

What's So Special About Philosophy?

Unraveling Wikipedia's First Link Network

Abstract

Apples, oranges, and the most obscure Dylan song too—is everything a few clicks from Philosophy? Within Wikipedia, the surprising answer is yes: nearly all paths^{1 2} lead to Philosophy. Wikipedia is the largest, most meticulously indexed collection of human knowledge ever amassed.³ More than information about a topic though, Wikipedia is a marvelous web of naturally emerging relationships. By following the first link in an article, we connect entries to form a directed network within Wikipedia: Wikipedia's First Link Network. Here we study Wikipedia's First Link Network for insight into how we related topics, ideas, people, objects, and events.

We algorithmically parse every article on the English Wikipedia to construct a map of the First Link Network. We then traverse the network, following every possible path to uncover the network's structure. We discover many scale-free distributions, find Philosophy at a salient center, and uncover a flow from specific to general with basins around fundamental notions such as Community, State, and Science. Curiously, we also observe a gravitation towards topical articles including Health Care and Fossil Fuel. These findings enrich our view of how we connect and structure an ever growing load of information.

At no point in history has a larger or more meticulously indexed collection of human knowledge existed. In amassing such an awe-inspiring collection, we formed an equally impressive web. Through the efforts of millions of individuals, working independently, ((cite)) we naturally linked topics, inventions, people, objects, places, and events across space and time. The web we weaved, and continue to weave, is a wealth of information not only about those notable inventions, places, figures, and ideas, but also about *relationships* among them. Here we study the relationships in this naturally arising web through the hyperlinks connecting one article to another.

We build Wikipedia's First Link Network by following the first link, not in parenthesis, inside the main body of each article in the English version of Wikipedia. For the directed network to meaningfully reflect how we associate one article to another, we exclude links in parenthesis, disregarding pronunciation keys or disambiguations. We also exclude any links in the side-bar elements, as well as any links to external pages, files, or WikiMedia projects outside of Wikipedia (such as Wiktionary). This procedure corresponds to the original claim in 2008 about the percentage of pages with first links

¹ nearly 99.6% of first link paths, ending inside Wikipedia, lead to the Philosophy article (see traversal funnels discussion for details).

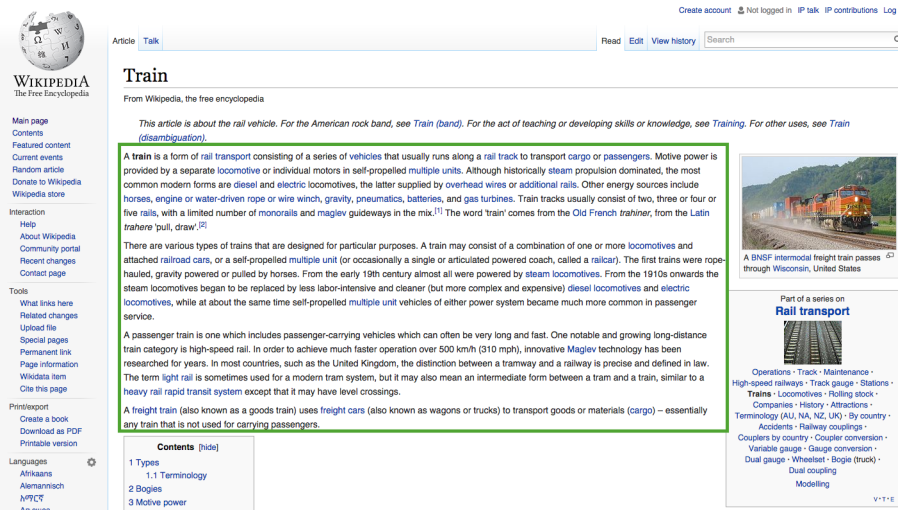
² An analysis performed in 2011 by Mat Kelcey posted on his blog (and a similar post by Ilmari Karonen) suggest 94.5% of articles end up at Philosophy.

³ cite MIT Tech Review Article: <http://www.technologyreview.com/featuredstory/520446/the-decline-of-wikipedia/>

to "Philosophy"^{4 5 6}

The result is a directed network placing every article in a broader web of ideas.

