

# Input

- User Input
  - Macro 0
  - Macro 1
  - Macro 2
  - Macro 3
- Machine control
  - Limits
  - Probe
  - Safety door
  - Reset
  - Feed hold
  - Cycle start

Macros can be used to execute some commands with the click of a button. These commands can be most goode and FluidNC commands including running a file from the SD card. If you have more than one command, separate them with an ampersand "&". The use of "&" to split a line into multiple GCode commands only works for startup lines; it is not a general GCode feature.

Setup control pins in config

```
control:
  safety_door_pin: NO_PIN
  reset_pin: NO_PIN
  feed_hold_pin: NO_PIN
  cycle_start_pin: NO_PIN
  macro0_pin: NO_PIN
  macro1_pin: NO_PIN
  macro2_pin: NO_PIN
  macro3_pin: NO_PIN
```

## Physical GPIO

### Setup macros in config

```
macros:
  macro0: G90&G53G0Z-1&G0X0Y0
  macro1: $SD/Run=drill.nc
```

- Control (Inputs)
- Homing and limit switches
- Probe
- Configuring IO pins

Example N.O. GPIO.xx:low  
Example N.C. GPIO.xx:high

Startup line 0  
Startup line 1  
These are legacy features from Grbl, which called them \$N0 and \$N1. These run when the firmware enters idle for the first time.

Setup startup lines in config

```
macros:
  startup_line0: G90&G53G0Z-1&G0X0Y0
  startup_line1: $SD/Run=startup.nc
```

## Startup internal

To do: info and examples

## Serial Terminal USB

You can use xmodem via serial port to upload files to the localfs. This can be helpful to upload config files. you must be in the Idle or Alarm states.

Send to FluidNC  
\$Xmodem/Receive=<filename>

Download from FluidNC  
\$Xmodem/Send=<filename>

## XModem file upload USB

The WebUI is the web browser based user interface. The WebUI is stored as a file, index.html.gz, on the local file system.

Set hostname via fluidterm  
\$Hostname=<hostname>

Open WebUI in browser  
<hostname>.local

## WebUI WIFI/Bluetooth

If you have \$Telnet/Enable=True, you can communicate via telnet with the same protocol as serial. The default port is 23 and set by \$Telnet/Port. If enabled, you should see it in your startup messages: [MSG:INFO: Telnet Started on port 23]

Open Telnet session in Terminal  
<hostname>.local

## Serial over Telnet WIFI/Bluetooth

if you connect via a websocket (on \$http/port +1, e.g. 81), you have a streaming connection to FluidNC that behaves just like serial. You send newline-delimited lines just like you would over serial, and get back the same ok or error responses. Flow control is the same as for serial, as documented on the plain old Grbl wiki.

