

FORMULAS

- real GDP per person: $\frac{Y_t}{\text{population}}$ Y_t : real GDP at t
- real GDP growth: $\frac{Y_t - Y_{t-1}}{Y_{t-1}}$ Y_{t-1} : real GDP at t-1
- GDP deflator: $P_t = \frac{nGDP}{rGDP} = \frac{\$Y_t}{Y_t}$ $\$Y_t$: nominal GDP
- inflation rate: $\pi_t = \frac{P_t - P_{t-1}}{P_{t-1}}$
- labor force: $L = N + U$ U : unemployment; N : employment
- unemployment rate: $u = \frac{U}{L}$
- participation rate: $\frac{L}{\text{population}}$
- production/output/supply/GDP: $Y = C + I + G$ C : consumption; I : investment; G : gov't spending
- demand: $Z \equiv C + I + G$
- consumption: $C = c_0 + c_1 \times Y_D$
- disposable income: $Y_D = Y - T$ Y : income; T : tax
- goods market equilibrium: $Y = \frac{1}{1-c_1}[c_0 + I + G - c_1 T]$
- demand for money: $M^d = \$Y \times L(i)$
- supply for money: $M^s = M$
- money market equilibrium: $\frac{M}{P} = YL(i)$
- IS relation: $Y = C(Y - T) + I(Y, i) + G$
- LM relation: $i = \bar{i}$
- real interest rate: $r_t = i_t - \pi_{t+1}^e$ i_t : nominal interest rate; π_{t+1}^e : expected inflation
- risk premium: $x = (1 + i) \frac{p}{1-p}$ i : interest rate on risk-free borrowing; p : probability of default
- extended IS relation: $Y = C(Y - T) + I(Y, r + x) + G$ r : real interest rate; x : risk premium
- extended LM relation: $r = \bar{r}$ \bar{r} : policy rate