Figure 1: Wikipedia Train



I. CONSTRUCTING THE FIRST LINK NETWORK

To map Wikipedia's First Link Network, we use the freely-available XML dump of the English Wikipedia. Rather than rely on a sample of articles from which to generalize, we opted to process the entirety of Wikipedia, eliminating any statistical error due to sampling. We analyze the snapshot provided on November 2014, representing the state of Wikipedia at the time. The November raw dump consists of 11 million articles: 4.7 million unique articles along with redirects and disambiguations. Knowing Wikipedia is an ever-evolving project with 10 edits every second and 750 new articles per day on average ((cite)), our aim is to characterize the dynamics of the First Link Network, not record a particular link between one article and another.

Wikipedia renders and stores articles in MediaWiki markup, a markup language with syntax and keywords to format and mark elements in a page. Along with special syntax for links, MediaWiki markup includes templates for audio files, images, and side-bar information. While a human can accurately identify the first link, to map the entire First Link Network of 11 million articles, we programmatically untangled the body text from side-bar, header box, and invalid link elements.

While some libraries exist for MediaWiki Markup, we opted to develop our own algorithm for parsing the first link in the XML version of each article.⁷ Our parsing algorithm aimed to: 1. squash the initial bugs 2. eliminate the need for several passes. To process an article with one pass, we developed a hierarchical system of flags:

⁴ <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia:GettingtoPhilosophy>

⁵ <http://xkcd.com/903/>

⁶ <https://www.reddit.com/r/pics/comments/gpdhb/trythiswikipediaindfk/>

⁷ Approaches using existing libraries led to several bugs including trouble with nested links, nested parenthesis, unclosed tags, escape characters as well as compatibility with other libraries used to parse the XML.

Flag 1: inside Wikimedia template?

trigger: {{

Flag 2: inside <ref>, <div>?

Flag 3: inside ()?

[[better graphic to come]]

The algorithm loops in three-character chunks to account for potentially nested elements, shifting by one character steps through the article markup. If any markup triggers for a flag are detected, a flag is raised. Once a flag is raised, we stop processing and proceed to the next character until the flag’s closing markup. A first link is identified only if Flags 1, 2, and 3 are all off. In this case, the entire link is retrieved. We then confirm the link is valid by filtering for MediaWiki keywords indicating external page or other projects as well as common file extensions for ((cite)) images, audio files, and the like. The first link of an article is then the earliest valid link with unraised flags.

To process the entirety of Wikipedia, we distributed the parsing and processing of the XML dump across 112 cores of the UVM supercomputer cluster ((cite)) We then joined the results to form a hash table containing every Wikipedia article and its corresponding first link. The resulting network map is the basis of our analysis.

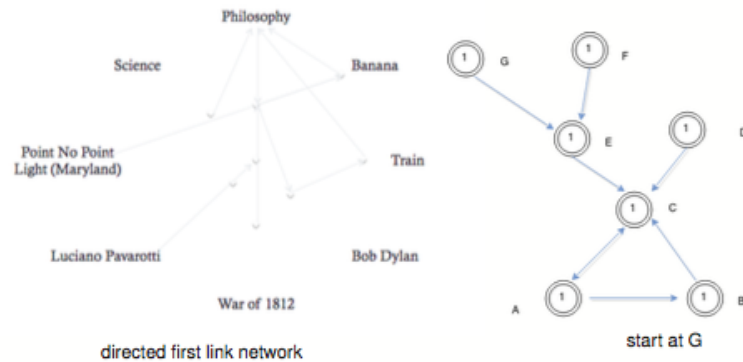
II. TRAVERSING THE NETWORK

To understand the structure of Wikipedia’s First Link Network, we aimed to characterize the dynamics of the flow from one article to another. Do links tend towards a particular article, group of articles, or various groups of articles? What is the flow of links through a typical article? What types of cycle (loop) structures exist in the network? What are typical paths from one article to loop or a dead end (invalid link)? Are there exceptionally long or short paths? Are there articles funneling the flow of links towards a particular path? In answering these questions about the directed network, we aimed to characterize how so many independent articles relate to each other.