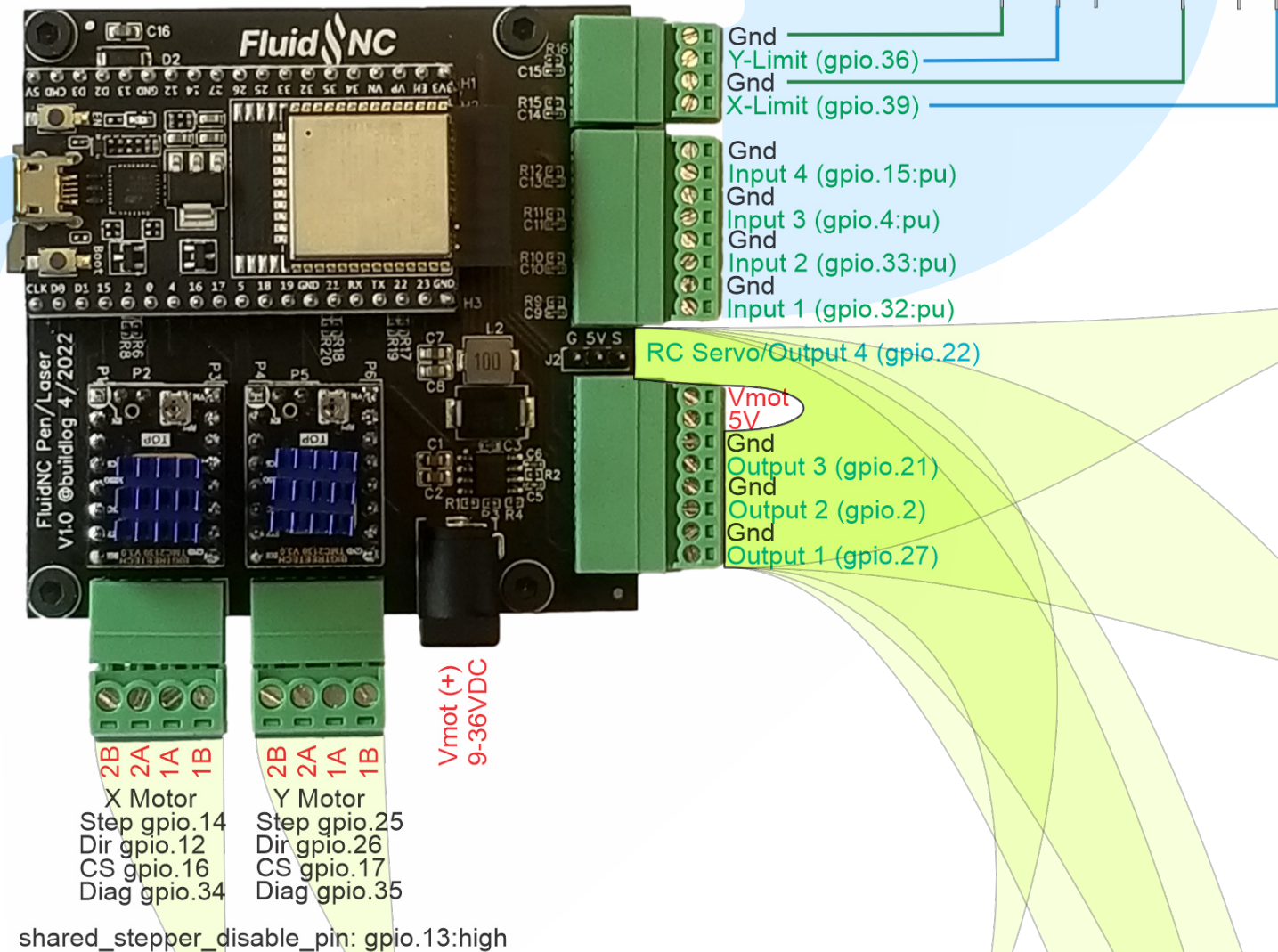
## Websockets WIFI/Bluetooth

Upload file test.nc to the SD card at address 192.168.1.31  
curl -F upload=@test.nc http://192.168.1.31/upload

Upload file test.nc to the ESP32 localfs (flash) at address 192.168.1.31  
curl -F file=@test.nc http://192.168.1.31/files

## curl file upload WIFI/Bluetooth

SD Card  
MISO gpio.19  
MOSI gpio.23  
SCK gpio.18  
CS gpio.5



## Axis

# FluidNC I/O Cheatsheet

- FluidNC Pen/Laser Controller Source files at OSHWLab
- FluidNC Pen/Laser Controller on Tindie

### Link Colors

- FluidNC Wiki
- LinuxCNC Docs
- other



### General Documentation

- G-Codes
- M-Codes
- Supported G-Codes
- ESP32 Pin reference

### Useful links

- Set up FluidNC using macOS

Most texts and examples derived from the [FluidNC Wiki](#)

The controller pinout image comes from the [OSHWLab project page](#).

M-Code examples derived from the [LinuxCNC Docs](#)

To do: Realtime commands

## Physical GPIO/I2SO

I2SO only available on controller hardware that implements them, like the 6 Pack.

- User outputs allow you to output digital (on/off) and analog (PWM) signals via gcode.

Analog outputs  
(PWM works only on GPIO pins)

- M67 Analog output, synchronized
- M68 Analog output, immediate

A PWM signal is output on this pin. It is controlled by the M67 command. M67 E0 Q23.87 would turn on analog0 with a 23.87% percent duty cycle. M67 E0 Q0 would turn off analog0.

### Digital outputs

- M62 Digital output, ON, synchronized
- M63 Digital output, OFF,synchronized
- M64 Digital output, ON, immediate
- M65 Digital output, OFF, immediate

The M62 & M63 commands will be queued. Subsequent commands referring to the same output number will overwrite the older settings.

M64 & M65 happen immediately as they are received by the motion controller. They are not synchronized with movement, and they will break blending.

M62 P0 Would turn digital0 pin on.  
M63 P0 Would turn digital0 pin off.  
Like all output pins, you can set the active state with the :high or :low attribute.

### Coolant (digital)

- M7 Mist on
- M8 Flood on
- M9 Mist and flood both off

These outputs are traditionally called mist and flood, but many people use them for other things, like dust extraction, etc.

### Spindles

FluidNC supports multiple spindles on one machine. Spindles can be controlled by different hardware interfaces like relays, PWM, DACs, or RS485 serial interfaces to VFDs. Lasers are treated as spindles.

# Output