# Airbnb New User Bookings

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# Question

- Background:
  - Airbnb gives users the ability to rent temporary lodging from other users
  - Rentals can vary from space on a couch to a very large house
  - Airbnb has over 2 million listings in over 35,000 cities and 190 countries
- Where will a new Airbnb user book their first travel experience?

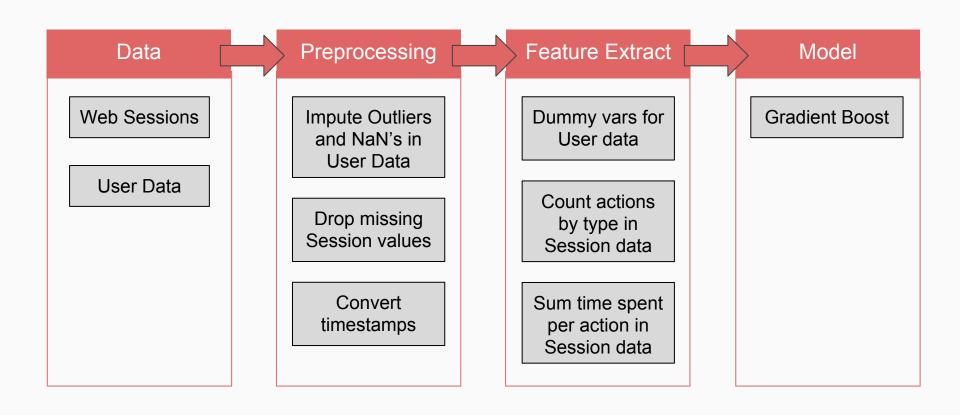
#### Data

- User Data: user demographics and marketing characteristics
- Session data: Detailed log of web session data (Includes data on clicks, different search results, etc.).
- All Users in dataset live in the U.S.
- A vast majority of this data is categorical

# Sessions user\_id action action\_type action\_detail device\_type secs\_elapsed

User Data
affiliate_channel
affiliate_provider
age
date_account_created
first_affiliate_tracked
first_browser
first_device_type
gender
id
language
signup_app
signup_flow
signup_method
timestamp_first_active

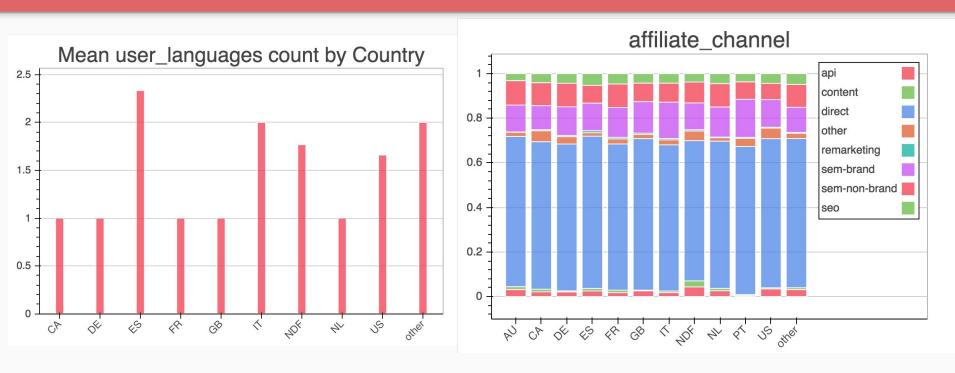
# Summary



### Preprocessing

- User Data:
- gender: assigned NaN and 'Other' gender values as 'Unknown'
- language: replaced with most common language value
- first\_affiliate\_tracked, first\_browser: assigned as 'Unknown'
- age: outliers/null values were replaced by average age by browser
- convert timestamp first active to DateTime64
- Sessions Data: dropped all NaN and 'Unknown' values.
- Feature Creation:
- Pivoted Sessions data to get count and total time spent for each action\_detail and action\_type
- E.g. how much time a user spent looking at search results, and number of clicks during that search

#### Visualizations



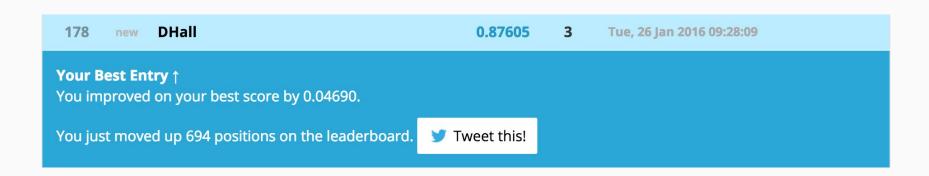
**Hypothesis**: Prediction accuracy will largely depend on how I extract features from the web session data.

#### Model

- Extreme Gradient Boosted Classifier (XGBClassifier)
  - Pros: Speed, protection against overfitting compared to sklearn's Gradient Boosted Classifier
  - Cons: "Black Box" algorithm, not very intuitive
- Methodology:
  - Cross validated model on training data to tune parameters
  - Tested final score by submitting to Kaggle

#### Results

- Kaggle's scoring: Normalized discounted cumulative gain (NDCG)
  - Score is calculated on 5 predicted countries per user, sorted by likelihood
  - Varies from 0.0 to 1.0
- My most accurate XGBoost model scored 0.87605



## **Next Steps**

- Improved feature extraction
- Fine tune model based on Kaggle's scoring metric, not just cross validation score
- More submissions!