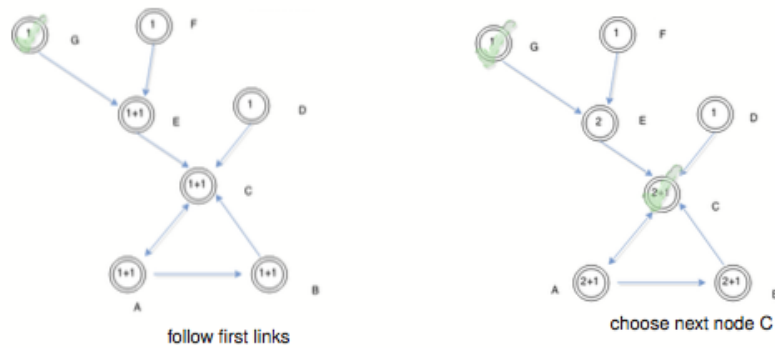
The n-degree, or number of links directly pointing to a particular article, while a natural measure, fails to fully capture the dynamics needed to answer these questions. The n-degree measures only the particular set of links to a particular article, rather than the richer dynamics of how the links flow through the network: where articles tend, what the typical and atypical paths through the network are, which articles funnel relatively more links and so on.

Consequently, we developed three metrics to capture the dynamics of how the First Links flow. First, we traverse the network to measure the accumulated number of visits each article receives:

Figure 2: traversing the network



Taking steps along the network



[[explain with better diagram]]

Figure 3: traverse procedure

Network Traversal

1. begin at any article (node)
2. first link +1
3. stop when page already visited

We also stop if the link is invalid. By repeating the procedure starting at each article, we traverse every possible first link path through the network. The method is order agnostic with respect to the order of articles selected. As long as each article is selected as a starting point, the resulting set of measured traversal visits is equivalent. More important, these traversals visits measure the accumulated flow of first links to an article, preserving the link relations through the network. We call this value the number of traversal visits for a given article.

[[expand, explain better]]

Precedence for the traversal approach comes from methods used in [[river networks?

leaf pruning approach in environmental studies? what to cite?]]

Second, we traverse the network in the same manner, but end our paths once we enter a cycle. We call the accumulated number of articles funneled, the number of traversal funnels, because we quantify which articles funnel more link paths in a particular direction or cycle.

Finally, we also track the path length, or the number of links until a repeated article or invalid link. Additionally, by recording the history of articles we traversed, we were able to map cycles in the network. The three metrics: traversal visits, traversals funnels, and path length, along with our path history yield a powerful arsenal of information with which to study the network. We can effectively answer questions about how the First Links Flow, identify both peculiar and popular articles (and groups of articles), as well as link paths.

