cube materialized view.

Syntax

```
DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE.MV_CUBE_ADVICE (  
    owner          IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT USER,
```

```

        mvname      IN  VARCHAR2,
        reqtype     IN  VARCHAR2  DEFAULT '0',
        validate    IN  NUMBER    DEFAULT 0)
RETURN COAD_ADVICE_T PIPELINED;
```

Parameters

Table 60-2 MV_CUBE_ADVISE Function Parameters

Parameter	Description
owner	Owner of the cube materialized view
mvname	Name of the cube, such as UNITS_CUBE, or the cube materialized view, such as CB\$UNITS_CUBE
reqtype	Type of advice to generate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: All applicable advice types 1: Column NOT NULL constraints 2: Primary key constraints 3: Foreign key constraints 4: Relational dimension objects 5: Cube materialized view logs with primary key
validate	Validation option: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Validate the constraints 1: Do not validate the constraints

Returns

A table of type COAD_ADVICE_T, consisting of a set of rows of type COAD_ADVICE_REC. [Table 60-3](#) describes the columns.

Table 60-3 MV_CUBE_ADVISE Return Values

Column	Datatype	Description
OWNER	VARCHAR2 (30)	Owner of the dimensional object identified in APIOBJECT.
APIOBJECT	VARCHAR2 (30)	Name of a cube enhanced with materialized view capabilities, such as UNITS_CUBE.
SQLOBJOWN	VARCHAR2 (30)	Owner of the relational object identified in SQLOBJECT.
SQLOBJECT	VARCHAR2 (65)	Name of the master table, such as UNITS_FACT, or the cube materialized view, such as CB\$UNITS_CUBE.
ADVICETYPE	NUMBER (38, 0)	Type of recommendation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Create NOT NULL constraints on the foreign key columns 2: Create primary key constraints on the master table 3: Create primary key constraints on the master view 4: Create foreign key constraints on the master table 5: Create foreign key constraints on the master view 6: Create relational dimensions on the master dimension tables 7: Create a materialized view log 8: Compile the materialized view

Table 60-3 (Cont.) MV_CUBE_ADVISE Return Values

Column	Datatype	Description
DISPOSITION	CLOB	Pre-existing conditions that conflict with the recommendations and should be resolved before <code>SQLTEXT</code> can be executed.
SQLTEXT	CLOB	SQL statement that implements the recommendation.
DROPTTEXT	CLOB	SQL statement that reverses <code>SQLTEXT</code> . Pre-existing conditions may prevent these statements from restoring the schema to its previous state.

Usage Notes

This function is available in Analytic Workspace Manager as the Materialized View Advisor, which will generate a SQL script with the recommendations.

You can query the returned rows the same as any other table, as shown in the example.

`MV_CUBE_ADVISE` generates unique object names each time it is called. You should execute the function once, capture the results, and work with those SQL statements.

Take care when dropping database objects. If a table already has a materialized view log, it will have the same name used in the `SQL DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG` statement in the `DROPTTEXT` column. You should avoid inadvertently dropping materialized view logs, especially when they may be used for remote data replication.

Examples

The following query displays the SQL statements recommended by `MV_CUBE_ADVISE`. `UNITS_FACT` is the master table for `UNITS_CUBE`, and `MV_CUBE_ADVISE` generates an `ALTER TABLE` command to add primary key constraints.

It also generates an `ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW` command to compile the `CB$UNITS_CUBE` cube materialized view.

```
SQL> SELECT apiobject, sqlobject, sqltext
       FROM TABLE(dbms_cube_advise.mv_cube_advise('GLOBAL', 'CB$UNITS_CUBE'));
```

APIOBJECT	SQLOBJECT	SQLTEXT
UNITS_CUBE	UNITS_FACT	alter table "GLOBAL"."UNITS_FACT" add constraint "COAD_PK000208" PRIMARY KEY ("CHANNEL_ID", "ITEM_ID", "SHIP_TO_ID", "MONTH_ID") rely disable novalidate
UNITS_CUBE	CB\$UNITS_CUBE	alter materialized view "GLOBAL"."CB\$UNITS_CUBE" compile

SET_CNS_EXCEPTION_LOG Procedure

This procedure identifies the name of an exception log used in validated constraints generated by MV_CUBE_ADVICE.

Syntax

```
DBMS_CUBE_ADVICE.SET_CNS_EXCEPTION_LOG (
    exceptlogtab IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT user.EXCEPTIONS);
```

Parameters

Table 60-4 SET_CNS_EXCEPTION_LOG Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
exceptlogtab	The name of an existing exception log.

