

the k-mapper package 1.1.0

		<i>AB</i>			
		00	01	11	10
<i>CD</i>	00	0	0	1	1
	01	0	0	1	1
	11	0	0	0	1
	10	0	1	1	1

```
karnaugh(
  16,
  x-label: $A B$,
  y-label: $C D$,
  manual-terms: (
    0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
    0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0
  ),
  implicants: ((3, 6), (2, 10), (9, 11)),
)
```

Diagram 1: Example implementation and code of a Karnaugh map with k-mapper.

introduction

k-mapper is a Typst package for adding customizable Karnaugh maps of 2 by 2, 2 by 4, and 4 by 4 grid sizes to your Typst projects.

See the source code on the Github repository for the project [here](#), and the changelog [here](#).

using karnaugh()

The main function of this package is the `karnaugh()` function, which allows you to create and customize all sizes of Karnaugh maps. See the following pages for function arguments.

gray code position

The position of implicants in k-mapper are declared via *Gray code position*. This is similar to Karnaugh map packages in LaTeX.

The Gray code position of a cell is determined from the coordinates of that cell with respect to the binary axis labels.

The empty maps shown in Diagram 2 show each cell's Gray code position. Note that the Gray code position for a cell differs depending on the Karnaugh map's grid size.

Gray code position allows you to input minterms and maxterms using `manual-terms` simply by copying your truth table in that order.

		0	1
0	0	0	1
1	2	3	

		0	1
00	0	1	
01	2	3	
11	6	7	
10	4	5	

		00	01	11	10
00	0	1	3	2	
01	4	5	7	6	
11	12	13	15	14	
10	8	9	11	10	

Diagram 2: Gray Code positions for three sizes of Karnaugh maps.

function arguments

name	default	description	example values
grid-size int	required	The size of the Karnaugh map's grid. This value can be only 4 (2 by 2), 8 (2 by 4), or 16 (4 by 4). Any other values will throw an error.	4 8 16
x-label content	\$\$	The label (usually a variable name) to go on the top (x-axis) of the Karnaugh map.	\$A\$ [foo]
y-label content	\$\$	The label (usually a variable name) to go on the left (y-axis) of the Karnaugh map.	\$B\$ [bar]
minterms (int) none	none	(Deprecated; use manual - terms) The array of Gray-code positions¹ where at that position is a minterm (0). Mutually exclusive with maxterms and manual - terms.	(3, 4, 6) (1,)
maxterms (int) none	none	(Deprecated; use manual - terms The array of Gray-code positions¹ where at that position is a maxterm (1). Mutually exclusive with minterms and manual - terms.	(0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 11, 12 (7,)
manual - terms (content) none	none	The array of content in each cell in order of Gray-code position ¹ . The length of this array <i>must</i> equal the grid-size.	// Grid-size 4 (0, "X", 1, 1)

¹See p. 1.

name	default	description	example values
		Mutually exclusive with minterms and maxterms.	
implicants ((int, int),)	()	An array where each element is an array of two ints, where each int is a Gray code position ¹ corner of a <i>rectangular</i> implicant.	((0, 3), (1, 1)) ((0, 2),)
horizontal-implicants ((int, int),)	()	An array where each element is an array of two ints, where each int is a Gray code position ¹ corner of a <i>horizontal split</i> implicant — that is, one which wraps around the vertical edges of the Karnaugh map.	// Grid-size 16 ((0, 6), (8, 10))
vertical-implicants ((int, int),)	()	An array where each element is an array of two ints, where each int is a Gray code position ¹ corner of a <i>vertical split</i> implicant — that is, one which wraps around the horizontal edges of the Karnaugh map.	// Grid-size 8 ((0, 4),) // Grid-size 16 ((0, 9), (2, 10))
corner-implicants bool	false	A bool which indicates whether the Karnaugh map contains a <i>corner split</i> implicant — that is, one which wraps around both vertical and horizontal edges of the Karnaugh map.	true
cell-size length	20pt	The size of an individual cell in the Karnaugh map.	1cm
stroke-width length	0.5pt	The stroke width of the Karnaugh map grid.	0.2pt