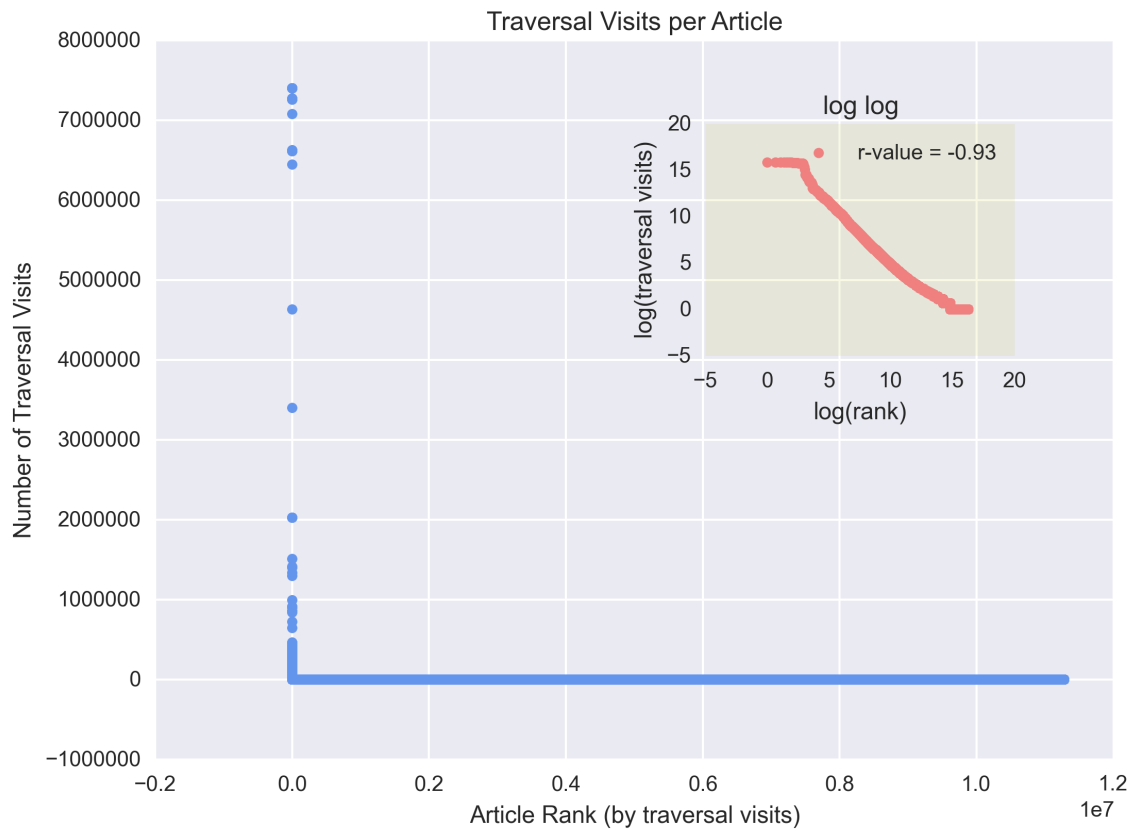
III. DISCOVERIES

We followed every possible path through the network, taking 232 million steps along the way to measure the accumulated number of traversal visits.

III.1 Traversal Visits

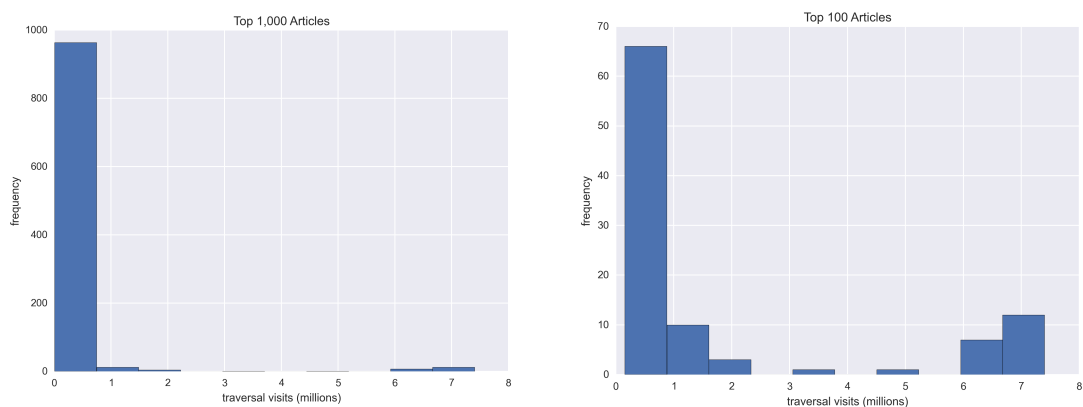
As a distribution, the number traversal visits per article appears scale-free. The majority of articles have fewer than 30 traversal visits, while few have 5 order of magnitude more traversal visits. Specifically, 99.76% of articles have fewer than 100 traversal visits; nearly 80% have none. Meanwhile, the highest ranking 30 articles have an extremely disproportionate number of traversal visits.