Usage Notes

To create an exception log, use the `utlexcpt.sql` or the `utlexpt1.sql` script before executing `SET_CNS_EXCEPTION_LOG`.

The `validate` parameter of `MV_CUBE_ADVICE` must be set to 1.

Examples

The `utlexcpt.sql` script creates a table named `EXCEPTIONS`, and the `SET_CNS_EXCEPTION_LOG` procedure identifies it as the exception log for `MV_CUBE_ADVICE`. The `ALTER TABLE` statement now includes the clause `VALIDATE EXCEPTIONS INTO "GLOBAL"."EXCEPTIONS"`.

```
SQL> @utlexcpt
Table created.
```

```
SQL> EXECUTE dbms_cube_advice.set_cns_exception_log;
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> SELECT apiobject, sqlobject, advicetype type, sqltext
       FROM TABLE(
         dbms_cube_advice.mv_cube_advice('GLOBAL', 'CB$UNITS_CUBE', '2', 1));
```

APIOBJECT	SQLOBJECT	TYPE	SQLTEXT
UNITS_CUBE	UNITS_FACT	2	alter table "GLOBAL"."UNITS_FACT" add constraint "COAD_PK000219" PRIMARY KEY ("CHANNEL_ID", "ITEM_ID", "SHIP_TO_ID", "MONTH_ID") norely enable validate exceptions into "GLOBAL"."EXCEPTIONS"
UNITS_CUBE	CB\$UNITS_CUBE	8	alter materialized view "GLOBAL"."CB\$UNITS_CUBE" compile

TRACE Procedure

This procedure turns on and off diagnostic messages to server output for the `MV_CUBE_ADVISE` function.

Syntax

```
DBMS_CUBE_ADVISE.TRACE (
    diaglevel          IN  BINARY_INTEGER DEFAULT 0);
```

Parameters

Table 60-5 TRACE Procedure Parameters

Parameter	Description
diaglevel	0 to turn tracing off, or 1 to turn tracing on.

Examples

The following example directs the diagnostic messages to server output. The SQL*Plus `SERVEROUTPUT` setting displays the messages.

```
SQL> SET SERVEROUT ON FORMAT WRAPPED
SQL> EXECUTE dbms_cube_advise.trace(1);
DBMS_COAD_DIAG: Changing diagLevel from [0] to [1]
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> SELECT sqlobject, sqltext, droptext
       FROM TABLE(
         dbms_cube_advise.mv_cube_advise('GLOBAL', 'CB$UNITS_CUBE'))
       WHERE apiobject='UNITS_CUBE';
```

SQLOBJECT	SQLTEXT	DROPTEXT
UNITS_FACT	alter table "GLOBAL"."UNITS_FACT" add co nstraint "COAD_PK000222" PRIMARY KEY ("C HANNEL_ID", "ITEM_ID", "SHIP_TO_ID", "MO NTH_ID") rely disable novalidate	alter table "GLOBAL"."UNITS_FACT" drop c nstraint "COAD_PK000222" cascade
CB\$UNITS_CUBE	alter materialized view "GLOBAL"."CB\$UNI TS_CUBE" compile	alter materialized view "GLOBAL"."CB\$UNI TS_CUBE" compile

```
20070706 07:25:27.462780000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Parameter mvOwner   : GLOBAL
20070706 07:25:27.462922000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Parameter mvName    : CB$UNITS_CUBE
20070706 07:25:27.462967000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Parameter factTab   : .
20070706 07:25:27.463011000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Parameter cubeName  : UNITS_CUBE
20070706 07:25:27.463053000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Parameter cnsState  : rely disable novalidate
20070706 07:25:27.463094000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Parameter NNState   : disable novalidate
20070706 07:25:27.462368000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Begin NN:
20070706 07:25:27.833530000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: End   NN:
20070706 07:25:27.833620000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Begin PK:
20070706 07:25:28.853418000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: End   PK:
20070706 07:25:28.853550000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Begin FK:
20070706 07:25:28.853282000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: End   FK:
20070706 07:25:28.853359000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Begin RD:
20070706 07:25:29.660471000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: End   RD:
```

```
20070706 07:25:29.661363000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: Begin CM:
20070706 07:25:29.665106000 DBMS_COAD_DIAG NOTE: End   CM:
```

```
SQL> EXECUTE dbms_cube_advise.trace(0);
DBMS_COAD_DIAG: Changing diagLevel from [1] to [0]
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```