name	default	description	example values
colors (color)	array of: red green blue cyan magenta yellow	<p>An array of RGBA colors to be used in displaying implicants.</p> <p>The first implicant uses the first color in the array, the second implicant the second color, etc. If there are more implicants than there are colors, each subsequent implicant will use the least recently used color (i.e. it wraps around).</p> <p>By default, all colors in colors have alpha values of 100.</p>	<pre>// Grayscale K-map (rgb(200, 200, 200, 100),)</pre>
implicant-inset length	2pt	The inset of implicants within each cell.	3pt
edge-implicant -overflow length	5pt	How much <i>split implicants</i> (horizontal, vertical, corner) overflow the bounds of the grid.	2mm
implicant-radius length	5pt	The corner radius of implicants.	3mm
implicant-stroke -transparentize ratio	#-100%	The ratio to transparentize the stroke color of implicants by. If set to 0%, the stroke color of implicants are the same as the fill color, darkened by the factor set in <code>implicant-stroke-darken</code> (60% by default). Negative values mean the stroke color becomes more opaque.	-50%
implicant-stroke -darken ratio	60%	The ratio to darken the stroke color of implicants by.	100%

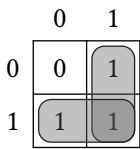
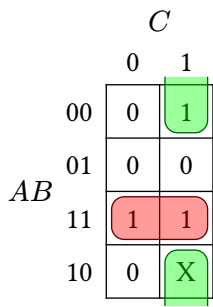
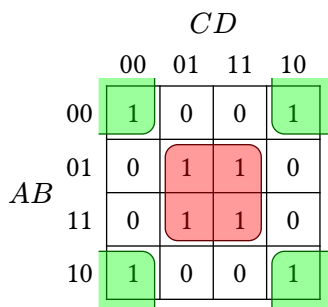
name	default	description	example values
implicant-stroke -width length	0.5pt	The stroke width of implicants.	1pt

deprecation of minterms and maxterms

These two function parameters have been deprecated as I mixed up minterms and maxterms when initially writing this package. Rather than rename and risk breaking changes, I have decided to deprecate them and encourage the use of `manual-terms` instead.

Thank you to Moch. Nafkhan Alzamzami (nafkhanzam) on GitHub for pointing out this issue.

examples

		<pre>// Grayscale Karnaugh map #karnaugh(4, manual-terms: (0, 1, 1, 1), implicants: ((1, 3), (2, 3)), colors: (rgb(100, 100, 100, 100),) // <-)</pre>
		<pre>#karnaugh(8, x-label: \$C\$, y-label: \$A B\$, manual-terms: (0, 1, 0, 0, 0, "X", 1, 1), implicants: ((6, 7),), vertical-implicants: ((1, 5),))</pre>
		<pre>#karnaugh(16, x-label: \$C D\$, y-label: \$A B\$, manual-terms: (1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1), implicants: ((5, 15),),)</pre>

```

corner-implicants: true
)

```

	0	1
00	0	1
01	2	3
11	6	7
10	4	5

```

#karnaugh(
  8,
  manual-terms: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7),
  implicants: (
    (0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3),
    (4, 4), (5, 5), (6, 6), (7, 7)
  )
)

```

		CD			
		00	01	11	10
AB	00	0	1	3	2
	01	4	5	7	6
	11	12	13	15	14
	10	8	9	11	10

```

#karnaugh(
  16,
  x-label: $C D$,
  y-label: $A B$,
  manual-terms: (
    0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,
    9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
  ),
  implicants: ((5, 7), (5, 13), (15, 15)),
  vertical-implicants: ((1, 11), ),
  horizontal-implicants: ((4, 14), ),
  corner-implicants: true,
)

```

		C	
		0	1
AB	00	0	1
	01	2	3
	11	6	7
	10	4	5

```

// No fill Karnaugh map
#karnaugh(
  8,
  x-label: $C$,
  y-label: $A B$,
  manual-terms: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7),
  implicants: ((0, 3), (2, 7)),
  horizontal-implicants: ((4, 5), ),
  colors: (rgb(255, 255, 255, 0), ),
  implicant-stroke-width: 1pt
)

```