Aufgabe 1

a) $f'(x) = \frac{8}{3}x + \frac{3}{4}\sin x$

$$f''(x) = \frac{8}{3} + \frac{3}{4}\cos x$$

b) $f'(x) = 4e^x - 3\cos x$

$$f''(x) = 4e^x + 3\sin x$$

c) $f'(x) = 2x^{-1} + \frac{8}{3}x^3$

$$f''(x) = -2x^{-2} + 8x^2$$

d) $f'(x) = 6 - 8\sin x$

$$f''(x) = -8\cos x$$

e) $f'(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{4}{7}$

$$f''(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

f) $f'(x) = \cos x + \sin x$

$$f''(x) = -\sin x + \cos x$$

g) $f'(x) = \frac{3}{4}e^x - 3x^{-1}$

$$f''(x) = \frac{3}{4}e^x + 3x^{-2}$$

h) $f'(x) = \frac{20}{3}x^3 + \frac{3}{5}e^x$

$$f''(x) = 20x^2 + \frac{3}{5}e^x$$

Aufgabe 2

schriftliche Lösung

a)
$$f'(x) = 2\cos x$$

$$f'(0) = 2 = m_1$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1: y = 2x$$

$$f'(\pi) = -2 = m_2$$

$$y = m x + n$$

$$0 = -2 \cdot \pi + n$$

$$n=2\pi\,$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $t_2: y = -2x + 2\pi$

$$2x = -2x + 2\pi$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}\pi$$

$$\Rightarrow S(\frac{1}{2}\pi | \pi)$$

$$\varphi = \arctan \left| \frac{\mathbf{m}_2 - \mathbf{m}_1}{1 + \mathbf{m}_1 \cdot \mathbf{m}_2} \right|$$

$$\varphi = \arctan \left| \frac{-2 - 2}{1 + (-2) \cdot 2} \right| \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{\varphi = \arctan \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \phi = \arctan\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

b)
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot g \cdot h = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \pi \cdot \pi$$
 $\Rightarrow \underline{A = \frac{1}{2} \pi^2 FE}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 A = $\frac{1}{2}\pi^2$ FE

Lösung mit CAS

a)
$$tanLine: t_1: y = 2x$$

$$t_2: y = -2x + 2\pi$$

$$t_1(x) = t_2(x)$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow S(\frac{\pi}{2}|\pi)$$

$$\varphi = \arctan \left| \frac{m_2 - m_1}{1 + m_1 \cdot m_2} \right|$$

$$\phi = \arctan \left| \frac{-2 - 2}{1 + (-2) \cdot 2} \right| \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{\phi} \approx 53,13^{\circ}$$

$$b) \qquad A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot g \cdot h = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \pi \cdot \pi \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{A} = \frac{1}{2} \pi^{2} \text{ FE}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \underline{\phi \approx 53,13^{\circ}}$$

b)
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot g \cdot h = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \pi \cdot \tau$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 A = $\frac{1}{2}\pi^2$ FI

Aufgabe 3

schriftliche Lösung

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}e^x$$

$$f'(2) = \frac{3}{2}e^2 = m$$

$$f(2) = \frac{3}{2}e^2 = y$$

$$y = mx + n$$

$$\frac{3}{2}e^2 = \frac{3}{2}e^2 \cdot 2 + n$$

$$n = -\frac{3}{2}e^2$$

$$\Rightarrow t: y = \frac{3}{2}e^2 \cdot x - \frac{3}{2}e^2$$

$$0 = \frac{3}{2}e^2 \cdot x - \frac{3}{2}e^2$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow S(1|0)$$

$$\varphi = \arctan(m)$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \phi = \arctan\left(\frac{3}{2}e^2\right)$$

Lösung mit CAS

tanLine:
$$t: y = \frac{3}{2}e^2 \cdot x - \frac{3}{2}e^2$$

$$t(x) = 0$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow S(1|0)$$

$$\varphi = \arctan(m) = \arctan(\frac{3}{2}e^2)$$
 $\Rightarrow \underline{\varphi \approx 84,84^\circ}$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi \approx 84,84^{\circ}$$

Aufgabe 4

Lösung mit CAS

a) tanLine: $t: y = -\frac{128}{169}x + \frac{480}{169}$

$$t(x) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{15}{4} \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{S\left(\frac{15}{4} \mid 0\right)}$$

$$\varphi = \arctan |m| = \arctan \left(\frac{128}{169}\right)$$
 $\Rightarrow \underline{\varphi \approx 37,14^{\circ}}$

b) tanLine: $t: y = -\frac{32}{49}x + \frac{120}{49} \implies S_y(0|\frac{120}{49})$

$$t(x) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{15}{4} \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{S_x\left(\frac{15}{4} \mid 0\right)}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot g \cdot h = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{120}{49} \cdot \frac{15}{4} \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \underbrace{A = \frac{225}{49} \text{ FE}}_{\underline{\underline{}}}$$