Figure 4: distribution of traversal visits



distribution of visits blah blah

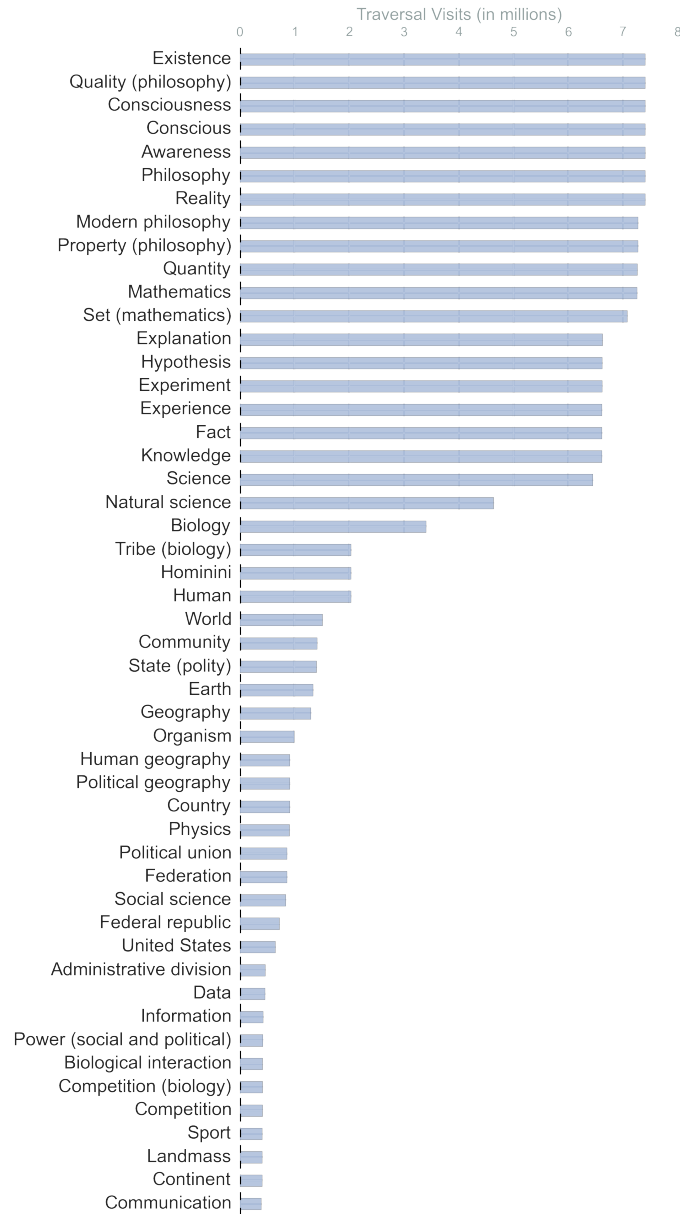
Figure 5: traversal visit distribution of highest ranking articles



The highest ranking articles include Philosophy alongside related articles such as "Existence", "Quality", and "Reality". Other high ranking articles include similarly founda-

tional ideas or abstracted disciplines such as "Science", "Biology", "Community", "State", "Earth", "Human Geography", "Information", and "Communication".

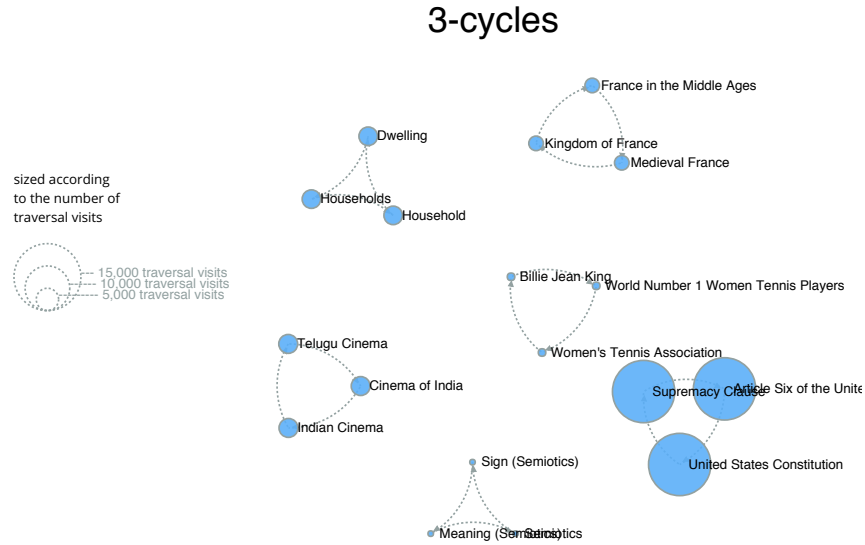
Figure 6: highest ranking articles by number of traversals



The recurrence of an exact number of traversal visits suggests some articles are part of a cycle. The "Philosophy" article for example sits in what seems like a cycle of seven other articles; "Hypothesis" appears to sit in a cycle of 6 other articles including "Experiment", "Fact", and "Knowledge". To confirm the suggested cycle structure, we recorded the history of articles traversed along a path.

