## DERECK LAM HON WAH

3rd Year BSc. Computer Science (System Engineering)

Student from Middlesex University Mauritius

linkedin.com/in/dereck-lam-hon-wah-315039227 https://github.com/derecklhw



## WORKING WITH SYSTEMD SERVICES

## **SYSTEMD**

- System and service manager for Linux OS from system boot to shutdown.
- Handle services, processes, network, authentication, logging etc...
- Support backward compatibility for SystemV and LSB start scripts

## **SYSTEMD UNITS**

- Entities or objects managed by systemd.
- Unit types that **systemd** can manage:
  - service
  - socket
  - device
  - mount or automount point
  - swap file
  - timer
  - startup target (runlevel)
  - opath etc...

## UNIT FILE LOCATIONS

/lib/systemd/system standard systemd unit files

/usr/lib/systemd/system from locally installed package

/etc/systemd/system custom unit files

## SYSTEMCTL

• To manage services on a **systemd** enabled server.

To list all units listed as "active"

\$ systemctl list-units

To list all unit installed in **BEAUTIFUL** way

\$ systemctl list-unit-files

To make systemd re-read all unit files

\$ systemctl daemon-reload

## SYSTEMCTL STATUS COMMAND

To make sure a service is running

\$ systemctl status <service\_name>

#### Output:

## SYSTEMCTL COMMANDS

To start a service

\$ systemctl status <service\_name>

To stop a service

\$ systemctl stop <service\_name>

To restart a service

\$ systemctl restart <service\_name>

To reload a service

\$ systemctl reload <service\_name>

## SYSTEMCTL ENABLE/DISABLE COMMAND

To enable the service to start at boot

\$ systemctl enable <service\_name>

To disable the service to start at boot

\$ systemctl disable <service\_name>

# **DEMO**CREATING A CUSTOM UNIT FILE

## MINIMAL SERVICE UNIT FILE EXAMPLE

## [Unit]

Description=A very simple service After=network.target

### [Service]

Type=simple ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/exampleProgram

## [Install]

WantedBy=mult-user.target

## JOURNALCTL

Log information from applications and the kernel

To see all log entries from the general system state **\$ journalctl** 

#### Flags:

- -b (current boot)
- -k (only kernel message)
- -k (only kernel message of current boot)

## JOURNALCTL

QUERYING UNIT STATES AND LOGS

To see log entries for a specific unit

\$journalctl -u <service\_name>

To see log entries for a specific unit of the current boot

\$journalctl -b -u <service\_name>

To see updated log entries for a specific unit as they are generated

\$journalctl -u <service\_name> -f