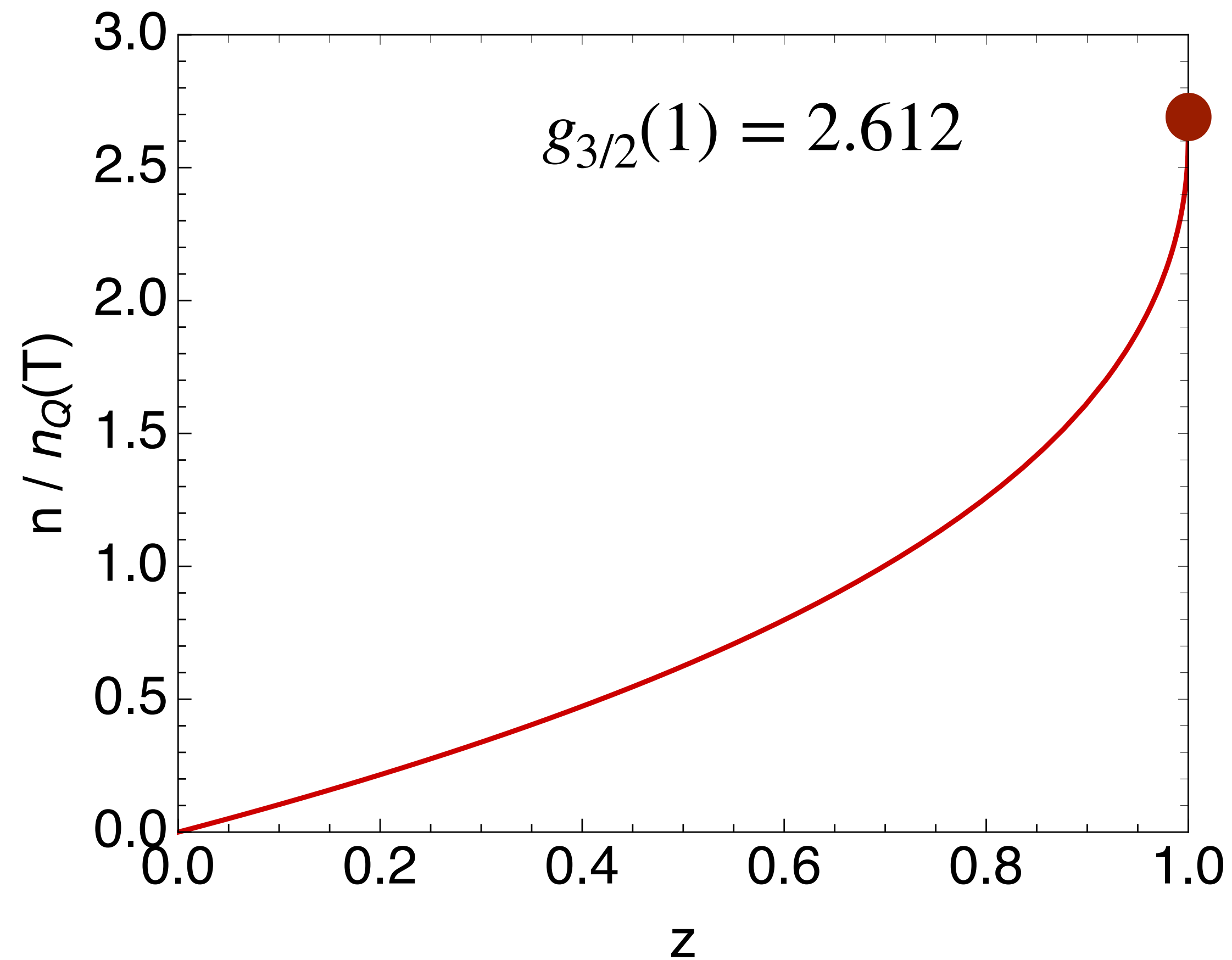


# The condensation point

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For any given temperature  $T$ , there is a critical density,  $n_c = 2.612 n_Q(T)$ .