Similarly, 3-cycles captured a synonymous or close relation among 3 articles: "Tree of life (Biology)", "Tree of life (disambiguation)", and "Tree of life"; "Cinema of India", "Indian Cinema", and "Telugu Cinema". Once we extend our cycle size beyond a length of 6 however, "Philosophy" along with the remaining list of high ranking articles by traversal visits dominate.

Figure 8: highest ranking 3-Cycles



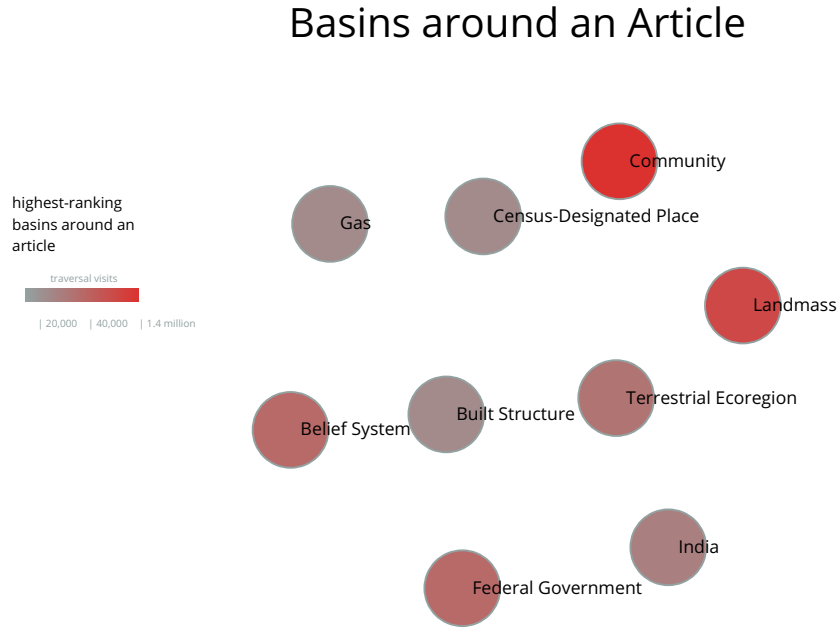
((diagram of cycles beyond length 10))

The longest cycle in the network spans 365 articles of Eastern Orthodox Liturgics for each calendar day. Curiously, on the last calendar day, the last article simply links back to January 1, forming a 365-cycle. Other lengthy cycles span 60-75 articles including collections of articles on national histories such as "Japanese Eras" or judicial bodies such as the "Legislative Assembly of Ontario".

III.3 Basins

We can group articles lying on the same path to identify basins of path-connected articles, not necessarily forming a perfectly closed cycle. Ranking basins by traversal visits, we find many of highest ranking basins are around "Philosophy" as we might expect. Looking beyond "Philosophy" however, we find high ranking basins around similarly foundational ideas: "Community", "Landmass", "Federal Government", "Presentation", and "Belief System". These concepts naturally emerge from the First Link Network potentially indicating pillars, which anchor specific knowledge in a broader, simpler concept.

Figure 9: highest ranking 3-Cycles

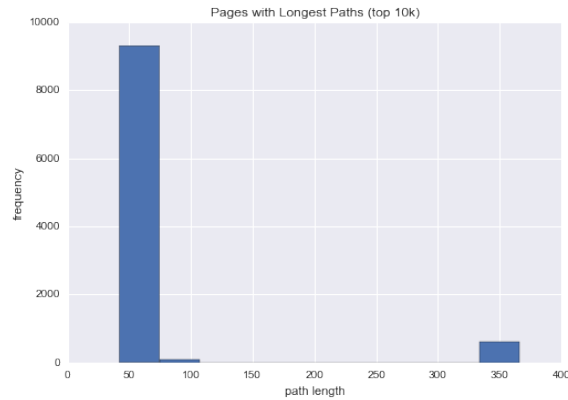


III.4 Path Length

In addition to identifying cycles and cycle lengths, we also measure the traversal path length, which includes articles outside of cycles. Path length measures the number of links traversed until a repeated or invalid link. We discovered the longest path length is also 365, matching the longest cycle of Orthodox Liturgics. We also found similarly lengthy paths following the evolution of a place or topic through time: "1953 in Scotland" or "1560s Architecture", with articles sequentially proceeding by year, decade or era.

