

University of Ottawa Faculty of Engineering

Department of Mechanical Engineering

# ELG7113/MCG5470

## Machine Learning for Adaptive and Intelligent Control Systems

#### Assignment 4

Prof. Davide Spinello

#### Due date posted in Virtual Campus

## Policy

The solutions of the attached problems must submitted to Virtual Campus as a single file by using the dedicated Assignment. The file must include your name and the assignment number, and ideally it should be a pdf, for example LastName\_FirstName\_hw#.pdf.

It is acceptable to upload handwritten solutions, but please be sure that your writing is readable. Whenever required, code and outputs have to be attached.

#### Problem 1

Consider a system with scalar state x evolving in discrete time according the process

$$x_{k+1} = x_k u_k + \alpha \tag{1}$$

where  $\alpha$  is a constant and  $u_k$  is the scalar input. Let the performance index be

$$J_0 = \frac{r}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} u_k^2 \tag{2}$$

where r > 0 is the control energy weight. Let the final time be N = 2, and the initial condition  $x_0$  be given. The final time is constrained to  $x_N = 0$ .

- 1. (10pt) Write the Hamiltonian, and derive the state, costate and stationarity equations.
- 2. (5pt) Show that the state and costate equations after eliminating  $u_k$  are

$$x_{k+1} = \alpha - \frac{x_k^2}{r} \lambda_{k+1} \tag{3}$$

$$\lambda_k = -\frac{x_k}{r} \lambda_{k+1}^2 \tag{4}$$

where  $\lambda_k$  is the Lagrange multiplier.

- 3. (20pt) Obtain the state  $x_1$  in terms of the final costate  $\lambda_2$  by substituting for  $\lambda_1$  in the state equation for  $x_1$ . Then substitute  $x_1$  in the state equation for  $x_2$  to obtain the characteristic equation for  $\lambda_2$ , that should be a polynomial equation for  $\lambda_2$  with parameters  $x_0$ ,  $\alpha$  and r when you impose the boundary condition  $x_2 = 0$ .
- 4. (20pt) Obtain the optimal control sequence  $u_0^{\star}, u_1^{\star}$  and the optimal trajectory  $x_0, x_1^{\star}, x_2$ . The controls should be expressed in terms of  $\lambda_2$ ,  $x_0$  and the parameters  $\alpha$  and r.
- 5. (10pt) Simulate the system for  $\alpha = 2$ , r = 1,  $x_0 = 1.5$ . Obtain all the trajectories generated by values of  $\lambda_2$  real and non-negative, obtained from the characteristic equation. Verify that  $x_2 = 0$ .

### Problem 2

Consider the same system as in Problem 1 with N=2 and modified performance index

$$J_N = \frac{1}{2}x_N^2 + \frac{r}{2}\sum_{k=0}^{N-1}u_k^2 \tag{5}$$

- 1. (25pt) Use dynamic programming to obtain an optimal feedback control law.
- 2. (15pt) Simulate the system for the same set of numerical parameters as in problem 1. Calculate a second solution for r = 20 and comment on eventual differences.