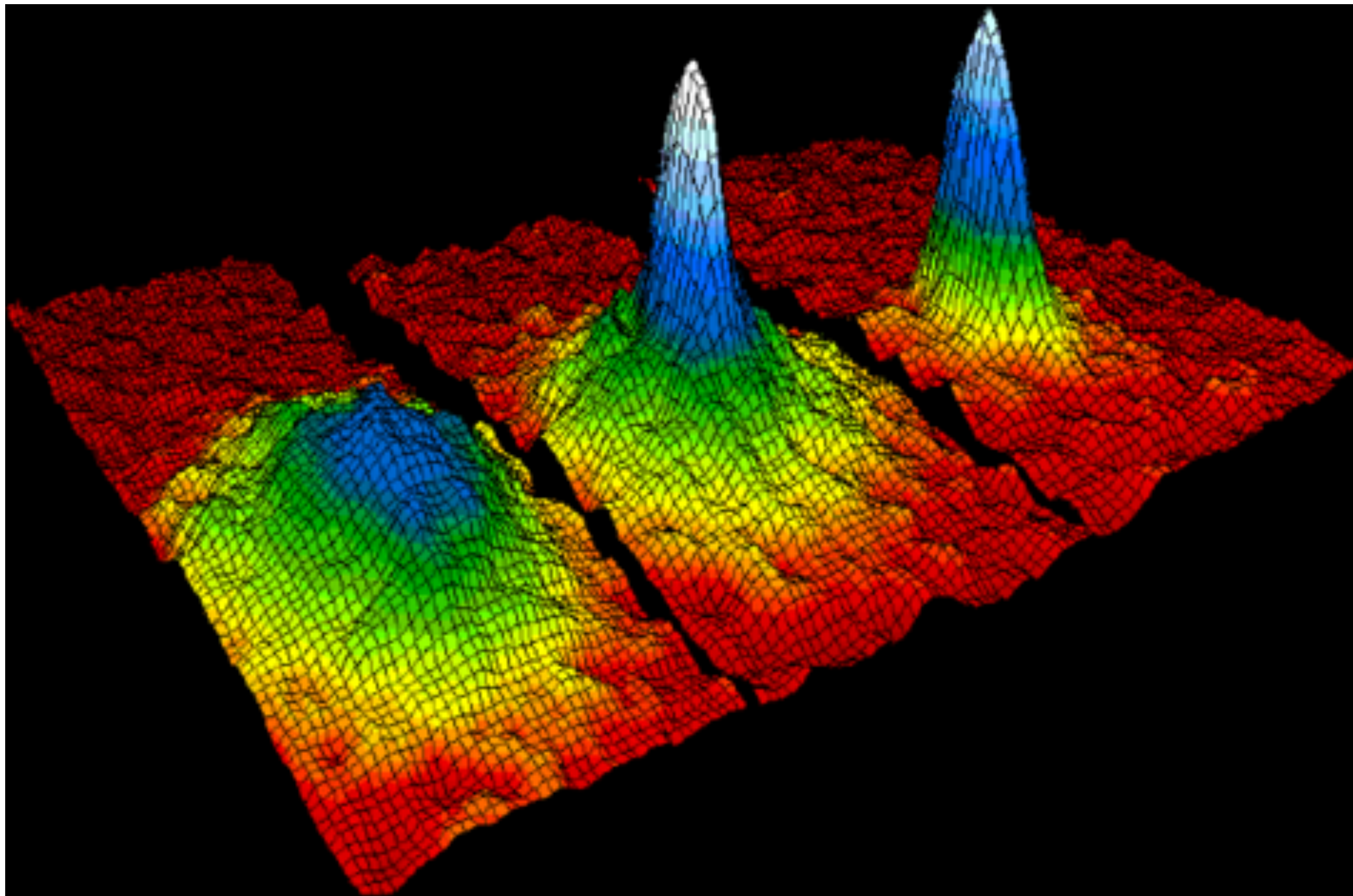
Or vice versa there is a critical temperature for any given density. Solving

$$kT_c = \frac{h^2}{2\pi m} \left( \frac{n}{2.612} \right)^{2/3}$$

When  $z \rightarrow 1$

# Bose Condensation in Atomic Gases: Cornell, Weiman, Ketterle '95

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What is seen is that above a certain temperature one has an ensemble of atoms with a range of momenta.

Below specific temperature a significant fraction of the atoms are in a single quantum state, the ground state — (the blue spike).