Of the 11 million articles, 5.5 million had an invalid link or linked back to the same article, yielding a path length of zero. The most common path length is 29, with an interquartile range (26, 30). The distribution of path lengths is similarly scale-free with few articles at the extreme of 365 path lengths, while the majority is between 26-30:

Figure 10: Longest Path Lengths

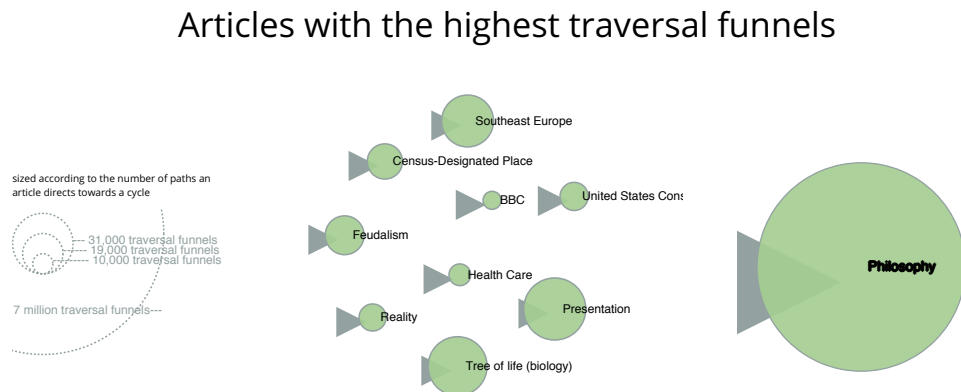


III.5 Traversal Funnels

Measuring only traversal visits however is limiting as it does not distinguish whether a particular article in a cycle is a funnel, directing many more paths inside the cycle than others. To distinguish among articles in a cycle, we also measured traversal funnels, or the number of paths an article directs towards a cycle. Here we count the number of traversal visits up to a cycle, so that accumulation does not flow to all articles in a cycle. The importance here is to distinguish an article that happens to be connected to another article with many traversal visits from an article directly funneling many paths.

Measuring traversal funnels reveals a dramatically different structure where "Philosophy" stands unmatched by orders of magnitude:

Figure 11: Top Funnels



Philosophy is not only a stand out the number of traversal visits, but also by the number articles "Philosophy" funnels into its cycle: [\[\[99.something\]\]](#) %. The second contributor to the Philosophy cycle is "Reality", funneling in a mere .2% of traversals visits in the

cycle. Even next to the contribution of the largest funnels, "Philosophy" is a singularity. In proportion, "Presentation" holds only 0.4% next to the number of traversal feeds for "Philosophy". Nevertheless, the other high ranking funnels are remarkably topical, culturally and politically important ideas. For example, "Health Care", a recently high-contested legislative topic [\[\[add google results trend\]\]](#) appears high on the list as it does in google search terms or ((media articles?)). Other high ranking articles include key historical events such as the "Cold War" or critical scarce resource with recent media discussion such as "Fossil Fuel". This coincidence of recent relevance and traversal feed rank suggests the First Link Network measurably represents meaningful relationships not only among ideas, but also to society ((english speaking)).

IV. REFLECTIONS

The findings here should only be considered within the limitations of their context. We examined only the English version of Wikipedia at a particular moment in time. Furthermore, we only studied the first link in the main body of each article as a means to related one article to another. Finally, Wikipedia, while the largest collection of human knowledge, is rife with the biases of the many contributing editors— male middle aged [\[\[substantiate and confirm\]\]](#). Nevertheless, the findings do reveal generalizable relationships, point to foundational notions, and uncover many curiosities.

Among the curiosities is the multiple appearance of scale-free distributions within the network. The three metrics we developed: path length, traversal visits, and traversal funnels are all marked by scale-free distributions. Few articles have most traversal visits, few paths have an exceptionally long path length, and even fewer articles are responsible for funneling most paths. When measured against the traversal funnels, "Philosophy" emerges as an exceptional article by orders of magnitude. Nevertheless, many other foundational ideas emerged naturally within the First Link Network. Basins around "Community", "State", and "Science" reveal a foundational structure within the network. More curious is the emergence of recently prominent political and economics topics such as "Fossil Fuel" and "Health Care" within the highest ranking funnels. Wikipedia seems to reflect not only timeless foundations, but also the topical (at least within English speaking society).

Future work could analyze other language versions of Wikipedia for potentially telling cultural or regional differences as well as expand the network beyond the first link to a subset or potentially all links. These findings also form the basis for the creation of a taxonomy where every idea, event, or object sits within a hierarchy of connected notions. The taxonomy would extend a traditional word thesaurus beyond mere synonyms to a related hierarchy of concepts. Applications could range from an enhanced thesaurus of ideas to psychological insights into how humans form associations. Specifically, an ever-evolving reference of related hierarchical concepts can be applied to search engine algorithms or natural language processing.

- thank you to my friend RJ for pointing out the xkcd comic about links to Philosophy

V. SUPPLEMENTARY

Figure 12: highest ranking 2-Cycles

| | page | path length | visits |
|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 5918 | Lecture | 2 | 31000 |
| 58203 | Presentation | 2 | 31000 |
| 44072 | Report | 2 | 30771 |
| 23737 | Examples of feudalism | 2 | 19280 |
| 52724 | Feudalism | 2 | 19280 |
| 69026 | Dynasty | 2 | 15833 |
| 67007 | Health care | 2 | 10777 |
| 56597 | Medical case management | 2 | 10777 |
| 47675 | Broadcasting House | 2 | 8952 |
| 19184 | BBC | 2 | 8952 |
| 43228 | Secondary education | 2 | 7563 |
| 36797 | Secondary school | 2 | 7563 |
| 13436 | Dam | 2 | 7043 |
| 28743 | Reservoir | 2 | 7043 |
| 53676 | Biological network | 2 | 5574 |
| 79245 | Biological system | 2 | 5574 |
| 24215 | Circulatory system | 2 | 5266 |
| 80703 | Photography | 2 | 4594 |
| 11189 | Photograph | 2 | 4594 |

Figure 13: highest ranking 2-Cycles

| | page | path length | visits |
|--------------|---|-------------|--------|
| 2558 | Balkans | 3 | 32333 |
| 71197 | Balkan peninsula | 3 | 32333 |
| 41373 | Southeast Europe | 3 | 32333 |
| 13023 | Narrative | 3 | 30716 |
| 33929 | Tree of life (biology) | 3 | 29302 |
| 20874 | Tree of life (disambiguation) | 3 | 29302 |
| 29882 | Tree of life | 3 | 29302 |
| 3043 | Tree of life (science) | 3 | 29266 |
| 11563 | United States Constitution | 3 | 13968 |
| 10199 | Supremacy Clause | 3 | 13968 |
| 69587 | Article Six of the United States Constitution | 3 | 13968 |
| 41849 | Bulgaria | 3 | 9719 |
| 65328 | Order (honour) | 3 | 8663 |
| 66125 | Article Three of the United States Constitution | 3 | 7591 |
| 8642 | Southeastern Europe | 3 | 6107 |
| 73868 | Albania | 3 | 5773 |
| 36667 | List of Presidents of the United States | 3 | 4485 |
| 51710 | Cinema of India | 3 | 4228 |

Figure 14: Top Funnels

| | page | feeds |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 7948850 | Philosophy | 7374892 |
| 224026 | Presentation | 30799 |
| 9030902 | Tree of life (biology) | 29274 |
| 1344349 | Southeast Europe | 25745 |
| 11029885 | Feudalism | 19276 |
| 632584 | Census-Designated Place | 17483 |
| 7652704 | United States Constitution | 13952 |
| 7974918 | Reality | 13416 |
| 8629119 | Health care | 10762 |
| 7739754 | BBC | 8945 |
| 7580925 | Hip Hop Music | 7166 |
| 4495967 | Consciousness | 6587 |
| 5516532 | Balkans | 6547 |
| 3381363 | Quality (philosophy) | 5712 |
| 5866358 | Biological system | 5568 |